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turn unused corners into welcoming havens. Incorporating region-specific materials leads to seamless integration with the surrounding desert environment. Our proven expertise in outdoor kitchen Las Vegas ensures that each project receives a tailored approach. Ultimately, careful planning and professional expertise guarantee outstanding outdoor transformations."

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Landscaping Services inLas Vegas - Google SERP features

1. Google SERP features
2. Google search crawling
3. Search ranking positions

Ultimately, careful planning and professional expertise guarantee outstanding outdoor transformations."

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- Keyword cannibalization checks
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Las Vegas garden design

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patio design Las Vegas

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About landscape architecture

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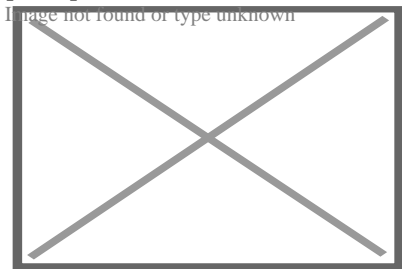
Stourhead in Wiltshire, England, designed by Henry Hoare (1705–1785), "the first landscape gardener, who showed in a single work, genius of the highest order"[1]

Landscape architecture is the design of outdoor areas, landmarks, and structures to achieve environmental, social-behavioural, or aesthetic outcomes.[2] It involves the systematic design and general engineering of various structures for construction and human use, investigation of existing social, ecological, and soil conditions and processes in the landscape, and the design of other interventions that will produce desired outcomes.

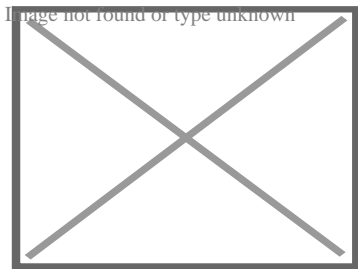
The scope of the profession is broad and can be subdivided into several sub-categories including professional or licensed landscape architects who are regulated by governmental agencies and possess the expertise to design a wide range of structures and landforms for human use; landscape design which is not a licensed profession; site planning; stormwater management; erosion control; environmental restoration; public realm, parks, recreation and urban planning; visual resource management; green infrastructure planning and provision; and private estate and residence landscape master planning and design; all at varying scales of design, planning and management. A practitioner in the profession of landscape architecture may be called a landscape architect; however, in jurisdictions where professional licenses are required it is often only those who possess a landscape architect license who can be called a landscape architect.

Definition of landscape architecture

[edit]



A canal design focused on esthetical landscape architecture in Stockholm, Sweden.



A river with concrete walls like those of a flood control channel, a

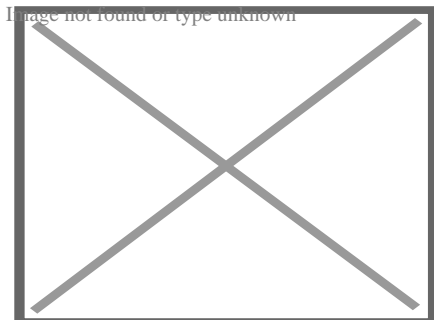
historic flood-control
measure using
landscape engineering
in Houston, Texas.
Such channelling,
intended to be strictly
functional, may make
flooding worse, by
speeding the flow
instead of spreading the
pulse of floodwater.[3][4
][5]

Modern landscape architecture is a multi-disciplinary field, incorporating aspects of urban design, architecture, geography, ecology, civil engineering, structural engineering, horticulture, environmental psychology, industrial design, soil sciences, botany, and fine arts. The activities of a landscape architect can range from the creation of public parks and parkways to site planning for campuses and corporate office parks; from the design of residential estates to the design of civil infrastructure; and from the management of large wilderness areas to reclamation of degraded landscapes such as mines or landfills. Landscape architects work on structures and external spaces in the landscape aspect of the design – large or small, urban, suburban and rural, and with "hard" (built) and "soft" (planted) materials, while integrating ecological sustainability.

The most valuable contribution can be made at the first stage of a project to generate ideas with technical understanding and creative flair for the design, organization, and use of spaces. The landscape architect can conceive the overall concept and prepare the master plan, from which detailed design drawings and technical specifications are prepared. They can also review proposals to authorize and supervise contracts for the construction work. Other skills include preparing design impact assessments, conducting environmental assessments and audits, and serving as an expert witness at inquiries on land use issues. The majority of their time will most likely be spent inside an office building designing and preparing models for clients.[citation needed]

History

[edit]



Orangery at the Palace of Versailles, outside Paris

Main article: [History of landscape architecture](#)

For the period before 1800, the history of landscape gardening (later called landscape architecture) is largely that of master planning and [garden design](#) for [manor houses](#), [palaces](#) and royal properties. An example is the extensive work by [André Le Nôtre](#) for King [Louis XIV of France](#) on the [Gardens of Versailles](#). The first person to write of *making* a landscape was [Joseph Addison](#) in 1712. The term landscape architecture was invented by [Gilbert Laing Meason](#) in 1828, and [John Claudius Loudon](#) (1783–1843) was instrumental in the adoption of the term landscape architecture by the modern profession. He took up the term from Meason and gave it publicity in his Encyclopedias and in his 1840 book on the *Landscape Gardening and Landscape Architecture of the Late Humphry Repton*.^[6]

[John Claudius Loudon](#) was an established and influential [horticultural](#) journalist and Scottish landscape architect whose writings were instrumental in shaping [Victorian](#) taste in gardens, public parks, and [architecture](#).^[7] In the *Landscape Gardening and Landscape Architecture of the Late Humphry Repton*, [Loudon](#) describes two distinct styles of landscape gardening existing at the beginning of the 19th century: geometric and natural.^[6] [Loudon](#) wrote that each style reflected a different stage of society. The geometric style was “most striking and pleasing,” displaying wealth and taste in an “early state of society” and in “countries where the general scenery was wild, irregular, and natural, and man, comparatively, uncultivated and unrefined.”^[6]] The natural style was used in “modern times” and in countries where “society is in a higher state of cultivation,” displaying wealth and taste through the sacrifice of profitable lands to make room for such designs. ^[6]

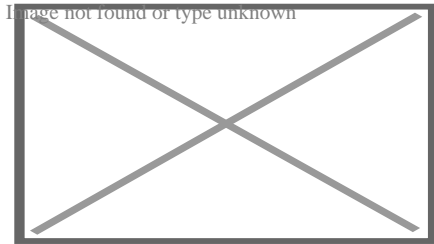
The prominent English landscape designer [Humphry Repton](#) (1752-1818) echoed similar ideas in his work and design ideas. In his writings on the use of delineated spaces (e.g. [courtyards](#), [terrace walls](#), fences), [Repton](#) states that while the motive for defense no longer exists, the features are still useful in separating "the gardens, which belong to man, and the forest, or desert, which belongs to the wild denizens."^[6] [Repton](#) refers to Indigenous peoples as "uncivilized human beings, against whom some decided line of defense was absolutely necessary."^[6]

The practice of landscape architecture spread from the Old to the New World. The term "landscape architect" was used as a professional title by [Frederick Law Olmsted](#) in the United States in 1863^[citation needed] and [Andrew Jackson Downing](#), another early American [landscape designer](#), was editor of *The Horticulturist* magazine (1846–52). In 1841 his first book, *A Treatise on the Theory and Practice of Landscape Gardening, Adapted to North America*, was published to a great success; it was the first book of its kind published in the United States.^[8] During the latter 19th century, the term landscape architect began to be used by professional landscapes designers, and was firmly established after [Frederick Law Olmsted Jr.](#) and [Beatrix Jones \(later Farrand\)](#) with others founded the [American Society of Landscape Architects](#) (ASLA) in 1899. IFLA was founded at [Cambridge, England](#), in 1948 with [Sir Geoffrey Jellicoe](#) as its first president, representing 15 countries from [Europe](#) and North America. Later, in 1978,

IFLA's Headquarters were established in [Versailles](#).^{[9][10][11]}

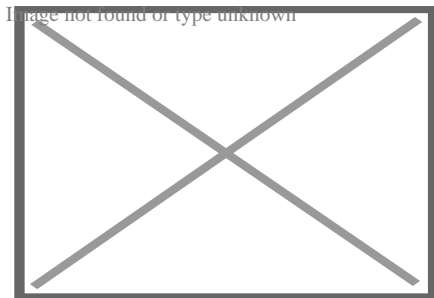
Fields of activity

[\[edit\]](#)



[Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew](#), London, established 1759

The [Palm House, Kew](#), built 1844–1848 by [Richard Turner](#) to [Decimus Burton's](#) designs



Urban design in city squares. Water feature in London, by [Tadao Ando](#) who also works with landscapes and gardens

The variety of the professional tasks that landscape architects collaborate on is very broad, but some examples of project types include:^[12]

- Parks of general design and [public infrastructure](#)
- [Sustainable development](#)
- [Stormwater management](#) including [rain gardens](#), [green roofs](#), [groundwater recharge](#), [green infrastructure](#), and [constructed wetlands](#).
- Landscape design for educational function and site design for public institutions and government facilities
- [Parks](#), [botanical gardens](#), [arboretums](#), greenways, and [nature preserves](#)
- Recreation facilities, such as playgrounds, [golf courses](#), [theme parks](#) and sports facilities
- Housing areas, industrial parks and commercial developments
- [Estate](#) and [residence landscape planning](#) and design
- Landscaping and accents on [highways](#), transportation structures, [bridges](#), and [transit corridors](#)
- Contributions to [urban design](#), town and city squares, waterfronts, pedestrian schemes
- Natural park, tourist destination, and recreating historical landscapes, and [historic garden](#) appraisal and conservation studies

- Reservoirs, dams, power stations, reclamation of extractive industry applications or major industrial projects and mitigation
- Environmental assessment and landscape assessment, planning advice and land management proposals.
- Coastal and offshore developments and mitigation
- Ecological design (any aspect of design that minimizes environmentally destructive impacts by integrating itself with natural processes and sustainability)

Landscape managers use their knowledge of landscape processes to advise on the long-term care and development of the landscape. They often work in forestry, nature conservation and agriculture.^[citation needed]

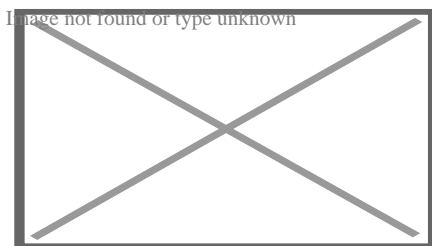
Landscape scientists have specialist skills such as soil science, hydrology, geomorphology or botany that they relate to the practical problems of landscape work. Their projects can range from site surveys to the ecological assessment of broad areas for planning or management purposes. They may also report on the impact of development or the importance of particular species in a given area.^[citation needed]

Landscape planners are concerned with landscape planning for the location, scenic, ecological and recreational aspects of urban, rural, and coastal land use. Their work is embodied in written statements of policy and strategy, and their remit includes master planning for new developments, landscape evaluations and assessments, and preparing countryside management or policy plans. Some may also apply an additional specialism such as landscape archaeology or law to the process of landscape planning.^[citation needed]

Green roof (or more specifically, vegetative roof) designers design extensive and intensive roof gardens for stormwater management, evapo-transpirative cooling, sustainable architecture, aesthetics, and habitat creation.^[13]

Relation to urban planning

^[edit]



The combination of the traditional landscape gardening and the emerging city planning combined gave landscape architecture its unique focus. Frederick Law Olmsted used the term 'landscape architecture' using the word as a profession for the first time when designing the Central Park.

Through the 19th century, **urban planning** became a focal point and central issue in cities. The combination of the tradition of **landscape gardening** and the emerging field of urban planning offered landscape architecture an opportunity to serve these needs.[14] In the second half of the century, **Frederick Law Olmsted** completed a series of parks that continue to have a significant influence on the practices of landscape architecture today. Among these were **Central Park** in **New York City**, **Prospect Park** in **Brooklyn, New York** and Boston's **Emerald Necklace** park system. **Jens Jensen** designed sophisticated and naturalistic urban and regional parks for **Chicago, Illinois**, and private estates for the Ford family including **Fair Lane** and **Gaukler Point**. One of the original eleven founding members of the **American Society of Landscape Architects** (ASLA), and the only woman, was **Beatrix Farrand**. She was design consultant for over a dozen universities including: **Princeton** in **Princeton, New Jersey**; **Yale** in **New Haven, Connecticut**; and the **Arnold Arboretum** for **Harvard** in **Boston, Massachusetts**. Her numerous private **estate** projects include the landmark **Dumbarton Oaks** in the **Georgetown** neighborhood of **Washington, D.C.**[15] Since that time, other architects – most notably Ruth Havey and Alden Hopkins – changed certain elements of the Farrand design.[citation needed]

Since this period urban planning has developed into a separate independent profession that has incorporated important contributions from other fields such as **civil engineering**, **architecture** and **public administration**. Urban Planners are qualified to perform tasks independent of landscape architects, and in general, the curriculum of landscape architecture programs do not prepare students to become urban planners.[16]

Landscape architecture continues to develop as a design discipline and to respond to the various movements in architecture and design throughout the 20th and 21st centuries. **Thomas Church** was a mid-century landscape architect significant in the profession. **Roberto Burle Marx** in **Brazil** combined the **International style** and native Brazilian plants and culture for a new aesthetic. Innovation continues today solving challenging problems with contemporary design solutions for **master planning**, landscapes, and **gardens**. [citation needed]

Ian McHarg was known for introducing environmental concerns in landscape architecture.[17][18] He popularized a system of analyzing the layers of a site in order to compile a complete understanding of the qualitative attributes of a place. This system became the foundation of today's **Geographic Information Systems (GIS)**. McHarg would give every qualitative aspect of the site a layer, such as the history, hydrology, topography, vegetation, etc. GIS software is ubiquitously used in the landscape architecture profession today to analyze materials in and on the Earth's surface and is similarly used by **urban planners**, **geographers**, **forestry** and natural resources professionals, etc.[citation needed]

European nations enabled the widespread circulation of urban planning strategies by transferring landscaping ideas and practices to overseas colonies. The **green belt** was a popular landscape practice exported by Britain onto colonial territories such as **Haifa** (1918-1948).[19] Spatial mechanisms like the green belt, implemented through the Haifa Bay Plan and the British "Grand Model," were used to enforce political control and civic order and extend western ideas of progress and development.[19] The Greater London Regional Planning Committee accepted the **green belt** concept which formed the basis of the 1938 **Green Belt Act**.

The planning **prototype** demarcated open spaces, distinguished between city and countryside, limited **urban growth**, and created **zoning divisions**.^[19] It was used extensively in the British colonies to facilitate British rule through the organized division of landscape and populations. ^[19]

Relation to Indigenous practices

[\[edit\]](#)

Indigenous land management practices create constantly changing landscapes through the use of **vegetation** and natural systems, contrasting with western epistemologies of the discipline that separate ornament from function.^[20] The discipline of landscape architecture favors western designs made from structured materials and geometric forms.^[20] Landscape architecture history books tend to include projects that contain constructed architectural elements that persist over time, excluding many Indigenous landscape-based designs.^[20]

Landscape architecture textbooks often place Indigenous peoples as a prefix to the official start of the discipline. The widely read landscape history text *The Landscape of Man* (1964) offers a global history of the designed landscape from past to present, featuring **African** and other Indigenous peoples in its discussions of **Paleolithic** man between 500,000 and 8,000 BCE in relation to **human migration**.^[20] Indigenous land-management practices are described as archaeological rather than a part of contemporary practice. *Gardens in Time* (1980) also places Indigenous practice as prehistory at the beginning of the landscape architecture timeline. Authors **John** and Ray Oldham describe **Aborigines of Australia** as “survivors of an ancient way of life” who provide an opportunity to examine western Australia as a “meeting place of a prehistoric man.”^[20]

In the late 18th century, the landscapes created by **aboriginal land and fire management practices** appealed to English settlers in **Australia**.^[20] Journals from the period of early white settlement note the landscape resembling parks and popular designs in **English landscape gardens** of the same period.^[20] In England, these designs were considered sophisticated and celebrated for the intentional sacrifice of usable land. In Australia, the park-like condition was used to justify British control, citing its emptiness and lack of productive use as a basis for the dispossession of Aboriginal people. ^[20]

Education

[\[edit\]](#)

Landscape Architects are generally required to have university or graduate education from an accredited landscape architecture degree program, which can vary in length and degree title. They learn how to create projects from scratch, such as **residential** or **commercial** planting and designing outdoor living spaces^[21] they are willing to work with others to get a better outcome for the customers when doing a project; they will have to learn the basics of how to create a

project on a manner of time and will require to get your license in a certain state to be allowed to work; students of Landscape Architects will learn how to interact with clients and will learn how to explain a design from scratch when giving the final project.^[22]

Landscape architecture has been taught in the [University of Manchester](#) since the 1950s. The course in the [Manchester School of Architecture](#) enables students to gain various bachelor's and master's degrees, including MLPM(Hons) which is accredited by the [Landscape Institute](#) and by the [Royal Town Planning Institute](#).^[23]

Profession

^{[[edit](#)]}

Main article: [Landscape architect](#)

In many countries, a professional [institute](#), comprising members of the professional community, exists in order to protect the standing of the profession and promote its interests, and sometimes also regulate the practice of landscape architecture. The standard and strength of legal regulations governing landscape architecture practice varies from nation to nation, with some requiring licensure in order to practice; and some having little or no regulation. In [Europe](#), [North America](#), parts of [South America](#), [Australia](#), [India](#), and [New Zealand](#), landscape architecture is a regulated profession.^[24]

Argentina

^{[[edit](#)]}

Since 1889, with the arrival of the French architect and urbanist landscaper [Carlos Thays](#), recommended to recreate the National Capital's parks and public gardens, it was consolidated an apprentice and training program in landscaping that eventually became a regulated profession, currently the leading academic institution is the [UBA University of Buenos Aires](#) "*UBA Facultad de Arquitectura, Diseño y Urbanismo*" (Faculty of Architecture, Design and Urbanism) offering a Bachelor's degree in Urban Landscaping Design and Planning, the profession itself is regulated by the National Ministry of Urban Planning of Argentina and the Institute of the [Buenos Aires Botanical Garden](#).^{*[citation needed]*}

Australia

^{[[edit](#)]}

The **Australian Institute of Landscape Architects** (AILA) provides accreditation of university degrees and non-statutory professional registration for landscape architects. Once recognized by AILA, landscape architects use the title 'Registered Landscape Architect' across the six states and territories within Australia.^[*citation needed*]

AILA's system of professional recognition is a national system overseen by the AILA National Office in Canberra. To apply for AILA Registration, an applicant usually needs to satisfy a number of pre-requisites, including university qualification, a minimum number years of practice and a record of professional experience.^[25]

Landscape Architecture within Australia covers a broad spectrum of planning, design, management, and research. From specialist design services for government and private sector developments through to specialist professional advice as an expert witness.^[*citation needed*]

Canada

[*edit*]

In Canada, landscape architecture, like law and medicine, is a self-regulating profession pursuant to provincial statute. For example, Ontario's profession is governed by the Ontario Association of Landscape Architects pursuant to the *Ontario Association of Landscape Architects Act*. Landscape architects in Ontario, British Columbia, and Alberta must complete the specified components of L.A.R.E (Landscape Architecture Registration Examination) as a prerequisite to full professional standing.

Provincial regulatory bodies are members of a national organization, the **Canadian Society of Landscape Architects / L'Association des Architectes Paysagistes du Canada** (CSLA-AAPC), and individual membership in the CSLA-AAPC is obtained through joining one of the provincial or territorial components.^[26]

Indonesia

[*edit*]

ISLA (Indonesia Society of Landscape Architects) is the Indonesian society for professional landscape architects formed on 4 February 1978 and is a member of IFLA APR and IFLA World. The main aim is to increase the dignity of the professional members of landscape architects by increasing their activity role in community service, national and international development. The management of IALI consists of National Administrators who are supported by 20 Regional Administrators (Provincial level) and 3 Branch Managers at city level throughout

Indonesia.^[*citation needed*]

Landscape architecture education in Indonesia was held in 18 universities, which graduated D3, Bachelor and Magister graduates. The landscape architecture education incorporate in Association of Indonesian Landscape Architecture Education.^[*citation needed*]

Italy

[*edit*]



This section **does not cite any sources**. Please help **improve this section** by **adding citations to reliable sources**. Unsourced material may be challenged and **removed**. (January 2021) (*[Learn how and when to remove this message]*)

AIAPP (Associazione Italiana Architettura del Paesaggio) is the Italian association of professional landscape architects formed in 1950 and is a member of IFLA and IFLA Europe (formerly known as EFLA). AIAPP is in the process of contesting this new law which has given the Architects' Association the new title of Architects, Landscape Architects, Planners and Conservationists whether or not they have had any training or experience in any of these fields other than Architecture. In Italy, there are several different professions involved in landscape architecture:

- Architects
- Landscape designers
- Doctor landscape agronomists and Doctor landscape foresters, often called Landscape agronomists.
- Agrarian Experts and Graduated Agrarian experts.

New Zealand

[*edit*]

The **New Zealand Institute of Landscape Architects** (NZILA) is the professional body for Landscape Architects in NZ.^[27]

In April 2013, NZILA jointly with AILA, hosted the 50th International Federation of Landscape Architects (IFLA) World Congress in Auckland, New Zealand. The World Congress is an international conference where Landscape Architects from all around the globe meet to share ideas around a particular topic.^[*citation needed*]

Within NZ, Members of NZILA when they achieve their professional standing, can use the title Registered Landscape Architect NZILA.^[*citation needed*]

NZILA provides an education policy and an accreditation process to review education programme providers; currently there are three accredited undergraduate Landscape Architecture programmes in New Zealand. Lincoln University also has an accredited masters programme in landscape architecture.^[*citation needed*]

Norway

[*edit*]

Landscape architecture in Norway was established in 1919 at the Norwegian University of Life Sciences (NMBU) at Ås. The Norwegian School of Landscape Architecture at the Faculty of Landscape and Society is responsible for Europe's oldest landscape architecture education on an academic level. The departments areas include design and design of cities and places, garden art history, landscape engineering, greenery, zone planning, site development, place making and place keeping.^[*citation needed*]

South Africa

[*edit*]

In May 1962, **Joane Pim**, Ann Sutton, Peter Leutscher and Roelf Botha (considered the forefathers of the profession in South Africa) established the Institute for Landscape Architects, now known as the Institute for Landscape Architecture in South Africa (ILASA).^[28] ILASA is a voluntary organisation registered with the South African Council for the Landscape Architectural Profession (SACLAP).^[29] It consists of three regional bodies, namely, Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal and the Western Cape. ILASA's mission is to advance the profession of landscape architecture and uphold high standards of professional service to its members, and to represent the profession of landscape architecture in any matter which may affect the interests of the members of the institute. ILASA holds the country's membership with The **International Federation of Landscape Architects** (IFLA).^[30]

In South Africa, the profession is regulated by SACLAP, established as a statutory council in terms of Section 2 of the South African Council for the Landscape Architectural Profession Act – Act 45 of 2000. The Council evolved out of the Board of Control for Landscape Architects (BOCLASA), which functioned under the Council of Architects in terms of The Architectural Act, Act 73 of 1970. SACLAP's mission is to establish, direct, sustain and ensure a high level of professional responsibilities and ethical conduct within the art and science of landscape

architecture with honesty, dignity and integrity in the broad interest of public health, safety and welfare of the community. [\[citation needed\]](#)

After completion of an accredited under-graduate and/or post-graduate qualification in landscape architecture at either the [University of Cape Town](#) or the [University of Pretoria](#), or landscape technology at the [Cape Peninsula University of Technology](#), professional registration is attained via a mandatory mentored candidacy period (minimum of two years) and sitting of the professional registration exam. After successfully completing the exam, the individual is entitled to the status of Professional Landscape Architect or Professional Landscape Technologist. [\[citation needed\]](#)

Sweden

[\[edit\]](#)

Architects Sweden, Sveriges Arkitekter, is the collective trade union and professional organisation for all architects, including landscape architects, in Sweden. The professional body is a member of IFLA ([International Federation of Landscape Architects](#)) as well as IFLA Europe.

As a landscape architect, anyone can become a member of Architects Sweden if they have a national or international university degree that is approved by the association. If the degree is from within the European Union, Architects Sweden approves Landscape architect educations listed by [IFLA Europe](#). For educations outside the EU, the association makes an assessment on a statement from the [Swedish Council for Higher Education](#) (UHR).

United Kingdom

[\[edit\]](#)

The UK's professional body is the [Landscape Institute](#) (LI). It is a [chartered](#) body that accredits landscape professionals and university courses. At present there are fifteen accredited programmes in the UK. Membership of the LI is available to students, academics and professionals, and there are over 3,000 professionally qualified members. [\[citation needed\]](#)

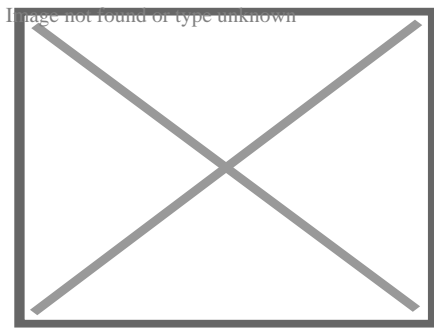
The Institute provides services to assist members including support and promotion of the work of landscape architects; information and guidance to the public and industry about the specific expertise offered by those in the profession; and training and educational advice to students and professionals looking to build upon their experience. [\[citation needed\]](#)

In 2008, the LI launched a major recruitment drive entitled "I want to be a Landscape Architect" to encourage the study of Landscape Architecture. The campaign aimed to raise the profile of landscape architecture and highlight its valuable role in building **sustainable communities** and fighting **climate change**.^[31]

As of July 2018, the "I want to be a Landscape Architect" initiative was replaced by a brand new careers campaign entitled **#ChooseLandscape**, which aims to raise awareness of landscape as a profession; improve and increase access to landscape education; and inspire young people to choose landscape as a career.^[32] This new campaign includes other landscape-related professions such as landscape management, landscape planning, landscape science and urban design.^[33]

United States

[\[edit\]](#)



The **National Mall** in **Washington, D.C.** includes many examples of landscape architecture based on historical memorials and monuments.

In the United States, landscape architecture is regulated by individual state governments. For a landscape architect, obtaining licensure requires advanced education and work experience, plus passage of the national examination called the Landscape Architect Registration Examination (L.A.R.E.). Licensing is overseen at the national level by the Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Boards (CLARB). Several states require passage of a state exam as well.

Landscape architecture has been identified as an above-average growth profession by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics and was listed in *U.S. News & World Report's* list of Best Jobs to Have in 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010.^[34] The national trade association for United States landscape architects is the **American Society of Landscape Architects**. **Frederick Law Olmsted**, who designed Central Park in New York City, is known as the "father of American landscape architecture".^[35]

Examples

[edit]

Potager in Dordogne, France

○

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Potager in Dordogne, France

Japanese garden in ƆfÆ'Ā†â€™ĀfÂçĀçâ€šĀ-Ā,Ā!ĀfÆ'Āçâ,-Ā!ĀfÂçĀçâ€šĀ-Āçâ€žĀçtsu, Ja

○

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Japanese garden in

ƆfÆ'Ā†â€™ĀfÂçĀçâ€šĀ-Ā,Ā!ĀfÆ'Āçâ,-Ā!ĀfÂçĀçâ€šĀ-Āçâ€žĀçtsu

, Japan

Classical Chinese garden

○

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Classical Chinese garden

Topiary in Helsingborg, Sweden

○

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Topiary in Helsingborg,
Sweden
Asian sculpture garden in Texas, United States

○

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Asian sculpture garden in
Texas, United States
Vigeland sculpture garden in Oslo, Norway

○

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Vigeland sculpture garden in
Oslo, Norway

Roof terrace garden (Ventimiglia, Italy)

○

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Roof terrace garden (
Ventimiglia, Italy)
Escorial Formal palace garden in Madrid, Spain

○

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Escorial Formal palace garden
in Madrid, Spain
Mediterranean garden in Alpes-Maritimes, France

○

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Mediterranean garden in
Alpes-Maritimes, France

Use of steps at Villa la Magia, in Quarrata, Italy

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Use of steps at Villa la Magia,
in Quarrata, Italy

Lurie Garden in Chicago, United States, GGN & Piet Oudolf

○

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Lurie Garden in Chicago,
United States, GGN & Piet
Oudolf

High Line (second section) A repurposed area in New York City, United States

○

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High Line (second section) A
repurposed area in New York
City, United States

Parque Madrid Rio Formal use of water in Madrid, Spain

○

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Parque Madrid Rio Formal use
of water in Madrid, Spain
Schouwburgplein Urban park in Rotterdam, Netherlands

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Schouwburgplein Urban park
in Rotterdam, Netherlands
911 Memorial Park A memorial park in New York City United States

○

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911 Memorial Park A memorial
park in New York City United
States

See also

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Energy-efficient landscape design](#)
- [Environmental graphic design](#)
- [Green roof](#)
- [Hard landscape materials](#)
- [Landscape architecture design competitions](#)
- [Landscape detailing](#)
- [Landscape painting](#)
- [Landscape engineering](#)
- [Landscape products](#)
- [Landscape urbanism](#)
- [List of landscape architects](#)
- [List of schools of landscape architecture](#)
- [Planting design](#)
- [Principles of intelligent urbanism](#)
- [Soft landscape materials](#)
- [Sustainable landscape architecture](#)
- [Topocide](#)
- [Urban forestry](#)
- [Urban reforestation](#)

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External links

[[edit](#)]

-  Media related to **Landscape architecture** at Wikimedia Commons
- **International Federation of Landscape Architects**
- **v**
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- **e**

Horticulture and **gardening**

Gardening

- Allotment
- Arboretum
- Butterfly
- Climate-friendly gardening
- Community
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- Foodscaping
- French intensive
- Garden
- Garden design
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- Native
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- Sustainable
- Xeriscaping

Types of gardens

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- Knot
- Market

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- Weed control
 - Aquamog weed remover

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- Features
- Floral design
 - Floristry
 - Ikebana
- Groundskeeping
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- Garden tourism
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- Plant collecting
- Turf management

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- **e**

Environmental humanities

Art

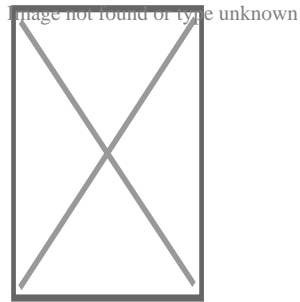
- Crop art
- Environmental art
- Environmental sculpture
- Land art
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- Photography
 - conservation
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 - wildlife
- Sculpture trail
- Site-specific art
- Sustainable art

Culture

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- Cultural landscape
- Ecolinguistics
- Ecological anthropology
- Ecossemiotics
- Environmental anthropology
- Ethnoecology
- Traditional ecological knowledge

Literature

- Ecocomposition
- Ecocriticism
- Ecopoetry
- Geocriticism
- Nature writing
- Outdoor literature



Philosophy

- Aesthetics of nature
- Critical realism
- Deep ecology
- Ecofeminism
- Ecophenomenology
- Ecosophy
- Environmental ethics
- Environmental justice
- Environmental philosophy
- Predation problem
- Social ecology

Religion

- Ecotheology
- Environmental theology
- Religion and environmentalism
- Spiritual ecology
- Stewardship

Other

- Anthrozoology
- Ecomusicology
- Environmental communication
- Environmental education
 - adult
 - arts-based
- Environmental history
- Environmental interpretation
- Environmental journalism
- Environmental law
- Outdoor education
- Political representation of nature
- Psychogeography
- Thematic interpretation

Related

- Animal studies
- Bioethics
- Biophilia hypothesis
- Do it yourself (ethic)
- Natural history (museums)
- Popular science
- Property theory (common property)
- Sexecology
- Science, technology and society
 - science studies
- Simple living
- Slow food
- Spirit of place
- Sustainability studies

Applied

- Arts and Crafts movement
- Acoustic ecology
- Biomimicry
- Ecological design
- Ecomuseum
- Educational trail
- Environmental design
- Landscape architecture
 - assessment
 - planning
- Nature center
- New Urbanism
- Sustainable architecture
- Sustainable design
- Sustainable fashion
- Themed walk

○  Environment portal

○  Category

○  Commons

○ Journals

○ Degrees

○ **v**

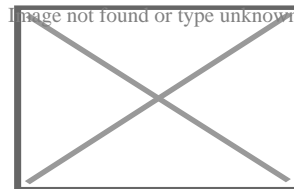
○ **t**

o e

Environmental social science

Fields

- o Ecological anthropology
- o Ecological economics
- o Environmental anthropology
- o Environmental crime
- o Environmental economics
- o Environmental communication
- o Environmental history
- o Environmental politics
- o Environmental psychology
- o Environmental sociology
- o Human ecology
- o Human geography
- o Political ecology
- o Regional science



Related

- Agroecology
- Anthrozoology
- Behavioral geography
- Community studies
- Demography
- Design
 - ecological
 - environmental
- Ecological humanities
- Economics
 - energy
 - thermo
- Environmental
 - education
 - ethics
 - law
 - science
 - studies
 - justice
 - racism
- Ethnobiology
 - botany
 - ecology
 - zoology
- Forestry
- Industrial ecology
- Integrated geography
- Permaculture
- Political representation of nature
- Rural sociology
- Sexecology
- Science, technology and society
 - science studies
- Sustainability
 - science
 - studies
- Systems ecology
- Urban
 - ecology
 - geography
 - metabolism
 - studies

Applied

- Architecture
 - landscape
 - sustainable
- Ecopsychology
- Engineering
 - ecological
 - environmental
- Green criminology
- Health
 - environmental
 - epidemiology
 - occupational
 - public
- Management
 - environmental
 - fisheries
 - forest
 - natural resource
 - waste
- Planning
 - environmental
 - land use
 - regional
 - spatial
 - urban
- Policy
 - energy
 - environmental

-  Environment portal
-  Category
- Concepts
- Degrees
- Journals
- Research institutes
- Scholars

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Construction

Types

- Home construction
- Offshore construction
- Underground construction
 - Tunnel construction

History

- Architecture
- Construction
- Structural engineering
- Timeline of architecture
- Water supply and sanitation

Professions

- Architect
- Building engineer
- Building estimator
- Building officials
- Chartered Building Surveyor
- Civil engineer
- Civil estimator
- Clerk of works
- Project manager
- Quantity surveyor
- Site manager
- Structural engineer
- Superintendent

Trades workers
(List)

- Banksman
- Boilermaker
- Bricklayer
- Carpenter
- Concrete finisher
- Construction foreman
- Construction worker
- Electrician
- Glazier
- Ironworker
- Millwright
- Plasterer
- Plumber
- Roofer
- Steel fixer
- Welder

Organizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ American Institute of Constructors (AIC) ○ American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) ○ Asbestos Testing and Consultancy Association (ATAC) ○ Associated General Contractors of America (AGC) ○ Association of Plumbing and Heating Contractors (APHC) ○ Build UK ○ Construction History Society ○ Chartered Institution of Civil Engineering Surveyors (CICES) ○ Chartered Institute of Plumbing and Heating Engineering (CIPHE) ○ Civil Engineering Contractors Association (CECA) ○ The Concrete Society ○ Construction Management Association of America (CMAA) ○ Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) ○ FIDIC ○ Home Builders Federation (HBF) ○ Lighting Association ○ National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) ○ National Association of Women in Construction (NAWIC) ○ National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ○ National Kitchen & Bath Association (NKBA) ○ National Railroad Construction and Maintenance Association (NRC) ○ National Tile Contractors Association (NTCA) ○ Railway Tie Association (RTA) ○ Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) ○ Scottish Building Federation (SBF) ○ Society of Construction Arbitrators
By country	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ India ○ Iran ○ Japan ○ Romania ○ Turkey ○ United Kingdom ○ United States
Regulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Building code ○ Construction law ○ Site safety ○ Zoning

Architecture

- Style
 - List
- Industrial architecture
 - British
- Indigenous architecture
- Interior architecture
- Landscape architecture
- Vernacular architecture

Engineering

- Architectural engineering
- Building services engineering
- Civil engineering
 - Coastal engineering
 - Construction engineering
 - Structural engineering
- Earthquake engineering
- Environmental engineering
- Geotechnical engineering

Methods

- List
- Earthbag construction
- Modern methods of construction
- Monocrete construction
- Slip forming

- Building material
 - List of building materials
 - Millwork
- Construction bidding
- Construction delay
- Construction equipment theft
- Construction loan
- Construction management
- Construction waste
- Demolition
- Design–build
- Design–bid–build
- DfMA
- Heavy equipment
- Interior design
- Lists of buildings and structures
 - List of tallest buildings and structures
- Megaproject
- Megastructure
- Plasterwork
 - Damp
 - Proofing
 - Parge coat
 - Roughcast
 - Harling
- Real estate development
- Stonemasonry
- Sustainability in construction
- Unfinished building
- Urban design
- Urban planning

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-  [Gardening](#)

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- FAST

National

- [Germany](#)
- [United States](#)
- [Japan](#)
- [Czech Republic](#)
 - [2](#)
- [Spain](#)
- [Latvia](#)
- [Israel](#)

Other

- [NARA](#)
- [Encyclopedia of Modern Ukraine](#)

About Las Vegas

This article is about the city proper in Nevada. For the metropolitan area, see [Las Vegas Valley](#). For other uses, see [Las Vegas \(disambiguation\)](#). "Vegas" redirects here. For other uses, see [Vegas \(disambiguation\)](#).

[Las Vegas](#) is located in the United States



Las Vegas

[City](#)

Las Vegas Skyline

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Downtown Las Vegas
World Market Cer

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World Market
Center
The Strat

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The Strat
Clark County Govern

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Clark County
Government Center
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Lou Ruvo
Center for
Brain Health
Las Vegas Strip

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Las Vegas Strip in Paradise and
Winchester, outside city limits

Flag of Las Vegas

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Flag

Official seal of Las Vegas

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Seal

Etymology: from **Spanish** *las vegas* 'the meadows'

Nicknames:

"Vegas", "Sin City", "City of Lights", "The Gambling Capital of the World",^[1] "The Entertainment Capital of the World", "Capital of Second Chances",^[2] "The Marriage Capital of the World", "The Silver City", "America's Playground", "Hawaii's Ninth Island"^{[3][4]}

Map

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Map

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Map

Las Vegas is located in Nevada



Coordinates: 36°10'22"N 115°8'55"W

36°10'22"N 115°8'55"W
36.16722°N 115.14861°W

Country	United States
State	Nevada
County	Clark
Founded	May 15, 1905
Incorporated	March 16, 1911

Government

- **Type** Council–manager
- **Mayor** Shelley Berkley (D)
- **Mayor Pro Tem** Brian Knudsen (D)
- **City council**
 - Brian Knudsen (D)
 - Victoria Seaman (R)
 - Olivia Diaz (D)
 - Francis Allen-Palenske (R)
 - Cedric Crear (D)
 - Nancy Brune (D)

• City manager	Jorge Cervantes
	Area
	[5]
• City	141.91 sq mi (367.53 km ²)
• Land	141.85 sq mi (367.40 km ²)
• Water	0.05 sq mi (0.14 km ²)
• Urban	540 sq mi (1,400 km ²)
• Metro	1,580 sq mi (4,100 km ²)
Elevation	2,001 ft (610 m)
	Population
	(2020)
• City	641,903
	75th in North America
• Rank	24th in the United States[6]
	1st in Nevada
• Density	4,525.16/sq mi (1,747.17/km ²)
• Urban	2,196,623 (US: 21st)
• Urban density	5,046.3/sq mi (1,948.4/km ²)
• Metro	2,265,461 (US: 29th)
Demonym	Las Vegan
	GDP
	[8]
• Metro	\$160.728 billion (2022)
Time zone	UTC−08:00 (PST)
• Summer (DST)	UTC−07:00 (PDT)
ZIP Codes	89044, 89054, 891xx
Area code(s)	702 and 725
FIPS code	32-40000
GNIS feature ID	847388
Website	lasvegasnevada.gov

Las Vegas,^[a] colloquially referred to as **Vegas**, is the most populous city in the U.S. state of Nevada and the seat of Clark County. The Las Vegas Valley metropolitan area is the largest within the greater Mojave Desert, and second-largest in the Southwestern United States.

According to the [United States Census Bureau](#), the city had 641,903 residents in 2020,^[9] with a metropolitan population of 2,227,053,^[10] making it the [24th-most populous city](#) in the United States. Las Vegas is an internationally renowned major [resort city](#), known primarily for its [gambling](#), shopping, fine dining, entertainment, and [nightlife](#), with most venues centered on [downtown Las Vegas](#) and more to the [Las Vegas Strip](#) just outside city limits in the [unincorporated towns](#) of [Paradise](#) and [Winchester](#). The Las Vegas Valley serves as the leading financial, commercial, and cultural center in Nevada.

Las Vegas was settled in 1905 and officially incorporated in 1911.^[11] At the close of the 20th century, it was the most populated North American city founded within that century (a similar distinction was earned by [Chicago](#) in the 19th century). Population growth has accelerated since the 1960s and into the 21st century, and between 1990 and 2000 the population increased by 85.2%.

The city bills itself as [the Entertainment Capital of the World](#), and is famous for its luxurious and large casino-hotels. With over 40.8 million visitors annually as of 2023,^[12] Las Vegas is one of the [most visited cities in the United States](#), annually ranking as one of the world's most visited tourist destinations.^{[13][14]} It is the third most popular U.S. destination for business conventions^[15] and a global leader in the [hospitality industry](#).^[16] The city's tolerance for numerous forms of [adult entertainment](#) has earned it the nickname "[Sin City](#)",^[17] and has made it a popular setting for literature, [films](#), [television programs](#), commercials and music videos.

Toponymy

[\[edit\]](#)

In 1829, Mexican trader and explorer [Antonio Armijo](#) led a group consisting of 60 men and 100 mules along the [Old Spanish Trail](#) from modern day New Mexico to California. Along the way, the group stopped in what would become Las Vegas and noted its natural water sources, now referred to as the [Las Vegas Springs](#), which supported extensive vegetation such as grasses and [mesquite trees](#). The springs were a significant natural feature in the valley, with streams that supported a meadow ecosystem. This region served as the winter residence for the [Southern Paiute](#) people, who utilized the area's resources before moving to higher elevations during the summer months. The Spanish "las vegas" or "the meadows" (more precisely, lower land near a river) in English, was applied to describe the fertile lowlands near the springs. Over time, the name began to refer to the populated settlement.^{[18][19][20]}

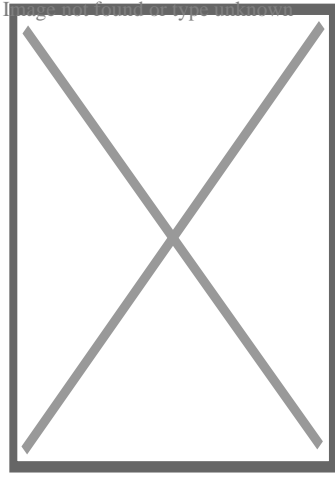
History

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [History of Las Vegas](#)

For a chronological guide, see [Timeline of Las Vegas](#).

See also: [Las Vegas in the 1940s](#) and [Las Vegas in the 1950s](#)



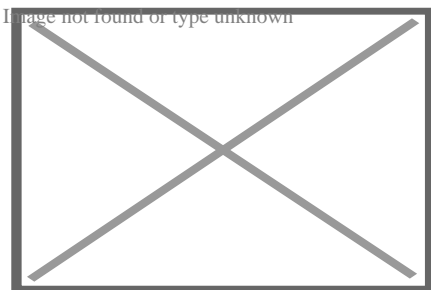
Southern **Paiutes** at **Moapa** wearing traditional Paiute basket hats with Paiute cradleboard and rabbit robe

Nomadic **Paleo-Indians** traveled to the Las Vegas area 10,000 years ago, leaving behind **petroglyphs**. **Ancient Puebloan** and **Paiute** tribes followed at least 2,000 years ago.[21]

A young **Mexican** scout named **Rafael Rivera** is credited as the first non-**Native American** to encounter the valley, in 1829.[22] Trader **Antonio Armijo** led a 60-man party along the **Spanish Trail** to **Los Angeles**, California, in 1829.[23][24] In 1844, **John C. Frémont** arrived, and his writings helped lure pioneers to the area. Downtown Las Vegas's Fremont Street is named after him.

Eleven years later, members of **the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints** chose Las Vegas as the site to build a fort halfway between **Salt Lake City** and Los Angeles, where they would travel to gather supplies. The fort was abandoned several years afterward. The remainder of this **Old Mormon Fort** can still be seen at the intersection of Las Vegas Boulevard and Washington Avenue.

Las Vegas was founded as a city in 1905, when 110 acres (45 ha) of land adjacent to the **Union Pacific Railroad** tracks were auctioned in what would become the downtown area. In 1911, Las Vegas was incorporated as a city.[25]



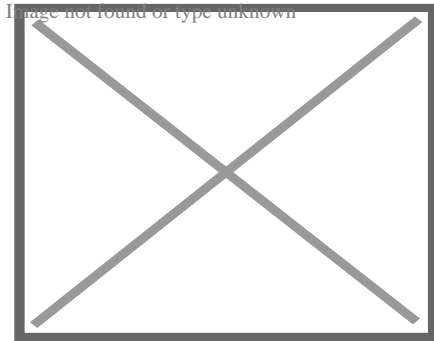
Golden Nugget and **Pioneer Club** along **Fremont Street** in 1952

The year 1931 was pivotal for Las Vegas. At that time, Nevada legalized casino gambling[26] and reduced residency requirements for divorce to six weeks.[27] This year also witnessed the beginning of construction of the tunnels of nearby **Hoover Dam**. The influx of construction

workers and their families helped Las Vegas avoid economic calamity during the **Great Depression**. The construction work was completed in 1935.

In late 1941, **Las Vegas Army Airfield** was established. Renamed **Nellis Air Force Base** in 1950, it is now home to the **United States Air Force Thunderbirds** aerobatic team.[28]

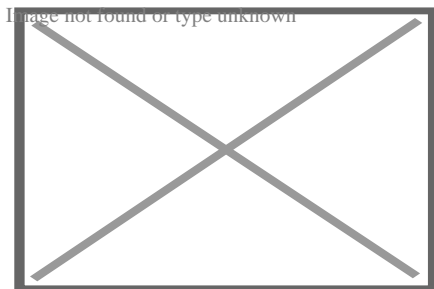
Following World War II, lavishly decorated hotels, gambling casinos, and big-name entertainment became synonymous with Las Vegas.



This view of downtown Las Vegas shows a **mushroom cloud** in the background. Scenes such as this were typical during the 1950s. From 1951 to 1962, the government conducted 100 atmospheric tests at the nearby **Nevada Test Site**. [29]

In 1951, **nuclear weapons testing** began at the **Nevada Test Site**, 65 miles (105 km) northwest of Las Vegas. During this time, the city was nicknamed the "**Atomic City**." Residents and visitors were able to witness the mushroom clouds (and were exposed to the fallout) until 1963 when the **Partial Nuclear Test Ban Treaty** required that nuclear tests be moved underground. [29]

In 1955, the **Moulin Rouge Hotel** opened and became the first racially integrated casino-hotel in Las Vegas.



Fremont Street in the late 1960s

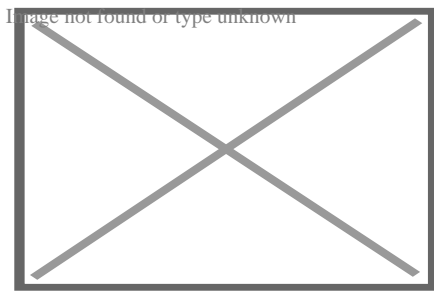
During the 1960s, corporations and business tycoons such as **Howard Hughes** were building and buying hotel-casino properties. Gambling was referred to as "gaming," which transitioned it into a legitimate business. **Learning from Las Vegas**, published during this era, asked architects to take inspiration from the city's highly decorated buildings, helping to start the **postmodern architecture** movement.

In 1995, the **Fremont Street Experience** opened in Las Vegas's downtown area. This canopied five-block area features 12.5 million LED lights and 550,000 watts of sound from dusk until midnight during shows held at the top of each hour.

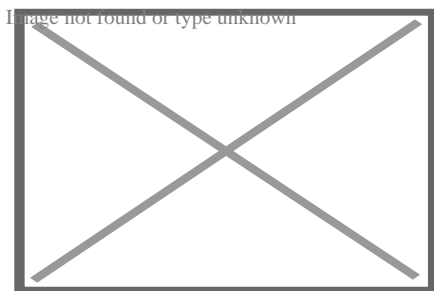
Due to the realization of many revitalization efforts, 2012 was dubbed "The Year of Downtown." Projects worth hundreds of millions of dollars made their debut at this time, including the **Smith Center for the Performing Arts**, the **Discovery Children's Museum**, the **Mob Museum**, the **Neon Museum**, a new **City Hall** complex, and renovations for a new **Zappos.com** corporate headquarters in the **old City Hall** building.[30][31]

Geography

[[edit](#)]



Astronaut photograph of Las Vegas at night



Downtown Las Vegas with **Red Rock Canyon** in the background

Las Vegas is the county seat of **Clark County**, in a **basin** on the floor of the **Mojave Desert**,[32] and is surrounded by mountain ranges. Much of the landscape is rocky and arid, with desert vegetation and wildlife. It can be subjected to torrential flash floods, although much has been done to mitigate the effects of flash floods through improved drainage systems.[33]

The city's elevation is approximately 2,030 ft (620 m) above sea level, though the surrounding peaks reach elevations of over 10,000 feet (3,000 m) and act as barriers to the strong flow of moisture from the surrounding area. According to the **United States Census Bureau**, the city has an area of 135.86 sq mi (351.9 km²), of which 135.81 sq mi (351.7 km²) is land and 0.05 sq mi (0.13 km²) (0.03%) is water.

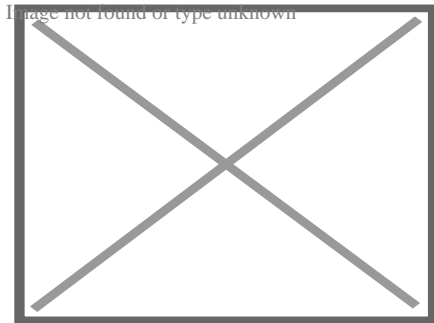
After Alaska and California, Nevada is the third most seismically active state in the U.S. It has been estimated by the United States Geological Survey (USGS) that over the next 50 years,

there is a 10–20% chance of an M6.0 or greater earthquake occurring within 50 km (31 mi) of Las Vegas.[34]

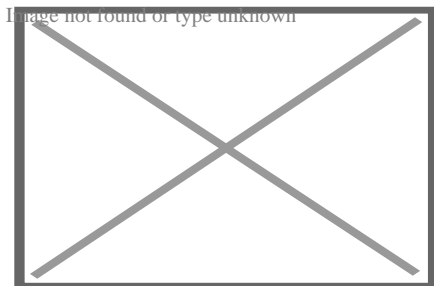
Within the city are many lawns, trees, and other greenery. Due to water resource issues, there has been a movement to encourage **xeriscapes**. Another part of conservation efforts is scheduled watering days for residential landscaping. A **U.S. Environmental Protection Agency** grant in 2008 funded a program that analyzed and forecast growth and environmental effects through 2019.[35]

Climate

[edit]



Desert scene at the **Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area** in the Las Vegas area



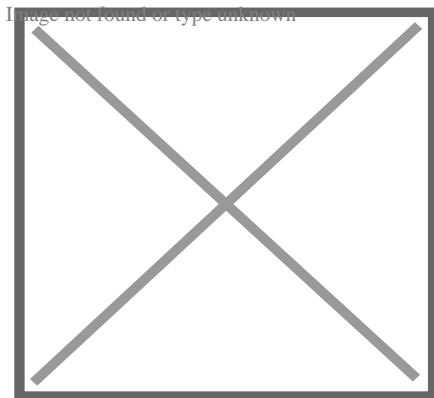
Spring flowers at the **Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area** in the Las Vegas area

Las Vegas has a **subtropical hot desert climate** (Köppen climate classification: *BWh*, **Trewartha climate classification** *BWhk*), typical of the **Mojave Desert** in which it lies. This climate is typified by long, extremely hot summers; warm transitional seasons; and short winters with mild days and cool nights. There is abundant sunshine throughout the year, with an average of 310 sunny days and bright sunshine during 86% of all daylight hours.[36][37] Rainfall is scarce, with an average of 4.2 in (110 mm) dispersed between roughly 26 total rainy days per year.[38] Las Vegas is among the sunniest, driest, and least humid locations in North America, with exceptionally low dew points and humidity that sometimes remains below 10%.[39]

The summer months of June through September are extremely hot, though moderated by the low humidity levels. July is the hottest month, with an average daytime high of 104.5 °F (40.3 °C). On average, 137 days per year reach or exceed 90 °F (32 °C), of which 78 days reach 100 °F (38 °C) and 10 days reach 110 °F (43 °C). During the peak intensity of summer, overnight lows frequently remain above 80 °F (27 °C), and occasionally above 85 °F (29 °C).^[36]

While most summer days are consistently hot, dry, and cloudless, the **North American Monsoon** sporadically interrupts this pattern and brings more cloud cover, thunderstorms, lightning, increased humidity, and brief spells of heavy rain. Potential monsoons affect Las Vegas between July and August. Summer in Las Vegas is marked by significant **diurnal temperature variation**. While less extreme than other parts of the state, nighttime lows in Las Vegas are often 30 °F (16.7 °C) or more lower than daytime highs.^[40] The average hottest night of the year is 90 °F (32 °C). The all-time record is at 95 °F (35 °C).^[36]

Las Vegas winters are relatively short, with typically mild daytime temperatures and chilly nights. Sunshine is abundant in all seasons. December is both the year's coolest and cloudiest month, with an average daytime high of 56.9 °F (13.8 °C) and sunshine occurring during 78% of its daylight hours. Winter evenings are defined by clear skies and swift drops in temperature after sunset, with overnight minima averaging around 40 °F (4.4 °C) in December and January. Owing to its elevation that ranges from 2,000 to 3,000 feet (610 to 910 m), Las Vegas experiences markedly cooler winters than other areas of the **Mojave Desert** and the adjacent **Sonoran Desert** that are closer to sea level. The city records freezing temperatures an average of 10 nights per winter. It is exceptionally rare for temperatures to reach or fall below 25 °F (-4 °C).^[36]



Climate chart for Las Vegas

Most of the annual precipitation falls during the winter. February, the wettest month, averages only four days of measurable rain. The mountains immediately surrounding the Las Vegas Valley accumulate snow every winter, but significant accumulation within the city is rare, although moderate accumulations occur every few years. The most recent accumulations occurred on February 18, 2019, when parts of the city received about 1 to 2 inches (2.5 to 5.1 cm) of snow^[41] and on February 20 when the city received almost 0.5 inches (1.3 cm).^[42] Other recent significant snow accumulations occurred on December 25, 2015, and December

17, 2008.[43] Unofficially, Las Vegas's largest snowfall on record was the 12 inches (30 cm) that fell in 1909.[44] In recent times, ice days have not occurred, although 29 °F (?2 °C) was measured in 1963.[36] On average the coldest day is 44 °F (7 °C).[36]

The highest temperature officially observed for Las Vegas is 120 °F (48.9 °C), as measured at **Harry Reid International Airport** on July 7, 2024.[36][45] The lowest temperature was 8 °F (?13 °C), recorded on two days: January 25, 1937, and January 13, 1963.[36] The official record hot daily minimum is 95 °F (35 °C) on July 19, 2005, and July 1, 2013. The official record cold daily maximum is 28 °F (?2 °C) on January 8 and 21, 1937.[36] July 2024 was the hottest month ever recorded in Las Vegas, with its highest recorded mean daily average temperature over the month of 99.9 °F (38 °C), its highest recorded mean daily maximum temperature of 111.5 °F (44 °C), and its highest recorded mean nightly minimum temperature of 88.3 °F (31 °C).[46]

Due to concerns about **climate change** in the wake of a 2002 drought, daily water consumption has been reduced from 314 US gallons (1,190 L) per resident in 2003 to around 205 US gallons (780 L) in 2015.[47]

Climate data for **Harry Reid International Airport (Paradise, Nevada)**, 1991–2020 normals,[b] extremes 1937–present

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Record high °F (°C)	77 (25)	87 (31)	92 (33)	99 (37)	109 (43)	117 (47)	120 (49)	116 (47)	114 (46)	104 (40)	87 (31)	78 (26)	120 (49)
Mean maximum °F (°C)	68.7 (20.4)	74.2 (23.4)	84.3 (29.1)	93.6 (34.2)	101.8 (38.8)	110.1 (43.4)	112.9 (44.9)	110.3 (43.5)	105.0 (40.6)	94.6 (34.8)	80.5 (26.9)	67.9 (19.9)	113.6 (45.3)
Mean daily maximum °F (°C)	58.5 (14.7)	62.9 (17.2)	71.1 (21.7)	78.5 (25.8)	88.5 (31.4)	99.4 (37.4)	104.5 (40.3)	102.8 (39.3)	94.9 (34.9)	81.2 (27.3)	67.1 (19.5)	56.9 (13.8)	80.5 (26.9)
Daily mean °F (°C)	49.5 (9.7)	53.5 (11.9)	60.8 (16.0)	67.7 (19.8)	77.3 (25.2)	87.6 (30.9)	93.2 (34.0)	91.7 (33.2)	83.6 (28.7)	70.4 (21.3)	57.2 (14.0)	48.2 (9.0)	70.1 (21.2)
Mean daily minimum °F (°C)	40.5 (4.7)	44.1 (6.7)	50.5 (10.3)	56.9 (13.8)	66.1 (18.9)	75.8 (24.3)	82.0 (27.8)	80.6 (27.0)	72.4 (22.4)	59.6 (15.3)	47.3 (8.5)	39.6 (4.2)	59.6 (15.3)
Mean minimum °F (°C)	29.8 (?1.2)	32.9 (0.5)	38.7 (3.7)	45.2 (7.3)	52.8 (11.6)	62.2 (16.8)	72.9 (22.7)	70.8 (21.6)	60.8 (16.0)	47.4 (8.6)	35.2 (1.8)	29.0 (?1.7)	27.4 (?2.6)
Record low °F (°C)	8 (?13)	16 (?9)	19 (?7)	31 (?1)	38 (3)	48 (9)	56 (13)	54 (12)	43 (6)	26 (?3)	15 (?9)	11 (?12)	8 (?13)
Average precipitation inches (mm)	0.56 (14)	0.80 (20)	0.42 (11)	0.20 (5.1)	0.07 (1.8)	0.04 (1.0)	0.38 (9.7)	0.32 (8.1)	0.32 (8.1)	0.32 (8.1)	0.30 (7.6)	0.45 (11)	4.18 (106)

Average snowfall inches (cm)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.2 (0.51)	0.2 (0.51)
Average precipitation days (? 0.01 in)	3.1	4.1	2.8	1.6	1.1	0.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.5	3.0	25.8
Average snowy days (? 0.1 in)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Average relative humidity (%)	45.1	39.6	33.1	25.0	21.3	16.5	21.1	25.6	25.0	28.8	37.2	45.0	30.3
Average dew point °F (°C)	22.1 (?5.5)	23.7 (?4.6)	23.9 (?4.5)	24.1 (?4.4)	28.2 (?2.1)	30.9 (?0.6)	40.6 (4.8)	44.1 (6.7)	37.0 (2.8)	30.4 (?0.9)	25.3 (?3.7)	22.3 (?5.4)	29.4 (?1.5)
Mean monthly sunshine hours	245.2	246.7	314.6	346.1	388.1	401.7	390.9	368.5	337.1	304.4	246.0	236.0	3,825.3
Percentage possible sunshine	79	81	85	88	89	92	88	88	91	87	80	78	86

Source: NOAA (relative humidity, dew point and sun 1961–1990)[\[36\]](#)[\[38\]](#)[\[37\]](#)

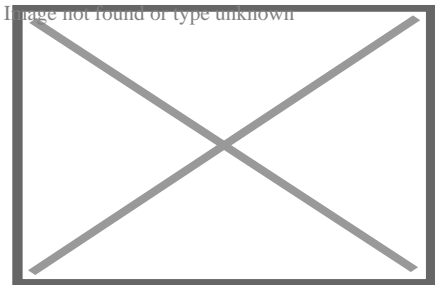


Graphs are unavailable due to technical issues. Updates on reimplementing the Graph extension, which will be known as the Chart extension, can be found on [Phabricator](#) and on [MediaWiki.org](#).

See or edit [raw graph data](#).

Nearby communities

[\[edit\]](#)



The entrance to the community of **Summerlin**

- **Boulder City**, incorporated
- **Enterprise**, unincorporated
- **Henderson**, incorporated
- **Lone Mountain**, unincorporated
- **North Las Vegas**, incorporated
- **Paradise**, unincorporated
- **Spring Valley**, unincorporated
- **Summerlin South**, unincorporated
- **Sunrise Manor**, unincorporated
- **Whitney**, unincorporated
- **Winchester**, unincorporated

Neighborhoods

[**edit**]

- **Downtown**
- **The Lakes**
- **Summerlin**
- **West Las Vegas**

Demographics

[**edit**]

Historical population

Census	Pop.	Note	%±
1900	25		—
1910	800		3,100.0%
1920	2,304		188.0%
1930	5,165		124.2%
1940	8,422		63.1%
1950	24,624		192.4%
1960	64,405		161.6%
1970	125,787		95.3%
1980	164,674		30.9%
1990	258,295		56.9%
2000	478,434		85.2%
2010	583,756		22.0%

2020 641,903 10.0%
2022 (est.) 656,274 2.2%
 source:[48][49]
 2010–2010[9]

Las Vegas, Nevada – Racial and ethnic composition

Note: the US Census treats Hispanic/Latino as an ethnic category. This table excludes Latinos from the racial categories and assigns them to a separate category. Hispanics/Latinos may be of any race.

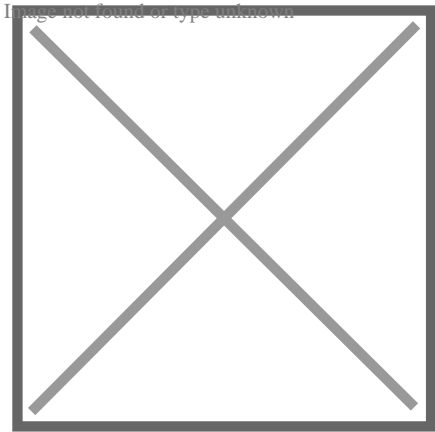
Race / Ethnicity (<i>NH</i> = <i>Non-Hispanic</i>)	Pop 2000[50]	Pop 2010[51]	Pop 2020[52]	% 2000	% 2010	% 2020
White alone (NH)	277,704	279,703	259,561	58.04%	47.91%	40.44%
Black or African American alone (NH)	48,380	62,008	79,129	10.11%	10.62%	12.33%
Native American or Alaska Native alone (NH)	2,405	2,391	2,291	0.50%	0.41%	0.36%
Asian alone (NH)	22,411	34,606	44,995	4.68%	5.93%	7.01%
Pacific Islander alone (NH)	1,935	3,103	4,204	0.40%	0.53%	0.65%
Other race alone (NH)	650	1,101	3,855	0.14%	0.19%	0.60%
Mixed race or Multiracial (NH)	11,987	16,985	34,040	2.51%	2.91%	5.30%
Hispanic or Latino (any race)	112,962	183,859	213,828	23.61%	31.50%	33.31%
Total	474,434	583,756	641,903	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

2020 census

[edit]

According to the **2020 United States census**, the city of Las Vegas had 644,883 people living in 244,429 **households**. The racial composition of the City of Las Vegas was 49.2% **white**, 11.9% **black**, 1.1% **American Indian** or **Alaska Native**, 6.9% Asian, **Hispanic or Latino** residents of any race were 34.1% and 16.2% from **two or more races**. 40.8% were **non-Hispanic white**.^[53]

Approximately 5.8% of residents are under the age of five, 22.8% under the age of eighteen and 15.6% over 65 years old. Females are 50.0% of the total population.^[53]



Map of racial distribution in Las Vegas, 2010 U.S. Census. Each dot is 25 people:

White

Black

Asian

Hispanic

Other

From 2019 to 2023, Las Vegas had approximately 244,429 **households**, with an average of 2.63 persons per household. About 55.7% of housing units were owner-occupied, and the median value of owner-occupied housing was \$395,300. Median gross rent during this period was \$1,456 per month (in 2023 dollars).[53]

The median **household income** in Las Vegas from 2019 to 2023 was \$70,723, while the **per capita** income was \$38,421 (in 2023 dollars). Approximately 14.2% of the population lived below the poverty line during the same period.[53]

Residents over 25 years old with a **high school diploma** were 85.8% of the population with 27.3% having attained a **bachelor's degree or higher**. [53]

About 33.0% of residents aged 5 and older speak a language other than English at home. 20.9% of residents are foreign-born.[53]

The mean travel time to work for residents aged 16 and older was approximately 25.8 minutes between 2019 and 2023. The vast majority of households in Las Vegas are **digitally connected**, with 95.6% having a computer and 89.1% subscribing to **broadband internet** services .

According to demographer **William H. Frey** using data from the **2010 United States census**, Las Vegas has the second-lowest level of black-white **segregation** of any of the 100 largest U.S. metropolitan areas after **Tucson, Arizona**. [54]

According to the Las Vegas Asian Chamber of Commerce, **Filipinos** make up the largest ethnic population within Vegas. at 20% of the city's population. [55] Native Hawaiians are also a major demographic in the city, with some Hawaiians and Las Vegas residents calling the city the "ninth island of **Hawaii**" due to the major influx of Hawaiians to Vegas. [56]

According to a 2004 study, Las Vegas has one of the highest divorce rates. [57][58] The city's high divorce rate is not wholly due to Las Vegasans themselves getting divorced. Compared to other states, Nevada's nonrestrictive requirements for divorce result in many couples temporarily moving to Las Vegas in order to get divorced. [59] Similarly, Nevada marriage

requirements are equally lax resulting in one of the highest marriage rates of U.S. cities, with many licenses issued to people from outside the area (see [Las Vegas weddings](#)).^[59]

2010 census

[\[edit\]](#)

According to the [2010 Census](#), the city of Las Vegas had a population of 583,756. The city's racial composition had shifted slightly, with 47.91% of the population identifying as White alone (non-Hispanic), 10.63% as Black or African American alone (non-Hispanic), 0.41% as Native American or Alaska Native alone (non-Hispanic), 5.93% as Asian alone (non-Hispanic), 0.53% as Pacific Islander alone (non-Hispanic), 0.19% as Other Race alone (non-Hispanic), and 2.91% as Mixed race or Multiracial (non-Hispanic). Hispanic or Latino individuals of any race represented 31.50% of the population.^[51]

2000 census

[\[edit\]](#)

According to the [2000 census](#), Las Vegas had a population of 474,434 people. The racial makeup of the city was 58.52% White alone (non-Hispanic), 10.19% Black or African American alone (non-Hispanic), 0.51% Native American or Alaska Native alone (non-Hispanic), 4.72% Asian alone (non-Hispanic), 0.41% Pacific Islander alone (non-Hispanic), 0.14% Other Race alone (non-Hispanic), and 2.52% Mixed race or Multiracial (non-Hispanic). Hispanic or Latino individuals of any race made up 23.81% of the population.^[50]

Historical racial profile	2020 ^[60]	2010 ^[61]	2000 ^[62]	1990 ^[63]	1970 ^[63]
White	46.0%	62.1%	69.9%	78.4%	87.6%
—Non-Hispanic Whites	40.4%	47.9%	58.0%	72.1%	83.1% ^[c]
Black or African American	12.9%	11.1%	10.4%	11.4%	11.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	33.3%	31.5%	23.6%	12.5%	4.6% ^[c]
Asian	7.2%	6.1%	4.8%	3.6%	0.7%

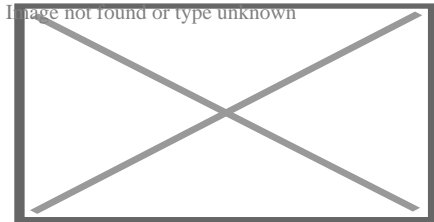
Economy

[\[edit\]](#)

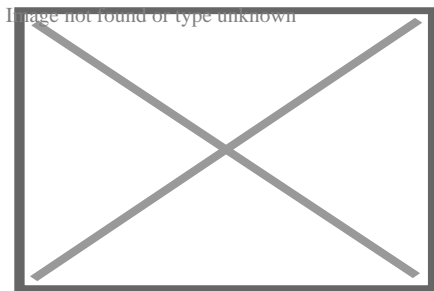
The primary drivers of the Las Vegas economy are tourism, [gaming](#), and conventions, which in turn feed the retail and restaurant industries.

Tourism

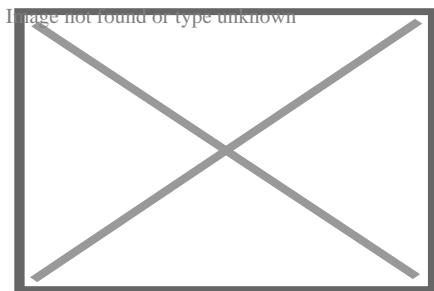
[[edit](#)]



The [Golden Nugget Las Vegas](#)



The [Las Vegas Strip](#), primarily located in [Paradise](#)



A view of the [Las Vegas Valley](#) looking north from the [Stratosphere Tower](#)

The major attractions in Las Vegas are the casinos and the hotels, although in recent years other new attractions have begun to emerge.

Most casinos in the downtown area are on [Fremont Street](#), with [The STRAT Hotel, Casino & Skypod](#) as one of the few exceptions. [Fremont East](#), adjacent to the Fremont Street Experience, was granted variances to allow bars to be closer together, similar to the [Gaslamp Quarter](#) of San Diego, the goal being to attract a different demographic than the Strip attracts.

Downtown casinos

[[edit](#)]

Main article: [Downtown \(Nevada gaming area\)](#)

The **Golden Gate Hotel and Casino**, downtown along the Fremont Street Experience, is the oldest continuously operating hotel and casino in Las Vegas; it opened in 1906 as the Hotel Nevada.

In 1931, the **Northern Club** (now the **La Bayou**) opened.^{[64][65]} The most notable of the early casinos may have been **Binion's Horseshoe** (now **Binion's Gambling Hall and Hotel**) while it was run by **Benny Binion**.

Boyd Gaming has a major presence downtown operating the **California Hotel & Casino**, the **Fremont Hotel & Casino**, and the **Main Street Casino**. The **Four Queens** also operates downtown along the Fremont Street Experience.

Downtown casinos that have undergone major renovations and revitalization in recent years include the **Golden Nugget Las Vegas**, **The D Las Vegas** (formerly Fitzgerald's), the **Downtown Grand Las Vegas** (formerly Lady Luck), the **El Cortez Hotel & Casino**, and the **Plaza Hotel & Casino**.^[66]

In 2020, **Circa Resort & Casino** opened, becoming the first all-new hotel-casino to be built on Fremont Street since 1980.^[67]

Las Vegas Strip

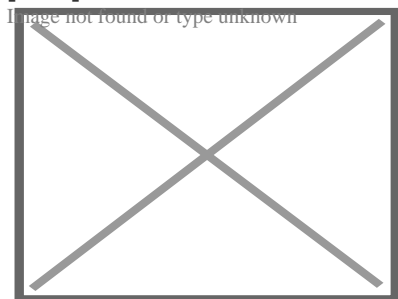
^[edit]

Main article: **Las Vegas Strip**

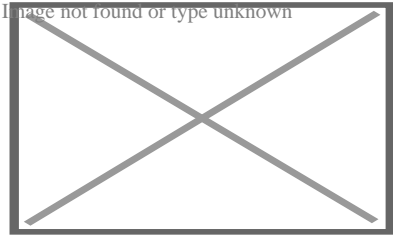
The center of the gambling and entertainment industry is the **Las Vegas Strip**, outside the city limits in the surrounding unincorporated communities of **Paradise** and **Winchester** in Clark County. Some of the largest casinos and buildings are there.^[68]

Welcome signs

^[edit]



The original Welcome to Fabulous Las Vegas sign



Gateway Arches

In 1929, the city installed a welcome arch over [Fremont Street](#), at the corner of Main Street.^{[69][70][71]} It remained in place until 1931.^{[72][73]}

In 1959, the 25-foot-tall (7.6 m) [Welcome to Fabulous Las Vegas sign](#) was installed at the south end of the [Las Vegas Strip](#). A replica welcome sign, standing nearly 16 feet (4.9 m) tall, was installed within city limits in 2002, at [Las Vegas Boulevard](#) and Fourth Street.^{[74][75][76]} The replica was destroyed in 2016, when a pickup truck crashed into it.^[77]

In 2018, the city approved plans for a new gateway landmark in the form of neon arches. It was built within city limits, in front of the [Strat](#) resort and north of [Sahara Avenue](#).^[78] The project, built by [YESCO](#), cost \$6.5 million and stands 80 feet (24 m) high.^[79] Officially known as the Gateway Arches, the project was completed in 2020. The steel arches are blue during the day, and light up in a variety of colors at night.^[80]

Also located just north of the Strat are a pair of giant neon showgirls, initially added in 2018 as part of a \$400,000 welcome display. The original showgirls were 25 feet (7.6 m) tall, but were replaced by new ones in 2022, rising 50 feet (15 m).^{[81][82]} The originals were refurbished following weather damage and installed at the [Las Vegas Arts District](#).^{[82][83]}

Development

^{[[edit](#)]}

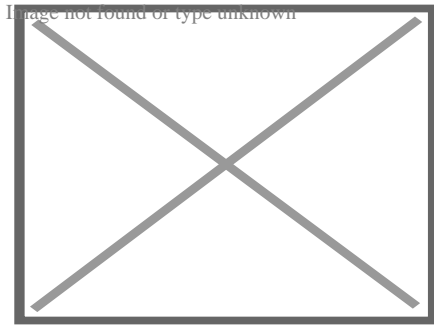
See also: [List of tallest buildings in Las Vegas](#)

When [The Mirage](#) opened in 1989, it started a trend of major resort development on the Las Vegas Strip outside of the city. This resulted in a drop in tourism in the downtown area, but many recent projects have increased the number of visitors to downtown.

An effort has been made by city officials to diversify the economy by attracting health-related, high-tech and other commercial interests. No state tax for individuals or corporations, as well as a lack of other forms of business-related taxes, have aided the success of these efforts.^[84]

The Fremont Street Experience was built in an effort to draw tourists back to the area and has been popular since its startup in 1995.

The city conducted a land-swap deal in 2000 with [Lehman Brothers](#), acquiring 61 acres (25 ha) of property near downtown Las Vegas in exchange for 91 acres (37 ha) of the Las Vegas Technology Center.^[85] In 2004, Las Vegas Mayor [Oscar Goodman](#) announced that the area would become home to [Symphony Park](#) (originally called "Union Park"^[86]), a mixed-use development. The development is home to the [Cleveland Clinic Lou Ruvo Center for Brain Health](#), [The Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#), the [Discovery Children's Museum](#), the Las Vegas [Chamber of Commerce](#), and four residential projects totaling 600 residential units as of 2024.^[87]



[World Market Center Building A](#)

In 2005, the [World Market Center](#) opened, consisting of three large buildings taking up 5,400,000 square feet (500,000 m²). Trade shows for the furniture and furnishing industries are held there semiannually.^[88]

Also nearby is the Las Vegas North Premium Outlets. With a second expansion, completed in May 2015, the mall currently offers 175 stores.^[89]

City offices moved to a new [Las Vegas City Hall](#) in February 2013 on downtown's Main Street. The former city hall building is now occupied by the corporate headquarters for the online retailer [Zappos.com](#), which opened downtown in 2013. Zappos CEO [Tony Hsieh](#) took an interest in the urban area and contributed \$350 million toward a revitalization effort called the Downtown Project.^{[90][91]} Projects funded include Las Vegas's first independent bookstore, [The Writer's Block](#).^[92]

Other industries

[\[edit\]](#)

A number of new industries have moved to Las Vegas in recent decades. [Zappos.com](#) (now an [Amazon](#) subsidiary) was founded in San Francisco but by 2013 had moved its headquarters to downtown Las Vegas. [Allegiant Air](#), a low-cost air carrier, launched in 1997 with its first hub at [Harry Reid International Airport](#) and headquarters in nearby Summerlin.

Planet 13 Holdings, a cannabis company, opened the world's largest **cannabis dispensary** in Las Vegas at 112,000 sq ft (10,400 m²).^{[93][94]}

Effects of growth on water supply

^[edit]

A growing population means the Las Vegas Valley used 1.2 billion US gal (4.5 billion L) more water in 2014 than in 2011. Although water conservation efforts implemented in the wake of a 2002 drought have had some success, local **water consumption** remains 30 percent greater than in Los Angeles, and over three times that of San Francisco metropolitan area residents. The **Southern Nevada Water Authority** is building a \$1.4 billion tunnel and pumping station to bring water from **Lake Mead**, has purchased water rights throughout Nevada, and has planned a controversial \$3.2 billion **pipeline** across half the state. By law, the Las Vegas Water Service District "may deny any request for a water commitment or request for a water connection if the District has an inadequate supply of water." But limiting growth on the basis of an inadequate water supply has been unpopular with the casino and building industries.^[47]

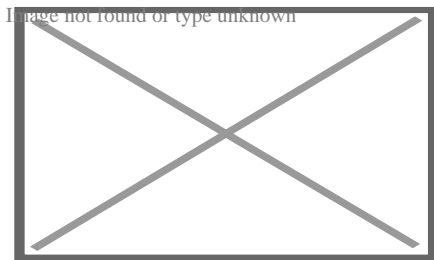
Culture

^[edit]

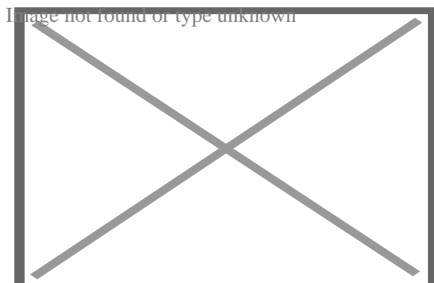
Main article: **Las Vegas Valley § Culture and the arts**

See also: **List of Las Vegas landmarks**

"Las Vegas culture" redirects here. For the ancient Ecuadorian civilization, see **Las Vegas culture (archaeology)**.



The **Smith Center for the Performing Arts** & Discovery Museum



Symphony Park in **Downtown Las Vegas**

The city is home to several museums, including the [Neon Museum](#) (the location for many of the historical signs from Las Vegas's mid-20th century heyday), The [Mob Museum](#), the [Las Vegas Natural History Museum](#), the Discovery Children's Museum, the Nevada State Museum and the Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park.

The city is home to an extensive [Downtown Arts District](#), which hosts numerous galleries and events including the annual Las Vegas Film Festival. "First Friday" is a monthly celebration that includes arts, music, special presentations and food in a section of the city's downtown region called 18b, The Las Vegas Arts District.^[95] The festival extends into the Fremont East Entertainment District.^[96] The Thursday evening before First Friday is known in the arts district as "Preview Thursday," which highlights new gallery exhibitions throughout the district.^[97]

The [Las Vegas Academy of International Studies, Performing and Visual Arts](#) is a Grammy award-winning [magnet school](#) located in [downtown Las Vegas](#). The [Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#) is downtown in [Symphony Park](#) and hosts various Broadway shows and other artistic performances.

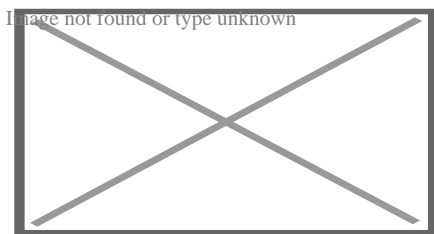
Las Vegas has earned the moniker "Gambling Capital of the World," as it has the world's most land-based casinos.^[98] The city is also host to more [AAA Five Diamond](#) hotels than any other city in the world.^[99]

Sports

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [Sports in the Las Vegas metropolitan area](#)

See also: [Nevada § Sports](#)



[Allegiant Stadium](#) is the home of the [Las Vegas Raiders NFL](#) football team.

The Las Vegas Valley is the home of three [major professional](#) teams: the [National Hockey League](#) (NHL)'s [Vegas Golden Knights](#), an [expansion team](#) that began play in the [2017–18 NHL season](#) at [T-Mobile Arena](#) in nearby [Paradise](#),^[100] the [National Football League](#) (NFL)'s [Las Vegas Raiders](#), who [relocated](#) from [Oakland, California](#), in 2020 and play at [Allegiant Stadium](#) in [Paradise](#),^[101] and the [Women's National Basketball Association](#) (WNBA)'s [Las Vegas Aces](#), who play at the [Mandalay Bay Events Center](#). The [Oakland Athletics](#) of [Major League Baseball](#) (MLB) will [move to Las Vegas](#) by 2028.^{[102][103]}

Two minor league sports teams play in the Las Vegas area. The [Las Vegas Aviators](#) of the [Pacific Coast League](#), the [Triple-A](#) farm club of the Athletics, play at [Las Vegas Ballpark](#) in

nearby Summerlin.^[104] The Las Vegas Lights FC of the United Soccer League play in Cashman Field in Downtown Las Vegas.^{[105][106]}

The mixed martial arts promotion, Ultimate Fighting Championship (UFC), is headquartered in Las Vegas and also frequently holds fights in the city at T-Mobile Arena and at the UFC Apex training facility near the headquarters.^[107]

List of teams

[\[edit\]](#)

Major professional teams

[\[edit\]](#)

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established	Titles
Las Vegas Raiders	Football	NFL	Allegiant Stadium (65,000)	2020	3 ^[d]
Vegas Golden Knights	Ice hockey	NHL	T-Mobile Arena (17,500)	2017	1
Las Vegas Aces	Women's basketball	WNBA	Michelob Ultra Arena (12,000)	2018	2

Minor professional teams

[\[edit\]](#)

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established	Titles
Las Vegas Aviators	Baseball	MiLB (AAA-PCL)	Las Vegas Ballpark (10,000)	1983	2
Henderson Silver Knights	Ice hockey	AHL	Lee's Family Forum (5,567)	2020	0
Las Vegas Lights FC	Soccer	USLC	Cashman Field (9,334)	2018	0
Vegas Knight Hawks	Indoor football	IFL	Lee's Family Forum (6,019)		0
Las Vegas Desert Dogs	Box lacrosse	NLL	Lee's Family Forum (5,567)	2021	0

Semi-pro and amateur teams

[\[edit\]](#)

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established	Titles
------	-------	--------	------------------	-------------	--------

Las Vegas Dream	Basketball	ABA		2023	
Las Vegas Royals				2020	
Vegas Jesters				2012	0
Las Vegas Thunderbirds	Ice hockey	MWHL	City National Arena (600)	2019	0
		USPHL			
Las Vegas Legends	Soccer	NPSL	Peter Johann Memorial Field (2,500)	2021	0
Vegas NVaders	Women's football	WFA - D2	Desert Pines High School (N/A)	2023	0

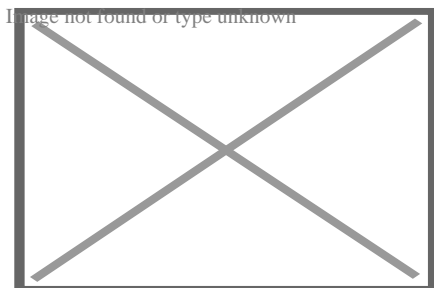
College teams

[[edit](#)]

School	Team	League	Division	Primary Conference
University of Nevada, Las Vegas (UNLV)	UNLV Rebels	NCAA	NCAA Division I	Mountain West
College of Southern Nevada (CSN)	CSN Coyotes	NJCAA	NJCAA Division I	Scenic West

Parks and recreation

[[edit](#)]



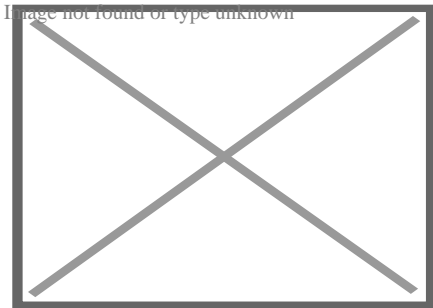
Spanish Trail Country Club, a 27-hole golf course

The city's parks and recreation department operates 78 regional, community, neighborhood, and pocket parks; four municipal swimming pools, 11 recreational centers, four active adult centers, eight cultural centers, six galleries, eleven dog parks, and four golf courses: Angel Park Golf Club, Desert Pines Golf Club, Durango Hills Golf Club, and the Las Vegas Municipal Golf Course.^[108]

It is also responsible for 123 playgrounds, 23 softball fields, 10 football fields, 44 soccer fields, 10 dog parks, six community centers, four senior centers, 109 skate parks, and six swimming pools.^[109]

Government

[edit]



Las Vegas City Hall in downtown Las Vegas

The city of Las Vegas has a **council–manager government**.^[110] The mayor sits as a council member-at-large and presides over all **city council** meetings.^[110] If the mayor cannot preside over a city council meeting, then the Mayor **pro tempore** is the **presiding officer** of the meeting until the Mayor returns to his/her seat.^[111] The city manager is responsible for the administration and the day-to-day operations of all **municipal services** and city departments.^[112] The city manager maintains intergovernmental relationships with federal, state, county and other local governments.^[112]

Out of the 2,265,461 people in Clark County as of the 2020 Census, approximately 1,030,000 people live in **unincorporated Clark County**, and around 650,000 live in incorporated cities such as **North Las Vegas**, **Henderson** and **Boulder City**.^[113] Las Vegas and Clark County share a police department, the **Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department**, which was formed after a 1973 merger of the **Las Vegas Police Department** and the **Clark County Sheriff's Department**.^[114] North Las Vegas, Henderson, Boulder City, Mesquite, UNLV and CCSD have their own police departments.^[115]

The **federally-recognized Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute Indians** (**Southern Paiute**: Nuvagantucimi) occupies a 31-acre (130,000 m²) **reservation** just north downtown between **Interstate-15** and Main Street.^{[116][117][118]}

Downtown is the location of **Lloyd D. George Federal District Courthouse**^[119] and the Regional Justice Center,^[120] draws numerous companies providing bail, marriage, divorce, tax, **incorporation** and other legal services.

City council

[edit]

Name	Position	Party	References	Notes
Shelley Berkley	Mayor	Democratic	^[121]	

Brian Knudsen	1st Ward Council member	Democratic	[122][123]	Mayor Pro Tem
Victoria Seaman	2nd Ward Council member	Republican	[124][123]	
Olivia Diaz	3rd Ward Council member	Democratic	[125][123]	
Francis Allen-Palenske	4th Ward Council member	Republican		
Shondra Summers-Armstrong	5th Ward Council member	Democratic	[126]	
Nancy Brune	6th Ward Council member	Democratic		

Education

[edit]
Main article: Las Vegas Valley § Education

Primary and secondary schools

[edit]
Main article: Clark County School District

Primary and secondary public education is provided by the Clark County School District.[127]

Public higher education

[edit]
Public higher education is provided by the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE). Public institutions serving Las Vegas include the University of Nevada, Las Vegas (UNLV), the College of Southern Nevada (CSN), Nevada State University (NSU), and the Desert Research Institute (DRI).[128]

UNLV is a public, land-grant, R1 research university and is home to the Kirk Kerkorian School of Medicine[129] and the William S. Boyd School of Law, the only law school in Nevada.[130] The university's campus is urban and located about two miles east of the Las Vegas strip. The Desert Research Institute's southern campus sits next to UNLV, while its northern campus is in Reno.[131]

CSN, with campuses throughout Clark County,[132] is a **community college** with one of the largest enrollments in the United States.[133] In unincorporated Clark County, CSN's Charleston campus is home to the headquarters of **Nevada Public Radio** (KNPR), an **NPR** member station.[134][135]

Private higher education

[[edit](#)]

Touro University Nevada located in **Henderson** is a non-profit, private institution primarily focusing on medical education.[136] Other institutions include a number of **for-profit** private schools (e.g., **Le Cordon Bleu College of Culinary Arts**, **DeVry University**, among others).[137]

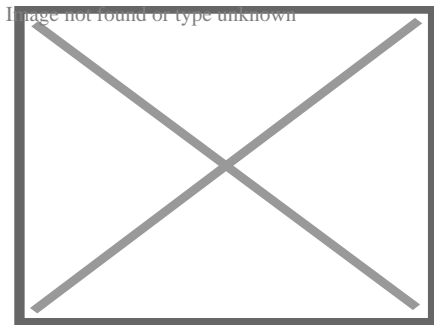
Media

[[edit](#)]

Main article: **Media in Las Vegas**

Newspapers

[[edit](#)]



Las Vegas *Review-Journal* sign

- **Las Vegas Review-Journal**, the area's largest daily newspaper, is published every morning. It was formed in 1909 but has roots back to 1905. It is the largest newspaper in Nevada and is ranked as one of the top 25 newspapers in the United States by circulation. In 2000, the *Review-Journal* installed the largest newspaper printing press in the world. It cost \$40 million, weighs 910 tons and consists of 16 towers.[138] Until his death in January 2021, the newspaper was owned by casino magnate **Sheldon Adelson**, who purchased it for \$140 million in December 2015. In 2018, the *Review-Journal* received the **Sigma Delta Chi Award** from the **Society of Professional Journalists** for reporting the **Oct 1**

mass shooting on the Las Vegas Strip. In 2018 and 2022, *Editor and Publisher* magazine named the *Review-Journal* as one of 10 newspapers in the United States "doing it right." [139][140]

- *Las Vegas Sun*, based in neighboring Henderson, is a daily newspaper. Although independently published, the print edition is distributed as a section inside the *Review-Journal*. The *Sun* is owned by the Greenspun family and is part of the Greenspun Media Group. It was founded independently in 1950 and in 1989 entered into a Joint Operating Agreement with the *Review-Journal*, which runs through 2040. The *Sun* has been described as "politically liberal." [141] In 2009, the *Sun* was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Public Service for coverage of the high death rate of construction workers on the Las Vegas Strip amid lax enforcement of regulations. [142][143]
- *Las Vegas Weekly*, based in neighboring Henderson, is a free alternative weekly newspaper. It covers Las Vegas arts, entertainment, culture and news. *Las Vegas Weekly* was founded in 1992 and is published by the Greenspun Media Group.

Broadcast

[edit]

Las Vegas is served by 10 full power television stations and 46 radio stations. The area is also served by two NOAA Weather Radio transmitters (162.55 MHz located in Boulder City and 162.40 MHz located on Potosi Mountain).

- Radio stations in Las Vegas
- Television stations in Las Vegas

Magazines

[edit]

- *Desert Companion*
- *Las Vegas Weekly*
- *Luxury Las Vegas*

Transportation

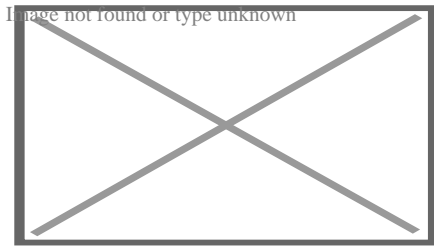
[edit]

Main article: [Transportation in Las Vegas](#)

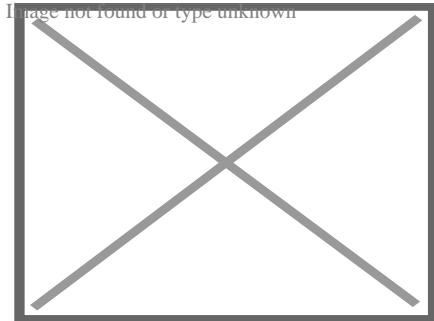
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Regional Transportation Commission (RTC) provides public bus transportation.



Harry Reid International Airport provides private and public aviation services to the city.



Inside Terminal 3 at Harry Reid International Airport in Paradise

RTC Transit is a public transportation system providing bus service throughout Las Vegas, Henderson, North Las Vegas and other areas of the valley. Inter-city bus service to and from Las Vegas is provided by **Greyhound**, **BoltBus**, **Orange Belt Stages**, **Tufesa**, and several smaller carriers.[144]

Amtrak trains have not served Las Vegas since the service via the **Desert Wind** at **Las Vegas station** ceased in 1997, but **Amtrak California** operates **Amtrak Thruway** dedicated service between the city and its passenger rail stations in **Bakersfield, California**, as well as **Los Angeles Union Station** via **Barstow**. [145]

High-speed rail project **Brightline West** began construction in 2024 to connect Brightline's **Las Vegas station** and the **Rancho Cucamonga station** in **Greater Los Angeles**. [146]

The **Las Vegas Monorail** on the Strip was privately built, and upon bankruptcy taken over by the **Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority**. [147]

Silver Rider Transit operates three routes within Las Vegas, offering connections to Laughlin, [148] Mesquite, [149] and Sandy Valley. [150]

The **Union Pacific Railroad** is the only **Class I railroad** providing rail freight service to the city. Until 1997, the Amtrak **Desert Wind** train service ran through Las Vegas using the Union Pacific Railroad tracks.

In March 2010, the RTC launched **bus rapid transit** link in Las Vegas called the **Strip & Downtown Express** with limited stops and frequent service that connects downtown Las Vegas,

the Strip and the Las Vegas Convention Center. Shortly after the launch, the RTC dropped the ACE name.[151]

In 2016, 77.1 percent of working Las Vegas residents (those living in the city, but not necessarily working in the city) commuted by driving alone. About 11 percent commuted via carpool, 3.9 percent used public transportation, and 1.4 percent walked. About 2.3 percent of Las Vegas commuters used all other forms of transportation, including taxi, bicycle, and motorcycle. About 4.3% of working Las Vegas residents worked at home.[152] In 2015, 10.2 percent of city of Las Vegas households were without a car, which increased slightly to 10.5 percent in 2016. The national average was 8.7 percent in 2016. Las Vegas averaged 1.63 cars per household in 2016, compared to a national average of 1.8 per household.





With some exceptions, including Las Vegas Boulevard, Boulder Highway (SR 582) and Rancho Drive (SR 599), the majority of surface streets in Las Vegas are laid out in a grid along Public Land Survey System section lines. Many are maintained by the Nevada Department of Transportation as state highways. The street numbering system is divided by the following streets:

- Westcliff Drive, US 95 Expressway, Fremont Street and Charleston Boulevard divide the north–south block numbers from west to east.
- Las Vegas Boulevard divides the east–west streets from the Las Vegas Strip to near the Stratosphere, then Main Street becomes the dividing line from the Stratosphere to the North Las Vegas border, after which the Goldfield Street alignment divides east and west.
- On the east side of Las Vegas, block numbers between Charleston Boulevard and Washington Avenue are different along Nellis Boulevard, which is the eastern border of the city limits.







Interstates 15, 11, and US 95 lead out of the city in four directions. Two major freeways – Interstate 15 and Interstate 11/U.S. Route 95 – cross in downtown Las Vegas. I-15 connects Las Vegas to Los Angeles, and heads northeast to and beyond Salt Lake City. I-11 goes northwest to the Las Vegas Paiute Indian Reservation and southeast to Henderson and to the Mike O'Callaghan–Pat Tillman Memorial Bridge, where from this point I-11 will eventually continue along US 93 towards Phoenix, Arizona. US 95 (and eventually I-11) connects the city to northwestern Nevada, including Carson City and Reno. US 93 splits from I-15 northeast of Las Vegas and goes north through the eastern part of the state, serving Ely and Wells. US 95 heads south from US 93 near Henderson through far eastern California. A partial beltway has been built, consisting of Interstate 215 on the south and Clark County 215 on the west and north. Other radial routes include Blue Diamond Road (SR 160) to Pahrump and Lake Mead Boulevard (SR 147) to Lake Mead.

East–west roads, north to south[153]

- Ann Road
-  Craig Road (SR 573)

-  **Cheyenne Avenue** (SR 574)
- **Smoke Ranch Road**
-  **Washington Avenue** (SR 578)
-  **Summerlin Parkway** (SR 613)
-  **Bonanza Road** (SR 579)
-  **Charleston Boulevard** (SR 159)
-  **Sahara Avenue** (SR 589)

North–south roads, west to east

- **Fort Apache Road**
- **Durango Drive**
- **Buffalo Drive**
-  **Rainbow Boulevard** (SR 595)
-  **Jones Boulevard** (SR 596)
- **Decatur Boulevard**
- **Valley View Boulevard**
-  **Rancho Drive**
- **Maryland Parkway**
-  **Eastern Avenue** (SR 607)
- **Pecos Road**
-  **Lamb Boulevard** (SR 610)
-  **Nellis Boulevard** (SR 612)

Harry Reid International Airport handles international and domestic flights into the Las Vegas Valley. The airport also serves private aircraft and freight/cargo flights. Most general aviation traffic uses the smaller **North Las Vegas Airport** and **Henderson Executive Airport**.

Notable people

[[edit](#)]

Main article: **List of people from Las Vegas**

See also

[[edit](#)]

- **2017 Las Vegas shooting**
- **List of films set in Las Vegas**
- **List of films shot in Las Vegas**
- **List of Las Vegas casinos that never opened**
- **List of mayors of Las Vegas**

- List of television shows set in Las Vegas
- Radio stations in Las Vegas
- Television stations in Las Vegas

Notes

[edit]

1. ^

- American English: /l

ÆfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä°ÄfÆ'Ä,ÄcÄfÄcÄcâ,-Ä;Ä,Ä-Äfâ€¹Ä...â€œÄfÆ'Ätâ€™Ä
 s ÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä¹ÄfÆ'Äcâ,-Ä¹ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Äv
 eÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä°ÄfÆ'Äcâ,-Ä;Äfâ€šÄ,Äª
 ÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä°ÄfÆ'Äcâ,-Ä;Äfâ€šÄ,Ä;Ä
 ÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä°ÄfÆ'Ä,ÄcÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä...Ä¾Äfâ€šÄ,Ä\$/ lahss
 VAY-gÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä°ÄfÆ'Ä,ÄcÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä...Ä¾Äfâ€šÄ,Äçss

- Spanish pronunciation: [las

ÆfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä¹ÄfÆ'Äcâ,-Ä¹ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä ?eÄfÆ'Ätâ€™ÄfÄcÄcâ€šÄ-Ä
 , lit. 'The Meadows'

2. ^ Mean monthly maxima and minima (i.e. the highest and lowest temperature readings during an entire month or year) calculated based on data at said location from 1991 to 2020.
3. ^ **a b** From 15% sample
4. ^ Two titles were won when the team was based in **Oakland, California** and one was won during the team's time in **Los Angeles, California**.

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External links

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-  **Definitions** from Wiktionary
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-  **Quotations** from Wikiquote
-  **Texts** from Wikisource
-  **Textbooks** from Wikibooks
-  **Resources** from Wikiversity
-  **Travel information** from Wikivoyage
- **Official website**  **Edit this at Wikidata**
- **"The Making of Las Vegas"**[*dead link*] (historical timeline)

- [Geologic tour guide of the Las Vegas area](#) from American Geological Institute
- [National Weather Service Forecast – Las Vegas, NV](#)

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City of Las Vegas

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Flag of Las Vegas



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Municipalities and communities of [Clark County, Nevada](#), United States

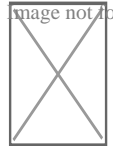
County seat: [Las Vegas](#)

Cities

- Boulder City
- Henderson
- Las Vegas
- Mesquite†
- North Las Vegas

CDPs

- Blue Diamond
- Bunkerville
- Cal-Nev-Ari
- Enterprise
- Goodsprings
- Indian Springs
- Laughlin
- Moapa
- Moapa Valley
- Mount Charleston
- Nellis AFB
- Nelson
- Paradise
- Sandy Valley
- Searchlight
- Spring Valley
- Summerlin South
- Sunrise Manor
- Whitney
- Winchester



Clark
County
map

**Unincorporated
communities**

- Centennial Hills
- Cold Creek
- Corn Creek
- Cottonwood Cove
- Crescent
- Glendale
- Jean
- Las Vegas Chinatown
- Lone Mountain
- Logandale
- Lower Kyle Canyon
- Mountain Springs
- Overton
- Palm Gardens
- Primm
- Riverside
- Sloan
- Summerlin
- Stewarts Point
- Trout Canyon

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Arden ○ Bard ○ Bonelli's Ferry ○ Borax ○ Buster Falls ○ Byron ○ Cactus Springs ○ Callville ○ Colorado City ○ Crystal ○ Dike ○ Dry Lake ○ El Dorado City ○ Erie ○ Gold Butte ○ Louisville ○ Lovell ○ Lucky Jim Camp ○ Nelson's Landing ○ Owens ○ Potosi ○ Quartette ○ Rioville ○ Roach ○ Saint Joseph ○ Solar ○ St. Thomas ○ San Juan ○ Simonsville ○ Stone's Ferry ○ Valley ○ Wann
Ghost towns	

Indian reservations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Fort Mojave Indian Reservation‡ ○ Las Vegas Indian Colony ○ Moapa River Indian Reservation
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Proposed communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Coyote Springs‡ ○ Blue Diamond Hill housing proposals
-----------------------------	--

Footnotes	‡This populated place also has portions in an adjacent county or counties
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- Nevada portal
- United States portal

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Las Vegas Valley

- Las Vegas MSA
- State of Nevada

LV Transportation

- **Airports**
 - Harry Reid International Airport
 - North Las Vegas Airport
 - Henderson Executive Airport
 - Southern Nevada Supplemental Airport (planned)
- Brightline West (planned)
- Brightline West station (planned)
- Las Vegas Monorail
- RTC Transit
- Silver Rider Transit
- Resort trams
- Loop
- Amtrak station (defunct)

- 18b The Las Vegas Arts District
- Southern Nevada Zoological-Botanical Park
- Symphony Park
 - Smith Center for the Performing Arts
- Huntridge Theater
- Lance Burton Theatre
- Las Vegas Little Theater
- Majestic Repertory Theatre
- Smith Center for the Performing Arts
- PH Live

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Museums in Clark County, Nevada

Arts and museums

Active

- Bellagio Gallery of Fine Art
- Boulder City/Hoover Dam Museum
- Burlesque Hall of Fame
- Clark County Museum
- Discovery Children's Museum
- Erotic Heritage Museum
- Howard W. Cannon Aviation Museum
- Imperial Palace Auto Collection
- Las Vegas Gambling Museum
- Las Vegas Historical Society
- Las Vegas Natural History Museum
- Lost City Museum
- Madame Tussauds Las Vegas
- Marjorie Barrick Museum of Art
- Mob Museum
- National Atomic Testing Museum
- Neon Museum
- Nevada State Museum
- Nevada Southern Railroad Museum
- Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park
- Pinball Hall of Fame
- Shelby Museum
- Southern Nevada Museum of Fine Art
- Thunderbirds Museum

Previous

- Casa de Shenandoah
- Elvis-A-Rama Museum
- Guinness World of Records
- Guggenheim Hermitage Museum
- History of the Future Museum

Sports

- Allegiant Stadium
- Bettye Wilson Soccer Complex
- Cashman Field
- City National Arena
- Darling Tennis Center
- Las Vegas Motor Speedway
- Las Vegas Ballpark
- Mandalay Bay Events Center
- MGM Grand Garden Arena
- New Las Vegas Stadium
- Sam Boyd Stadium
- Sphere
- T-Mobile Arena
- Thomas & Mack Center

Government

- Las Vegas City Hall
- Clark County Government Center
- Lloyd D. George Federal Courthouse
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
- Clark County Coroner's Office

Cities

- Henderson
- Las Vegas
- North Las Vegas

Census-designated places

- Blue Diamond
- Enterprise
- Paradise
- Spring Valley
- Summerlin South
- Sunrise Manor
- Whitney
- Winchester

Communities

- Aliante
- Anthem/Anthem Country Club
- Centennial Hills
- Chinatown
- Downtown Las Vegas
- Green Valley
- Lake Las Vegas
- Las Vegas Country Club
- MacDonald Highlands
- Mountain's Edge

Neighborhoods

- Paradise Palms
- Queensridge/One Queensridge Place
- Rhodes Ranch
- Seven Hills
- Southern Highlands
- Summerlin
- Summerlin South
- The Lakes
- The Ridges
- Tuscany Village
- West Las Vegas

**Research
and education**

- University of Nevada, Las Vegas
- Nevada State University
- National University
- Touro University Nevada
- College of Southern Nevada
- Roseman University of Health Sciences

**Parks and
public spaces**

- Acacia Demonstration Gardens
- Clark County Shooting Complex
- Clark County Wetlands Park
- Floyd Lamb Park at Tule Springs
- Lake Mead National Recreation Area
- Springs Preserve
- Mount Charleston
- Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area
- Spring Mountains National Recreation Area
- Sunset Park
- Tule Springs Fossil Beds National Monument
- Valley of Fire State Park

Area shopping

- 63 CityCenter
- Blvd
- Bonanza Gift Shop
- The Boulevard Mall
- The Shops at Crystals
- Downtown Container Park
- Downtown Summerlin
- Galleria at Sunset
- Grand Canal Shoppes
- Fashion Show Mall
- The Forum Shops at Caesars
- Las Vegas Premium Outlets North
- Meadows Mall
- Miracle Mile Shops
- Stratosphere Tower Shops
- The Shoppes at the Palazzo
- Tivoli Village
- Town Square
- Water Street District

Other

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- [Las Vegas Strip](#)
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State of Nevada

Carson City (capital)

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Society

- Abortion
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 - Native Americans
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- Education
- Elections
- Gun laws
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- Politics

Regions

- Black Rock Desert
- Eagle Valley
- Great Basin
- Lake Mead
- Lake Tahoe
- Las Vegas Valley
- Mojave Desert
- Pahrnagat Valley
- Sierra Nevada
- Trout Creek Mountains
- Truckee Meadows

Metro areas

- Las Vegas
- Reno

Counties

- Churchill
- Clark
- Douglas
- Elko
- Esmeralda
- Eureka
- Humboldt
- Lander
- Lincoln
- Lyon
- Mineral
- Nye
- Pershing
- Storey
- Washoe
- White Pine

**Cities and
communities**

- Alamo
- Amargosa Valley
- Austin
- Baker
- Battle Mountain
- Beatty
- Boulder City
- Caliente
- Carlin
- Carson City
- Elko
- Ely
- Enterprise
- Eureka
- Fallon
- Fernley
- Gardnerville Ranchos
- Gerlach
- Goldfield
- Hawthorne
- Henderson
- Incline Village
- Las Vegas
- Laughlin
- Lovelock
- Mesquite
- Minden
- North Las Vegas
- Panaca
- Pahrump
- Paradise
- Pioche
- Primm
- Rachel
- Reno
- Spanish Springs
- Sparks
- Spring Creek
- Spring Valley
- Stateline
- Summerlin South
- Sun Valley
- Sunrise Manor
- Tonopah
- Virginia City
- West Wendover
- Winnemucca
- Whitney

Former counties

- Bullfrog
- Ormsby
- Roop

Flag **Nevada portal** known

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Southern California megaregion

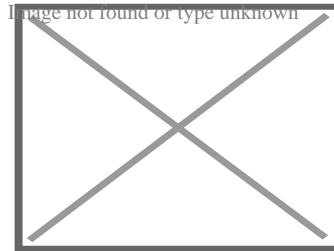
Metropolitan areas and cities in *italics* are located outside of California

**Metropolitan
Los Angeles**

- Major cities: Los Angeles
- Long Beach
- Anaheim
- Santa Ana
- Santa Clarita
- Irvine
- Glendale
- Huntington Beach
- Garden Grove

Inland Empire

- Major cities: San Bernardino
- Riverside
- Fontana
- Moreno Valley
- Ontario
- Rancho Cucamonga
- Corona



**San Diego–
Tijuana**

- Major cities: San Diego
- Tijuana
- Chula Vista
- Oceanside
- Escondido
- Rosarito

Central Coast

- Major cities: Santa Barbara
- Santa Maria
- San Luis Obispo

**Las Vegas
Valley**

- Major cities: Las Vegas
- Henderson
- North Las Vegas

Megapolitan areas of California

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County seats and independent city of Nevada

County seats

- Battle Mountain
- Elko
- Ely
- Eureka
- Fallon
- Goldfield
- Hawthorne
- Las Vegas
- Lovelock
- Minden
- Pioche
- Reno
- Tonopah
- Virginia City
- Winnemucca
- Yerington

Independent city

- Carson City

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The 100 most populous cities of the United States

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. New York, New York | 26. Portland, Oregon | 51. Arlington, Texas | 76. Chandler, Arizona |
| 2. Los Angeles, California | 27. Louisville, Kentucky | 52. Aurora, Colorado | 77. North Las Vegas, Nevada |
| 3. Chicago, Illinois | 28. Memphis, Tennessee | 53. New Orleans, Louisiana | 78. Chula Vista, California |
| 4. Houston, Texas | 29. Detroit, Michigan | 54. Cleveland, Ohio | 79. Buffalo, New York |
| 5. Phoenix, Arizona | 30. Baltimore, Maryland | 55. Anaheim, California | 80. Gilbert, Arizona |
| 6. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania | 31. Milwaukee, Wisconsin | 56. Honolulu, Hawaii | 81. Reno, Nevada |
| 7. San Antonio, Texas | 32. Albuquerque, New Mexico | 57. Henderson, Nevada | 82. Madison, Wisconsin |
| 8. Dallas, Texas | 33. Tucson, Arizona | 58. Stockton, California | 83. Fort Wayne, Indiana |
| 9. San Diego, California | 34. Fresno, California | 59. Riverside, California | 84. Toledo, Ohio |
| 10. Austin, Texas | 35. Sacramento, California | 60. Lexington, Kentucky | 85. Lubbock, Texas |
| 11. Jacksonville, Florida | 36. Mesa, Arizona | 61. Corpus Christi, Texas | 86. St. Petersburg, Florida |
| 12. San Jose, California | 37. Kansas City, Missouri | 62. Orlando, Florida | 87. Laredo, Texas |
| 13. Fort Worth, Texas | 38. Atlanta, Georgia | 63. Irvine, California | 88. Irving, Texas |
| 14. Columbus, Ohio | 39. Colorado Springs, Colorado | 64. Cincinnati, Ohio | 89. Chesapeake, Virginia |
| 15. Charlotte, North Carolina | 40. Omaha, Nebraska | 65. Santa Ana, California | 90. Glendale, Arizona |
| 16. Indianapolis, Indiana | 41. Raleigh, North Carolina | 66. Newark, New Jersey | 91. Winston-Salem, North Carolina |
| 17. San Francisco, California | 42. Virginia Beach, Virginia | 67. Saint Paul, Minnesota | 92. Scottsdale, Arizona |
| 18. Seattle, Washington | 43. Long Beach, California | 68. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania | 93. Garland, Texas |
| 19. Denver, Colorado | 44. Miami, Florida | 69. Greensboro, North Carolina | 94. Boise, Idaho |
| 20. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma | 45. Oakland, California | 70. Lincoln, Nebraska | 95. Norfolk, Virginia |
| 21. Nashville, Tennessee | 46. Minneapolis, Minnesota | 71. Durham, North Carolina | 96. Port St. Lucie, Florida |
| 22. El Paso, Texas | 47. Tulsa, Oklahoma | 72. Plano, Texas | 97. Spokane, Washington |
| 23. Washington, D.C. | 48. Bakersfield, California | 73. Anchorage, Alaska | 98. Richmond, Virginia |
| 24. Las Vegas, Nevada | 49. Tampa, Florida | | 99. Fremont, California |
| 25. Boston, Massachusetts | 50. Wichita, Kansas | | |

Cities ranked by [United States Census Bureau](#) population estimates for July 1, 2022.

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About Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes

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Things To Do in Clark County

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Clark County Historical Museum

4.6 (147)

Driving Directions in Clark County

Driving Directions From Field 2 to

Driving Directions From Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes to

Driving Directions From Universal Turf Equipment to

Driving Directions From Rhino's Turf Equipment – A part of United Rentals to

Driving Directions From Festival Turf Las Vegas to

Driving Directions From Everything Turf Pros to

Driving Directions From Turf Trimmers Landscaping, Inc. to

Driving Directions From VS Turf Supply to

Driving Directions From Kellogg Zaher Soccer Complex to

Driving Directions From TURFIT LAS VEGAS to

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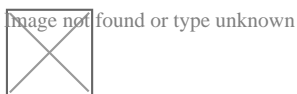
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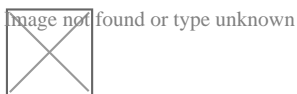
Reviews for Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes



Terry lewis

(5)

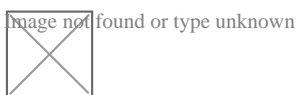
Workers were great, no problem they did what was required, but the representative of your company mislead me on what was to be done, I showed pictures from a competitor landscaper, representative stated he could bet there , , . price, but since it wasn't in contract, I was left with uncomplicated backyard , working with owner at present, so he's been outstanding working on this situation, as amount of rock was way off and the owner did increase the amount substantially to finish the front yard. another landscaper under contract to finish the backyard. Would like to add a comment the manger/owner of Las Vegas yard n block stands behind his words and helped me tremendously on finishing up the backyard,



Josh Bodell

(5)

Eric and team did an amazing job. They worked with me for months while I got HOA approval for the project. Once they began working they were great, going over everything in detail and making sure things were perfect. This project included wall repair, stucco and paint repair, paver and turf installation. Extremely satisfied with this experience.



Shana Shapiro

(5)

Chris, the design consultant, Dave the production manager, along with their install team Opulent were affordable, upfront with costs, efficient and professional. Attached are some before and after pictures. Highly recommend their services.



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Dawna OgleYohe

(5)

My initial contact was with Ray, whom did an excellent job giving me an estimate on what I wanted done in my small yard and walkway., the guys that came out and did the work were superior. They did an excellent job. I'm very pleased with this company. I will highly recommend them to family and friends, and I will be using them in the near future for other little projects.

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About Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes

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Things To Do in Clark County

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Clark County Historical Museum

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Driving Directions From Ugarte Landscapes & Irrigation Repair to

Driving Directions From New horizon landscapes to

Driving Directions From Custom Touch Landscape to

Driving Directions From A and L Desert Landscapes Tree Company to

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Driving Directions From Las Vegas Backyards to

Driving Directions From Delfino Maintenance & Landscaping Inc. to

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Driving Directions From Living Water Lawn & Garden to

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Reviews for Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes



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D. Lopez

(5)

We recently had a very positive experience with Rock N Block for our fence replacement. The entire process went smoothly and exceeded our expectations. Harvey and his team were incredibly professional and communicative throughout the project providing much-needed assurance and peace of mind. The crew was punctual and maintained a diligent and respectful attitude that made the experience pleasant. The crew finished the project ahead of schedule, and the quality of their work is impressive; our new wall looks great! We recommend Rock N Block for any fencing needs and look forward to working with them again. Thank you, Harvey and crew, for a job well done!



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Terry lewis

(5)

Workers were great, no problem they did what was required, but the representative of your company mislead me on what was to be done, I showed pictures from a competitor landscaper, representative stated he could bet there , , . price, but since it wasn't in contract, I was left with uncomplicated backyard , working with owner at present, so he's been outstanding working on this situation, as amount of rock was way off and the owner did increase the amount substantially to finish the front yard. another landscaper under contract to finish the backyard. Would like to add a comment the manger/owner of Las Vegas yard n block stands behind his words and helped me tremendously on finishing up the backyard,



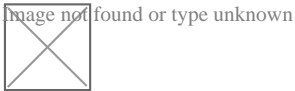
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Dawna OgleYohe

(5)

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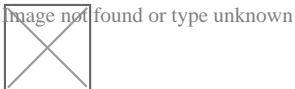
projects.



Shana Shapiro

(5)

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Josh Bodell

(5)

Eric and team did an amazing job. They worked with me for months while I got HOA approval for the project. Once they began working they were great, going over everything in detail and making sure things were perfect. This project included wall repair, stucco and paint repair, paver and turf installation. Extremely satisfied with this experience.

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Frequently Asked Questions

What makes Las Vegas landscaping different from other regions?

Las Vegas landscaping is shaped by the Mojave Desert's extreme climate, with scorching summer heat and minimal rainfall. Traditional lawns demand high water usage, so residents often use xeriscaping techniques that require little irrigation. Designers focus on selecting native or desert-adapted plants—such as succulents, cacti, and ornamental grasses—and pairing them with gravel, boulders, and rock mulch. This approach not only conserves water but also cuts down on labor-intensive maintenance. Additionally, many yards incorporate shade structures, drip irrigation systems, and nighttime lighting to boost usability after sunset. Together, these elements create low-water, visually appealing outdoor spaces that celebrate Las Vegas' desert character.

In which locations does Rock N Block operate?

They operate in Las Vegas, NV; San Diego, CA; Denver, CO; and Utah.

Which outdoor features can a Las Vegas landscaping designer add to my yard?

A skilled designer can incorporate a variety of features that suit desert living. Paver patios or stamped concrete decks handle intense heat and offer comfortable gathering spots. Shade structures, like pergolas or sail canopies, keep daytime temperatures more bearable. Fire pits and seating walls turn cool evenings into social retreats. Decorative rock beds highlight succulents or cacti, adding texture and a modern edge. Small water features—like bubblers

or pondless fountains—introduce soothing sounds while reusing water. Low-voltage lighting extends outdoor enjoyment after sunset. The designer tailors each element to your preferences, climate constraints, and overall aesthetic for a balanced, livable yard.

How does Rock N Block ensure quality in artificial grass installation?

They follow a meticulous process, including site preparation, proper base construction, and use of high-quality materials to ensure a durable and aesthetically pleasing result.

What is xeriscaping, and why is it popular in Las Vegas?

Xeriscaping involves designing landscapes that demand minimal water, making it an ideal approach in desert cities like Las Vegas. By favoring native or drought-tolerant plants, gravel-based groundcovers, and drip irrigation, xeriscapes thrive under intense sun with reduced upkeep. This method often replaces large, thirsty lawns, cutting back substantially on irrigation and maintenance costs. Beyond practicality, xeriscapes can be quite striking—mixing textures of succulents, cacti, and rock accents for visual intrigue. Local water authorities frequently offer rebates for removing turf in favor of xeriscape. Ultimately, the popularity arises from combining **water conservation**, aesthetic charm, and simpler routine care, perfectly matching Las Vegas' arid environment.

Is artificial turf pet-friendly?

Yes, their artificial turf is designed to be safe and comfortable for pets, offering durability and easy maintenance.

Landscaping Services in Las Vegas

Landscaping Designer Las Vegas

Phone : 888 894 2486

City : Las Vegas

State : Nevada

Zip : 89108

Address : 3267 N Torrey Pines Dr

[Google Business Profile](#)

[Google Business Website](#)

Company Website : <https://rocknblocklandscape.com/artificial-turf/landscaping/>

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