

Enhanced ESD, 3.0 kV rms/5.0 kV rms 150Kbps Triple-Channel Digital Isolators

Data Sheet

 π 130U/ π 131U

FEATURES

Ultra-low power consumption (150Kbps): 0.62mA/Channel

High data rate: 150kbps

High common-mode transient immunity: 250 kV/ μs High robustness to radiated and conducted noise

Isolation voltages:

 π 13xx3x: AC 3000Vrms π 13xx6x: AC 5000Vrms

High ESD rating:

ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2017

Human body model (HBM) ±8kV

Safety and regulatory approvals: UL certificate number: E494497

3000Vrms/5000Vrms for 1 minute per UL 1577

CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A
VDE certificate number: 40053041/40052896

DIN VDE V 0884-11:2017-01

V_{IORM} =565V peak/1200V peak

CQC certification per GB4943.1-2011

3 V to 5.5 V level translation

Wide temperature range: -40°C to 125°C

RoHS-compliant, NB SOIC-16, WB SOIC-16 and

SSOP16 package

APPLICATIONS

General-purpose multichannel isolation Industrial field bus isolation Isolation Industrial automation systems Isolated switch mode supplies Isolated ADC, DAC Motor control

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The $\pi 1 \times \times \times \times$ is a 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family that includes over hundreds of digital isolator products. By using maturated standard semiconductor CMOS technology and 2PaiSemi *iDivider*® technology, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics and reliability superior to alternatives such as optocoupler devices and other integrated isolators.

Intelligent voltage divider technology (*iDivider*® technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSemi. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit voltage signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation.

The $\pi 1xxxxx$ isolator data channels are independent and are available in a variety of configurations with a withstand voltage rating of 1.5 kV rms to 5.0 kV rms and the data rate from DC up to 600Mbps (see the Ordering Guide). The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, providing compatibility with lower voltage systems as well as enabling voltage translation functionality across the isolation barrier. The fail-safe state is available in which the outputs transition to a preset state when the input power supply is not applied.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

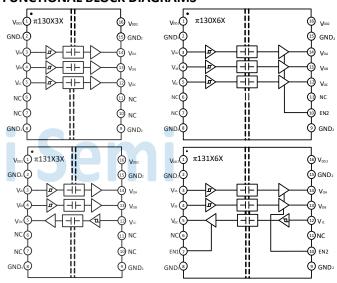


Figure $1.\pi 130xxx/\pi 131xxx$ functional Block Diagram

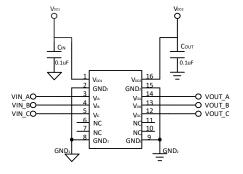


Figure $2.\pi 130x3x$ Typical Application Circuit

http://www.rpsemi.com/

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

Table $1.\pi 130$ Uxx Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V _{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
3	VIA	Logic Input A.
4	VIB	Logic Input B.
5	Vıc	Logic Input C.
6	NC	No connect.
7	NC	No connect.
8	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC/EN2	No connect for $\pi 130U3X$. Output enable for $\pi 130U6X$. Output pins on side 2 are enabled when EN2 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN2 is low.
11	NC	No connect.
12	Voc	Logic Output C.
13	Vов	Logic Output B.
14	VOA	Logic Output A.
15	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
16	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.

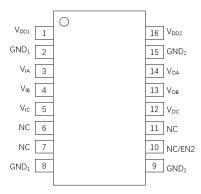


Figure 3. π 130Uxx Pin Configuration

Table $2.\pi 131$ Uxx Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	V_{DD1}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 1.
2	GND ₁	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
3	VIA	Logic Input A.
4	VIB	Logic Input B.
5	Voc	Logic Output C.
6	NC	No connect.
7	NC/EN1	No connect for $\pi 13103X$. Output enable for $\pi 13106X$. Output pins on side 1 are enabled when EN1 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN1 is low.
8	GND_1	Ground 1. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 1.
9	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
10	NC/EN2	No connect for $\pi 13103X$. Output enable for $\pi 13106X$. Output pins on side 2 are enabled when EN2 is high or open and in high-impedance state when EN2 is low.
11	NC	No connect.
12	Vıc	Logic Input C.
13	Vов	Logic Output B.
14	VOA	Logic Output A.
15	GND ₂	Ground 2. This pin is the ground reference for Isolator Side 2.
16	V _{DD2}	Supply Voltage for Isolator Side 2.

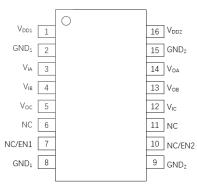


Figure 4. π 131Uxx Pin Configuration

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 3.Absolute Maximum Ratings⁴ TA = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltages (V _{DD1} -GND ₁ , V _{DD2} -GND ₂)	−0.5 V to +7.0 V
Input Voltages (V _{IA} , V _{IB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Output Voltages (V _{OA} , V _{OB}) ¹	-0.5 V to V _{DDx} + 0.5 V
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 1 Output Current (I _{O1})	−10 mA to +10 mA
Average Output Current per Pin ² Side 2 Output Current (I _{O2})	−10 mA to +10 mA
Common-Mode Transients Immunity ³	-300 kV/μs to +300 kV/μs
Storage Temperature (T _{ST}) Range	−65°C to +150°C
Ambient Operating Temperature (T _A) Range	-40°C to +125°C

Notes:

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Table 4.Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DDx} ¹	3		5.5	V
High Level Input Signal Voltage	V_{IH}	0.7*V _{DDx} 1		V_{DDx}^{1}	V
Low Level Input Signal Voltage	V_{IL}	0		$0.3*V_{DDx}^{1}$	V
High Level Output Current	Іон	-6			mA
Low Level Output Current	loL			6	mA
Data Rate		0		150	Kbps
Junction Temperature	TJ	-40		150	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_A	-40		125	°C

Notes:

Truth Tables

Table $5.\pi 130U3x/\pi 131U3x$ Truth Table

V _{lx} Input ¹	V _{DDI} State ¹	V State1	Default Low	Default High	Test Conditions /Comments	
Vix IIIput-	V _{DDI} State-	V _{DDO} State ¹	Vox Output ¹	Vox Output ¹	rest conditions / comments	
Low	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	Low	Normal operation	
High	Powered ²	Powered ²	High	High	Normal operation	
Open	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output	
Don't Care⁴	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output⁵	
Don't Care ⁴	Powered ²	Unpowered ³	High Impedance	High Impedance		

Notes:

 $^{{}^{1}}V_{DDx}$ is the side voltage power supply V_{DD} , where x = 1 or 2.

² See Figure 5 for the maximum rated current values for various temperatures.

³ See Figure 16 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

⁴Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

 $^{^{1}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD} , where x = 1 or 2.

¹ V_{Ix}/V_{Ox} are the input/output signals of a given channel (A or B). V_{DDI}/V_{DDO} are the supply voltages on the input/output signal sides of this given channel.

² Powered means V_{DDx}≥ 2.95V

 $^{^{3}}$ Unpowered means V_{DDx} < 2.30V

 $^{^4}$ Input signal (V_{1x}) must be in a low state to avoid powering the given V_{DD1} through its ESD protection circuitry.

⁵ If the V_{DDI} goes into unpowered status, the channel outputs the default logic signal after around 1us. If the V_{DDI} goes into powered status, the channel outputs the input status logic signal after around 3us.

Table $6.\pi 130 \text{U}6\text{x}/\pi 131 \text{U}6\text{x}$ Truth Table

V _{Ix} Input ¹ EN1/2 State		V State1	V State1	Default Low	Default High	Test Conditions /Comments	
Vix IIIput-	EN1/2 State	V _{DDI} State ¹	V _{DDO} State ¹	Vox Output1	Vox Output1	rest conditions / comments	
Low	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	Low	Normal operation	
High	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	High	High	Normal operation	
Don't Care ⁴	L	Powered ²	Powered ²	High Impedance	High Impedance	Disabled	
Open	High or NC	Powered ²	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output⁵	
Don't Care ⁴	High or NC	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	Low	High	Default output⁵	
Don't Care ⁴	L	Unpowered ³	Powered ²	High Impedance	High Impedance		
Don't Care4	Don't Care ⁴	Powered ²	Unpowered ³	High Impedance	High Impedance		

Notes:

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 7.π13xU3x Switching Specifications

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5 V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Minimum Pulse Width	PW			6.5	us	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Maximum Data Rate		150			Kbps	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Propagation Delay Time ¹	1		3.0	4.5	us	@ 5V _{DC} supply
Propagation Delay Times	tрнь, tрын		3.2	4.8	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
		0	0.02	0.2	us	The max different time between tphL and tpLH@
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	0	0.02		us	5V _{DC} supply. And The value is t _{рнL} - t _{рLH}
ruise Width Distortion	PVVD	0	0.02	0.2	us	The max different time between tphl and tplh@
		U	0.02	0.2		3.3V _{DC} supply. And The value is t _{pHL} - t _{pLH}
Output Signal Rise/Fall Time ⁴	t _r /t _f		1.5		ns	See Figure 9.
Common-Mode Transient	CMTI	250			kV/µs	$V_{IN} = V_{DDX}^2$ or 0V, $V_{CM} = 1000 \text{ V}$
Immunity ³	CIVITI	230			κν/μδ	VIN - VDDx-01 0V, VCM - 1000 V
ESD (HBM - Human body model)	ESD		±8		kV	

Notes:

Table $8.\pi13XU6x$ Switching Specifications

 V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} ±10% or 5 V_{DC} ±10%, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Minimum Pulse Width	PW			6.5	us	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Maximum Data Rate		150			Kbps	Within pulse width distortion (PWD) limit
Propagation Delay Time ¹			2.5	4.5	us	@ 5V _{DC} supply
	t рнL , t pLн		2.7	4.8	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
		0	0.02	0.2	116	The max different time between tphL and tpLH@
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	U	0.02		us	$5V_{DC}$ supply. And The value is $\mid t_{pHL}$ - $t_{pLH} \mid$
ruise Width Distortion	FWD	0	0.02	0.2		The max different time between tphl and tplh@
		0 0.02		0.2	us	$3.3V_{DC}$ supply. And The value is \mid t_{phl} - t_{plh} \mid
Output Signal Rise/Fall Time ⁴	t _r /t _f		1.5		ns	See Figure 9.

¹V_{Ix}/V_{Ox} are the input/output signals of a given channel (A or B). V_{DDI}/V_{DDO} are the supply voltages on the input/output signal sides of this given channel.

²Powered means V_{DDx}≥ 2.95V

³Unpowered means V_{DDx} < 2.30V

⁴Input signal (V_{IX}) must be in a low state to avoid powering the given V_{DDI}^1 through its ESD protection circuitry.

⁵ If the V_{DDI} goes into unpowered status, the channel outputs the default logic signal after around 1 us. If the V_{DDI} goes into powered status, the channel outputs the input status logic signal after around 3 us.

 $^{^{1}}$ t_{pLH} = low-to-high propagation delay time, t_{pHL} = high-to-low propagation delay time. See Figure 10.

 $^{^{2}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

³ See Figure 16 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

⁴t_r means is the time from 10% amplitude to 90% amplitude of the rising edge of the signal, t_f means is the time from 90% amplitude to 10% amplitude of the falling edge of the signal.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Disable propagation delay, high-			23	47	ns	@ 5V _{DC} supply
to-high impedance output ⁵	t _{PHZ}		28	58	ns	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
Disable propagation delay, low-			23	47	ns	@ 5V _{DC} supply
to-high impedance output	t _{PLZ}		28	58	ns	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply
			13	27	ns	@ 5V _{DC} supply, for π13xU61
Enable propagation delay, high			17	35	ns	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply, for π13xU61
impedance-to-high output	t _{PZH}		3.5	12	us	@ 5V _{DC} supply, for π13xU60
			3.3	11	us	@ $3.3V_{DC}$ supply, for $\pi 13xU60$
			3.5	12	us	@ 5V _{DC} supply, for π13xU61
Enable propagation delay, high			3.3	11	us	@ 3.3V _{DC} supply, for π13xU61
impedance-to-low output	t _{PZL}		13	27	ns	@ 5V _{DC} supply, for π13xU60
			17	35	ns	@ $3.3V_{DC}$ supply, for $\pi 13xU60$
Common-Mode Transient Immunity ³	CMTI	250			kV/μs	$V_{IN} = V_{DDx}^2$ or 0V, $V_{CM} = 1000 \text{ V}$
ESD (HBM - Human body model)	ESD		±8		kV	

Notes:

Table 9.DC Specifications

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3V_{DC} \pm 10\%$ or $5V_{DC} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
V _{IT+}		0.6*V _{DDx} ¹	0.7*V _{DDx} ¹	V	
V _{IT} -	0.3* V _{DDX} ¹	0.4* V _{DDX} ¹		V	
Vou 1	V _{DDx} - 0.1	V_{DDx}		V	–20 μA output current
V OH -	V _{DDx} - 0.2	V _{DDx} - 0.1		V	-2 mA output current
Va		0	0.1	V	20 μA output current
VOL		0.1	0.2	V	2 mA output current
I _{IN}	-10	0.5	10	μΑ	0 V ≤ Signal voltage ≤ V _{DDX} ¹
V _{DDxUV+}	2.45	2.75	2.95	V	
V _{DDxUV} -	2.30	2.60	2.75	V	
VDDxUVH		0.15		V	
	VIT+ VIT- VOH 1 VOL IIN VDDxUV+ VDDxUV-	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Notes:

Table 10.Quiescent Supply Current

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 V_{DC} \pm 10\% \ or \ 5 V_{DC} \pm 10\%, \ T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C, \ C_L = 0 \ pF, \ unless \ otherwise \ noted.$

Part	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test	Conditions
rait	Symbol	IVIIII	тур	IVIAX	Offic	Supply voltage	Input signal
	IDD1 (Q)	0.28	0.35	0.45	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.12	1.40	1.83	mA	5V _{DC}	VI=5V for π13xUx0
	IDD1 (Q)	0.11	0.14	0.18	mA	3 V DC	VI=5V for π13xUx1
π130U3x	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.21	1.51	1.96	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
	IDD1 (Q)	0.21	0.27	0.35	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.10	1.38	1.79	mA	$3.3V_{DC}$	VI=3.3V for π13xUx0
	IDD1 (Q)	0.10	0.13	0.17	mA		VI=3.3V for π13xUx1

 $^{^{1}}t_{pLH}$ = low-to-high propagation delay time, t_{pHL} = high-to-low propagation delay time. See Figure 10.

 $^{^{2}}V_{DDx}$ is the side voltage power supply V_{DD} , where x = 1 or 2.

³See Figure 16 for Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement.

⁴t_r means is the time from 10% amplitude to 90% amplitude of the rising edge of the signal, t_f means is the time from 90% amplitude to 10% amplitude of the falling edge of the signal.

 $^{^5}$ See Figure 11, Figure 12 for t_{PLZ} , t_{PZL} measurement, see Figure 13, Figure 14 for t_{PRZ} , t_{PZR} measurement.

 $^{^{1}}$ V_{DDx} is the side voltage power supply V_{DD}, where x = 1 or 2.

Part	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test	Conditions
Part	Syllibol	IVIIII	176	IVIOX	Offic	Supply voltage	Input signal
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.19	1.49	1.94	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.56	0.70	0.90	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	Idd2 (Q)	0.85	1.06	1.38	mA	5V _{DC}	VI=5V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.49	0.61	0.79	mA	3 V DC	VI=5V for π13xUx1
π131U3x	I _{DD2} (Q)	0.85	1.07	1.39	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
#13103X	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.51	0.63	0.82	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	0.81	1.01	1.32	mA	3.3V _{DC}	VI=3.3V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.48	0.61	0.79	mA	3.3 V DC	VI=3.3V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	0.84	1.05	1.37	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.28	0.47	0.59	mA	- 5V _{DC}	VI=0V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.12	1.59	2.06	mA		VI=5V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.10	0.13	0.16	mA		VI=5V for π13xUx1
π130U6x	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.21	1.71	2.22	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
#15006X	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.21	0.30	0.40	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.10	1.53	1.99	mA	3.3V _{DC}	VI=3.3V for π13xUx0
	Idd1 (Q)	0.09	0.11	0.14	mA	3.3 V DC	VI=3.3V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	1.19	1.66	2.15	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
	I _{DD1} (Q)	0.56	0.81	1.05	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	Idd2 (Q)	0.85	1.14	1.47	mA	EV.	VI=5V for π13xUx0
	IDD1 (Q)	0.49	0.63	0.81	mA	- 5V _{DC}	VI=5V for π13xUx1
π131U6x	I _{DD2} (Q)	0.85	1.11	1.44	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0
W12100X	IDD1 (Q)	0.51	0.68	0.89	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx1
	Idd2 (Q)	0.81	1.05	1.36	mA	3.3V _{DC}	VI=3.3V for π13xUx0
	IDD1 (Q)	0.48	0.60	0.78	mA	3.3 V DC	VI=3.3V for π13xUx1
	I _{DD2} (Q)	0.84	1.08	1.40	mA		VI=0V for π13xUx0

Table 11.Total Supply Current vs. Data Throughput (CL = 0 pF)

 $V_{DD1} - V_{GND1} = V_{DD2} - V_{GND2} = 3.3 \\ V_{DC} \pm 10\% \text{ or } 5 \\ V_{DC} \pm 10\%, \\ T_A = 25 \\ ^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ C_L = 0 \text{ pF, unless otherwise noted.}$

Part	Symbol		2 Kbps			50Kbps			150Kbps		Unit	Supply
rait	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Oiiit	voltage
•	I _{DD1}		0.24	0.36		0.24	0.36		0.25	0.38	mA	5\/
π130U3x	I _{DD2}		1.45	2.18		1.47	2.21		1.49	2.24	IIIA	5V _{DC}
#13003X	I _{DD1}		0.18	0.27		0.18	0.27		0.18	0.27	mA	3.3V _{DC}
	I _{DD2}		1.41	2.12		1.42	2.13		1.43	2.15	3.5 V DC	
	I _{DD1}		0.60	0.90		0.61	0.92		0.62	0.93	mA mA	5V _{DC}
π131U3x	I _{DD2}		1.05	1.58		1.07	1.61		1.09	1.64		
#13103X	I _{DD1}		0.55	0.83		0.56	0.84		0.57	0.86		3.3V _{DC}
	I _{DD2}		1.03	1.55		1.05	1.58		1.07	1.61		
	I _{DD1}		0.28	0.42		0.28	0.42		0.29	0.43	mA	5V _{DC}
π130U6x	I _{DD2}		1.58	2.37		1.58	2.37		1.60	2.39	IIIA	
#13000x	I _{DD1}		0.19	0.29		0.20	0.29		0.20	0.30	mA	3.3V _{DC}
	I _{DD2}		1.53	2.30		1.54	2.31		1.55	2.32	IIIA	3.3 V DC
	I _{DD1}		0.71	1.07		0.72	1.08		0.73	1.09	mA 5V _{DC}	5Vac
π131U6x	I _{DD2}		1.13	1.69		1.13	1.70		1.14	1.71		J V DC
#13100X	I _{DD1}		0.64	0.96		0.64	0.96		0.65	0.97		3.3V _{DC}
	I _{DD2}		1.07	1.60		1.07	1.60		1.08	1.61	IIIA	

INSULATION AND SAFETY RELATED SPECIFICATIONS

Table 12.Insulation Specifications

Parameter	Cumhal	Value		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Parameter	Symbol	π13xU3x	π13xU6x	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Rated Dielectric Insulation Voltage		3000	5000	V rms	1-minute duration
Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance)	L (CLR)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air
Minimum External Tracking (Creepage)	L (CRP)	4	8	mm min	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body
Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance)		11	21	μm min	Insulation distance through insulation
Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index)	СТІ	>400	>400	v	DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303-11):2010-05
Material Group		II	II		IEC 60112:2003 + A1:2009

PACKAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 13. Package Characteristics

Davamatav	Cumbal	Туріса	l Value	l luit	Test Conditions/Comments	
Parameter	Symbol	π13xU3x	π13xU6x	Unit	rest conditions/comments	
Resistance (Input to Output) ¹	Rio	10 11	10 11	Ω		
Capacitance (Input to Output) ¹	Cio	1.5	1.5	pF	@1MHz	
Input Capacitance ²	Cı	3	3	pF	@1MHz	
IC Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance	θιΑ	100	45	°C/W	Thermocouple located at center of package underside	

Notes:

REGULATORY INFORMATION

See Table 14 for details regarding recommended maximum working voltages for specific cross isolation waveforms and insulation levels.

Table 14.Regulatory

Regulatory	π13xU3x	π13xU6x		
	Recognized under UL 1577	Recognized under UL 1577		
	Component Recognition Program ¹	Component Recognition Program ¹		
UL	Single Protection, 3000 V rms Isolation Voltage	Single Protection, 5000 V rms Isolation Voltage		
	File (E494497)	File (E494497)		
	DIN VDE V 0884-11:2017-01 ²	DIN VDE V 0884-11:2017-01 ²		
VDE	Basic insulation, V _{IORM} = 565V peak, V _{IOSM} = 3615 V peak	Basic insulation, V _{IORM} = 1200 V peak, V _{IOSM} = 5000 V peak		
	File (40053041)	File (40052896)		
	Certified under CQC11-471543-2012 and GB4943.1-2011	Certified under CQC11-471543-2012 and GB4943.1-2011		
	Basic insulation at 500 V rms (707 V peak) working voltage	Basic insulation at 845 V rms (1200 V peak) working voltage		
cqc	Reinforced insulation at 250 V rms (353 V peak)	Reinforced insulation at 422 V rms (600 V peak)		
	NB SOIC-16 File (CQC20001260212)	WR 5010 16 File (C00300013603F9)		
	SSOP16 File (CQC20001260213)	WB SOIC-16 File (CQC20001260258)		

Notes:

¹The device is considered a 2-terminal device; Short-circuit all terminals on the VDD1 side as one terminal, and short-circuit all terminals on the VDD2 side as the other terminal.

²Testing from the input signal pin to ground.

¹ In accordance with UL 1577, each π 130U3X/ π 131U3X is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 3600 V rms for 1 sec; each π 130U6X/ π 131U6X is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 6000 V rms for 1 sec

² In accordance with DIN V VDE V 0884-11, each π 130U3X/ π 131U3X is proof tested by applying an insulation test voltage ≥ 848 V peak for 1 sec (partial discharge detection limit = 5 pC); each π 130U6X/ π 131U6X is proof tested by ≥ 1800V peak for 1 sec.

DIN V VDE V 0884-11 (VDE V 0884-11) INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS

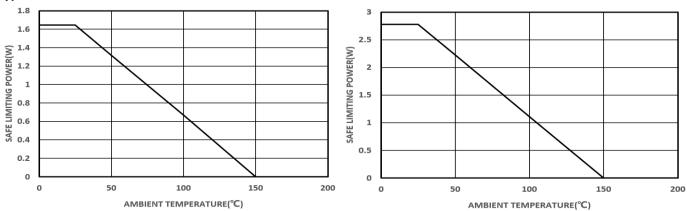
Table 15.VDE Insulation Characteristics

Description	Test Canditions/Comments	Cumphal	Charac	l locia	
Description	Test Conditions/Comments	Symbol	π13xU3x	π13xU6x	Unit
Installation Classification per DIN VDE 0110					
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 150 V rms			I to IV	I to IV	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 300 V rms			I to III	I to III	
For Rated Mains Voltage ≤ 400 V rms			I to III	I to III	
Climatic Classification			40/105/21	40/105/21	
Pollution Degree per DIN VDE 0110, Table 1			2	2	
Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage		VIORM	565	1200	V peak
	$V_{IORM} \times 1.5 = V_{pd (m)}$, 100% production				
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method B1	test, t _{ini} = t _m = 1 sec, partial discharge <	V _{pd (m)}	848	1800	V peak
	5 pC				
Input to Output Test Voltage, Method A					
After Environmental Tests Subgroup 1	$V_{IORM} \times 1.3 = V_{pd (m)}, t_{ini} = 60 \text{ sec}, t_m = 10$		735	1560	\/ maal
After Environmental Tests Subgroup 1	sec, partial discharge < 5 pC	V _{pd} (m)	/33	1500	V peak
After Input and/or Safety Test Subgroup 2	$V_{IORM} \times 1.2 = V_{pd (m)}, t_{ini} = 60 \text{ sec}, t_m = 10$		678	1440	V noak
and Subgroup 3	sec, partial discharge < 5 pC		6/8	1440	V peak
Highest Allowable Overvoltage		Vіотм	4200	7071	V peak
/	Basic insulation, 1.2/50 μs combination				
Surge Isolation Voltage Basic	wave, VTEST = 1.3 × VIOSM	Viosm	3615	5000	V peak
	(qualification) ¹				
Cofety Himitian Walves	Maximum value allowed in the event of				
Safety Limiting Values	a failure (see Figure 5)				
Maximum safety Temperature		Ts	150	150	°C
Maximum Power Dissipation at 25°C		Ps	1.67	2.78	W
Insulation Resistance at T _S	V _{IO} = 500 V	Rs	>109	>109	Ω

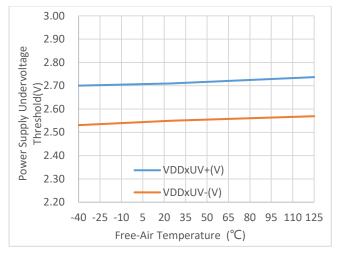
Notes:

¹In accordance with DIN V VDE V 0884-11, π 1xxx3x is proof tested by applying a surge isolation voltage 4700 V, π 1xxx6x is proof tested by applying a surge isolation voltage 6500 V.

Typical Thermal Characteristic



 $Figure \ 5. Thermal\ Derating\ Curve,\ Dependence\ of\ Safety\ Limiting\ Values\ with\ Ambient\ Temperature\ per\ VDE\ (left:\ \pi 13x U3x;\ right:\ \pi 13x U6x)$



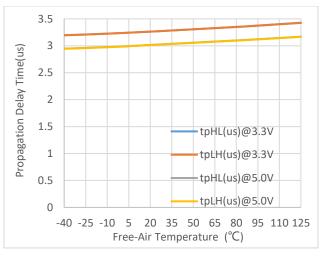


Figure 6.UVLO vs. Free-Air Temperature

Figure 7. π 13xU3x Propagation Delay Time vs. Free-Air Temperature

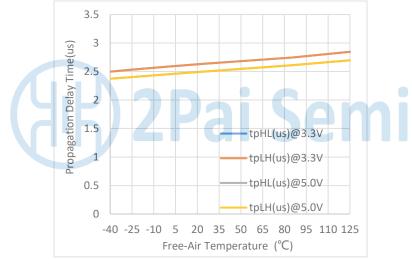


Figure $8.\pi 13x U6x$ Propagation Delay Time vs. Free-Air Temperature

Timing test information

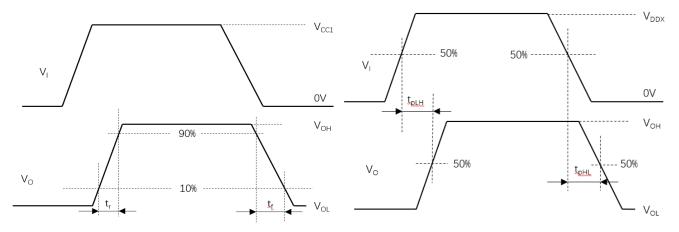


Figure 9.Transition time waveform measurement

Figure 10.Propagation delay time waveform measurement

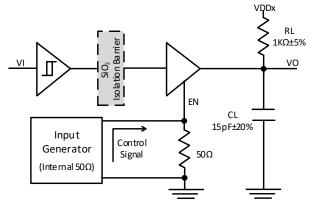


Figure 11. t_{PZL}/t_{PLZ} test circuit

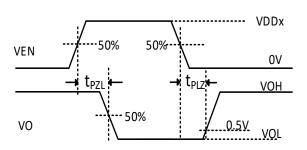


Figure 12. t_{PZL}/t_{PLZ} measurement waveform

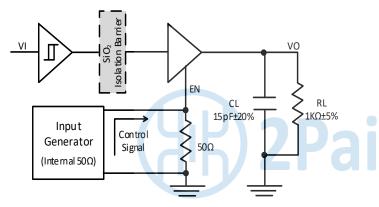


Figure 13. t_{PZH}/t_{PHZ} test circuit

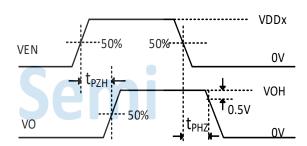


Figure 14. t_{PZH}/t_{PHZ} measurement waveform

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OVERVIEW

The $\pi 1 \times \times \times \times$ are 2PaiSemi digital isolators product family based on 2PaiSemi unique *iDivider*® technology. Intelligent voltage **Divider** technology (*iDivider*® technology) is a new generation digital isolator technology invented by 2PaiSemi. It uses the principle of capacitor voltage divider to transmit signal directly cross the isolator capacitor without signal modulation and demodulation. Compare to the traditional Opto-couple technology, icoupler technology, OOK technology, *iDivider*® is a more essential and concise isolation signal transmit technology which leads to greatly simplification on circuit design and therefore significantly improves device performance, such as lower power consumption, faster speed, enhanced anti-interference ability, lower noise.

By using maturated standard semiconductor CMOS technology and the innovative $iDivider^{\circ}$ design, these isolation components provide outstanding performance characteristics and reliability superior to alternatives such as optocoupler devices and other integrated isolators. The $\pi1xxxxx$ isolator data channels are independent and are available in a variety of configurations with a withstand voltage rating of 1.5 kV rms to 5.0 kV rms and the data rate from DC up to 600Mbps (see the Ordering Guide).

The $\pi 130 \text{U} \times x/\pi 131 \text{U} \times x$ are the outstanding 150Kbps Triple-channel digital isolators with the enhanced ESD capability. the devices transmit data across an isolation barrier by layers of silicon dioxide isolation.

The devices operate with the supply voltage on either side ranging from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, offering voltage translation of 3.3 V, and 5 V logic. The $\pi 130 \text{Uxx}/\pi 131 \text{Uxx}$ have very low propagation delay and high speed. The input/output design techniques allow logic and supply voltages over a wide range from 3.0 V to 5.5 V, offering voltage translation of 3.3 V and 5 V logic. The architecture is designed for high common-mode transient immunity and high immunity to electrical noise and magnetic interference.

See the Ordering Guide for the model numbers that have the fail-safe output state of low or high.

PCB LAYOUT

The low-ESR ceramic bypass capacitors must be connected between V_{DD1} and GND_1 and between V_{DD2} and GND_2 . The bypass capacitors are placed on the PCB as close to the isolator device as possible. The recommended bypass capacitor value is between 0.1 μF and 10 μF . The user may also include resistors (50–300 Ω) in series with the inputs and outputs if the system is excessively noisy, or in order to enhance the anti ESD ability of the system.

Avoid reducing the isolation capability, Keep the space underneath the isolator device free from metal such as planes, pads, traces and vias. To minimize the impedance of the signal return loop, keep the solid ground plane directly underneath the high-speed signal path, the closer the better. The return path will couple between the nearest ground plane to the signal path. Keep suitable trace width for controlled impedance transmission lines interconnect.

To reduce the rise time degradation, keep the length of input/output signal traces as short as possible, and route low inductance loop for the signal path and It's return path.

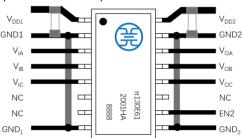


Figure 15.Recommended Printed Circuit Board Layout

CMTI MEASUREMENT

To measure the Common-Mode Transient Immunity (CMTI) of $\pi1xxxxx$ isolator under specified common-mode pulse magnitude (VCM) and specified slew rate of the common-mode pulse (dVCM/dt) and other specified test or ambient conditions, The common-mode pulse generator (G1) will be capable of providing fast rise and fall pulses of specified magnitude and duration of the common-mode pulse (VCM), such that the maximum common-mode slew rates (dVCM/dt) can be applied to $\pi1xxxxx$ isolator coupler under measurement. The common-mode pulse is applied between one side ground GND1 and the other side ground GND2 of $\pi1xxxxx$ isolator, and shall be capable of providing positive transients as well as negative transients.

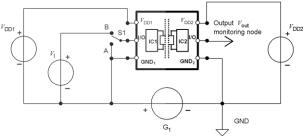


Figure 16.Common-mode transient immunity (CMTI) measurement

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

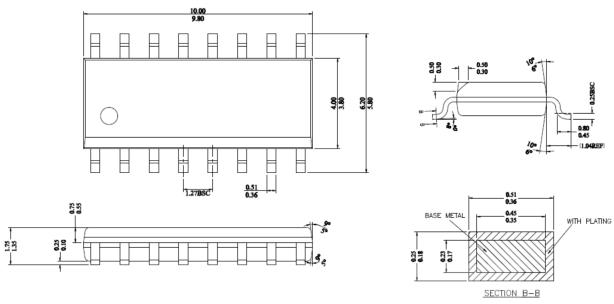


Figure 17. 16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16] Outline Package

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Figure 18.16-Lead Wide Body Outline Package [WB SOIC-16]

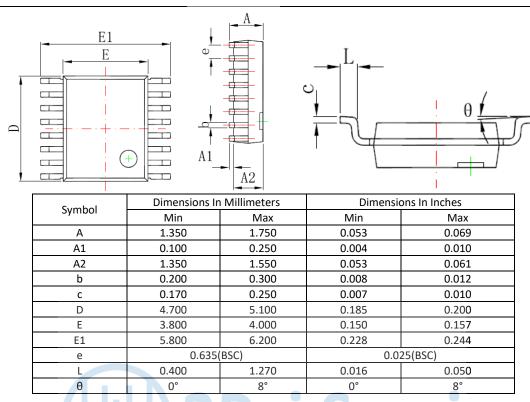


Figure 19.16-Lead SSOP Outline Package [SSOP16]

Land Patterns

16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16]

The figure below illustrates the recommended land pattern details for the $\pi 1xxxxx$ in a 16-pin narrow-body SOIC. The table below lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

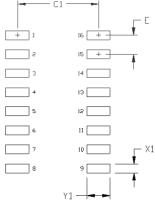


Figure 20.16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16] Land Pattern

Table 16.16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16] Land Pattern Dimensions

Dimension	Feature	Parameter	Unit
C1	Pad column spacing	5.40	mm
E	Pad row pitch	1.27	mm
X1	Pad width	0.60	mm
Y1	Pad length	1.55	mm

Note:

1. This land pattern design is based on IPC -7351 $\,$

 $2. All\ feature\ sizes\ shown\ are\ at\ maximum\ material\ condition\ and\ a\ card\ fabrication\ tolerance\ of\ 0.05\ mm\ is\ assumed.$

16-Lead Wide Body SOIC [WB SOIC-16]

The figure below illustrates the recommended land pattern details for the $\pi 1xxxxx$ in a 16-pin wide-body SOIC package. The table lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

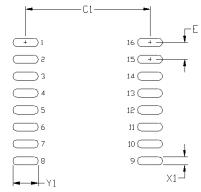


Figure 21. 16-Lead Wide Body SOIC [WB SOIC-16] Land Pattern

Table 17. 16-Lead Wide Body SOIC [WB SOIC-16] Land Pattern Dimensions

Dimension	Feature	Parameter	Unit
C1	Pad column spacing	9.40	mm
Е	Pad row pitch	1.27	mm
X1	Pad width	0.60	mm
Y1	Pad length	1.90	mm

Note:

- 1.This land pattern design is based on IPC -7351
- 2.All feature sizes shown are at maximum material condition and a card fabrication tolerance of 0.05 mm is assumed.

16-Lead SSOP

The figure below illustrates the recommended land pattern details for the $\pi1xxxxxx$ in a 16-Lead SSOP package. The table lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

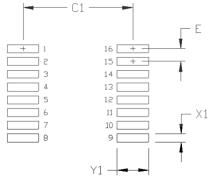


Figure 22. 16-Lead SSOP Land Pattern

Table 18. 16-Lead SSOP Land Pattern Dimensions

Dimension	Feature	Parameter	Unit
C1	Pad column spacing	5.40	mm
E	Pad row pitch	0.635	mm
X1	Pad width	0.40	mm
Y1	Pad length	1.55	mm

Note:

- 1. This land pattern design is based on IPC -7351
- 2.All feature sizes shown are at maximum material condition and a card fabrication tolerance of 0.05 mm is assumed.

Top Marking

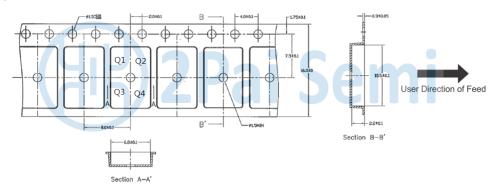


Line 1	π XXXXXX=Product name
	YY = Work Year
Line 2	WW = Work Week
	ZZ=Manufacturing code from assembly house
Line 3	XXXXX, no special meaning

Figure 23. Top Marking

REEL INFORMATION

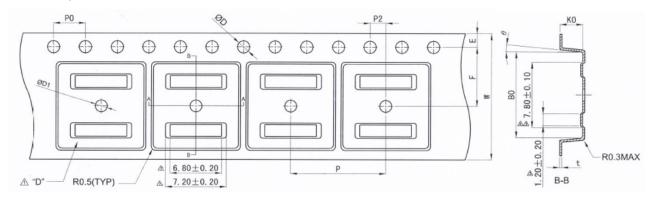
16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16]

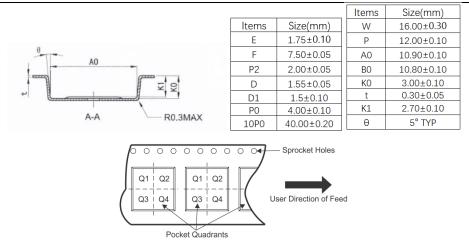


Note: The Pin 1 of the chip is in the quadrant Q1

Figure 24. 16-Lead Narrow Body SOIC [NB SOIC-16] Reel Information

16-Lead Wide Body SOIC [WB SOIC-16]





Note: The Pin 1of the chip is in the quadrant Q1

Figure 25. 16-Lead Wide Body SOIC [WB SOIC-16] Reel Information

16-Lead SSOP

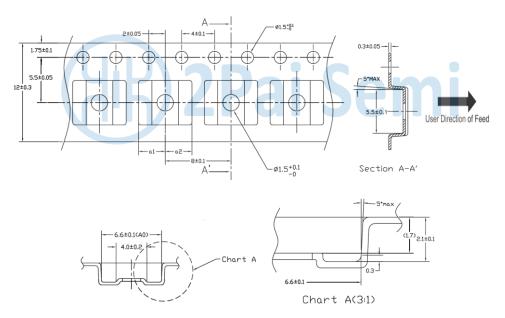


Figure 26. 16-Lead SSOP Reel Information

ORDERING GUIDE

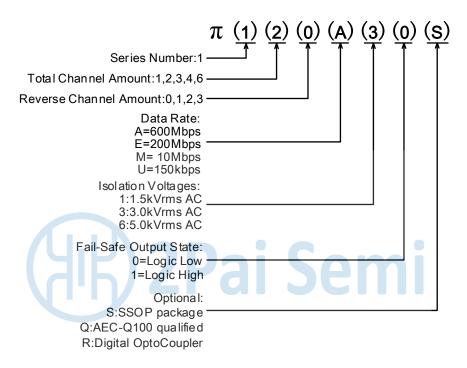
Table 19. Ordering Guide

Model Name ¹	Temperature Range	No. of Inputs, V _{DD1} Side	No. of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side	Isolation Rating (kV rms)	Fail-Safe Output State	Package	MSL Peak Temp ²	MOQ/ Quantity per reel ³
π130U31	-40~125°C	3	0	3	High	NB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	2500
π130U30	-40~125°C	3	0	3	Low	NB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	2500
π131U31	-40~125°C	2	1	3	High	NB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	2500
π131U30	-40~125°C	2	1	3	Low	NB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	2500
π130U61	-40~125°C	3	0	5	High	WB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	1500
π 130U60	-40~125°C	3	0	5	Low	WB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	1500
π131U61	-40~125°C	2	1	5	High	WB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	1500
π 131U60	-40~125°C	2	1	5	Low	WB SOIC-16	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	1500
π130U31S	-40~125°C	3	0	3	High	16-Lead SSOP	Level-3-260C-168 HR	4000
π130U30S	-40~125°C	3	0	3	Low	16-Lead SSOP	Level-3-260C-168 HR	4000

Model Name ¹	Temperature Range	No. of Inputs, V _{DD1} Side	No. of Inputs, V _{DD2} Side	Isolation Rating (kV rms)	Fail-Safe Output State	Package	MSL Peak Temp ²	MOQ/ Quantity per reel ³
π131U31	-40~125°C	2	1	3	High	16-Lead SSOP	Level-3-260C-168 HR	4000
π131U30	-40~125°C	2	1	3	Low	16-Lead SSOP	Level-3-260C-168 HR	4000

^{1.} Pai1xxxxx is equals to π 1xxxxx in the customer BOM.

PART NUMBER NAMED RULE



Notes:

Pai1xxxxx is equals to π 1xxxxx in the customer BOM

Figure 27. Part Number Named Rule

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^{2.} MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

^{3.} MOQ, minimum ordering quantity.

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Page	Change Record
1.0	2018/09/17	All	Initial version
1.1	2018/11/28	P11	Changed the recommended bypass capacitor value.
1.2	2019/09/08	Page1	Changed the contact address. Add <i>iDivider</i> technology description in General Description. Changed propagation delay time, CMTI and HBM ESD. Added WB SOIC-16 Lead information.
1.3	2019/12/20	Page1,11,14	Changed description of π1xxx6x.
1.4	2020/02/16	Page1	Changed propagation delay time.
1.5	2020/02/25	Page5	Changed Pulse Width Distortion.
1.6	2020/03/16	Page6	Changed VDDx Undervoltage Threshold and Regulatory Information. Added information of Land Patterns and Top Marking
1.7	2020/04/16	Page12	Optimize description and format to make it consistent with the Chinese version.
1.8	2021/05/17	Page 1,5~10	Changed Regulatory Information. Added propagation delay time and supply current of $\pi1xx06x$.
1.9	2021/12/06	Page5,10,15, 16,17	Added Enable and Disable propagation delay time. Changed Top Marking Information. Changed MSL Peak Temp.

