

SpecTec: A DSL for the Wasm spec

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(store)	s	$\{inst\ inst^*, tab\ tabinst^*, mem\ meminst^*\}$
(instances)	$inst$	$\{func\ cl^*, glob\ v^*, tab\ i^?, mem\ i^?\}$
	$tabinst$	cl^*
	$meminst$	b^*
(closures)	cl	$\{inst\ i, code\ f\}$ (where f is not an import and has all exports ex^* erased)
(values)	v	$t.\text{const } c$
(administrative operators)	e	$\dots \mid \text{trap} \mid \text{call } cl \mid \text{label}_n\{e^*\} e^* \text{ end} \mid \text{local}_n\{i; v^*\} e^* \text{ end}$
(local contexts)	L^0	$v^* \text{ [}] e^*$
	L^{k+1}	$v^* \text{ label}_n\{e^*\} L^k \text{ end } e^*$
Reduction	$s; v^*; e^* \xrightarrow{i} s'; v'^*; e'^*$	$s; v^*; e^* \xrightarrow{i} s'; v'^*; e'^*$
	$s; v^*; L^k[e^*] \xrightarrow{i} s'; v'^*; L^k[e^*]$	$s; v_0^*; \text{local}_n\{i; v^*\} e^* \text{ end} \xrightarrow{j} s'; v_0^*; \text{local}_n\{i; v'^*\} e'^* \text{ end}$
	$L^0[\text{trap}]$	trap
	$(t.\text{const } c) t.unop$	$t.\text{const } unop_t(c)$
	$(t.\text{const } c_1) (t.\text{const } c_2) t.binop$	$t.\text{const } c$
	$(t.\text{const } c_1) (t.\text{const } c_2) t.binop$	trap
	$(t.\text{const } c) t.testop$	$i32.\text{const } testop_t(c)$
	$(t.\text{const } c_1) (t.\text{const } c_2) t.relop$	$i32.\text{const } relop_t(c_1, c_2)$
	$(t_1.\text{const } c) t_2.\text{convert } t_1.sx^?$	$t_2.\text{const } c'$
	$(t_1.\text{const } c) t_2.\text{convert } t_1.sx^?$	trap
	$(t_1.\text{const } c) t_2.\text{interpret } t_1$	$t_2.\text{const } \text{const}_{t_2}(\text{bits}_{t_1}(c))$
	unreachable	trap
	nop	ϵ
	$v \text{ drop}$	ϵ
	$v_1 v_2 (\text{i32.const } 0) \text{ select}$	v_2
	$v_1 v_2 (\text{i32.const } k + 1) \text{ select}$	v_1
	$v^n \text{ block } (t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^n) e^* \text{ end}$	$\text{label}_m\{e^*\} v^n e^* \text{ end}$
	$v^n \text{ loop } (t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^n) e^* \text{ end}$	$\text{label}_m\{\text{loop } (t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^n) e^* \text{ end}\} v^n e^* \text{ end}$
	$(\text{i32.const } 0) \text{ if } tf e_1^* \text{ else } e_2^* \text{ end}$	$\text{block } tf e_1^* \text{ end}$
	$(\text{i32.const } k + 1) \text{ if } tf e_1^* \text{ else } e_2^* \text{ end}$	$\text{block } tf e_1^* \text{ end}$
	$\text{label}_m\{e^*\} v^* \text{ end}$	v^*
	$\text{label}_m\{e^*\} \text{ trap end}$	trap
	$\text{label}_m\{e^*\} L^j[v^n (\text{br } j)] \text{ end}$	$v^n e^*$
	$(\text{i32.const } 0) (\text{br_if } j)$	ϵ
	$(\text{i32.const } k + 1) (\text{br_if } j)$	$\text{br } j$
	$(\text{i32.const } k) (\text{br_table } j_1^k j_2^k)$	$\text{br } j$
	$(\text{i32.const } k + n) (\text{br_table } j_1^k j)$	$\text{br } j$
	$s; \text{call } j$	$\text{call } s_{\text{func}}(i, j)$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } j) \text{ call_indirect } tf$	$\text{call } s_{\text{stab}}(i, j)$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } j) \text{ call_indirect } tf$	trap
	$v^n (\text{call } cl)$	$\text{local}_m\{cl_{\text{inst}}; v^n (\text{t.\text{const } 0})^k\} \text{ block } (\epsilon \rightarrow t_2^m) e^* \text{ end end} \dots$
	$\text{local}_n\{i; v_l^*\} v^n \text{ end}$	v^n
	$\text{local}_n\{i; v_l^*\} \text{ trap end}$	trap
	$\text{local}_n\{i; v_l^*\} L^k[v^n \text{ return}] \text{ end}$	v^n
	$v_1^j v_2^k; \text{get_local } j$	v
	$v_1^j v_2^k; v' (\text{set_local } j)$	$v_1^j v' v_2^k; \epsilon$
	$v (\text{tee_local } j)$	$v v (\text{set_local } j)$
	$s; \text{get_global } j$	$\text{glob}(i, j)$
	$s; v (\text{set_global } j)$	$s'; \epsilon$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.load } a o)$	$t.\text{const } \text{const}_t(b^*)$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.load } tp.sx^? a o)$	$t.\text{const } \text{const}_{t,sx}^*(b^*)$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.load } tp.sx^? a o)$	trap
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.const } c) (\text{t.store } a o)$	$s'; \epsilon$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.const } c) (\text{t.store } tp a o)$	$\text{if } s' = s \text{ with } \text{mem}(i, k + o, t) = \text{bits}_t^{ t }(c)$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) (\text{t.const } c) (\text{t.store } tp^? a o)$	$\text{if } s' = s \text{ with } \text{mem}(i, k + o, tp) = \text{bits}_t^{ tp }(c)$
	$s; \text{current_memory}$	trap
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) \text{ grow_memory}$	$i32.\text{const } s_{\text{mem}}(i, *) /64 \text{ Ki}$
	$s; (\text{i32.const } k) \text{ grow_memory}$	$s'; i32.\text{const } s_{\text{mem}}(i, *) /64 \text{ Ki} \text{ if } s' = s \text{ with } \text{mem}(i, *) = s_{\text{mem}}(i, *) (0)^{k \cdot 64 \text{ Ki}}$
		trap

Figure 2. Small-step reduction rules

(contexts)	$C ::= \{\text{func } tf^*, \text{global } tg^*, \text{table } n^?, \text{memory } n^?, \text{local } t^*, \text{label } (t^*)^*, \text{return } (t^*)^?\}$
	$C \vdash e^* : tf$
Typing Instructions	
$C \vdash t.\text{const } c : \epsilon \rightarrow t$	$\overline{C \vdash t.unop : t \rightarrow t} \quad \overline{C \vdash t.\text{binop} : tt \rightarrow t} \quad \overline{C \vdash t.\text{testop} : t \rightarrow i32} \quad \overline{C \vdash t.\text{rellop} : tt \rightarrow i32}$
$t_1 \neq t_2 \quad sx^? = \epsilon \Leftrightarrow (t_1 = \text{in} \wedge t_2 = \text{in}' \wedge t_1 < t_2) \vee (t_1 = \text{fn} \wedge t_2 = \text{fn}')$	$t_1 \neq t_2 \quad t_1 = t_2 $
	$C \vdash t_1.\text{convert } t_2.sx^? : t_2 \rightarrow t_1$
	$C \vdash t_1.\text{reinterpret } t_2 : t_2 \rightarrow t_1$
$C \vdash \text{unreachable} : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^*$	$\overline{C \vdash \text{nop} : \epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{drop} : t \rightarrow \epsilon} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{select} : tt i32 \rightarrow t}$
$tf = t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^m \quad C, \text{label } (t_2^m) \vdash e^* : tf$	$tf = t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^m \quad C, \text{label } (t_2^m) \vdash e^* : tf$
	$C \vdash \text{block } tf e^* \text{ end} : tf$
	$tf = t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^m \quad C, \text{label } (t_2^m) \vdash e_1^* : tf \quad C, \text{label } (t_2^m) \vdash e_2^* : tf$
	$C \vdash \text{if } tf e_1^* \text{ else } e_2^* \text{ end} : t_1^n i32 \rightarrow t_2^m$
$C_{\text{label}}(i) = t^*$	$\overline{C \vdash \text{br } i : t_1^* t^* \rightarrow t_2^*} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{br_if } i : t^* i32 \rightarrow t^*} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{br_table } i^+ : t_1^* t^* i32 \rightarrow t_2^*}$
$C_{\text{return}} = t^*$	$C_{\text{func}}(i) = tf \quad tf = t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^* \quad C_{\text{table}} = n$
	$C \vdash \text{return} : t_1^* t^* \rightarrow t_2^*$
$C_{\text{local}}(i) = t$	$\overline{C \vdash \text{get_local } i : \epsilon \rightarrow t} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{set_local } i : t \rightarrow \epsilon} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{tee_local } i : t \rightarrow t} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{get_global } i : \epsilon \rightarrow t} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{set_global } i : t \rightarrow \epsilon}$
$C_{\text{memory}} = n \quad 2^a \leq (tp < ? t) \quad (tp.sz)^? = \epsilon \vee t = \text{im}$	$C_{\text{memory}} = n \quad 2^a \leq (tp < ? t) \quad tp^? = \epsilon \vee t = \text{im}$
	$C \vdash \text{load } (tp.sz)^? a o : i32 \rightarrow t$
	$C \vdash \text{store } tp^? a o : i32 t \rightarrow \epsilon$
$C_{\text{memory}} = n$	$\overline{C \vdash \text{current_memory} : \epsilon \rightarrow i32} \quad \overline{C \vdash \text{grow_memory} : i32 \rightarrow i32}$
	$C \vdash e_1^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^* \quad C \vdash e_2 : t_2^* \rightarrow t_3^* \quad C \vdash e^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^*$
$C \vdash \epsilon : \epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon$	$C \vdash e_1^* e_2 : t_1^* \rightarrow t_3^* \quad C \vdash e^* : t^* t_1^* \rightarrow t^* t_2^*$
Typing Modules	
$tf = t_1^n \rightarrow t_2^m \quad C, \text{local } t_1^* t^*, \text{label } (t_2^m), \text{return } (t_2^m) \vdash e^* : \epsilon \rightarrow t_2^*$	$tg = \text{mut}^? t \quad C \vdash e^* : \epsilon \rightarrow t \quad ex^* = \epsilon \vee tg = t$
	$C \vdash ex^* \text{ func } tf \text{ local } t^* e^* : ex^* tf$
	$(C_{\text{func}}(i) = tf)^n$
	$C \vdash ex^* \text{ table } n \text{ in } : ex^* n$
	$tg = t$
$C \vdash ex^* \text{ func } tf im : ex^* tf$	$C \vdash ex^* \text{ global } tg im : ex^* tg$
	$C \vdash ex^* \text{ memory } n : ex^* n$
	$C \vdash ex^* \text{ table } n im : ex^* n \quad C \vdash ex^* \text{ memory } n im : ex^* n$
$(C \vdash f : ex_f^* tf)^* \quad (C_i \vdash \text{glob}_i : ex_g^* tg_i)^*_i \quad (C \vdash \text{tab} : ex_t^* n)^? \quad (C \vdash \text{mem} : ex_m^* n)^?$	$(C_i = \{\text{global } tg^{i-1}\})^*_i \quad C = \{\text{func } tf^*, \text{global } tg^*, \text{table } n^?, \text{memory } n^?\} \quad ex_f^* ex_g^* ex_t^* ex_m^? \text{ distinct}$
	$\vdash \text{module } f^* \text{ glob}^* \text{ tab}^? \text{ mem}^?$

Figure 3. Typing rules

4.2 Soundness

The WebAssembly type system enjoys standard *soundness* properties [41]. Soundness proves that the reduction rules from Section 3 actually cover all execution states that can arise for valid programs. In other words, it proves the absence of undefined behavior in the execution semantics (assuming the auxiliary numeric primitives are well-defined).

In particular, this implies the absence of *type safety* violations such as invalid calls or illegal accesses to locals, it guarantees *memory safety*, and it ensures the inaccessibility of code addresses or the call stack. It also implies that the use of the operand stack is structured and its layout determined statically at all program points, which is crucial for efficient compilation on a register machine. Furthermore, it es-

tablishes memory and state *encapsulation* – i.e., abstraction properties on the module and function boundaries, which cannot leak information unless explicitly exported/returned – necessary conditions for user-defined security measures.

Store Typing Before we can state the soundness theorems concretely, we must extend the typing rules to stores and configurations as defined in Figure 2. These rules, shown in Figure 4, are not required for validation, but for generalizing to dynamic computations. They use an additional *store context* S to classify the store. The typing judgement for instructions in Figure 3 is extended to $S; C \vdash e^* : tf$ by implicitly adding S to all rules – S is never modified or used by those rules, but is accessed by the new rules for *call cl* and *local*.

`C.return` is absent (set to ϵ) when validating an expression that is not a function body. This differs from it being set to the empty result type ($[\epsilon]$), which is the case for functions not returning anything.

`call x`

- The function $C.\text{funcs}[x]$ must be defined in the context.
- Then the instruction is valid with type $C.\text{funcs}[x]$.

$$\frac{C.\text{funcs}[x] = [t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_2^*]}{C \vdash \text{call } x : [t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_2^*]}$$

`call_indirect x y`

- The table $C.\text{tables}[x]$ must be defined in the context.
- Let $\text{limits } t$ be the table type $C.\text{tables}[x]$.
- The reference type t must be `funcref`.
- The type $C.\text{types}[y]$ must be defined in the context.
- Let $[t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_2^*]$ be the function type $C.\text{types}[y]$.
- Then the instruction is valid with type $[t_1^* \text{i32}] \rightarrow [t_2^*]$.

$$\frac{C.\text{tables}[x] = \text{limits funcref} \quad C.\text{types}[y] = [t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_2^*]}{C \vdash \text{call_indirect } x \ y : [t_1^* \text{i32}] \rightarrow [t_2^*]}$$

3.3.9 Instruction Sequences

Typing of instruction sequences is defined recursively.

Empty Instruction Sequence: ϵ

- The empty instruction sequence is valid with type $[t^*] \rightarrow [t^*]$, for any sequence of operand types t^* .

$$\overline{C \vdash \epsilon : [t^*] \rightarrow [t^*]}$$

Non-empty Instruction Sequence: $\text{instr}^* \text{ instr}_N$

- The instruction sequence instr^* must be valid with type $[t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_2^*]$, for some sequences of operand types t_1^* and t_2^* .
- The instruction instr_N must be valid with type $[t^*] \rightarrow [t_3^*]$, for some sequences of operand types t^* and t_3^* .
- There must be a sequence of operand types t_0^* , such that $t_2^* = t_0^* t'$ where the type sequence t'^* is as long as t^* .
- For each operand type t'_i in t'^* and corresponding type t_i in t^* , t'_i matches t_i .
- Then the combined instruction sequence is valid with type $[t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_0^* t_3^*]$.

$$\frac{C \vdash \text{instr}^* : [t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_0^* t'^*] \quad \vdash [t'^*] \leq [t^*] \quad C \vdash \text{instr}_N : [t^*] \rightarrow [t_3^*]}{C \vdash \text{instr}^* \text{ instr}_N : [t_1^*] \rightarrow [t_0^* t_3^*]}$$

`br l`

1. Assert: due to validation, the stack contains at least $l + 1$ labels.
2. Let L be the l -th label appearing on the stack, starting from the top and counting from zero.
3. Let n be the arity of L .
4. Assert: due to validation, there are at least n values on the top of the stack.
5. Pop the values val^n from the stack.
6. Repeat $l + 1$ times:
 - a. While the top of the stack is a value, do:
 - i. Pop the value from the stack.
 - b. Assert: due to validation, the top of the stack now is a label.
 - c. Pop the label from the stack.
 7. Push the values val^n to the stack.
 8. Jump to the continuation of L .

$$\text{label}_n\{\text{instr}^*\} B^l[\text{val}^n (\text{br } l)] \text{ end} \leftrightarrow \text{val}^n \text{ instr}^*$$

`br_if l`

1. Assert: due to validation, a value of value type `i32` is on the top of the stack.
2. Pop the value `i32.const c` from the stack.
3. If c is non-zero, then:
 - a. Execute the instruction `(br l)`.
4. Else:
 - a. Do nothing.

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{i32.const } c) (\text{br_if } l) &\leftrightarrow (\text{br } l) && (\text{if } c \neq 0) \\ (\text{i32.const } c) (\text{br_if } l) &\leftrightarrow \epsilon && (\text{if } c = 0) \end{aligned}$$

`br_table l* l_N`

1. Assert: due to validation, a value of value type `i32` is on the top of the stack.
2. Pop the value `i32.const i` from the stack.
3. If i is smaller than the length of l^* , then:
 - a. Let l_i be the label $l^*[i]$.
 - b. Execute the instruction `(br l_i)`.
4. Else:
 - a. Execute the instruction `(br l_N)`.

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{i32.const } i) (\text{br_table } l^* l_N) &\leftrightarrow (\text{br } l_i) && (\text{if } l^*[i] = l_i) \\ (\text{i32.const } i) (\text{br_table } l^* l_N) &\leftrightarrow (\text{br } l_N) && (\text{if } |l^*| \leq i) \end{aligned}$$

Wasm Spec

Prose essentially is a manual [text rendering](#) of the formal rules

...200 pages instead of 2

Written in reStructuredText, an elaborate form of [markdown](#)

instructions.rst — spec.tec

UNREGISTERED

numerics.rst
runtime.rst
intro/index.rst
introduction.rst
overview.rst
static
syntax/conventions.rst
syntax/index.rst
syntax/instructions.rst
syntax/modules.rst
syntax/types.rst
syntax/values.rst
text/conventions.rst
text/index.rst
text/instructions.rst
text/lexical.rst
text/modules.rst
text/types.rst
text/values.rst
util/bikeshed
util/katex
/* bikeshed_fixup.py
/* katex_fix.patch
macros.def
/* mathdef.py
/* mathdefbs.py
/* mathjax2katex.py
/* pseudo-lexer.py

1407
1408
1409 .. _valid-br_table:
1410
1411 :math:`\BRTABLE{l^{\ast}l_N}`
1412 ..
1413
1414 * The label :math:`C.\CLABELS[l_N]` must be defined in the context.
1415
1416 * For all :math:`l_i` in :math:`l^{\ast}`,
1417 the label :math:`C.\CLABELS[l_i]` must be defined in the context.
1418
1419 * There must be a sequence :math:`t^{\ast}` of :ref:`operand types < syntax-opdtype>`, such that:
1420
1421 * For each :ref:`operand type <syntax-opdtype>` :math:`t_j` in :math:`t^{\ast}`
1422 and corresponding type :math:`t'_{\{Nj\}}` in :math:`C.\CLABELS[l_N]`, :math:`t_j` :ref:`matches <match-opdtype>` :math:`t'_{\{Nj\}}`.
1423
1424 * For all :math:`l_i` in :math:`l^{\ast}`,
1425 and for each :ref:`operand type <syntax-opdtype>` :math:`t_j` in :math:`t^{\ast}`
1426 and corresponding type :math:`t'_{\{ij\}}` in :math:`C.\CLABELS[l_i]`,
1427 :math:`t_j` :ref:`matches <match-opdtype>` :math:`t'_{\{ij\}}`.
1428
1429 .. math::
1430 .. \frac{
1431 (\vdash [t^{\ast}] \leq C.\CLABELS[l])^{\ast}
1432 \qquad
1433 \vdash [t^{\ast}] \leq C.\CLABELS[l_N]
1434 }{
1435 C \vdashinstr \BRTABLE{l^{\ast}l_N} : [t_1^{\ast}t^{\ast}\vdash I32] \to [t_2^{\ast}]
1436 }
1437
1438 .. note::
1439 The :ref:`label index <syntax-labelidx>` space in the :ref:`context < context>` :math:`C` contains the most recent label first, so that :math:`C.\CLABELS[l_i]` performs a relative lookup as expected.
1440
1441 The |BRTABLE| instruction is :ref:`stack-polymorphic <polymorphism>`.
1442
1443
1444 .. _valid-return:
1445

Maintenance

Writing the prose is *extremely* laborious

...took days to produce the formal spec for 1.0, vs. months to write the prose

Every new proposal needs to extend *both* formal and prose rules

Both make for nightmarish code reviews

...Latex math is a [write-only](#) language

...reStructuredText is [verbose](#) and diff-unfriendly (tables!), repetitive prose puts you to sleep

...no macro facilities in Sphinx (had to hack a plugin, broke N times with Sphinx releases)

Merged

Restrict init from stack-polymorphism #75

Changes from all commits ▾ File filter ▾ Conversations ▾ ⚙ ▾

0 / 2 files viewed

Review changes ▾

Filter changed files

document/core
appendix
algorithm.rst
valid
instructions.rst

28 document/core/valid/instructions.rst

1259	- * The instruction is valid with any :ref:`valid- instrtype` type :math:`[t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] [t_2^\text{ast}]`.	1259	+ * The instruction is valid with any :ref:`valid- instrtype` type of the form :math:`[t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}]`.
1260	1261 .. math:: 1262 \frac{ 1263 - C \vdash \text{instrtype} [t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] [t_2^\text{ast}] \text{ ok} 1264 }{ 1265 - C \vdash \text{instr} \text{UNREACHABLE} : [t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] 1266 [t_2^\text{ast}] 1267 } 1268 .. note:: 1269	1260	+ .. math:: 1261 \frac{ 1262 - C \vdash \text{instrtype} [t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}] \text{ ok} 1263 }{ 1264 - C \vdash \text{instr} \text{UNREACHABLE} : [t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}] 1265 } 1266 .. note:: 1267
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1271	1272 .. note:: 1273	1271	1272 .. note:: 1273
1272	1273	1272	1273
1273	1274 - C \vdash \text{instrtype} [t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] [t_2^\text{ast}] \text{ ok} 1275 }{ 1276 - C \vdash \text{instr} \text{BR}\sim 1 : [t_1^\text{ast}\sim t^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] 1277 [t_2^\text{ast}] 1278 .. note:: 1279	1273	1274 + .. note:: 1275 - C \vdash \text{instrtype} [t_1^\text{ast}\sim t^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}] \text{ ok} 1276 }{ 1277 + C \vdash \text{instr} \text{BR}\sim 1 : [t_1^\text{ast}\sim t^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}] 1278 .. note:: 1279
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1278	1279 .. note:: 1280 .. note:: 1281	1278	1279 .. note:: 1280 .. note:: 1281
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1280	1281	1280	1281
1281	1282 .. note:: 1283	1281	1282 .. note:: 1283
1282	1283	1282	1283
1283	1284 - * Then the instruction is valid with type :math:`[t_1^\text{ast}\sim t^\text{ast}\sim I32] \rightarrow [x^\text{ast}] [t_2^\text{ast}]` 1285 , for any :ref:`valid <valid-instrtype>` type :math:`[t_1^\text{ast}] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}]`. 1286 .. note:: 1287	1283	1284 + * Then the instruction is valid with any :ref:`valid- instrtype` type of the form :math:`[t_1^\text{ast}\sim t^\text{ast}\sim I32] \rightarrow [t_2^\text{ast}]`. 1285 .. note:: 1286 .. note:: 1287
1284	1285	1284	1285
1285	1286	1285	1286
1286	1287 .. note:: 1288	1286	1287 .. note:: 1288
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1290	1291 .. note:: 1292	1290	1291 .. note:: 1292
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1292	1293 .. note:: 1294 .. note:: 1295	1292	1293 .. note:: 1294 .. note:: 1295
1293	1294	1293	1294
1294	1295 .. note:: 1296 .. note:: 1297	1294	1295 .. note:: 1296 .. note:: 1297
1295	1296	1295	1296
1296	1297 .. note:: 1298 .. note:: 1299	1296	1297 .. note:: 1298 .. note:: 1299
1297	1298	1297	1298
1298	1299 .. note:: 1300 .. note:: 1301	1298	1299 .. note:: 1300 .. note:: 1301
1299	1300	1299	1300
1300	1301 .. note:: 1302 .. note:: 1303	1300	1301 .. note:: 1302 .. note:: 1303
1301	1302	1301	1302
1302	1303 .. note:: 1304 .. note:: 1305	1302	1303 .. note:: 1304 .. note:: 1305
1303	1304	1303	1304
1304	1305 .. note:: 1306 .. note:: 1307	1304	1305 .. note:: 1306 .. note:: 1307
1305	1306	1305	1306
1306	1307 .. note:: 1308 .. note:: 1309	1306	1307 .. note:: 1308 .. note:: 1309
1307	1308	1307	1308
1308	1309 .. note:: 1310 .. note:: 1311	1308	1309 .. note:: 1310 .. note:: 1311
1309	1310	1309	1310
1310	1311 .. note:: 1312 .. note:: 1313	1310	1311 .. note:: 1312 .. note:: 1313
1311	1312	1311	1312
1312	1313 .. note:: 1314 .. note:: 1315	1312	1313 .. note:: 1314 .. note:: 1315
1313	1314	1313	1314
1314	1315 .. note:: 1316 .. note:: 1317	1314	1315 .. note:: 1316 .. note:: 1317
1315	1316	1315	1316
1316	1317 .. note:: 1318 .. note:: 1319	1316	1317 .. note:: 1318 .. note:: 1319
1317	1318	1317	1318
1318	1319 .. note:: 1320 .. note:: 1321	1318	1319 .. note:: 1320 .. note:: 1321
1319	1320	1319	1320
1320	1321 .. note:: 1322 .. note:: 1323	1320	1321 .. note:: 1322 .. note:: 1323
1321	1322	1321	1322
1322	1323 .. note:: 1324 .. note:: 1325	1322	1323 .. note:: 1324 .. note:: 1325
1323	1324	1323	1324
1324	1325 .. note:: 1326 .. note:: 1327	1324	1325 .. note:: 1326 .. note:: 1327
1325	1326	1325	1326
1326	1327 .. note:: 1328 .. note:: 1329	1326	1327 .. note:: 1328 .. note:: 1329
1327	1328	1327	1328
1328	1329 .. note:: 1330 .. note:: 1331	1328	1329 .. note:: 1330 .. note:: 1331
1329	1330	1329	1330
1330	1331 .. note:: 1332 .. note:: 1333	1330	1331 .. note:: 1332 .. note:: 1333
1331	1332	1331	1332
1332	1333 .. note:: 1334 .. note:: 1335	1332	1333 .. note:: 1334 .. note:: 1335
1333	1334	1333	1334
1334	1335 .. note:: 1336 .. note:: 1337	1334	1335 .. note:: 1336 .. note:: 1337
1335	1336	1335	1336
1336	1337 .. note:: 1338 .. note:: 1339	1336	1337 .. note:: 1338 .. note:: 1339
1337	1338	1337	1338
1338	1339 .. note:: 1340 .. note:: 1341	1338	1339 .. note:: 1340 .. note:: 1341
1339	1340	1339	1340
1340	1341 .. note:: 1342 .. note:: 1343	1340	1341 .. note:: 1342 .. note:: 1343
1341	1342	1341	1342
1342	1343 .. note:: 1344 .. note:: 1345	1342	1343 .. note:: 1344 .. note:: 1345
1343	1344	1343	1344
1344	1345 .. note:: 1346 .. note:: 1347	1344	1345 .. note:: 1346 .. note:: 1347
1345	1346	1345	1346
1346	1347 .. note:: 1348 .. note:: 1349	1346	1347 .. note:: 1348 .. note:: 1349
1347	1348	1347	1348
1348	1349 .. note:: 1350 .. note:: 1351	1348	1349 .. note:: 1350 .. note:: 1351
1349	1350	1349	1350
1350	1351 .. note:: 1352 .. note:: 1353	1350	1351 .. note:: 1352 .. note:: 1353
1351	1352	1351	1352
1352	1353 .. note:: 1354 .. note:: 1355	1352	1353 .. note:: 1354 .. note:: 1355
1353	1354	1353	1354
1354	1355 .. note:: 1356 .. note:: 1357	1354	1355 .. note:: 1356 .. note:: 1357
1355	1356	1355	1356
1356	1357 .. note:: 1358 .. note:: 1359	1356	1357 .. note:: 1358 .. note:: 1359
1357	1358	1357	1358
1358	1359 .. note:: 1360 .. note:: 1361	1358	1359 .. note:: 1360 .. note:: 1361
1359	1360	1359	1360
1360	1361 .. note:: 1362 .. note:: 1363	1360	1361 .. note:: 1362 .. note:: 1363
1361	1362	1361	1362
1362	1363 .. note:: 1364 .. note:: 1365	1362	1363 .. note:: 1364 .. note:: 1365
1363	1364	1363	1364
1364	1365 .. note:: 1366 .. note:: 1367	1364	1365 .. note:: 1366 .. note:: 1367
1365	1366	1365	1366
1366	1367 .. note:: 1368 .. note:: 1369	1366	1367 .. note:: 1368 .. note:: 1369
1367	1368	1367	1368
1368	1369 .. note:: 1370 .. note:: 1371	1368	1369 .. note:: 1370 .. note:: 1371
1369	1370	1369	1370
1370	1371 .. note:: 1372 .. note:: 1373	1370	1371 .. note:: 1372 .. note:: 1373
1371	1372	1371	1372
1372	1373 .. note:: 1374 .. note:: 1375	1372	1373 .. note:: 1374 .. note:: 1375
1373	1374	1373	1374
1374	1375 .. note:: 1376 .. note:: 1377	1374	1375 .. note:: 1376 .. note:: 1377
1375	1376	1375	1376
1376	1377 .. note:: 1378 .. note:: 1379	1376	1377 .. note:: 1378 .. note:: 1379
1377	1378	1377	1378
1378	1379 .. note:: 1380 .. note:: 1381	1378	1379 .. note:: 1380 .. note:: 1381
1379	1380	1379	1380
1380	1381 .. note:: 1382 .. note:: 1383	1380	1381 .. note:: 1382 .. note:: 1383
1381	1382	1381	1382
1382			

Proposals

We currently have

8 completed proposals (making up Wasm 2.0)

25+ active proposals

Diffs for proposals range from 1 to 100 Kloc (spec document, interpreter, test suite)

Need to be manually created and code-reviewed

Reference Interpreter

Proposal champions also need to extend the reference interpreter

...essentially, an OCaml rendering of the formal rules

valid.ml — spec.tec UNREGISTERED

The screenshot shows a code editor window titled "valid.ml — spec.tec" with the status "UNREGISTERED". The main area displays a large block of OCaml code for "check_instr". The sidebar on the left lists various files and folders, including "host", "main", "meta", "runtime" (which contains "data.ml", "elem.ml", "func.ml", "global.ml", "instance.ml", "memory.ml", and "table.ml"), "script", "syntax", and "tests". The code editor has tabs for "1-syntax.watsup", "valid.ml", "2-aux.watsup", "4-runtime.watsup", and "unction.watsup". The "valid.ml" tab is active, showing code from line 231 to 278. The code handles different instruction types based on their context and stack requirements.

```
/* fxx.ml
/* i16.ml
/* i32.ml
/* i32_convert.ml
/* i32_convert.mli
/* i64.ml
/* i64_convert.ml
/* i64_convert.mli
/* i8.ml
/* ixx.ml
/* v128.ml
/* v128.mli

▶ host
▶ main
▶ meta
▼ runtime
  /* data.ml
  /* data.mli
  /* elem.ml
  /* elem.mli
  /* func.ml
  /* func.mli
  /* global.ml
  /* global.mli
  /* instance.ml
  /* memory.ml
  /* memory.mli
  /* table.ml
  /* table.mli

▶ script
▶ syntax
▶ tests

231 ▼ let rec check_instr (c : context) (e : instr) (s : infer_result_type) : op_type =
232   match e.it with
233   | Unreachable ->
234     []
235   | Nop ->
236     []
237   | Drop ->
238     [peek 0 s] -~> []
239   | Select None ->
240     let t = peek 1 s in
241     require (match t with None -> true | Some t -> is_num_type t || is_vec_type t)
242     ("type mismatch: instruction requires numeric or vector type" ^
243      " but stack has " ^ string_of_infer_type t);
244     [t; t; Some (NumType I32Type)] -~> [t]
245   | Select (Some ts) ->
246     require (List.length ts = 1) e.at
247     "invalid result arity other than 1 is not (yet) allowed";
248     (ts @ ts @ [NumType I32Type]) --> ts
249   | Block (bt, es) ->
250     let FuncType (ts1, ts2) as ft = check_block_type c bt in
251     check_block {c with labels = ts2 :: c.labels} es ft e.at;
252     ts1 --> ts2
253
254   | Loop (bt, es) ->
255     let FuncType (ts1, ts2) as ft = check_block_type c bt in
256     check_block {c with labels = ts1 :: c.labels} es ft e.at;
257     ts1 --> ts2
258
259   | If (bt, es1, es2) ->
260     let FuncType (ts1, ts2) as ft = check_block_type c bt in
261     check_block {c with labels = ts2 :: c.labels} es1 ft e.at;
262     check_block {c with labels = ts2 :: c.labels} es2 ft e.at;
263     (ts1 @ [NumType I32Type]) --> ts2
264
265   | Br x ->
266     label c x -->...
267
268   | BrIf x ->
269     (label c x @ [NumType I32Type]) --> label c x
270
271   | BrTable (xs, x) ->
272     let n = List.length (label c x) in
273     let ts = Lib.List.table n (fun i -> peek (n - i) s) in
```

Mechanisations

Machine-verified translations of formal spec to theorem provers

We currently have two semi-official ones, both done by the [WasmCert](#) team

[Isabelle](#) [Watt, CPP 2018]

[Coq](#) [Watt et al., FM 2021]

...some folks also want Agda, Lean, possibly Haskell

Rely on eye-ball correspondence for correctness

```

65     reduce_simple [::AI_basic (BI_const v); AI_basic (BI_cvttop t2 CVO_reinterpret t1 None)] [::AI_basic (BI_const (wasm_deserialise (bits v) t2))]
66
67     (** control-flow operations **)
68     | rs_unreachable :
69         reduce_simple [::AI_basic BI_unreachable] [::AI_trap]
70     | rs_nop :
71         reduce_simple [::AI_basic BI_nop] [:]
72     | rs_drop :
73         forall v,
74             reduce_simple [::AI_basic (BI_const v); AI_basic BI_drop] [:]
75     | rs_select_false :
76         forall n v1 v2,
77             n = Wasm_int.int_zero i32m ->
78             reduce_simple [::AI_basic (BI_const v1); AI_basic (BI_const v2); AI_basic (BI_const (VAL_int32 n)); AI_basic BI_select] [::AI_basic (BI_const v2)]
79     | rs_select_true :
80         forall n v1 v2,
81             n <> Wasm_int.int_zero i32m ->
82             reduce_simple [::AI_basic (BI_const v1); AI_basic (BI_const v2); AI_basic (BI_const (VAL_int32 n)); AI_basic BI_select] [::AI_basic (BI_const v1)]
83     | rs_block :
84         forall vs es n m t1s t2s,
85             const_list vs ->
86             length vs = n ->
87             length t1s = n ->
88             length t2s = m ->
89             reduce_simple (vs ++ [::AI_basic (BI_block (Tf t1s t2s) es)]) [::AI_label m [:] (vs ++ to_e_list es)]
90     | rs_loop :
91         forall vs es n m t1s t2s,
92             const_list vs ->
93             length vs = n ->
94             length t1s = n ->
95             length t2s = m ->
96             reduce_simple (vs ++ [::AI_basic (BI_loop (Tf t1s t2s) es)]) [::AI_label n [::AI_basic (BI_loop (Tf t1s t2s) es)] (vs ++ to_e_list es)]
97     | rs_if_false :
98         forall n tf e1s e2s,
99             n = Wasm_int.int_zero i32m ->
100            reduce_simple ([::AI_basic (BI_const (VAL_int32 n)); AI_basic (BI_if tf e1s e2s)]) [::AI_basic (BI_block tf e2s)]
101     | rs_if_true :
102         forall n tf e1s e2s,
103             n <> Wasm_int.int_zero i32m ->
104             reduce_simple ([::AI_basic (BI_const (VAL_int32 n)); AI_basic (BI_if tf e1s e2s)]) [::AI_basic (BI_block tf e1s)]
105     | rs_label_const :
106         forall n es vs,
107             const_list vs ->
108             reduce_simple [::AI_label n es vs] vs
109     | rs_label_trap :
110         forall n es,
111             reduce_simple [::AI_label n es [::AI_trap]] [::AI_trap]
112     | rs_br :
113         forall n vs es i LI lh,

```

For every piece of semantics, want to produce at least 3 different formulations:

1. Latex [formal rules](#)
2. RST [prose description](#)
3. OCaml reference [interpreter](#)

Also, tests...

And mechanizations

4. Coq [inductive definitions](#)
5. Isabelle [definitions](#)

We want a language for this!



Dongjun Youn, KAIST



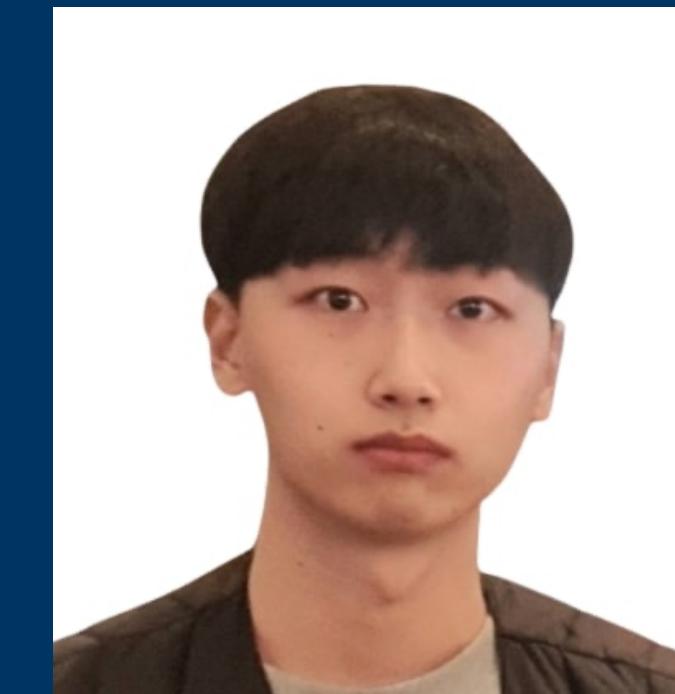
Xiaojia Rao, Imperial



Jaehyun Lee, KAIST



Henit Mandaliya, Imperial



Wonho Shin, KAIST



Joachim Breitner



Sukyoung Ryu, KAIST



Philippa Gardner, Imperial



Conrad Watt, Cambridge



Andreas Rossberg



Matija Pretnar, Ljubljana



Sam Lindley, Edinburgh

Presenting: SpecTec (working title)

A DSL for the Wasm Spec

Single source of truth

Easy to write, read, diff, and review; meta-level error checking

Specialised to our use case

Transformable into all the aforementioned representations

...sufficient for math rendering, natural language, and semantic modelling

One frontend – many backends

```

syntax instr hint(desc "instruction") =
| UNREACHABLE
| NOP
| DROP
| SELECT valtype?
| BLOCK blocktype instr*
| LOOP blocktype instr*
| IF blocktype instr* ELSE instr*
| BR labelidx
| BR_IF labelidx
| BR_TABLE labelidx* labelidx
| CALL funcidx
| CALL_INDIRECT tableidx functype
| RETURN
| CONST numtype c_numtype
| UNOP numtype unop_numtype
| BINOP numtype binop_numtype
| TESTOP numtype testop_numtype
| RELOP numtype relop_numtype
| EXTEND numtype n
| CVTOP numtype cvtop numtype sx?
| ...

```

```

    hint(show %.CONST %)
    hint(show %.%)
    hint(show %.%)
    hint(show %.%)
    hint(show %.%)
    hint(show %.EXTEND#%)
    hint(show %.%#_#%#_#%)

```

$instr ::=$	unreachable nop drop select <i>valtype?</i> block <i>blocktype instr*</i> loop <i>blocktype instr*</i> if <i>blocktype instr* else instr*</i> br <i>labelidx</i> br_if <i>labelidx</i> br_table <i>labelidx* labelidx</i> call <i>funcidx</i> call_indirect <i>tableidx functype</i> return <i>numtype.const c_numtype</i> <i>numtype.unop_numtype</i> <i>numtype.binop_numtype</i> <i>numtype.testop_numtype</i> <i>numtype.relop_numtype</i> <i>numtype.extendn</i> <i>numtype.cvttop_numtype_sx?</i>
-------------	---

```

relation Instr_ok: context |- instr : functype hint(show "T")

rule Instr_ok/nop:
  C |- NOP : epsilon -> epsilon

rule Instr_ok/block:
  C |- BLOCK bt instr* : t_1* -> t_2*
  -- Blocktype_ok: C |- bt : t_1* -> t_2*
  -- InstrSeq_ok: C, LABEL t_2* |- instr* : t_1* -> t_2*

rule Instr_ok/loop:
  C |- LOOP bt instr* : t_1* -> t_2*
  -- Blocktype_ok: C |- bt : t_1* -> t_2*
  -- InstrSeq_ok: C, LABEL t_1* |- instr* : t_1* -> t_2

rule Instr_ok/br:
  C |- BR l : t_1* t* -> t_2*
  -- iff C.LABEL[l] = t*

rule Instr_ok/br_if:
  C |- BR_IF l : t* i32 -> t*
  -- iff C.LABEL[l] = t*

rule Instr_ok/br_table:
  C |- BR_TABLE l* l' : t_1* t* -> t_2*
  -- (Resulttype_sub: |- t* <: C.LABEL[l])*
```

context ⊢ instr : functype

$$\frac{}{C \vdash \text{nop} : \epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon} [\text{T-NOP}]$$

$$\frac{C \vdash bt : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^* \quad C, \text{label } t_2^* \vdash instr^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^*}{C \vdash \text{block } bt \ instr^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^*} [\text{T-BLOCK}]$$

$$\frac{C \vdash bt : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^* \quad C, \text{label } t_1^* \vdash instr^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2}{C \vdash \text{loop } bt \ instr^* : t_1^* \rightarrow t_2^*} [\text{T-LOOP}]$$

$$\frac{C.\text{label}[l] = t^*}{C \vdash \text{br } l : t_1^* t^* \rightarrow t_2^*} [\text{T-BR}] \quad \frac{C.\text{label}[l] = t^*}{C \vdash \text{br_if } l : t^* i32 \rightarrow t^*} [\text{T-BR_IF}]$$

$$\frac{(\vdash t^* \leq C.\text{label}[l])^* \quad \vdash t^* \leq C.\text{label}[l']}{C \vdash \text{br_table } l^* l' : t_1^* t^* \rightarrow t_2^*} [\text{T-BR_TABLE}]$$

```

relation Step_pure: config ~> config

rule Step_pure/nop:
  NOP ~> epsilon

rule Step_pure/block:
  val^k (BLOCK bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{epsilon} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/loop:
  val^k (LOOP bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{LOOP bt instr*} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/br-zero:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val'* val^n (BR 0) instr*) ~> val^n instr'*

rule Step_pure/br-succ:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val* (BR $(l+1)) instr*) ~> val* (BR l)

rule Step_pure/br_if-true:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> (BR l)
  -- iff c /= 0

rule Step_pure/br_if-false:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> epsilon
  -- iff c = 0

rule Step_pure/br_table-lt:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l*[i])
  -- iff i < |l*| 

rule Step_pure/br_table-le:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l')
  -- iff i >= |l*|

```

$instr^* \hookrightarrow instr^*$	
nop	$\hookrightarrow \epsilon$
$val^k (\text{block } bt \text{ } instr^*)$	$\hookrightarrow (\text{label}_n\{\epsilon\} \text{ } val^k \text{ } instr^*)$ if $bt = t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$
$val^k (\text{loop } bt \text{ } instr^*)$	$\hookrightarrow (\text{label}_n\{\text{loop } bt \text{ } instr^*\} \text{ } val^k \text{ } instr^*)$ if $bt = t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$
$(\text{label}_n\{instr'^*\} \text{ } val'^* \text{ } val^n (\text{br } 0) \text{ } instr^*)$	$\hookrightarrow val^n \text{ } instr'^*$
$(\text{label}_n\{instr'^*\} \text{ } val^* (\text{br } l + 1) \text{ } instr^*)$	$\hookrightarrow val^* (\text{br } l)$
$(\text{i32.const } c) (\text{br_if } l)$	$\hookrightarrow (\text{br } l)$ if $c \neq 0$
$(\text{i32.const } c) (\text{br_if } l)$	$\hookrightarrow \epsilon$ if $c = 0$
$(\text{i32.const } i) (\text{br_table } l^* \text{ } l')$	$\hookrightarrow (\text{br } l^*[i])$ if $i < l^* $
$(\text{i32.const } i) (\text{br_table } l^* \text{ } l')$	$\hookrightarrow (\text{br } l')$ if $i \geq l^* $

```

relation Step_pure: config ~> config

rule Step_pure/nop:
  NOP ~> epsilon

rule Step_pure/block:
  val^k (BLOCK bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{epsilon} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/loop:
  val^k (LOOP bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{LOOP bt instr*} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/br-zero:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val'* val^n (BR 0) instr*) ~> val^n instr'*

rule Step_pure/br-succ:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val* (BR $(l+1)) instr*) ~> val* (BR l)

rule Step_pure/br_if-true:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> (BR l)
  -- iff c == 0

rule Step_pure/br_if-false:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> epsilon
  -- iff c != 0

rule Step_pure/br_table-lt:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l*[i])
  -- iff i < |l*| 

rule Step_pure/br_table-le:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l')
  -- iff i >= |l*|

```

nop

1. Do nothing.

$$[\text{E-NOP}] \text{nop} \leftrightarrow \epsilon$$

block $bt \text{ instr}^*$

1. Let $t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$ be bt .
2. Assert: Due to validation, there are at least k values on the top of the stack.
3. Pop val^k from the stack.
4. Let L be the label whose arity is n and whose continuation is ϵ .
5. Push L to the stack.
6. Push val^k to the stack.
7. Jump to $instr^*$.

$$[\text{E-BLOCK}] val^k (\text{block } bt \text{ instr}^*) \leftrightarrow (\text{label}_n\{\epsilon\} val^k \text{ instr}^*) \text{ if } bt = t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$$

loop $bt \text{ instr}^*$

1. Let $t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$ be bt .
2. Assert: Due to validation, there are at least k values on the top of the stack.
3. Pop val^k from the stack.
4. Let L be the label whose arity is k and whose continuation is $\text{loop } bt \text{ instr}^*$.
5. Push L to the stack.
6. Push val^k to the stack.

$$[\text{E-LOOP}] val^k (\text{loop } bt \text{ instr}^*) \leftrightarrow (\text{label}_k\{\text{loop } bt \text{ instr}^*\} val^k \text{ instr}^*) \text{ if } bt = t_1^k \rightarrow t_2^n$$

$\text{br } x_0$

1. Let L be the current label.
2. Let n be the arity of L .
3. Let $instr'^*$ be the continuation of L .
4. Pop all values x_1^* from the stack.
5. Exit current context.
6. If x_0 is 0 and the length of x_1^* is greater than or equal to n , then:
 - a. Let $val'^* val^n$ be x_1^* .
 - b. Push val^n to the stack.
 - c. Execute the sequence $instr'^*$.
7. If x_0 is greater than or equal to 1, then:
 - a. Let l be $x_0 - 1$.
 - b. Let val^* be x_1^* .
 - c. Push val^* to the stack.
 - d. Execute $\text{br } l$.

$$[\text{E-BR-ZERO}] (\text{label}_n\{instr'^*\} val'^* val^n (\text{br } 0) \text{ instr}^*) \leftrightarrow val^n \text{ instr}'^*$$

$$[\text{E-BR-SUCC}] (\text{label}_n\{instr'^*\} val^* (\text{br } l + 1) \text{ instr}^*) \leftrightarrow val^* (\text{br } l)$$

```

Inductive step_pure : ((list admininstr) * (list admininstr)) -> Prop :=
| step_pure_nop :
step_pure (
  [admininstr_nop],
  []
)
| step_pure_block (bt : blocktype) (instr : (list instr)) (k : nat) (n : n)
  (t_1 : (list valtype)) (t_2 : (list valtype)) (val : (list val)) :
bt = (t_1, t_2) ->
step_pure (
  (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) [(admininstr_block (bt, instr))]),
  [(admininstr_label_ (n, []),
    (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) (List.map admininstr_instr instr)))]
)
| step_pure_loop (bt : blocktype) (instr : (list instr)) (k : nat) (n : n)
  (t_1 : (list valtype)) (t_2 : (list valtype)) (val : (list val)) :
bt = (t_1, t_2) ->
step_pure (
  (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) [(admininstr_loop (bt, instr))]),
  [(admininstr_label_ (k, [(instr_loop (bt, instr))]),
    (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) (List.map admininstr_instr instr)))]
)
| step_pure_br_zero (instr : (list instr)) (instr' : (list instr)) (n : n)
  (val : (list val)) (val' : (list val)) :
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_label_ (n, instr',
    (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val)
      (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val)
        (List.app [(admininstr_br 0)] (List.map admininstr_instr instr)))))),
  (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) (List.map admininstr_instr instr'))]
)
| step_pure_br_succ (instr : (list instr)) (instr' : (list instr)) (l : labelidx) (n : n)
  (val : (list val)) :
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_label_ (n, instr',
    (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val)
      (List.app [(admininstr_br l + 1)] (List.map admininstr_instr instr))))),
  (List.app (List.map admininstr_val val) [((*case_exp*)admininstr_br l)])]
)
| step_pure_br_if_true (c : c_numtype) (l : labelidx) :
c <> 0 ->
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_const (numtype_i32, c)); (admininstr_br_if l)],
  [(admininstr_br l)]
)
| step_pure_br_if_false (c : c_numtype) (l : labelidx) :
c = 0 ->
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_const (numtype_i32, c)); (admininstr_br_if l)],
  []
)
| step_pure_br_table_lt (i : nat) (l : (list labelidx)) (l' : labelidx) :
i < (List.length l) ->
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_const (numtype_i32, i)); (admininstr_br_table (l, l'))],
  [(admininstr_br (list_get l i))]
)
| step_pure_br_table_ge (i : nat) (l : (list labelidx)) (l' : labelidx) :
i >= (List.length l) ->
step_pure (
  [(admininstr_const (numtype_i32, i)); (admininstr_br_table (l, l'))],
  [(admininstr_br l')]
)

relation Step_pure: config ~> config

rule Step_pure/nop:
  NOP ~> epsilon

rule Step_pure/block:
  val^k (BLOCK bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{epsilon} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/loop:
  val^k (LOOP bt instr*) ~> (LABEL_n`{LOOP bt instr*} val^k instr*)
  -- iff bt = t_1^k -> t_2^n

rule Step_pure/br-zero:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val'* val^n (BR 0) instr*) ~> val^n instr'* 

rule Step_pure/br-succ:
  (LABEL_n`{instr'*} val* (BR $(l+1)) instr*) ~> val* (BR l)

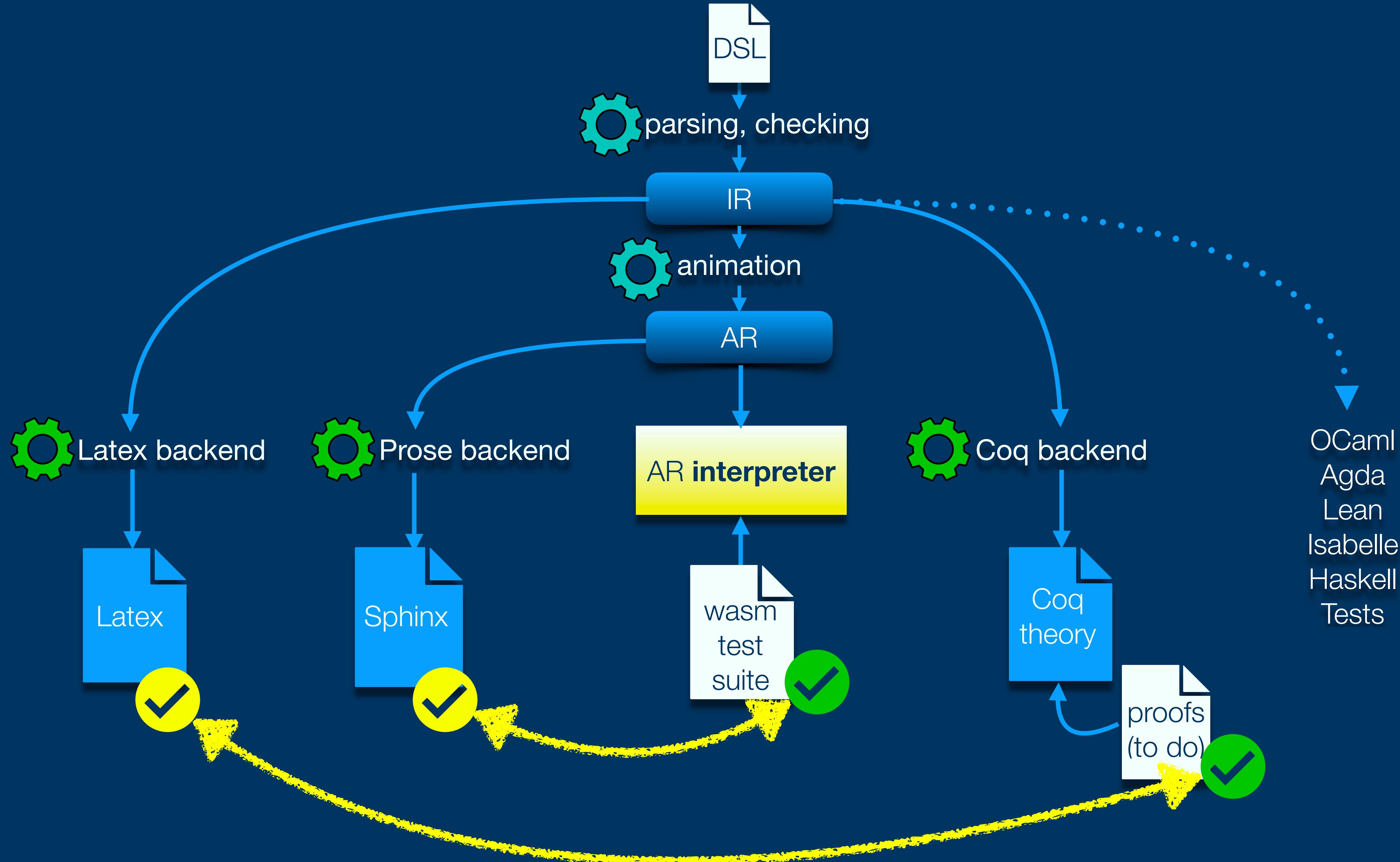
rule Step_pure/br_if-true:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> (BR l)
  -- iff c /= 0

rule Step_pure/br_if-false:
  (CONST I32 c) (BR_IF l) ~> epsilon
  -- iff c = 0

rule Step_pure/br_table-lt:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l*[i])
  -- iff i < |l*|

rule Step_pure/br_table-le:
  (CONST I32 i) (BR_TABLE l* l') ~> (BR l')
  -- iff i >= |l*|

```



Status

Reduction and validation

Can handle Wasm 2.0 minus SIMD

Numeric primitives still manually implemented

Prose interpreter passes 100% of test suite!

Incremental approach is possible

Also want to generate binary/text grammars later

Possibly reference interpreter and tests

Summary

Should substantially simplify spec authoring

- ...less redundant work, more diagnostics
- ...much easier code reviews
- ...avoid error-prone and laborious prose

Should substantially improve correctness

- ...single source of truth
- ...more sanity checking
- ...can verify both formal and prose spec

Should help mechanisms to keep up

We could also auto-generate additional tests

Would be a significant advance in the state of the art!

Outtakes

Why now?

We didn't know how to pull this off 5 years ago

...neither in terms of technology nor in terms of resources nor in terms of needs

Now all the stars have aligned:

Sukyoung Ryu and her team at KAIST have the necessary expertise
in converting between prose and semantics

...SAFE/JSTAR tool for analysing the prose of the EcmaScript spec [ASE 2021]

...the other direction should be much easier!

And they are eager to throw themselves on the Wasm spec now :)

We have a much better idea of what we want and need

Why not Ott/Lem?

Too general, too complex

- ...want something that's tuned for our use case
- ...and can quickly be taken up by average proposal writers

Cannot do everything we need

- ...various aspects of our notation, layout agnosticism
- ...sufficient domain-specific knowledge
- ...adjust, change, and extend it quickly and liberally

Unclear long-term fate

- ...can only afford dependencies that will be available and stable for 20+ years
- ...would we be able to maintain it?

A DSL specialised to our use case

solving a much simpler problem

can hence solve it faster and with better fit

can be special-cased, tweaked, extended

...and maintained by ourselves

Frontend

Disambiguation of notational overloading and user-defined mixfix notation

Type checking of rules and definitions

Dimension checking for meta variables (x^* etc)

Dependency and recursion analysis

Binder inference

Lowering into a more rigid “IL” that makes all that explicit

Latex Backend

Takes EL and generates Latex

Preprocessor that can “splice” formulas or definitions into a (set of) text files

...generic, but configurations for Latex and reStructured Text (markdown)

“Use” checker (all defs have been included exactly once in the target files)

Prose Backend

Takes EL and generates markdown (with embedded Latex)

Prototype only a week old, still overfitted to a limited set of rules

Mechanisation Backends

Work on Coq and Agda has only started :)

Technical Questions to Tackle

How similar is the problem of prose generation and generating the interpreter?

...perhaps related to proof animation [e.g. Berghofer et al. TPHOL 2009]

How to generically handle the subgrammar of values (injection?, subtyping?)

How to deal with evaluation contexts

...spec makes use of indexed contexts for branches (and handlers)

...notoriously difficult to express directly with inductive types

many more...