

Scope: Smart Contract

CODE REVIEW

state.rs

```
use schemars::JsonSchema;
use serde::{Deserialize, Serialize};

use cosmwasm_std::Addr;
use cw_storage_plus::{Index, IndexList, IndexedMap, MultiIndex};

// Contract struct defines begin blocker contract execution params.
#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
pub struct Contract {
    pub gas_limit: u64,
    pub gas_price: u64,
    pub is_executable: bool,
}

pub(crate) const INACTIVE_CONTRACT: u8 = 0;
pub(crate) const ACTIVE_CONTRACT: u8 = 1;

// ContractIndex struct with a single field 'active' that is a MultiIndex. Active
// will be linked to the field is_executable.
pub struct ContractIndexes<'a> {
    pub active: MultiIndex<'a, u8, Contract, Addr>,
}

// ContractIndexes will index the Contract Structs by their active/is_executable
// field.
// Use of prefix with ACTIVE_CONTRACT can be found in code.
impl<'a> IndexList<Contract> for ContractIndexes<'a> {
    fn get_indexes(&'_ self) -> Box<dyn Iterator<Item = &'_ dyn Index<Contract>> + '_> {
        let v: Vec<&dyn Index<Contract>> = vec![&self.active];
        Box::new(v.into_iter())
    }
}
```

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// Contract function returns an IndexedMap that stores and index the Contracts
struct.
// To index it uses a MultiIndex which relays on is_executable, although it is coded
and renamed as 'active'
// This IndexedMap uses ContractIndexes struct to index the Contract structs by their
active (is_executable) field.
// IndexedMap(Addr, Contract) with MultiIndex ContractIndexes
pub fn contracts<'a>() -> IndexedMap<'a, &'a Addr, Contract, ContractIndexes<'a>> {
    let indexes = ContractIndexes {
        active: MultiIndex::new(
            |_, c: &Contract| {
                if c.is_executable {
                    ACTIVE_CONTRACT
                } else {
                    INACTIVE_CONTRACT
                }
            },
            "contracts",
            "contracts__active",
        ),
    };
    IndexedMap::new("contracts", indexes)
}

```

message.rs

```

use cosmwasm_std::Addr;
use schemars::JsonSchema;
use serde::{Deserialize, Serialize};

#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
pub struct InstantiateMsg {}

// ExecuteMsgs are self-explanatory based on their names
#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
#[serde(rename_all = "snake_case")]
pub enum ExecuteMsg {
    Register {
        contract_address: Addr,
        gas_limit: u64,
    },
}

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        gas_price: u64,
        is_executable: bool,
    },
    Deregister {
        contract_address: Addr,
    },
    Update {
        contract_address: Addr,
        gas_limit: u64,
        gas_price: u64,
    },
    Activate {
        contract_address: Addr,
    },
    Deactivate {
        contract_address: Addr,
    },
}

#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
#[serde(rename_all = "snake_case")]
pub enum QueryMsg {
    // GetContracts returns the registered contracts as a json-encoded number
    GetContract {
        contract_address: Addr,
    },
    GetContracts {
        start_after: Option<String>,
        limit: Option<u32>,
    },
    GetActiveContracts {
        start_after: Option<String>,
        limit: Option<u32>,
    },
}

// Contract struct defines begin blocker contract execution params.
#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
pub struct ContractExecutionParams {
    pub address: Addr,
    pub gas_limit: u64,
    pub gas_price: u64,
    pub is_executable: bool,
}

// We define a custom struct for each query response
#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
pub struct ContractsResponse {

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    pub contracts: Vec<ContractExecutionParams>,
}

// We define a custom struct for each query response
#[derive(Serialize, Deserialize, Clone, Debug, PartialEq, Eq, JsonSchema)]
pub struct ContractResponse {
    pub contract: ContractExecutionParams,
}

```

contract.rs

```

#[cfg(not(feature = "library"))]
use cosmwasm_std::entry_point;
use cosmwasm_std::{
    to_binary, Addr, Binary, Deps, DepsMut, Env, MessageInfo, Order, Response,
    StdResult,
};
use cw2::set_contract_version;
use cw_storage_plus::Bound;
use cw_utils::maybe_addr;

use crate::error::ContractError;
use crate::msg::{
    ContractExecutionParams, ContractResponse, ContractsResponse, ExecuteMsg,
    InstantiateMsg,
    QueryMsg,
};
use crate::state::{contracts, Contract, ACTIVE_CONTRACT};

// version info for migration info
const CONTRACT_NAME: &str = "crates.io:registry";
const CONTRACT_VERSION: &str = env!("CARGO_PKG_VERSION");

// On instantiation no state is recorded, only the contract version is set and report
some attributes.
#[cfg_attr(not(feature = "library"), entry_point)]
pub fn instantiate(
    deps: DepsMut,
    _env: Env,
    info: MessageInfo,
    _msg: InstantiateMsg,
) -> Result<Response, ContractError> {
    set_contract_version(deps.storage, CONTRACT_NAME, CONTRACT_VERSION)?;
}

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    Ok(Response::new()
        .add_attribute("method", "instantiate")
        .add_attribute("owner", info.sender))
}
// The contract itself will be able to access this entry point. Nobody else.
// sudo does not have info as a parameter. No sender or coins passed.
#[cfg_attr(not(feature = "library"), entry_point)]
pub fn sudo(deps: DepsMut, _env: Env, msg: ExecuteMsg) -> Result<Response,
ContractError> {
    match msg {
        ExecuteMsg::Register {
            contract_address,
            gas_limit,
            gas_price,
            is_executable,
        } => try_register(deps, contract_address, gas_limit, gas_price,
is_executable),
        ExecuteMsg::Deregister { contract_address } => try_deregister(deps,
contract_address),
        ExecuteMsg::Update {
            contract_address,
            gas_limit,
            gas_price,
        } => try_update(deps, contract_address, gas_limit, gas_price),
        ExecuteMsg::Activate { contract_address } => try_activate(deps,
contract_address),
        ExecuteMsg::Deactivate { contract_address } => try_deactivate(deps,
contract_address),
    }
}

#[cfg_attr(not(feature = "library"), entry_point)]
pub fn execute(
    deps: DepsMut,
    _env: Env,
    info: MessageInfo,
    msg: ExecuteMsg,
) -> Result<Response, ContractError> {
    match msg {
        ExecuteMsg::Register { .. } => Err(ContractError::Unauthorized {}),
        ExecuteMsg::Deregister { .. } => Err(ContractError::Unauthorized {}),
        ExecuteMsg::Update {
            contract_address,
            gas_limit,
            gas_price,
        } => {
            only_managed_contract(&contract_address, info)?;

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        try_update(deps, contract_address, gas_limit, gas_price)
    }
    ExecuteMsg::Activate { contract_address } => {
        only_managed_contract(&contract_address, info)?;
        try_activate(deps, contract_address)
    }
    ExecuteMsg::Deactivate { contract_address } => {
        only_managed_contract(&contract_address, info)?;
        try_deactivate(deps, contract_address)
    }
}

pub fn only_registry(env: Env, info: MessageInfo) -> Result<(), ContractError> {
    // Check if the sender is the registry contract address (only wasmx module can do
    this)
    if env.contract.address != info.sender {
        Err(ContractError::Unauthorized {})
    } else {
        Ok(())
    }
}

// The sender must be the contract to be Updated/Activated/Deactivated
pub fn only_managed_contract(
    contract_address: &Addr,
    info: MessageInfo,
) -> Result<(), ContractError> {
    if contract_address != &info.sender {
        Err(ContractError::Unauthorized {})
    } else {
        Ok(())
    }
}

pub fn try_register(
    deps: DepsMut,
    contract_addr: Addr,
    gas_limit: u64,
    gas_price: u64,
    is_executable: bool,
) -> Result<Response, ContractError> {
    let contract = Contract {
        gas_limit,
        gas_price,
        is_executable,
    };
};

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// Contract can only be registered once. It uses update instead of save.
// try to store it, fail if the address is already registered
contracts().update(deps.storage, &contract_addr, |existing| match existing {
    None => Ok(contract),
    Some(_) => Err(ContractError::AlreadyRegistered {}),
})?;

let res = Response::new().add_attributes(vec![
    ("action", "register"),
    ("addr", contract_addr.as_str()),
]);
Ok(res)
}

// Removes the contract_addr entry from contracts()
pub fn try_deregister(deps: DepsMut, contract_addr: Addr) -> Result<Response,
ContractError> {
    contracts().remove(deps.storage, &contract_addr)?;

    let res = Response::new().add_attributes(vec![
        ("action", "deregister"),
        ("addr", contract_addr.as_str()),
    ]);
    Ok(res)
}

pub fn try_update(
    deps: DepsMut,
    contract_addr: Addr,
    gas_limit: u64,
    gas_price: u64,
) -> Result<Response, ContractError> {
    // this fails if contract is not available
    let mut contract = contracts().load(deps.storage, &contract_addr)?;

    // update the contract
    if gas_limit != 0 {
        contract.gas_limit = gas_limit;
    }
    if gas_price != 0 {
        contract.gas_price = gas_price;
    }

    // and save
    contracts().save(deps.storage, &contract_addr, &contract)?;

    let res = Response::new()
        .add_attributes(vec![("action", "update"), ("addr", contract_addr.as_str())]);

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    Ok(res)
}

// If the contract is stored we make it executable and store the new state
pub fn try_activate(deps: DepsMut, contract_addr: Addr) -> Result<Response,
ContractError> {
    // this fails if contract is not available
    let mut contract = contracts().load(deps.storage, &contract_addr)?;

    // update the contract to be executable
    contract.is_executable = true;

    // and save
    contracts().save(deps.storage, &contract_addr, &contract)?;

    let res = Response::new().add_attributes(vec![
        ("action", "activate"),
        ("addr", contract_addr.as_str()),
    ]);
    Ok(res)
}

// If the contract has been stored, we make it not executable.
pub fn try_deactivate(deps: DepsMut, contract_addr: Addr) -> Result<Response,
ContractError> {
    // this fails if contract is not available
    let mut contract = contracts().load(deps.storage, &contract_addr)?;

    contract.is_executable = false;

    // and save
    contracts().save(deps.storage, &contract_addr, &contract)?;

    let res = Response::new().add_attributes(vec![
        ("action", "deactivate"),
        ("addr", contract_addr.as_str()),
    ]);
    Ok(res)
}

#[cfg_attr(not(feature = "library"), entry_point)]
pub fn query(deps: Deps, _env: Env, msg: QueryMsg) -> StdResult<Binary> {
    match msg {
        QueryMsg::GetContract { contract_address } => {
            to_binary(&query_contract(deps, contract_address)?)
        }
        QueryMsg::GetContracts { start_after, limit } => {
            to_binary(&query_contracts(deps, start_after, limit)?)
        }
    }
}

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    }
    QueryMsg::GetActiveContracts { start_after, limit } => {
        to_binary(&query_active_contracts(deps, start_after, limit)?)
    }
}

}

// Returns the ContractExecutionParams for contract_address
pub fn query_contract(deps: Deps, contract_address: Addr) ->
StdResult<ContractResponse> {
    let contract = contracts()
        .may_load(deps.storage, &contract_address)?
        .unwrap();

    let contract_info = ContractExecutionParams {
        address: contract_address,
        gas_limit: contract.gas_limit,
        gas_price: contract.gas_price,
        is_executable: contract.is_executable,
    };

    Ok(ContractResponse {
        contract: contract_info,
    })
}

// settings for pagination
const MAX_LIMIT: u32 = 30;
const DEFAULT_LIMIT: u32 = 10;

// Get all the contracts up to a limit, starting from start_address.
fn query_contracts(
    deps: Deps,
    start_after: Option<String>,
    limit: Option<u32>,
) -> StdResult<ContractsResponse> {
    let limit = limit.unwrap_or(DEFAULT_LIMIT).min(MAX_LIMIT) as usize;
    let addr = maybe_addr(deps.api, start_after)?;
    let start = addr.as_ref().map(Bound::exclusive);
    // iterate over them all

    // For each entry from state we generate a ContractExecutionParams
    let contracts = contracts()
        .range(deps.storage, start, None, Order::Ascending)
        .take(limit)
        .map(|item| {
            item.map(|(addr, contract)| ContractExecutionParams {
                address: addr,

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        gas_limit: contract.gas_limit,
        gas_price: contract.gas_price,
        is_executable: contract.is_executable,
    })
})
.collect::<<StdResult<_>>()>;
Ok(ContractsResponse { contracts })
}

// Get all the contracts up to a limit, starting from start_address, that are active
(is_executable == true)
fn query_active_contracts(
    deps: Deps,
    start_after: Option<String>,
    limit: Option<u32>,
) -> StdResult<ContractsResponse> {
    let limit = limit.unwrap_or(DEFAULT_LIMIT).min(MAX_LIMIT) as usize;
    let addr = maybe_addr(deps.api, start_after)?;
    let start = addr.map(Bound::exclusive);
    // iterate over all and return only executable contracts
    let contracts = contracts()
        .idx
        .active
        .prefix(ACTIVE_CONTRACT)
        .range(deps.storage, start, None, Order::Ascending)
        .take(limit)
        .map(|item| {
            item.map(|(addr, contract)| ContractExecutionParams {
                address: addr,
                gas_limit: contract.gas_limit,
                gas_price: contract.gas_price,
                is_executable: contract.is_executable,
            })
        })
    .collect::<<StdResult<_>>()>;
    Ok(ContractsResponse { contracts })
}

```

GENERAL QUESTIONS

1. What are the concepts (borrowing, ownership, vectors etc)

The main concept at this point on the WBA is an implementation of an Indexed Map.

2. What is the organization?

CosmWasm Smart Contract.

3. What is the contract doing? What is the mechanism?

Register, deregister, update, activate and deactivate contracts, which are indexed by their active attribute.

4. How could it be better? More efficient? Safer?

Nothing that I can think of.