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About Garden

For other uses, see [Garden \(disambiguation\)](#).

[see caption](#)

A section of the **Brooklyn Botanic Garden** that has pink *Prunus* 'Kanzan' cherry trees

A **garden** is a planned space, usually outdoors, set aside for the cultivation, display, and enjoyment of plants and other forms of nature. The single feature identifying even the wildest **wild garden** is *control*. The garden can incorporate both natural and artificial materials.[1]

Gardens often have design features including statuary, **follies**, **pergolas**, **trellises**, **stumperies**, dry creek beds, and **water features** such as **fountains**, **ponds** (with or without **fish**), **waterfalls** or creeks. Some gardens are for ornamental purposes only, while others also produce food crops, sometimes in separate areas, or sometimes intermixed with the **ornamental plants**. Food-producing gardens are distinguished from **farms** by their smaller scale, more labor-intensive methods, and their purpose (enjoyment of a pastime or self-sustenance rather than producing for sale, as in a **market garden**). **Flower gardens** combine plants of different heights, colors, textures, and fragrances to create interest and delight the senses.[2]

The most common form today is a residential or public garden, but the term *garden* has traditionally been a more general one. **Zoos**, which display **wild animals** in simulated natural habitats, were formerly called zoological gardens.[3][4] Western gardens are almost universally based on plants, with *garden*, which etymologically implies *enclosure*, often signifying a shortened form of **botanical garden**. Some traditional types of eastern gardens, such as **Zen gardens**, however, use plants sparsely or not at all. Landscape gardens, on the other hand, such as the **English landscape gardens** first developed in the 18th century, may decide to omit flowers altogether.

Landscape architecture is a related professional activity with **landscape architects** tending to engage in design at many scales and working on both public and private projects.[5]

Etymology

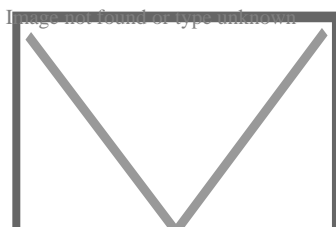
[edit]

The etymology of the word **gardening** refers to **enclosure**: it is from Middle English *gardin*, from Anglo-French *gardin*, *jardin*, of Germanic origin; akin to Old High German *gard*, *gart*, an enclosure or compound, as in **Stuttgart**. See **Grad (Slavic settlement)** for more complete etymology.[6] The words *yard*, *court*, and Latin *hortus* (meaning "garden", hence horticulture and orchard), are cognates—all referring to a defined enclosed space.[7]

The term "garden" in **British English** refers to a small enclosed area of land, usually adjoining a building.[8] This would be referred to as a **yard** in **American English**.[9]

Uses

[edit]



Partial view from the [Botanical Garden of Curitiba](#) (Southern Brazil): [parterres](#), [flowers](#), [fountains](#), [sculptures](#), [greenhouses](#) and [tracks](#) composes the place used for recreation and to study and protect the flora.

A garden can have [aesthetic](#), functional, and recreational uses:

- Cooperation with nature
 - [Plant cultivation](#)
 - [Garden-based learning](#)
- Observation of nature
 - [Bird-](#) and [insect](#)-watching
 - Reflection on the changing [seasons](#)
- Relaxation
 - Placing down different types of [garden gnomes](#)
 - Family dinners on the terrace
 - Children playing in the garden
 - Reading and [relaxing](#) in a [hammock](#)
 - Maintaining the flowerbeds
 - Pottering in the [shed](#)
 - Basking in warm [sunshine](#)
 - Escaping oppressive sunlight and heat
- Growing useful produce
 - Flowers to cut and bring inside for indoor beauty
 - Fresh herbs and vegetables for cooking

History

[\[edit\]](#)

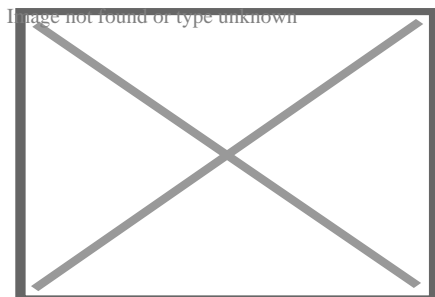
Main article: [History of gardening](#)

Asia

[\[edit\]](#)

China

[\[edit\]](#)



Naturalistic design of a Chinese garden incorporated into the landscape, including a pavilion

Main article: [Chinese garden](#)

The earliest recorded Chinese gardens were created in the valley of the [Yellow River](#), during the [Shang dynasty](#) (1600–1046 BC). These gardens were large enclosed parks where the kings and nobles hunted game, or where fruit and vegetables were grown. Early inscriptions from this period, carved on tortoise shells, have three Chinese characters for garden, *you*, *pu* and *yuan*. *You* was a royal garden where birds and animals were kept, while *pu* was a garden for plants. During the [Qin dynasty](#) (221–206 BC), *yuan* became the character for all gardens.^[10] The old character for *yuan* is a small picture of a garden; it is enclosed in a square which can represent a wall, and has symbols which can represent the plan of a structure, a small square which can represent a pond, and a symbol for a plantation or a pomegranate tree.^[11]

A famous royal garden of the late Shang dynasty was the *Terrace, Pond and Park of the Spirit* (*Lingtai, Lingzhao Lingyou*) built by [King Wenwang](#) west of his capital city, [Yin](#). The park was described in the *Classic of Poetry* this way:

The King makes his promenade in the Park of the Spirit,
The deer are kneeling on the grass, feeding their fawns,
The deer are beautiful and resplendent.
The immaculate cranes have plumes of a brilliant white.
The King makes his promenade to the Pond of the Spirit,
The water is full of fish, who wriggle.^[12]

Another early royal garden was *Shaqui*, or the *Dunes of Sand*, built by the last Shang ruler, [King Zhou](#) (1075–1046 BC). It was composed of an earth terrace, or *tai*, which served as an observation platform in the center of a large square park. It was described in one of the early classics of Chinese literature, the *Records of the Grand Historian* (*Shiji*).^[13] According to the *Shiji*, one of the most famous features of this garden was the *Wine Pool and Meat Forest* (𦰩𦰪𦰫𦰬𦰭𦰮𦰯𦰰𦰱𦰲𦰳𦰴𦰵𦰶𦰷𦰸𦰹𦰺𦰻𦰼𦰽𦰾𦰿𦱀𦱁𦱂𦱃𦱄𦱅𦱆𦱇𦱈𦱉𦱊𦱋𦱌𦱍𦱎𦱏𦱐𦱑𦱒𦱓𦱔𦱕𦱖𦱗𦱘𦱙𦱚𦱛𦱜𦱝𦱞𦱟𦱠𦱡𦱢𦱣𦱤𦱥𦱦𦱧𦱨𦱩𦱪𦱫𦱬𦱭𦱮𦱯𦱰𦱱𦱲𦱳𦱴𦱵𦱶𦱷𦱸𦱹𦱺𦱻𦱼𦱽𦱾𦱿𦲀𦲁𦲂𦲃𦲄𦲅𦲆𦲇𦲈𦲉𦲊𦲋𦲌𦲍𦲎𦲏𦲐𦲑𦲒𦲓𦲔𦲕𦲖𦲗𦲘𦲙𦲚𦲛𦲜𦲝𦲞𦲟𦲠𦲡𦲢𦲣𦲤𦲥𦲦𦲧𦲨𦲩𦲪𦲫𦲬𦲭𦲮𦲯𦲰𦲱𦲲𦲳𦲴𦲵𦲶𦲷𦲸𦲹𦲺𦲻𦲼𦲽𦲾𦲿𦳀𦳁𦳂𦳃𦳄𦳅𦳆𦳇𦳈𦳉𦳊𦳋𦳌𦳍𦳎𦳏𦳐𦳑𦳒𦳓𦳔𦳕𦳖𦳗𦳘𦳙𦳚𦳛𦳜𦳝𦳞𦳟𦳠𦳡𦳢𦳣𦳤𦳥𦳦𦳧𦳨𦳩𦳪𦳫𦳬𦳭𦳮𦳯𦳰𦳱𦳲𦳳𦳴𦳵𦳶𦳷𦳸𦳹𦳺𦳻𦳼𦳽𦳾𦳿𦴀𦴁𦴂𦴃𦴄𦴅𦴆𦴇𦴈𦴉𦴊𦴋𦴌𦴍𦴎𦴏𦴐𦴑𦴒𦴓𦴔𦴕𦴖𦴗𦴘𦴙𦴚𦴛𦴜𦴝𦴞𦴟𦴠𦴡𦴢𦴣𦴤𦴥𦴦𦴧𦴨𦴩𦴪𦴫𦴬𦴭𦴮𦴯𦴰𦴱𦴲𦴳𦴴𦴵𦴶𦴷𦴸𦴹𦴺𦴻𦴼𦴽𦴾𦴿𦵀𦵁𦵂𦵃𦵄𦵅𦵆𦵇𦵈𦵉𦵊𦵋𦵌𦵍𦵎𦵏𦵐𦵑𦵒𦵓𦵔𦵕𦵖𦵗𦵘𦵙𦵚𦵛𦵜𦵝𦵞𦵟𦵠𦵡𦵢𦵣𦵤𦵥𦵦𦵧𦵨𦵩𦵪𦵫𦵬𦵭𦵮𦵯𦵰𦵱𦵲𦵳𦵴𦵵𦵶𦵷𦵸𦵹𦵺𦵻𦵼𦵽𦵾𦵿𦶀𦶁𦶂𦶃𦶄𦶅𦶆𦶇𦶈𦶉𦶊𦶋𦶌𦶍𦶎𦶏𦶐𦶑𦶒𦶓𦶔𦶕𦶖𦶗𦶘𦶙𦶚𦶛𦶜𦶝𦶞𦶟𦶠𦶡𦶢𦶣𦶤𦶥𦶦𦶧𦶨𦶩𦶪𦶫𦶬𦶭𦶮𦶯𦶰𦶱𦶲𦶳𦶴𦶵𦶶𦶷𦶸𦶹𦶺𦶻𦶼𦶽𦶾𦶿𦷀𦷁𦷂𦷃𦷄𦷅𦷆𦷇𦷈𦷉𦷊𦷋𦷌𦷍𦷎𦷏𦷐𦷑𦷒𦷓𦷔𦷕𦷖𦷗𦷘𦷙𦷚𦷛𦷜𦷝𦷞𦷟𦷠𦷡𦷢𦷣𦷤𦷥𦷦𦷧𦷨𦷩𦷪𦷫𦷬𦷭𦷮𦷯𦷰𦷱𦷲𦷳𦷴𦷵𦷶𦷷𦷸𦷹𦷺𦷻𦷼𦷽𦷾𦷿𦸀𦸁𦸂𦸃𦸄𦸅𦸆𦸇𦸈𦸉𦸊𦸋𦸌𦸍𦸎𦸏𦸐𦸑𦸒𦸓𦸔𦸕𦸖𦸗𦸘𦸙𦸚𦸛𦸜𦸝𦸞𦸟𦸠𦸡𦸢𦸣𦸤𦸥𦸦𦸧𦸨𦸩𦸪𦸫𦸬𦸭𦸮𦸯𦸰𦸱𦸲𦸳𦸴𦸵𦸶𦸷𦸸𦸹𦸺𦸻𦸼𦸽𦸾𦸿𦹀𦹁𦹂𦹃𦹄𦹅𦹆𦹇𦹈𦹉𦹊𦹋𦹌𦹍𦹎𦹏𦹐𦹑𦹒𦹓𦹔𦹕𦹖𦹗𦹘𦹙𦹚𦹛𦹜𦹝𦹞𦹟𦹠𦹡𦹢𦹣𦹤𦹥𦹦𦹧𦹨𦹩𦹪𦹫𦹬𦹭𦹮𦹯𦹰𦹱𦹲𦹳𦹴𦹵𦹶𦹷𦹸𦹹𦹺𦹻𦹼𦹽𦹾𦹿𦺀𦺁𦺂𦺃𦺄𦺅𦺆𦺇𦺈𦺉𦺊𦺋𦺌𦺍𦺎𦺏𦺐𦺑𦺒𦺓𦺔𦺕𦺖𦺗𦺘𦺙𦺚𦺛𦺜𦺝𦺞𦺟𦺠𦺡𦺢𦺣𦺤𦺥𦺦𦺧𦺨𦺩𦺪𦺫𦺬𦺭𦺮𦺯𦺰𦺱𦺲𦺳𦺴𦺵𦺶𦺷𦺸𦺹𦺺𦺻𦺼𦺽𦺾𦺿𦻀𦻁𦻂𦻃𦻄𦻅𦻆𦻇𦻈𦻉𦻊𦻋𦻌𦻍𦻎𦻏𦻐𦻑𦻒𦻓𦻔𦻕𦻖𦻗𦻘𦻙𦻚𦻛𦻜𦻝𦻞𦻟𦻠𦻡𦻢𦻣𦻤𦻥𦻦𦻧𦻨𦻩𦻪𦻫𦻬𦻭𦻮𦻯𦻰𦻱𦻲𦻳𦻴𦻵𦻶𦻷𦻸𦻹𦻺𦻻𦻼𦻽𦻾𦻿𦼀𦼁𦼂𦼃𦼄𦼅𦼆𦼇𦼈𦼉𦼊𦼋𦼌𦼍𦼎𦼏𦼐𦼑𦼒𦼓𦼔𦼕𦼖𦼗𦼘𦼙𦼚𦼛𦼜𦼝𦼞𦼟𦼠𦼡𦼢𦼣𦼤𦼥𦼦𦼧𦼨𦼩𦼪𦼫𦼬𦼭𦼮𦼯𦼰𦼱𦼲𦼳𦼴𦼵𦼶𦼷𦼸𦼹𦼺𦼻𦼼𦼽𦼾𦼿𦾀𦾁𦾂𦾃𦾄𦾅𦾆𦾇𦾈𦾉𦾊𦾋𦾌𦾍𦾎𦾏𦾐𦾑𦾒𦾓𦾔𦾕𦾖𦾗𦾘𦾙𦾚𦾛𦾜𦾝𦾞𦾟𦾠𦾡𦾢𦾣𦾤𦾥𦾦𦾧𦾨𦾩𦾪𦾫𦾬𦾭𦾮𦾯𦾰𦾱𦾲𦾳𦾴𦾵𦾶𦾷𦾸𦾹𦾺𦾻𦾼𦾽𦾾𦾿𦿀𦿁𦿂𦿃𦿄𦿅𦿆𦿇𦿈𦿉𦿊𦿋𦿌𦿍𦿎𦿏𦿐𦿑𦿒𦿓𦿔𦿕𦿖𦿗𦿘𦿙𦿚𦿛𦿜𦿝𦿞𦿟𦿠𦿡𦿢𦿣𦿤𦿥𦿦𦿧𦿨𦿩𦿪𦿫𦿬𦿭𦿮𦿯𦿰𦿱𦿲𦿳𦿴𦿵𦿶𦿷𦿸𦿹𦿺𦿻𦿼𦿽𦿾𦿿𧀀𧀁𧀂𧀃𧀄𧀅𧀆𧀇𧀈𧀉𧀊𧀋𧀌𧀍𧀎𧀏𧀐𧀑𧀒𧀓𧀔𧀕𧀖𧀗𧀘𧀙𧀚𧀛𧀜𧀝𧀞𧀟𧀠𧀡𧀢𧀣𧀤𧀥𧀦𧀧𧀨𧀩𧀪𧀫𧀬𧀭𧀮𧀯𧀰𧀱𧀲𧀳𧀴𧀵𧀶𧀷𧀸𧀹𧀺𧀻𧀼𧀽𧀾𧀿𧁀𧁁𧁂𧁃𧁄𧁅𧁆𧁇𧁈𧁉𧁊𧁋𧁌𧁍𧁎𧁏𧁐𧁑𧁒𧁓𧁔𧁕𧁖𧁗𧁘𧁙𧁚𧁛𧁜𧁝𧁞𧁟𧁠𧁡𧁢𧁣𧁤𧁥𧁦𧁧𧁨𧁩𧁪𧁫𧁬𧁭𧁮𧁯𧁰𧁱𧁲𧁳𧁴𧁵𧁶𧁷𧁸𧁹𧁺𧁻𧁼𧁽𧁾𧁿𧂀𧂁𧂂𧂃𧂄𧂅𧂆𧂇𧂈𧂉𧂊𧂋𧂌𧂍𧂎𧂏𧂐𧂑𧂒𧂓𧂔𧂕𧂖𧂗𧂘𧂙𧂚𧂛𧂜𧂝𧂞𧂟𧂠𧂡𧂢𧂣𧂤𧂥𧂦𧂧𧂨𧂩𧂪𧂫𧂬𧂭𧂮𧂯𧂰𧂱𧂲𧂳𧂴𧂵𧂶𧂷𧂸𧂹𧂺𧂻𧂼𧂽𧂾𧂿𧃀𧃁𧃂𧃃𧃄𧃅𧃆𧃇𧃈𧃉𧃊𧃋𧃌𧃍𧃎𧃏𧃐𧃑𧃒𧃓𧃔𧃕𧃖𧃗𧃘𧃙𧃚𧃛𧃜𧃝𧃞𧃟𧃠𧃡𧃢𧃣𧃤𧃥𧃦𧃧𧃨𧃩𧃪𧃫𧃬𧃭𧃮𧃯𧃰𧃱𧃲𧃳𧃴𧃵𧃶𧃷𧃸𧃹𧃺𧃻𧃼𧃽𧃾𧃿𧄀𧄁𧄂𧄃𧄄𧄅𧄆𧄇𧄈𧄉𧄊𧄋𧄌𧄍𧄎𧄏𧄐𧄑𧄒𧄓𧄔𧄕𧄖𧄗𧄘𧄙𧄚𧄛𧄜𧄝𧄞𧄟𧄠𧄡𧄢𧄣𧄤𧄥𧄦𧄧𧄨𧄩𧄪𧄫𧄬𧄭𧄮𧄯𧄰𧄱𧄲𧄳𧄴𧄵𧄶𧄷𧄸𧄹𧄺𧄻𧄼𧄽𧄾𧄿𧅀𧅁𧅂𧅃𧅄𧅅𧅆𧅇𧅈𧅉𧅊𧅋𧅌𧅍𧅎𧅏𧅐𧅑𧅒𧅓𧅔𧅕𧅖𧅗𧅘𧅙𧅚𧅛𧅜𧅝𧅞𧅟𧅠𧅡𧅢𧅣𧅤𧅥𧅦𧅧𧅨𧅩𧅪𧅫𧅬𧅭𧅮𧅯𧅰𧅱𧅲𧅳𧅴𧅵𧅶𧅷𧅸𧅹𧅺𧅻𧅼𧅽𧅾𧅿𧆀𧆁𧆂𧆃𧆄𧆅𧆆𧆇𧆈𧆉𧆊𧆋𧆌𧆍𧆎𧆏𧆐𧆑𧆒𧆓𧆔𧆕𧆖𧆗𧆘𧆙𧆚𧆛𧆜𧆝𧆞𧆟𧆠𧆡𧆢𧆣𧆤𧆥𧆦𧆧𧆨𧆩𧆪𧆫𧆬𧆭𧆮𧆯𧆰𧆱𧆲𧆳𧆴𧆵𧆶𧆷𧆸𧆹𧆺𧆻𧆼𧆽𧆾𧆿𧇀𧇁𧇂𧇃𧇄𧇅𧇆𧇇𧇈𧇉𧇊𧇋𧇌𧇍𧇎𧇏𧇐𧇑𧇒𧇓𧇔𧇕𧇖𧇗𧇘𧇙𧇚𧇛𧇜𧇝𧇞𧇟𧇠𧇡𧇢𧇣𧇤𧇥𧇦𧇧𧇨𧇩𧇪𧇫𧇬𧇭𧇮𧇯𧇰𧇱𧇲𧇳𧇴𧇵𧇶𧇷𧇸𧇹𧇺𧇻𧇼𧇽𧇾𧇿𧈀𧈁𧈂𧈃𧈄𧈅𧈆𧈇𧈈𧈉𧈊𧈋𧈌𧈍𧈎𧈏𧈐𧈑𧈒𧈓𧈔𧈕𧈖𧈗𧈘𧈙𧈚𧈛𧈜𧈝𧈞𧈟𧈠𧈡𧈢𧈣𧈤𧈥𧈦𧈧𧈨𧈩𧈪𧈫𧈬𧈭𧈮𧈯𧈰𧈱𧈲𧈳𧈴𧈵𧈶𧈷𧈸𧈹𧈺𧈻𧈼𧈽𧈾𧈿𧉀𧉁𧉂𧉃𧉄𧉅𧉆𧉇𧉈𧉉𧉊𧉋𧉌𧉍𧉎𧉏𧉐𧉑𧉒𧉓𧉔𧉕𧉖𧉗𧉘𧉙𧉚𧉛𧉜𧉝𧉞𧉟𧉠𧉡𧉢𧉣𧉤𧉥𧉦𧉧𧉨𧉩𧉪𧉫𧉬𧉭𧉮𧉯𧉰𧉱𧉲𧉳𧉴𧉵𧉶𧉷𧉸𧉹𧉺𧉻𧉼𧉽𧉾𧉿𧊀𧊁𧊂𧊃𧊄𧊅𧊆𧊇𧊈𧊉𧊊𧊋𧊌𧊍𧊎𧊏𧊐𧊑𧊒𧊓𧊔𧊕𧊖𧊗𧊘𧊙𧊚𧊛𧊜𧊝𧊞𧊟𧊠𧊡𧊢𧊣𧊤𧊥𧊦𧊧𧊨𧊩𧊪𧊫𧊬𧊭𧊮𧊯𧊰𧊱𧊲𧊳𧊴𧊵𧊶𧊷𧊸𧊹𧊺𧊻𧊼𧊽𧊾𧊿𧋀𧋁𧋂𧋃𧋄𧋅𧋆𧋇𧋈𧋉𧋊𧋋𧋌𧋍𧋎𧋏𧋐𧋑𧋒𧋓𧋔𧋕𧋖𧋗𧋘𧋙𧋚𧋛𧋜𧋝𧋞𧋟𧋠𧋡𧋢𧋣𧋤𧋥𧋦𧋧𧋨𧋩𧋪𧋫𧋬𧋭𧋮𧋯𧋰𧋱𧋲𧋳𧋴𧋵𧋶𧋷𧋸𧋹𧋺𧋻𧋼𧋽𧋾𧋿𧌀𧌁𧌂𧌃𧌄𧌅𧌆𧌇𧌈𧌉𧌊𧌋𧌌𧌍𧌎𧌏𧌐𧌑𧌒𧌓𧌔𧌕𧌖𧌗𧌘𧌙𧌚𧌛𧌜𧌝𧌞𧌟𧌠𧌡𧌢𧌣𧌤𧌥𧌦𧌧𧌨𧌩𧌪𧌫𧌬𧌭𧌮𧌯𧌰𧌱𧌲𧌳𧌴𧌵𧌶𧌷𧌸𧌹𧌺𧌻𧌼𧌽𧌾𧌿𧍀𧍁𧍂𧍃𧍄𧍅𧍆𧍇𧍈𧍉𧍊𧍋𧍌𧍍𧍎𧍏𧍐𧍑𧍒𧍓𧍔𧍕𧍖𧍗𧍘𧍙𧍚𧍛𧍜𧍝𧍞𧍟𧍠𧍡𧍢𧍣𧍤𧍥𧍦𧍧𧍨𧍩𧍪𧍫𧍬𧍭𧍮𧍯𧍰𧍱𧍲𧍳𧍴𧍵𧍶𧍷𧍸𧍹𧍺𧍻𧍼𧍽𧍾𧍿𧎀𧎁𧎂𧎃𧎄𧎅𧎆𧎇𧎈𧎉𧎊𧎋𧎌𧎍𧎎𧎏𧎐𧎑𧎒𧎓𧎔𧎕𧎖𧎗𧎘𧎙𧎚𧎛𧎜𧎝𧎞𧎟𧎠𧎡𧎢𧎣𧎤𧎥𧎦𧎧𧎨𧎩𧎪𧎫𧎬𧎭𧎮𧎯𧎰𧎱𧎲𧎳𧎴𧎵𧎶𧎷𧎸𧎹𧎺𧎻𧎼𧎽𧎾𧎿𧏀𧏁𧏂𧏃𧏄𧏅𧏆𧏇𧏈𧏉𧏊𧏋𧏌𧏍𧏎𧏏𧏐𧏑𧏒𧏓𧏔𧏕𧏖𧏗𧏘𧏙𧏚𧏛𧏜𧏝𧏞𧏟𧏠𧏡𧏢𧏣𧏤𧏥𧏦𧏧𧏨𧏩𧏪𧏫𧏬𧏭𧏮𧏯𧏰𧏱𧏲𧏳𧏴𧏵𧏶𧏷𧏸𧏹𧏺𧏻𧏼𧏽𧏾𧏿𧐀𧐁𧐂𧐃𧐄𧐅𧐆𧐇𧐈𧐉𧐊𧐋𧐌𧐍𧐎𧐏𧐐𧐑𧐒𧐓𧐔𧐕𧐖𧐗𧐘𧐙𧐚𧐛𧐜𧐝𧐞𧐟𧐠𧐡𧐢𧐣𧐤𧐥𧐦𧐧𧐨𧐩𧐪𧐫𧐬𧐭𧐮𧐯𧐰𧐱𧐲𧐳𧐴𧐵𧐶𧐷𧐸𧐹𧐺𧐻𧐼𧐽𧐾𧐿𧑀𧑁𧑂𧑃𧑄𧑅𧑆𧑇𧑈𧑉𧑊𧑋𧑌𧑍𧑎𧑏𧑐𧑑𧑒𧑓𧑔𧑕𧑖𧑗𧑘𧑙𧑚𧑛𧑜𧑝𧑞𧑟𧑠𧑡𧑢𧑣𧑤𧑥𧑦𧑧𧑨𧑩𧑪𧑫𧑬𧑭𧑮𧑯𧑰𧑱𧑲𧑳𧑴𧑵𧑶𧑷𧑸𧑹𧑺𧑻𧑼𧑽𧑾𧑿𧒀𧒁𧒂𧒃𧒄𧒅𧒆𧒇𧒈𧒉𧒊𧒋𧒌𧒍𧒎𧒏𧒐𧒑𧒒𧒓𧒔𧒕𧒖𧒗𧒘𧒙𧒚𧒛𧒜𧒝𧒞𧒟𧒠𧒡𧒢𧒣𧒤𧒥𧒦𧒧𧒨𧒩𧒪𧒫𧒬𧒭𧒮𧒯𧒰𧒱𧒲𧒳𧒴𧒵𧒶𧒷𧒸𧒹𧒺𧒻𧒼𧒽𧒾𧒿𧓀𧓁𧓂𧓃𧓄𧓅𧓆𧓇𧓈𧓉𧓊𧓋𧓌𧓍𧓎𧓏𧓐𧓑𧓒𧓓𧓔𧓕𧓖𧓗𧓘𧓙𧓚𧓛𧓜𧓝𧓞𧓟𧓠𧓡𧓢𧓣𧓤𧓥𧓦𧓧𧓨𧓩𧓪𧓫𧓬𧓭𧓮𧓯𧓰𧓱𧓲𧓳𧓴𧓵𧓶𧓷𧓸𧓹𧓺𧓻𧓼𧓽𧓾𧓿𧔀𧔁𧔂𧔃𧔄𧔅𧔆𧔇𧔈𧔉𧔊𧔋𧔌𧔍𧔎𧔏𧔐𧔑𧔒𧔓𧔔𧔕𧔖𧔗𧔘𧔙𧔚𧔛𧔜𧔝𧔞𧔟𧔠𧔡𧔢𧔣𧔤𧔥𧔦𧔧𧔨𧔩𧔪𧔫𧔬𧔭𧔮𧔯𧔰𧔱𧔲𧔳𧔴𧔵𧔶𧔷𧔸𧔹𧔺𧔻𧔼𧔽𧔾𧔿𧕀𧕁𧕂𧕃𧕄𧕅𧕆𧕇𧕈𧕉𧕊𧕋𧕌𧕍𧕎𧕏𧕐𧕑𧕒𧕓𧕔𧕕𧕖𧕗𧕘𧕙𧕚𧕛𧕜𧕝𧕞𧕟𧕠𧕡𧕢𧕣𧕤𧕥𧕦𧕧𧕨𧕩𧕪𧕫𧕬𧕭𧕮𧕯𧕰𧕱𧕲𧕳𧕴𧕵𧕶𧕷𧕸𧕹𧕺𧕻𧕼𧕽𧕾𧕿𧖀𧖁𧖂𧖃𧖄𧖅𧖆𧖇𧖈𧖉𧖊𧖋𧖌𧖍𧖎𧖏𧖐𧖑𧖒𧖓𧖔𧖕𧖖𧖗𧖘𧖙𧖚𧖛𧖜𧖝𧖞𧖟𧖠𧖡𧖢𧖣𧖤𧖥𧖦𧖧𧖨𧖩𧖪𧖫𧖬𧖭𧖮𧖯𧖰𧖱𧖲𧖳𧖴𧖵𧖶𧖷𧖸𧖹𧖺𧖻𧖼𧖽𧖾𧖿𧗀𧗁𧗂𧗃𧗄𧗅𧗆𧗇𧗈𧗉𧗊𧗋𧗌𧗍𧗎𧗏𧗐𧗑𧗒𧗓𧗔𧗕𧗖𧗗𧗘𧗙𧗚𧗛𧗜𧗝𧗞𧗟𧗠𧗡𧗢𧗣𧗤𧗥𧗦𧗧𧗨𧗩𧗪𧗫𧗬𧗭𧗮𧗯𧗰𧗱𧗲𧗳𧗴𧗵𧗶𧗷𧗸𧗹𧗺𧗻𧗼𧗽𧗾𧗿𧘀𧘁𧘂𧘃𧘄𧘅𧘆𧘇𧘈𧘉𧘊𧘋𧘌𧘍𧘎𧘏𧘐𧘑𧘒𧘓𧘔𧘕𧘖𧘗𧘘𧘙𧘚𧘛𧘜𧘝𧘞𧘟𧘠𧘡𧘢𧘣𧘤𧘥𧘦𧘧𧘨𧘩𧘪𧘫𧘬𧘭𧘮𧘯𧘰𧘱𧘲𧘳𧘴𧘵𧘶𧘷𧘸𧘹𧘺𧘻𧘼𧘽𧘾𧘿𧙀𧙁𧙂𧙃𧙄𧙅𧙆𧙇𧙈𧙉𧙊𧙋𧙌𧙍𧙎𧙏𧙐𧙑𧙒𧙓𧙔𧙕𧙖𧙗𧙘𧙙𧙚𧙛𧙜𧙝𧙞𧙟𧙠𧙡𧙢𧙣𧙤𧙥𧙦𧙧𧙨𧙩𧙪𧙫𧙬𧙭𧙮𧙯𧙰𧙱𧙲𧙳𧙴𧙵𧙶𧙷𧙸𧙹𧙺𧙻𧙼𧙽𧙾𧙿𧚀𧚁𧚂𧚃𧚄𧚅𧚆𧚇𧚈𧚉𧚊𧚋𧚌𧚍𧚎𧚏𧚐𧚑𧚒𧚓𧚔𧚕𧚖𧚗𧚘𧚙𧚚𧚛𧚜𧚝𧚞𧚟𧚠𧚡𧚢𧚣𧚤𧚥𧚦𧚧𧚨𧚩𧚪𧚫𧚬𧚭𧚮𧚯𧚰𧚱𧚲𧚳𧚴𧚵𧚶𧚷𧚸𧚹𧚺𧚻𧚼𧚽𧚾𧚿𧛀𧛁𧛂𧛃𧛄𧛅𧛆𧛇𧛈𧛉𧛊𧛋𧛌𧛍𧛎𧛏𧛐𧛑𧛒𧛓𧛔𧛕𧛖𧛗𧛘𧛙𧛚𧛛𧛜𧛝𧛞𧛟𧛠𧛡𧛢𧛣𧛤𧛥𧛦𧛧𧛨𧛩𧛪𧛫𧛬𧛭𧛮𧛯𧛰𧛱𧛲𧛳𧛴𧛵𧛶𧛷𧛸𧛹𧛺𧛻𧛼𧛽𧛾𧛿𧜀𧜁𧜂𧜃𧜄𧜅𧜆𧜇𧜈𧜉𧜊𧜋𧜌𧜍𧜎𧜏𧜐𧜑𧜒𧜓𧜔𧜕𧜖𧜗𧜘𧜙𧜚𧜛𧜜𧜝𧜞𧜟𧜠𧜡𧜢𧜣𧜤𧜥𧜦𧜧𧜨𧜩𧜪𧜫𧜬𧜭𧜮𧜯𧜰𧜱𧜲𧜳𧜴𧜵𧜶𧜷𧜸𧜹𧜺𧜻𧜼𧜽𧜾𧜿𧝀𧝁𧝂𧝃𧝄𧝅𧝆𧝇𧝈𧝉𧝊𧝋𧝌𧝍𧝎𧝏𧝐𧝑𧝒𧝓𧝔𧝕𧝖𧝗𧝘𧝙𧝚𧝛𧝜𧝝𧝞𧝟𧝠𧝡𧝢𧝣𧝤𧝥𧝦𧝧𧝨𧝩𧝪𧝫𧝬𧝭𧝮𧝯𧝰𧝱𧝲𧝳𧝴𧝵𧝶𧝷𧝸𧝹𧝺𧝻𧝼𧝽𧝾𧝿𧞀𧞁𧞂𧞃𧞄𧞅𧞆𧞇𧞈𧞉𧞊𧞋𧞌𧞍𧞎𧞏𧞐𧞑𧞒𧞓𧞔𧞕𧞖𧞗𧞘𧞙𧞚𧞛𧞜𧞝𧞞𧞟𧞠𧞡𧞢𧞣𧞤𧞥𧞦𧞧𧞨𧞩𧞪𧞫𧞬𧞭𧞮𧞯𧞰𧞱𧞲𧞳𧞴𧞵𧞶𧞷𧞸

as [Lake Tai](#), the Great Lake.^[15]

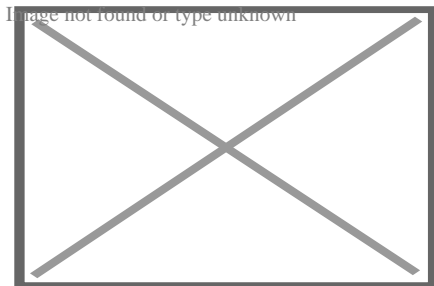
India

[\[edit\]](#)

Manasollasa is a twelfth century [Sanskrit](#) text that offers details on garden design and a variety of other subjects.^[16] Both public parks and woodland gardens are described, with about 40 types of trees recommended for the park in the *Vana-krida* chapter.^[16]^[17] *Shilparatna*, a text from the sixteenth century, states that flower gardens or public parks should be located in the northern portion of a town.^[18]

Japan

[\[edit\]](#)



A [moss garden](#) at the [Saihō-ji](#) temple in [Kyoto](#), started in 1339.

Main article: [Japanese garden](#)

The earliest recorded Japanese gardens were the [pleasure gardens](#) of the Emperors and nobles. They were mentioned in several brief passages of the *Nihon Shoki*, the first chronicle of Japanese history, published in 720 CE. In spring 74 CE, the chronicle recorded: "The [Emperor Keikō](#) put a few carp into a pond, and rejoiced to see them morning and evening". The following year, "The Emperor launched a double-hulled boat in the pond of Ijishi at Ihare, and went aboard with his imperial concubine, and they feasted sumptuously together". In 486, the chronicle recorded that "The [Emperor Kenzō](#) went into the garden and feasted at the edge of a winding stream".^[19]

Korea

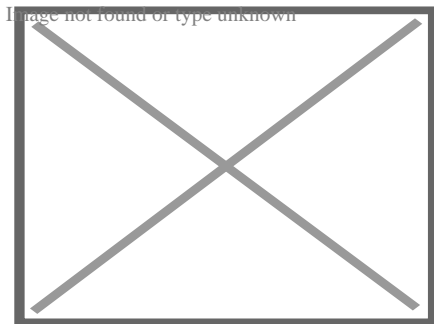
[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [Korean garden](#)

Korean gardens are a type of garden described as being natural, informal, simple and unforced, seeking to merge with the natural world.[20] They have a history that goes back more than two thousand years,[21] but are little known in the west. The oldest records date to the **Three Kingdoms** period (57 BC – 668 AD) when architecture and palace gardens showed a development noted in the Korean *History of the Three Kingdoms*.

Europe

[edit]



Reconstruction of the garden at the **House of the Vettii** in **Pompeii**.

Gardening was not recognized as an art form in Europe until the mid 16th century when it entered the political discourse, as a symbol of the concept of the "ideal republic". Evoking utopian imagery of the **Garden of Eden**, a time of abundance and plenty where humans didn't know hunger or the conflicts that arose from property disputes. **John Evelyn** wrote in the early 17th century, "there is not a more laborious life then is that of a good Gard'ners; but a labour full of tranquility and satisfaction; Natural and Instructive, and such as (if any) contributes to Piety and Contemplation." [22] During the era of **Enclosures**, the agrarian collectivism of the **feudal age** was idealized in literary "fantasies of liberating regression to garden and wilderness". [23]

France

[edit]

Following his campaign in Italy in 1495, where he saw the gardens and castles of Naples, King **Charles VIII** brought Italian craftsmen and **garden designers**, such as **Pacello da Mercogliano**, from Naples and ordered the construction of Italian-style gardens at his residence at the **Château d'Amboise** and at Château Gaillard, another private résidence in Amboise. His successor **Henry II**, who had also travelled to Italy and had met **Leonardo da Vinci**, created an Italian garden nearby at the **Château de Blois**. [24] Beginning in 1528, King **Francis I** created new gardens at the **Château de Fontainebleau**, which featured fountains, parterres, a forest of pine trees brought from **Provence**, and the first artificial grotto in France. [25] The **Château de Chenonceau** had two gardens in the new style, one created for **Diane de Poitiers** in 1551, and a second for **Catherine de' Medici** in 1560. [26] In 1536, the architect **Philibert de l'Orme**, upon his

return from Rome, created the gardens of the **Château d'Anet** following the Italian rules of proportion. The carefully prepared harmony of Anet, with its parterres and surfaces of water integrated with sections of greenery, became one of the earliest and most influential examples of the classic French garden.[27]

The **French formal garden** (**French**: *jardin à la française*) contrasted with the design principles of the English landscape garden (**French**: *jardin à l'anglaise*) namely, to "force nature" instead of leaving it undisturbed.[28] Typical French formal gardens had "parterres, geometrical shapes and neatly clipped topiary", in contrast to the English style of garden in which "plants and shrubs seem to grow naturally without artifice." [29] By the mid-17th century **axial symmetry** had ascended to prominence in the French gardening traditions of **Andre Mollet** and **Jacques Boyceau**, from which the latter wrote: "All things, however beautiful they may be chosen, will be defective if they are not ordered and placed in proper symmetry." [30] A good example of the French formal style are the **Tuilleries gardens** in Paris which were originally designed during the reign of King Henry II in the mid-sixteenth century. The gardens were redesigned into the formal French style for the **Sun King Louis XIV**. The gardens were ordered into symmetrical lines: long rows of elm or chestnut trees, clipped hedgerows, along with parterres, "reflect[ing] the orderly triumph of man's will over nature." [31]

The **French landscape garden** was influenced by the English landscape garden and gained prominence in the late eighteenth century. [32][33]

United Kingdom

[edit]

Before the **Grand Manner** era, a few significant gardens were found in Britain which were developed under the influence of the continent. Britain's homegrown domestic gardening traditions were mostly practical in purpose, rather than aesthetic, unlike the grand gardens found mostly on castle grounds and less commonly in universities. Tudor Gardens emphasized contrast rather than transitions, distinguished by color and illusion. They were not intended as a complement to home or architecture, but conceived as independent spaces, arranged to grow and display flowers and ornamental plants. Gardeners demonstrated their artistry in **knot gardens**, with complex arrangements most commonly included interwoven **box hedges**, and less commonly fragrant herbs like **rosemary**. Sanded paths run between the hedgings of open knots whereas closed knots were filled with single colored flowers. The knot and **parterre** gardens were always placed on level ground, and elevated areas reserved for terraces from which the intricacy of the gardens could be viewed.[30]

Jacobean gardens were described as "a delightful confusion" by **Henry Wotton** in 1624. Under the influence of the **Italian Renaissance**, Caroline gardens began to shed some of the chaos of earlier designs, marking the beginning of a trends towards symmetrical unified designs that took the building architecture into account, and featuring an elevated terrace from which home and garden could be viewed. The only surviving Caroline garden is located at **Bolsover Castle** in

Derbyshire, but is too simple to attract much interest. During the reign of **Charles II**, many new **Baroque** style country houses were built; while in England Oliver Cromwell sought to destroy many Tudor, Jacobean and Caroline style gardens.^[30]

Design

^[edit]

Main article: **Garden design**

Garden design is the process of creating plans for the layout and planting of gardens and **landscapes**. Gardens may be designed by garden owners themselves, or by professionals. Professional garden designers tend to be trained in principles of design and **horticulture**, and have a knowledge and experience of using plants. Some professional garden designers are also **landscape architects**, a more formal level of training that usually requires an advanced degree and often an occupational **license**.

Elements of garden design include the layout of hard landscape, such as paths, rockeries, walls, water features, sitting areas and decking, as well as the plants themselves, with consideration for their **horticultural** requirements, their season-to-season appearance, lifespan, **growth habit**, size, speed of growth, and combinations with other plants and landscape features. Most gardens consist of a mixture of natural and constructed elements, although even very 'natural' gardens are always an inherently artificial creation. Natural elements present in a garden principally comprise flora (such as trees and **weeds**), fauna (such as **arthropods** and birds), soil, water, air and light. Constructed elements include not only paths, **patios**, decking, sculptures, **drainage** systems, lights and buildings (such as **sheds**, **gazebos**, **pergolas** and **follies**), but also living constructions such as **flower beds**, **ponds** and **lawns**.

Garden needs of maintenance are also taken into consideration. Including the time or funds available for regular maintenance, (this can affect the choices of plants regarding speed of growth) spreading or self-seeding of the plants (annual or perennial), bloom-time, and many other characteristics. Garden design can be roughly divided into two groups, formal and naturalistic gardens. The most important consideration in any garden design is how the garden will be utilised, followed closely by the desired stylistic **genres**, and the way the garden space will connect to the home or other structures in the surrounding areas. All of these considerations are subject to the budget limitations. Budget limitations can be addressed by a simpler garden style with fewer plants and less costly hard landscape materials, seeds rather than sod for lawns, and plants that grow quickly; alternatively, garden owners may choose to create their garden over time, area by area.^[34]

Chehel Sotoun Garden, Isfahan, Iran

○

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Chehel Sotoun Garden,
Isfahan, Iran
Parc de Bagatelle, a rose garden in Paris

○

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Parc de Bagatelle, a rose
garden in Paris
Garden of the Taj Mahal, India

○

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Garden of the Taj Mahal,
India

Example of a garden attached to a place of worship: the cloister of the Abbey of Monreale, Sicily,

○

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Example of a garden
attached to a place of
worship: the cloister of
the Abbey of Monreale,
Sicily, Italy

The Sunken Garden of Butchart Gardens, Victoria, British Columbia

○

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The Sunken Garden of
Butchart Gardens,
Victoria, British Columbia
Gardens of Versailles (France)

○

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Gardens of Versailles
(France)

The back garden of the Umaid Bhawan Palace in Jodhpur, India

○

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The back garden of the
Umaid Bhawan Palace in
Jodhpur, India
Garden with fountains, Villa d'Este, Italy

○

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Garden with fountains,
Villa d'Este, Italy
Gardens at Colonial Williamsburg, Williamsburg, Virginia, feature many heirloom varieties of plants

○

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Gardens at Colonial
Williamsburg,
Williamsburg, Virginia,
feature many heirloom
varieties of plants.

Shitenn'f'Ä†â€™ÄfÄçÄçâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä!Äf'Äçâ,-Ä;Äfâ€šÄ,Ä•-ji Honbo Garden in Osaka, Osa

○

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Shitenn'f'Ä†â€™ÄfÄçÄçâ€šÄ-Ä,Ä!Äf'Äçâ,-Ä;Äfâ€šÄ,Ä•-ji Honbo Garden in
Osaka, Osaka prefecture,
Japan – an example of a
Zen garden.

Types

[[edit](#)]

Main article: [List of garden types](#)

Types of gardens

Specific plant or purpose

Alpine garden, bog garden, cactus garden, fernery, flower garden, moss garden, orchard, physic garden (precursor to botanical gardens), pollinator garden, rose garden, water garden, wildlife garden (to sustain local wildlife), botanical garden, market garden (small-scale production of cash crops), victory garden (food grown to supplement wartime rations), butterfly garden, hydroponic garden (growing plants without soil), rain garden (reabsorption of rain run-off), and trial garden (testing and evaluating plants).

Specific style or aesthetic

Bonsai, color garden (monochromatic gardens or gardens designed with a visually appealing color scheme), Dutch garden, Garden room (secluded garden that has a "room-like" effect), German garden, Greek garden, knot garden (formal garden that is within a square frame), Mary garden (garden with a statue of the virgin Mary), monastic garden, Mughal garden, natural landscaping (using plants native to the area), paradise garden, Pekarangan, Persian garden, philosophical garden, pleasure garden, Roman garden, sacred garden, sensory garden, Shakespeare garden (garden featuring plants mentioned in the works of Shakespeare), Spanish garden, tea garden, therapeutic garden, tropical garden, xeriscaping, zen garden, Chinampa, walled garden, woodland garden

Placement

Back garden, school garden, cottage garden, forest garden, front yard, community garden, square foot garden, residential garden, roof garden, kitchen garden, shade garden

Material

Bottle garden, terrarium, greenhouse, green wall, hanging garden, container garden, sculpture garden, raised bed gardening, rock garden, cold frame

Environmental impact

[[edit](#)]

Main articles: [Sustainable gardening](#) and [Sustainable landscaping](#)

Gardeners may cause environmental damage by the way they garden, or they may enhance their local environment. Damage by gardeners can include direct [destruction of natural habitats](#) when houses and gardens are created; indirect [habitat destruction](#) and damage to provide garden materials such as [peat](#),^[35] rock for rock gardens,^[36] and by the use of tapwater to [irrigate](#) gardens; the death of living beings in the garden itself, such as the killing not only of [slugs](#) and [snails](#) but also their predators such as [hedgehogs](#) and [song thrushes](#) by [metaldehyde](#) slug killer; the death of living beings outside the garden, such as local species extinction by indiscriminate [plant collectors](#); and [climate change](#) caused by [greenhouse gases](#) produced by gardening.

Climate change

[[edit](#)]

Gardeners can help to prevent climate change in many ways, including the use of trees, shrubs, [ground cover plants](#) and other perennial plants in their gardens, turning garden waste into [soil organic matter](#) instead of burning it, keeping soil and compost heaps aerated, avoiding peat, switching from power tools to hand tools or changing their garden design so that power tools are not needed, and using [nitrogen-fixing](#) plants instead of nitrogen fertiliser.^[37]

Climate change will have many impacts on gardens; some studies suggest most of them will be negative.^[38] Gardens also contribute to climate change. Greenhouse gases can be produced by gardeners in many ways. The three main [greenhouse gases](#) are [carbon dioxide](#), [methane](#), and [nitrous oxide](#). Gardeners produce carbon dioxide directly by [overcultivating](#) soil and destroying [soil carbon](#), by burning garden waste on [bonfires](#), by using power tools which burn [fossil fuel](#) or use electricity generated by [fossil fuels](#), and by using [peat](#). Gardeners produce methane by compacting the soil and making it anaerobic, and by allowing their [compost heaps](#) to become compacted and anaerobic. Gardeners produce nitrous oxide by applying excess [nitrogen fertiliser](#) when plants are not actively growing so that the nitrogen in the fertiliser is converted by [soil bacteria](#) to nitrous oxide.

Irrigation

[[edit](#)]

Further information: [Rain garden](#)

See also: [Irrigation sprinkler](#), [drip irrigation](#), [greywater](#), and [hand pump](#)

Some gardeners manage their gardens without using any water from outside the garden. Examples in Britain include [Ventnor Botanic Garden](#) on the Isle of Wight, and parts of [Beth](#)

Chatto's garden in Essex, Sticky Wicket garden in Dorset, and the Royal Horticultural Society's gardens at Harlow Carr and Hyde Hall. Rain gardens absorb rainfall falling onto nearby hard surfaces, rather than sending it into stormwater drains.[39]

See also

[edit]

- o  [Gardening portal](#)
- o [Index of gardening articles](#)
- o [Outline of organic gardening and farming](#)
- o [List of professional gardeners](#)
- o [List of horticulture and gardening books/publications](#)

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External links

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Horticulture and **gardening**

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- Butterfly
- Climate-friendly gardening
- Community
- Forest
- Foodscaping
- French intensive
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- Groundskeeping
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- Baroque
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About Las Vegas

This article is about the city proper in Nevada. For the metropolitan area, see [Las Vegas Valley](#). For other uses, see [Las Vegas \(disambiguation\)](#). "Vegas" redirects here. For other uses, see [Vegas \(disambiguation\)](#).

[Las Vegas](#) is located in the United States



Las Vegas

[City](#)

Las Vegas Skyline

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Downtown Las Vegas
World Market Cer

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World Market
Center
The Strat

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The Strat
Clark County Govern

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Clark County
Government Center
Lou Ruvo Cent

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Lou Ruvo
Center for
Brain Health
Las Vegas Strip

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Las Vegas Strip in Paradise and
Winchester, outside city limits

Flag of Las Vegas

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Flag

Official seal of Las Vegas

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Seal

Etymology: from **Spanish** *las vegas* 'the meadows'

Nicknames:

"Vegas", "Sin City", "City of Lights", "The Gambling Capital of the World",^[1] "The Entertainment Capital of the World", "Capital of Second Chances",^[2] "The Marriage Capital of the World", "The Silver City", "America's Playground", "Hawaii's Ninth Island"^{[3][4]}

Map

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Map

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Map

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Map

Las Vegas is located in Nevada



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Las Vegas

Coordinates: 36°10'22"N 115°8'55"W

36°10'22"N 115°8'55"W
36.16722°N 115.14861°W

Country

United States

State

Nevada

County

Clark

Founded

May 15, 1905

Incorporated

March 16, 1911

Government

• **Type**

Council–manager

• **Mayor**

Shelley Berkley (D)

• **Mayor Pro Tem**

Brian Knudsen (D)

Members

• **City council**

◦ Brian Knudsen (D)

◦ Victoria Seaman (R)

◦ Olivia Diaz (D)

◦ Francis Allen-Palenske (R)

◦ Cedric Crear (D)

◦ Nancy Brune (D)

• City manager	Jorge Cervantes
	Area
	[5]
• City	141.91 sq mi (367.53 km ²)
• Land	141.85 sq mi (367.40 km ²)
• Water	0.05 sq mi (0.14 km ²)
• Urban	540 sq mi (1,400 km ²)
• Metro	1,580 sq mi (4,100 km ²)
Elevation	2,001 ft (610 m)
	Population
	(2020)
• City	641,903
	75th in North America
• Rank	24th in the United States[6]
	1st in Nevada
• Density	4,525.16/sq mi (1,747.17/km ²)
• Urban	2,196,623 (US: 21st)
• Urban density	5,046.3/sq mi (1,948.4/km ²)
• Metro	2,265,461 (US: 29th)
Demonym	Las Vegan
	GDP
	[8]
• Metro	\$160.728 billion (2022)
Time zone	UTC−08:00 (PST)
• Summer (DST)	UTC−07:00 (PDT)
ZIP Codes	89044, 89054, 891xx
Area code(s)	702 and 725
FIPS code	32-40000
GNIS feature ID	847388
Website	lasvegasnevada.gov

Las Vegas,^[a] colloquially referred to as **Vegas**, is the most populous city in the U.S. state of Nevada and the seat of Clark County. The Las Vegas Valley metropolitan area is the largest within the greater Mojave Desert, and second-largest in the Southwestern United States.

According to the [United States Census Bureau](#), the city had 641,903 residents in 2020,^[9] with a metropolitan population of 2,227,053,^[10] making it the [24th-most populous city](#) in the United States. Las Vegas is an internationally renowned major [resort city](#), known primarily for its [gambling](#), shopping, fine dining, entertainment, and [nightlife](#), with most venues centered on [downtown Las Vegas](#) and more to the [Las Vegas Strip](#) just outside city limits in the [unincorporated towns](#) of [Paradise](#) and [Winchester](#). The Las Vegas Valley serves as the leading financial, commercial, and cultural center in Nevada.

Las Vegas was settled in 1905 and officially incorporated in 1911.^[11] At the close of the 20th century, it was the most populated North American city founded within that century (a similar distinction was earned by [Chicago](#) in the 19th century). Population growth has accelerated since the 1960s and into the 21st century, and between 1990 and 2000 the population increased by 85.2%.

The city bills itself as [the Entertainment Capital of the World](#), and is famous for its luxurious and large casino-hotels. With over 40.8 million visitors annually as of 2023,^[12] Las Vegas is one of the [most visited cities in the United States](#), annually ranking as one of the world's most visited tourist destinations.^{[13][14]} It is the third most popular U.S. destination for business conventions^[15] and a global leader in the [hospitality industry](#).^[16] The city's tolerance for numerous forms of [adult entertainment](#) has earned it the nickname "[Sin City](#)",^[17] and has made it a popular setting for literature, [films](#), [television programs](#), commercials and music videos.

Toponymy

[\[edit\]](#)

In 1829, Mexican trader and explorer [Antonio Armijo](#) led a group consisting of 60 men and 100 mules along the [Old Spanish Trail](#) from modern day New Mexico to California. Along the way, the group stopped in what would become Las Vegas and noted its natural water sources, now referred to as the [Las Vegas Springs](#), which supported extensive vegetation such as grasses and [mesquite trees](#). The springs were a significant natural feature in the valley, with streams that supported a meadow ecosystem. This region served as the winter residence for the [Southern Paiute](#) people, who utilized the area's resources before moving to higher elevations during the summer months. The Spanish "las vegas" or "the meadows" (more precisely, lower land near a river) in English, was applied to describe the fertile lowlands near the springs. Over time, the name began to refer to the populated settlement.^{[18][19][20]}

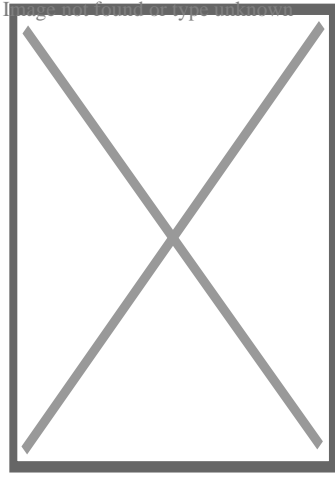
History

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [History of Las Vegas](#)

For a chronological guide, see [Timeline of Las Vegas](#).

See also: [Las Vegas in the 1940s](#) and [Las Vegas in the 1950s](#)



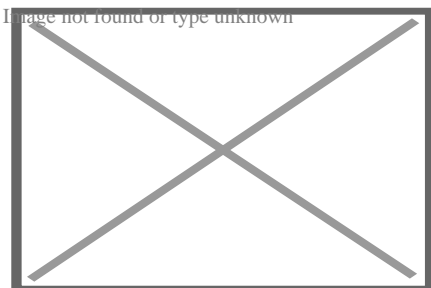
Southern **Paiutes** at **Moapa** wearing traditional Paiute basket hats with Paiute cradleboard and rabbit robe

Nomadic **Paleo-Indians** traveled to the Las Vegas area 10,000 years ago, leaving behind **petroglyphs**. **Ancient Puebloan** and **Paiute** tribes followed at least 2,000 years ago.[21]

A young **Mexican** scout named **Rafael Rivera** is credited as the first non-**Native American** to encounter the valley, in 1829.[22] Trader **Antonio Armijo** led a 60-man party along the **Spanish Trail** to **Los Angeles**, California, in 1829.[23][24] In 1844, **John C. Frémont** arrived, and his writings helped lure pioneers to the area. Downtown Las Vegas's Fremont Street is named after him.

Eleven years later, members of **the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints** chose Las Vegas as the site to build a fort halfway between **Salt Lake City** and Los Angeles, where they would travel to gather supplies. The fort was abandoned several years afterward. The remainder of this **Old Mormon Fort** can still be seen at the intersection of Las Vegas Boulevard and Washington Avenue.

Las Vegas was founded as a city in 1905, when 110 acres (45 ha) of land adjacent to the **Union Pacific Railroad** tracks were auctioned in what would become the downtown area. In 1911, Las Vegas was incorporated as a city.[25]



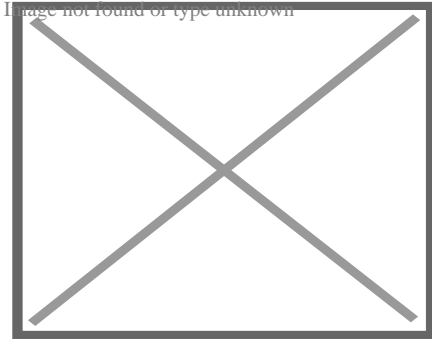
Golden Nugget and **Pioneer Club** along **Fremont Street** in 1952

The year 1931 was pivotal for Las Vegas. At that time, Nevada legalized casino gambling[26] and reduced residency requirements for divorce to six weeks.[27] This year also witnessed the beginning of construction of the tunnels of nearby **Hoover Dam**. The influx of construction

workers and their families helped Las Vegas avoid economic calamity during the **Great Depression**. The construction work was completed in 1935.

In late 1941, **Las Vegas Army Airfield** was established. Renamed **Nellis Air Force Base** in 1950, it is now home to the **United States Air Force Thunderbirds** aerobatic team.[28]

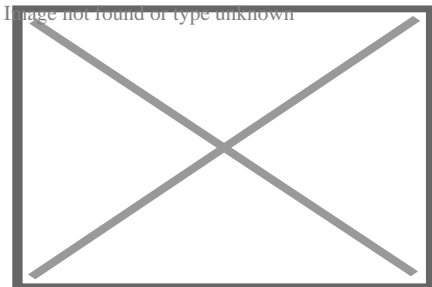
Following World War II, lavishly decorated hotels, gambling casinos, and big-name entertainment became synonymous with Las Vegas.



This view of downtown Las Vegas shows a **mushroom cloud** in the background. Scenes such as this were typical during the 1950s. From 1951 to 1962, the government conducted 100 atmospheric tests at the nearby **Nevada Test Site**. [29]

In 1951, **nuclear weapons testing** began at the **Nevada Test Site**, 65 miles (105 km) northwest of Las Vegas. During this time, the city was nicknamed the "**Atomic City**." Residents and visitors were able to witness the mushroom clouds (and were exposed to the fallout) until 1963 when the **Partial Nuclear Test Ban Treaty** required that nuclear tests be moved underground. [29]

In 1955, the **Moulin Rouge Hotel** opened and became the first racially integrated casino-hotel in Las Vegas.



Fremont Street in the late 1960s

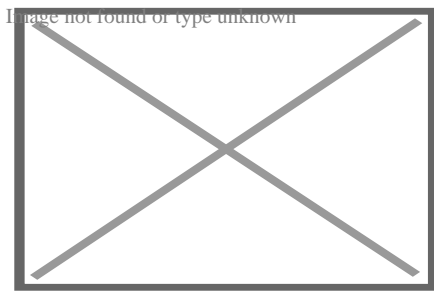
During the 1960s, corporations and business tycoons such as **Howard Hughes** were building and buying hotel-casino properties. Gambling was referred to as "gaming," which transitioned it into a legitimate business. **Learning from Las Vegas**, published during this era, asked architects to take inspiration from the city's highly decorated buildings, helping to start the **postmodern architecture** movement.

In 1995, the **Fremont Street Experience** opened in Las Vegas's downtown area. This canopied five-block area features 12.5 million LED lights and 550,000 watts of sound from dusk until midnight during shows held at the top of each hour.

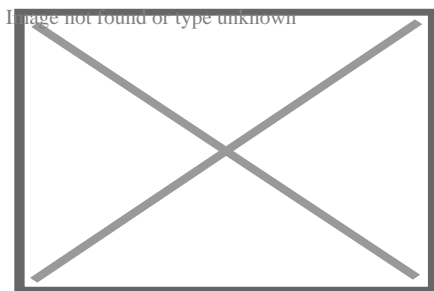
Due to the realization of many revitalization efforts, 2012 was dubbed "The Year of Downtown." Projects worth hundreds of millions of dollars made their debut at this time, including the **Smith Center for the Performing Arts**, the **Discovery Children's Museum**, the **Mob Museum**, the **Neon Museum**, a new **City Hall** complex, and renovations for a new **Zappos.com** corporate headquarters in the **old City Hall** building.[30][31]

Geography

[[edit](#)]



Astronaut photograph of Las Vegas at night



Downtown Las Vegas with **Red Rock Canyon** in the background

Las Vegas is the county seat of **Clark County**, in a **basin** on the floor of the **Mojave Desert**,[32] and is surrounded by mountain ranges. Much of the landscape is rocky and arid, with desert vegetation and wildlife. It can be subjected to torrential flash floods, although much has been done to mitigate the effects of flash floods through improved drainage systems.[33]

The city's elevation is approximately 2,030 ft (620 m) above sea level, though the surrounding peaks reach elevations of over 10,000 feet (3,000 m) and act as barriers to the strong flow of moisture from the surrounding area. According to the **United States Census Bureau**, the city has an area of 135.86 sq mi (351.9 km²), of which 135.81 sq mi (351.7 km²) is land and 0.05 sq mi (0.13 km²) (0.03%) is water.

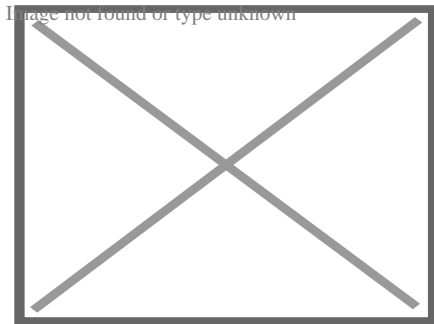
After Alaska and California, Nevada is the third most seismically active state in the U.S. It has been estimated by the United States Geological Survey (USGS) that over the next 50 years,

there is a 10–20% chance of an M6.0 or greater earthquake occurring within 50 km (31 mi) of Las Vegas.[34]

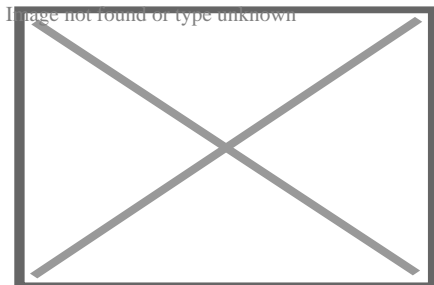
Within the city are many lawns, trees, and other greenery. Due to water resource issues, there has been a movement to encourage **xeriscapes**. Another part of conservation efforts is scheduled watering days for residential landscaping. A **U.S. Environmental Protection Agency** grant in 2008 funded a program that analyzed and forecast growth and environmental effects through 2019.[35]

Climate

[edit]



Desert scene at the **Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area** in the Las Vegas area



Spring flowers at the **Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area** in the Las Vegas area

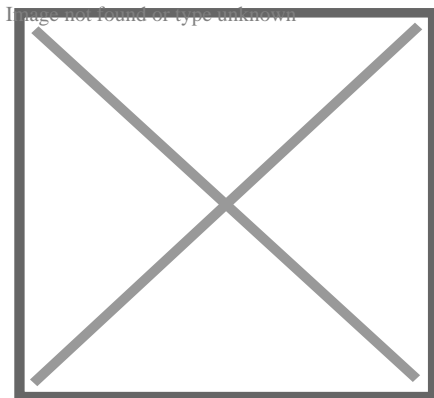
Las Vegas has a **subtropical hot desert climate** (**Köppen climate classification**: *BWh*, **Trewartha climate classification** *BWhk*), typical of the **Mojave Desert** in which it lies. This climate is typified by long, extremely hot summers; warm transitional seasons; and short winters with mild days and cool nights. There is abundant sunshine throughout the year, with an average of 310 sunny days and bright sunshine during 86% of all daylight hours.[36][37] Rainfall is scarce, with an average of 4.2 in (110 mm) dispersed between roughly 26 total rainy days per year.[38] Las Vegas is among the sunniest, driest, and least humid locations in North America, with exceptionally low dew points and humidity that sometimes remains below 10%.[39]

The summer months of June through September are extremely hot, though moderated by the low humidity levels. July is the hottest month, with an average daytime high of 104.5 °F

(40.3 °C). On average, 137 days per year reach or exceed 90 °F (32 °C), of which 78 days reach 100 °F (38 °C) and 10 days reach 110 °F (43 °C). During the peak intensity of summer, overnight lows frequently remain above 80 °F (27 °C), and occasionally above 85 °F (29 °C).^[36]

While most summer days are consistently hot, dry, and cloudless, the **North American Monsoon** sporadically interrupts this pattern and brings more cloud cover, thunderstorms, lightning, increased humidity, and brief spells of heavy rain. Potential monsoons affect Las Vegas between July and August. Summer in Las Vegas is marked by significant **diurnal temperature variation**. While less extreme than other parts of the state, nighttime lows in Las Vegas are often 30 °F (16.7 °C) or more lower than daytime highs.^[40] The average hottest night of the year is 90 °F (32 °C). The all-time record is at 95 °F (35 °C).^[36]

Las Vegas winters are relatively short, with typically mild daytime temperatures and chilly nights. Sunshine is abundant in all seasons. December is both the year's coolest and cloudiest month, with an average daytime high of 56.9 °F (13.8 °C) and sunshine occurring during 78% of its daylight hours. Winter evenings are defined by clear skies and swift drops in temperature after sunset, with overnight minima averaging around 40 °F (4.4 °C) in December and January. Owing to its elevation that ranges from 2,000 to 3,000 feet (610 to 910 m), Las Vegas experiences markedly cooler winters than other areas of the **Mojave Desert** and the adjacent **Sonoran Desert** that are closer to sea level. The city records freezing temperatures an average of 10 nights per winter. It is exceptionally rare for temperatures to reach or fall below 25 °F (?4 °C).^[36]



Climate chart for Las Vegas

Most of the annual precipitation falls during the winter. February, the wettest month, averages only four days of measurable rain. The mountains immediately surrounding the Las Vegas Valley accumulate snow every winter, but significant accumulation within the city is rare, although moderate accumulations occur every few years. The most recent accumulations occurred on February 18, 2019, when parts of the city received about 1 to 2 inches (2.5 to 5.1 cm) of snow^[41] and on February 20 when the city received almost 0.5 inches (1.3 cm).^[42] Other recent significant snow accumulations occurred on December 25, 2015, and December 17, 2008.^[43] Unofficially, Las Vegas's largest snowfall on record was the 12 inches (30 cm) that fell in 1909.^[44] In recent times, ice days have not occurred, although 29 °F (?2 °C) was

measured in 1963.[36] On average the coldest day is 44 °F (7 °C).[36]

The highest temperature officially observed for Las Vegas is 120 °F (48.9 °C), as measured at **Harry Reid International Airport** on July 7, 2024.[36][45] The lowest temperature was 8 °F (?13 °C), recorded on two days: January 25, 1937, and January 13, 1963.[36] The official record hot daily minimum is 95 °F (35 °C) on July 19, 2005, and July 1, 2013. The official record cold daily maximum is 28 °F (?2 °C) on January 8 and 21, 1937.[36] July 2024 was the hottest month ever recorded in Las Vegas, with its highest recorded mean daily average temperature over the month of 99.9 °F (38 °C), its highest recorded mean daily maximum temperature of 111.5 °F (44 °C), and its highest recorded mean nightly minimum temperature of 88.3 °F (31 °C).[46]

Due to concerns about **climate change** in the wake of a 2002 drought, daily water consumption has been reduced from 314 US gallons (1,190 L) per resident in 2003 to around 205 US gallons (780 L) in 2015.[47]

Climate data for **Harry Reid International Airport (Paradise, Nevada)**, 1991–2020 normals,[b] extremes 1937–present

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Record high °F (°C)	77 (25)	87 (31)	92 (33)	99 (37)	109 (43)	117 (47)	120 (49)	116 (47)	114 (46)	104 (40)	87 (31)	78 (26)	120 (49)
Mean maximum °F (°C)	68.7 (20.4)	74.2 (23.4)	84.3 (29.1)	93.6 (34.2)	101.8 (38.8)	110.1 (43.4)	112.9 (44.9)	110.3 (43.5)	105.0 (40.6)	94.6 (34.8)	80.5 (26.9)	67.9 (19.9)	113.6 (45.3)
Mean daily maximum °F (°C)	58.5 (14.7)	62.9 (17.2)	71.1 (21.7)	78.5 (25.8)	88.5 (31.4)	99.4 (37.4)	104.5 (40.3)	102.8 (39.3)	94.9 (34.9)	81.2 (27.3)	67.1 (19.5)	56.9 (13.8)	80.5 (26.9)
Daily mean °F (°C)	49.5 (9.7)	53.5 (11.9)	60.8 (16.0)	67.7 (19.8)	77.3 (25.2)	87.6 (30.9)	93.2 (34.0)	91.7 (33.2)	83.6 (28.7)	70.4 (21.3)	57.2 (14.0)	48.2 (9.0)	70.1 (21.2)
Mean daily minimum °F (°C)	40.5 (4.7)	44.1 (6.7)	50.5 (10.3)	56.9 (13.8)	66.1 (18.9)	75.8 (24.3)	82.0 (27.8)	80.6 (27.0)	72.4 (22.4)	59.6 (15.3)	47.3 (8.5)	39.6 (4.2)	59.6 (15.3)
Mean minimum °F (°C)	29.8 (?1.2)	32.9 (0.5)	38.7 (3.7)	45.2 (7.3)	52.8 (11.6)	62.2 (16.8)	72.9 (22.7)	70.8 (21.6)	60.8 (16.0)	47.4 (8.6)	35.2 (1.8)	29.0 (?1.7)	27.4 (?2.6)
Record low °F (°C)	8 (?13)	16 (?9)	19 (?7)	31 (?1)	38 (3)	48 (9)	56 (13)	54 (12)	43 (6)	26 (?3)	15 (?9)	11 (?12)	8 (?13)
Average precipitation inches (mm)	0.56 (14)	0.80 (20)	0.42 (11)	0.20 (5.1)	0.07 (1.8)	0.04 (1.0)	0.38 (9.7)	0.32 (8.1)	0.32 (8.1)	0.32 (8.1)	0.30 (7.6)	0.45 (11)	4.18 (106)
Average snowfall inches (cm)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.2 (0.51)	0.2 (0.51)

Average precipitation days (? 0.01 in)	3.1	4.1	2.8	1.6	1.1	0.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.5	3.0	25.8
Average snowy days (? 0.1 in)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Average relative humidity (%)	45.1	39.6	33.1	25.0	21.3	16.5	21.1	25.6	25.0	28.8	37.2	45.0	30.3
Average dew point °F (°C)	22.1 (?5.5)	23.7 (?4.6)	23.9 (?4.5)	24.1 (?4.4)	28.2 (?2.1)	30.9 (?0.6)	40.6 (4.8)	44.1 (6.7)	37.0 (2.8)	30.4 (?0.9)	25.3 (?3.7)	22.3 (?5.4)	29.4 (?1.5)
Mean monthly sunshine hours	245.2	246.7	314.6	346.1	388.1	401.7	390.9	368.5	337.1	304.4	246.0	236.0	3,825.3
Percentage possible sunshine	79	81	85	88	89	92	88	88	91	87	80	78	86

Source: NOAA (relative humidity, dew point and sun 1961–1990)[\[36\]](#)[\[38\]](#)[\[37\]](#)

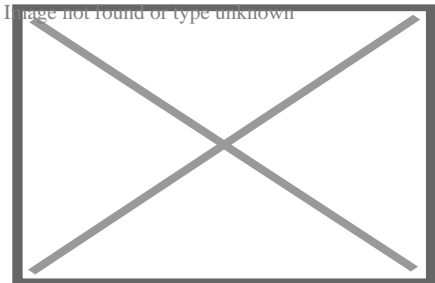


Graphs are unavailable due to technical issues. Updates on reimplementing the Graph extension, which will be known as the Chart extension, can be found on [Phabricator](#) and on [MediaWiki.org](#).

See or edit [raw graph data](#).

Nearby communities

[\[edit\]](#)



The entrance to the community of [Summerlin](#)

- [Boulder City](#), incorporated
- [Enterprise](#), unincorporated
- [Henderson](#), incorporated

- [Lone Mountain](#), unincorporated
- [North Las Vegas](#), incorporated
- [Paradise](#), unincorporated
- [Spring Valley](#), unincorporated
- [Summerlin South](#), unincorporated
- [Sunrise Manor](#), unincorporated
- [Whitney](#), unincorporated
- [Winchester](#), unincorporated

Neighborhoods

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Downtown](#)
- [The Lakes](#)
- [Summerlin](#)
- [West Las Vegas](#)

Demographics

[\[edit\]](#)

Historical population			
Census	Pop.	Note	%±
1900	25		—
1910	800		3,100.0%
1920	2,304		188.0%
1930	5,165		124.2%
1940	8,422		63.1%
1950	24,624		192.4%
1960	64,405		161.6%
1970	125,787		95.3%
1980	164,674		30.9%
1990	258,295		56.9%
2000	478,434		85.2%
2010	583,756		22.0%
2020	641,903		10.0%
2022 (est.)	656,274		2.2%
source: [48] [49]			
2010–2010 [9]			

Las Vegas, Nevada – Racial and ethnic composition

Note: the US Census treats Hispanic/Latino as an ethnic category. This table excludes Latinos

from the racial categories and assigns them to a separate category. Hispanics/Latinos may be of any race.

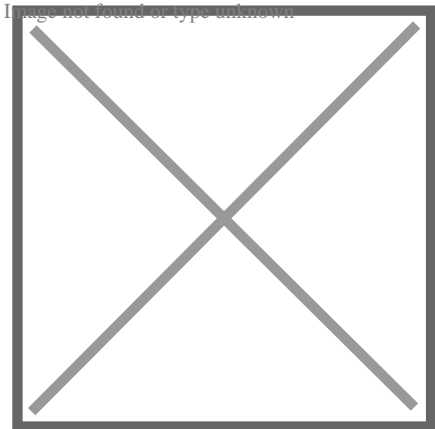
Race / Ethnicity (NH = Non-Hispanic)	Pop 2000[50]	Pop 2010[51]	Pop 2020[52]	% 2000	% 2010	% 2020
White alone (NH)	277,704	279,703	259,561	58.04%	47.91%	40.44%
Black or African American alone (NH)	48,380	62,008	79,129	10.11%	10.62%	12.33%
Native American or Alaska Native alone (NH)	2,405	2,391	2,291	0.50%	0.41%	0.36%
Asian alone (NH)	22,411	34,606	44,995	4.68%	5.93%	7.01%
Pacific Islander alone (NH)	1,935	3,103	4,204	0.40%	0.53%	0.65%
Other race alone (NH)	650	1,101	3,855	0.14%	0.19%	0.60%
Mixed race or Multiracial (NH)	11,987	16,985	34,040	2.51%	2.91%	5.30%
Hispanic or Latino (any race)	112,962	183,859	213,828	23.61%	31.50%	33.31%
Total	474,434	583,756	641,903	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

2020 census

[edit]

According to the 2020 United States census, the city of Las Vegas had 644,883 people living in 244,429 households. The racial composition of the City of Las Vegas was 49.2% white, 11.9% black, 1.1% American Indian or Alaska Native, 6.9% Asian, Hispanic or Latino residents of any race were 34.1% and 16.2% from two or more races. 40.8% were non-Hispanic white.[53]

Approximately 5.8% of residents are under the age of five, 22.8% under the age of eighteen and 15.6% over 65 years old. Females are 50.0% of the total population.[53]



Map of racial distribution in Las Vegas, 2010 U.S. Census. Each dot is 25 people:

 White

Black

Asian

Hispanic

Other

From 2019 to 2023, Las Vegas had approximately 244,429 **households**, with an average of 2.63 persons per household. About 55.7% of housing units were owner-occupied, and the median value of owner-occupied housing was \$395,300. Median gross rent during this period was \$1,456 per month (in 2023 dollars).[53]

The median **household income** in Las Vegas from 2019 to 2023 was \$70,723, while the **per capita** income was \$38,421 (in 2023 dollars). Approximately 14.2% of the population lived below the poverty line during the same period.[53]

Residents over 25 years old with a **high school diploma** were 85.8% of the population with 27.3% having attained a **bachelor's degree or higher**. [53]

About 33.0% of residents aged 5 and older speak a language other than English at home. 20.9% of residents are foreign-born.[53]

The mean travel time to work for residents aged 16 and older was approximately 25.8 minutes between 2019 and 2023. The vast majority of households in Las Vegas are **digitally connected**, with 95.6% having a computer and 89.1% subscribing to **broadband internet** services .

According to demographer **William H. Frey** using data from the **2010 United States census**, Las Vegas has the second-lowest level of black-white **segregation** of any of the 100 largest U.S. metropolitan areas after **Tucson, Arizona**. [54]

According to the Las Vegas Asian Chamber of Commerce, **Filipinos** make up the largest ethnic population within Vegas. at 20% of the city's population. [55] Native Hawaiians are also a major demographic in the city, with some Hawaiians and Las Vegas residents calling the city the "ninth island of **Hawaii**" due to the major influx of Hawaiians to Vegas. [56]

According to a 2004 study, Las Vegas has one of the highest divorce rates. [57][58] The city's high divorce rate is not wholly due to Las Vegasans themselves getting divorced. Compared to other states, Nevada's nonrestrictive requirements for divorce result in many couples temporarily moving to Las Vegas in order to get divorced. [59] Similarly, Nevada marriage requirements are equally lax resulting in one of the highest marriage rates of U.S. cities, with many licenses issued to people from outside the area (see **Las Vegas weddings**). [59]

2010 census

[edit]

According to the **2010 Census**, the city of Las Vegas had a population of 583,756. The city's racial composition had shifted slightly, with 47.91% of the population identifying as White alone (non-Hispanic), 10.63% as Black or African American alone (non-Hispanic), 0.41% as Native American or Alaska Native alone (non-Hispanic), 5.93% as Asian alone (non-Hispanic), 0.53% as Pacific Islander alone (non-Hispanic), 0.19% as Other Race alone (non-Hispanic), and 2.91% as Mixed race or Multiracial (non-Hispanic). Hispanic or Latino individuals of any race represented 31.50% of the population.**[51]**

2000 census

[edit]

According to the **2000 census**, Las Vegas had a population of 474,434 people. The racial makeup of the city was 58.52% White alone (non-Hispanic), 10.19% Black or African American alone (non-Hispanic), 0.51% Native American or Alaska Native alone (non-Hispanic), 4.72% Asian alone (non-Hispanic), 0.41% Pacific Islander alone (non-Hispanic), 0.14% Other Race alone (non-Hispanic), and 2.52% Mixed race or Multiracial (non-Hispanic). Hispanic or Latino individuals of any race made up 23.81% of the population.**[50]**

Historical racial profile	2020 [60]	2010 [61]	2000 [62]	1990 [63]	1970 [63]
White	46.0%	62.1%	69.9%	78.4%	87.6%
—Non-Hispanic Whites	40.4%	47.9%	58.0%	72.1%	83.1% [c]
Black or African American	12.9%	11.1%	10.4%	11.4%	11.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	33.3%	31.5%	23.6%	12.5%	4.6% [c]
Asian	7.2%	6.1%	4.8%	3.6%	0.7%

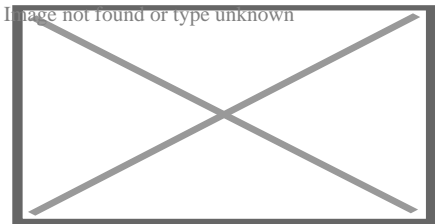
Economy

[edit]

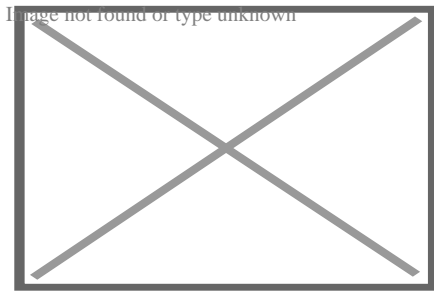
The primary drivers of the Las Vegas economy are tourism, **gaming**, and conventions, which in turn feed the retail and restaurant industries.

Tourism

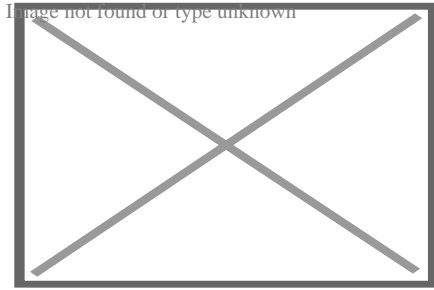
[edit]



The Golden Nugget Las Vegas



The Las Vegas Strip, primarily located in Paradise



A view of the Las Vegas Valley looking north from the Stratosphere Tower

The major attractions in Las Vegas are the casinos and the hotels, although in recent years other new attractions have begun to emerge.

Most casinos in the downtown area are on Fremont Street, with The STRAT Hotel, Casino & Skypod as one of the few exceptions. Fremont East, adjacent to the Fremont Street Experience, was granted variances to allow bars to be closer together, similar to the Gaslamp Quarter of San Diego, the goal being to attract a different demographic than the Strip attracts.

Downtown casinos

[edit]

Main article: [Downtown \(Nevada gaming area\)](#)

The Golden Gate Hotel and Casino, downtown along the Fremont Street Experience, is the oldest continuously operating hotel and casino in Las Vegas; it opened in 1906 as the Hotel Nevada.

In 1931, the Northern Club (now the La Bayou) opened.^{[64][65]} The most notable of the early casinos may have been Binion's Horseshoe (now Binion's Gambling Hall and Hotel) while it was run by Benny Binion.

Boyd Gaming has a major presence downtown operating the California Hotel & Casino, the Fremont Hotel & Casino, and the Main Street Casino. The Four Queens also operates downtown along the Fremont Street Experience.

Downtown casinos that have undergone major renovations and revitalization in recent years include the [Golden Nugget Las Vegas](#), [The D Las Vegas](#) (formerly Fitzgerald's), the [Downtown Grand Las Vegas](#) (formerly Lady Luck), the [El Cortez Hotel & Casino](#), and the [Plaza Hotel & Casino](#).^[66]

In 2020, [Circa Resort & Casino](#) opened, becoming the first all-new hotel-casino to be built on Fremont Street since 1980.^[67]

Las Vegas Strip

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [Las Vegas Strip](#)

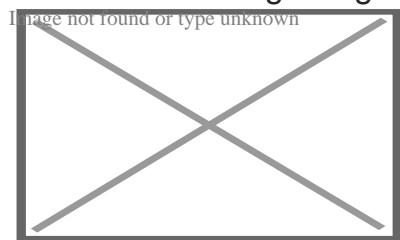
The center of the gambling and entertainment industry is the [Las Vegas Strip](#), outside the city limits in the surrounding unincorporated communities of [Paradise](#) and [Winchester](#) in Clark County. Some of the largest casinos and buildings are there.^[68]

Welcome signs

[\[edit\]](#)



The original Welcome to Fabulous Las Vegas sign



Gateway Arches

In 1929, the city installed a welcome arch over [Fremont Street](#), at the corner of Main Street.^{[69][70][71]} It remained in place until 1931.^{[72][73]}

In 1959, the 25-foot-tall (7.6 m) [Welcome to Fabulous Las Vegas sign](#) was installed at the south end of the [Las Vegas Strip](#). A replica welcome sign, standing nearly 16 feet (4.9 m) tall, was installed within city limits in 2002, at [Las Vegas Boulevard](#) and Fourth Street.^{[74][75][76]} The

replica was destroyed in 2016, when a pickup truck crashed into it.[77]

In 2018, the city approved plans for a new gateway landmark in the form of neon arches. It was built within city limits, in front of the [Strat](#) resort and north of [Sahara Avenue](#).^[78] The project, built by [YESCO](#), cost \$6.5 million and stands 80 feet (24 m) high.^[79] Officially known as the Gateway Arches, the project was completed in 2020. The steel arches are blue during the day, and light up in a variety of colors at night.^[80]

Also located just north of the Strat are a pair of giant neon showgirls, initially added in 2018 as part of a \$400,000 welcome display. The original showgirls were 25 feet (7.6 m) tall, but were replaced by new ones in 2022, rising 50 feet (15 m).^{[81][82]} The originals were refurbished following weather damage and installed at the [Las Vegas Arts District](#).^{[82][83]}

Development

[\[edit\]](#)

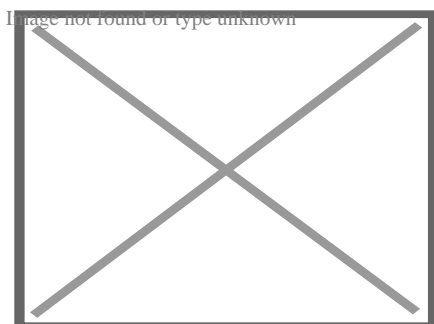
See also: [List of tallest buildings in Las Vegas](#)

When [The Mirage](#) opened in 1989, it started a trend of major resort development on the Las Vegas Strip outside of the city. This resulted in a drop in tourism in the downtown area, but many recent projects have increased the number of visitors to downtown.

An effort has been made by city officials to diversify the economy by attracting health-related, high-tech and other commercial interests. No state tax for individuals or corporations, as well as a lack of other forms of business-related taxes, have aided the success of these efforts.^[84]

The Fremont Street Experience was built in an effort to draw tourists back to the area and has been popular since its startup in 1995.

The city conducted a land-swap deal in 2000 with [Lehman Brothers](#), acquiring 61 acres (25 ha) of property near downtown Las Vegas in exchange for 91 acres (37 ha) of the Las Vegas Technology Center.^[85] In 2004, Las Vegas Mayor [Oscar Goodman](#) announced that the area would become home to [Symphony Park](#) (originally called "Union Park"^[86]), a mixed-use development. The development is home to the [Cleveland Clinic Lou Ruvo Center for Brain Health](#), [The Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#), the [Discovery Children's Museum](#), the Las Vegas [Chamber of Commerce](#), and four residential projects totaling 600 residential units as of 2024.^[87]



World Market Center Building A

In 2005, the [World Market Center](#) opened, consisting of three large buildings taking up 5,400,000 square feet (500,000 m²). Trade shows for the furniture and furnishing industries are held there semiannually.^[88]

Also nearby is the Las Vegas North Premium Outlets. With a second expansion, completed in May 2015, the mall currently offers 175 stores.^[89]

City offices moved to a new [Las Vegas City Hall](#) in February 2013 on downtown's Main Street. The former city hall building is now occupied by the corporate headquarters for the online retailer [Zappos.com](#), which opened downtown in 2013. Zappos CEO [Tony Hsieh](#) took an interest in the urban area and contributed \$350 million toward a revitalization effort called the Downtown Project.^{[90][91]} Projects funded include Las Vegas's first independent bookstore, [The Writer's Block](#).^[92]

Other industries

^[edit]

A number of new industries have moved to Las Vegas in recent decades. [Zappos.com](#) (now an [Amazon](#) subsidiary) was founded in San Francisco but by 2013 had moved its headquarters to downtown Las Vegas. [Allegiant Air](#), a low-cost air carrier, launched in 1997 with its first hub at [Harry Reid International Airport](#) and headquarters in nearby Summerlin.

[Planet 13 Holdings](#), a cannabis company, opened the world's largest [cannabis dispensary](#) in Las Vegas at 112,000 sq ft (10,400 m²).^{[93][94]}

Effects of growth on water supply

^[edit]

A growing population means the Las Vegas Valley used 1.2 billion US gal (4.5 billion L) more water in 2014 than in 2011. Although water conservation efforts implemented in the wake of a 2002 drought have had some success, local [water consumption](#) remains 30 percent greater than in Los Angeles, and over three times that of San Francisco metropolitan area residents. The [Southern Nevada Water Authority](#) is building a \$1.4 billion tunnel and pumping station to bring water from [Lake Mead](#), has purchased water rights throughout Nevada, and has planned a controversial \$3.2 billion [pipeline](#) across half the state. By law, the Las Vegas Water Service District "may deny any request for a water commitment or request for a water connection if the District has an inadequate supply of water." But limiting growth on the basis of an inadequate water supply has been unpopular with the casino and building industries.^[47]

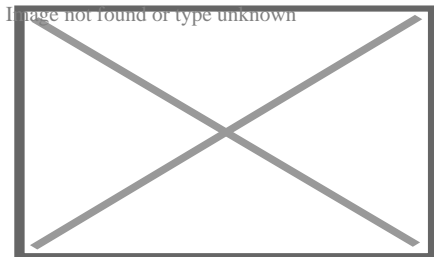
Culture

[[edit](#)]

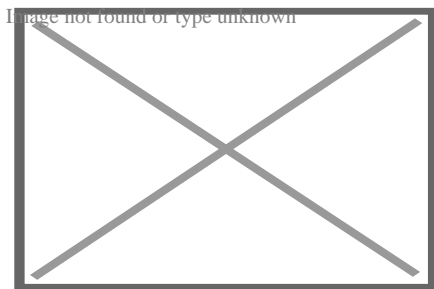
Main article: [Las Vegas Valley § Culture and the arts](#)

See also: [List of Las Vegas landmarks](#)

"Las Vegas culture" redirects here. For the ancient Ecuadorian civilization, see [Las Vegas culture \(archaeology\)](#).



The [Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#) & Discovery Museum



[Symphony Park](#) in [Downtown Las Vegas](#)

The city is home to several museums, including the [Neon Museum](#) (the location for many of the historical signs from Las Vegas's mid-20th century heyday), The [Mob Museum](#), the [Las Vegas Natural History Museum](#), the Discovery Children's Museum, the Nevada State Museum and the Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park.

The city is home to an extensive [Downtown Arts District](#), which hosts numerous galleries and events including the annual Las Vegas Film Festival. "First Friday" is a monthly celebration that includes arts, music, special presentations and food in a section of the city's downtown region called 18b, The Las Vegas Arts District.^[95] The festival extends into the Fremont East Entertainment District.^[96] The Thursday evening before First Friday is known in the arts district as "Preview Thursday," which highlights new gallery exhibitions throughout the district.^[97]

The [Las Vegas Academy of International Studies, Performing and Visual Arts](#) is a Grammy award-winning magnet school located in downtown Las Vegas. The [Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#) is downtown in [Symphony Park](#) and hosts various Broadway shows and other artistic performances.

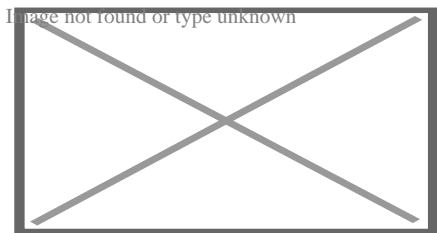
Las Vegas has earned the moniker "Gambling Capital of the World," as it has the world's most land-based casinos.^[98] The city is also host to more [AAA Five Diamond](#) hotels than any other city in the world.^[99]

Sports

[edit]

Main article: Sports in the Las Vegas metropolitan area

See also: Nevada § Sports



Allegiant Stadium is the home of the **Las Vegas Raiders NFL** football team.

The Las Vegas Valley is the home of three **major professional** teams: the **National Hockey League** (NHL)'s **Vegas Golden Knights**, an **expansion team** that began play in the **2017–18 NHL season** at **T-Mobile Arena** in nearby **Paradise**,^[100] the **National Football League** (NFL)'s **Las Vegas Raiders**, who **relocated** from **Oakland, California**, in 2020 and play at **Allegiant Stadium** in **Paradise**,^[101] and the **Women's National Basketball Association** (WNBA)'s **Las Vegas Aces**, who play at the **Mandalay Bay Events Center**. The **Oakland Athletics** of **Major League Baseball** (MLB) will **move to Las Vegas** by 2028.^{[102][103]}

Two minor league sports teams play in the Las Vegas area. The **Las Vegas Aviators** of the **Pacific Coast League**, the **Triple-A** farm club of the Athletics, play at **Las Vegas Ballpark** in nearby **Summerlin**.^[104] The **Las Vegas Lights FC** of the **United Soccer League** play in **Cashman Field** in **Downtown Las Vegas**.^{[105][106]}

The mixed martial arts promotion, **Ultimate Fighting Championship** (UFC), is headquartered in Las Vegas and also frequently holds fights in the city at T-Mobile Arena and at the UFC Apex training facility near the headquarters.^[107]

List of teams

[edit]

Major professional teams

[edit]

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established	Titles
Las Vegas Raiders	Football	NFL	Allegiant Stadium (65,000)	2020	3 ^[d]
Vegas Golden Knights	Ice hockey	NHL	T-Mobile Arena (17,500)	2017	1
Las Vegas Aces	Women's basketball	WNBA	Michelob Ultra Arena (12,000)	2018	2

Minor professional teams

[edit]

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established Titles	
Las Vegas Aviators	Baseball	MiLB (AAA-PCL)	Las Vegas Ballpark (10,000)	1983	2
Henderson Silver Knights	Ice hockey	AHL	Lee's Family Forum (5,567)	2020	0
Las Vegas Lights FC	Soccer	USLC	Cashman Field (9,334)	2018	0
Vegas Knight Hawks	Indoor football	IFL	Lee's Family Forum (6,019)		0
Las Vegas Desert Dogs	Box lacrosse	NLL	Lee's Family Forum (5,567)	2021	0

Semi-pro and amateur teams

[edit]

Team	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Established Titles	
Las Vegas Dream	Basketball	ABA		2023	
Las Vegas Royals				2020	
Vegas Jesters				2012	0
Las Vegas Thunderbirds	Ice hockey	USPHL	City National Arena (600)	2019	0
Las Vegas Legends	Soccer	NPSL	Peter Johann Memorial Field (2,500)	2021	0
Vegas NVaders	Women's football	WFA - D2	Desert Pines High School (N/A)	2023	0

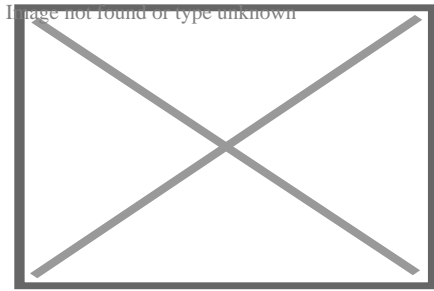
College teams

[edit]

School	Team	League	Division	Primary Conference
University of Nevada, Las Vegas (UNLV)	UNLV Rebels	NCAA	NCAA Division I	Mountain West
College of Southern Nevada (CSN)	CSN Coyotes	NJCAA	NJCAA Division I	Scenic West

Parks and recreation

[\[edit\]](#)



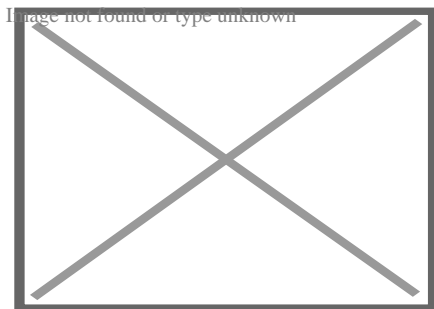
Spanish Trail Country Club, a 27-hole golf course

The city's parks and recreation department operates 78 regional, community, neighborhood, and pocket parks; four municipal swimming pools, 11 recreational centers, four active adult centers, eight cultural centers, six galleries, eleven dog parks, and four golf courses: Angel Park Golf Club, Desert Pines Golf Club, Durango Hills Golf Club, and the Las Vegas Municipal Golf Course.^[108]

It is also responsible for 123 playgrounds, 23 softball fields, 10 football fields, 44 soccer fields, 10 dog parks, six community centers, four senior centers, 109 skate parks, and six swimming pools.^[109]

Government

[\[edit\]](#)



Las Vegas City Hall in downtown Las Vegas

The city of Las Vegas has a **council–manager government**.^[110] The mayor sits as a council member-at-large and presides over all **city council** meetings.^[110] If the mayor cannot preside over a city council meeting, then the Mayor **pro tempore** is the **presiding officer** of the meeting until the Mayor returns to his/her seat.^[111] The city manager is responsible for the administration and the day-to-day operations of all **municipal services** and city departments.^[112] The city manager maintains intergovernmental relationships with federal, state, county and other local governments.^[112]

Out of the 2,265,461 people in Clark County as of the 2020 Census, approximately 1,030,000 people live in **unincorporated Clark County**, and around 650,000 live in incorporated cities such as **North Las Vegas**, **Henderson** and **Boulder City**.^[113] Las Vegas and Clark County share a police department, the **Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department**, which was formed after a 1973 merger of the **Las Vegas Police Department** and the **Clark County Sheriff's Department**.^[114] North Las Vegas, Henderson, Boulder City, Mesquite, UNLV and CCSD have their own police departments.^[115]

The **federally-recognized Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute Indians** (**Southern Paiute**: Nuvagantucimi) occupies a 31-acre (130,000 m²) **reservation** just north downtown between **Interstate-15** and Main Street.^{[116][117][118]}

Downtown is the location of **Lloyd D. George Federal District Courthouse**^[119] and the Regional Justice Center,^[120] draws numerous companies providing bail, marriage, divorce, tax, **incorporation** and other legal services.

City council

^[edit]

Name	Position	Party	References	Notes
Shelley Berkley	Mayor	Democratic	^[121]	
Brian Knudsen	1st Ward Council member	Democratic	^{[122][123]}	Mayor Pro Tem
Victoria Seaman	2nd Ward Council member	Republican	^{[124][123]}	
Olivia Diaz	3rd Ward Council member	Democratic	^{[125][123]}	
Francis Allen-Palenske	4th Ward Council member	Republican		
Shondra Summers-Armstrong	5th Ward Council member	Democratic	^[126]	
Nancy Brune	6th Ward Council member	Democratic		

Education

^[edit]

Main article: **Las Vegas Valley § Education**

Primary and secondary schools

^[edit]

Main article: **Clark County School District**

Primary and secondary [public education](#) is provided by the [Clark County School District](#).^[127]

Public higher education

[\[edit\]](#)

Public higher education is provided by the [Nevada System of Higher Education](#) (NSHE). Public institutions serving Las Vegas include the [University of Nevada, Las Vegas](#) (UNLV), the [College of Southern Nevada](#) (CSN), [Nevada State University](#) (NSU), and the [Desert Research Institute](#) (DRI).^[128]

UNLV is a public, land-grant, [R1 research](#) university and is home to the [Kirk Kerkorian School of Medicine](#)^[129] and the [William S. Boyd School of Law](#), the only law school in Nevada.^[130] The university's campus is urban and located about two miles east of the Las Vegas strip. The Desert Research Institute's southern campus sits next to UNLV, while its northern campus is in Reno.^[131]

CSN, with campuses throughout Clark County,^[132] is a [community college](#) with one of the largest enrollments in the United States.^[133] In unincorporated Clark County, CSN's Charleston campus is home to the headquarters of [Nevada Public Radio](#) ([KNPR](#)), an [NPR](#) member station.^[134]^[135]

Private higher education

[\[edit\]](#)

[Touro University Nevada](#) located in [Henderson](#) is a non-profit, private institution primarily focusing on medical education.^[136] Other institutions include a number of [for-profit](#) private schools (e.g., [Le Cordon Bleu College of Culinary Arts](#), [DeVry University](#), among others).^[137]

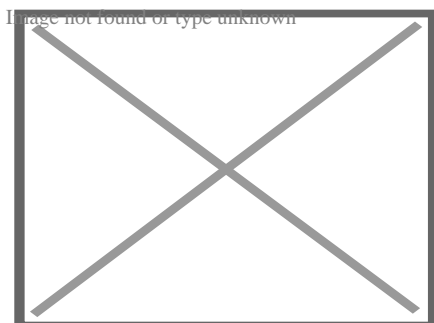
Media

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [Media in Las Vegas](#)

Newspapers

[\[edit\]](#)



Las Vegas *Review-Journal* sign

- *Las Vegas Review-Journal*, the area's largest daily newspaper, is published every morning. It was formed in 1909 but has roots back to 1905. It is the largest newspaper in Nevada and is ranked as one of the top 25 newspapers in the United States by circulation. In 2000, the *Review-Journal* installed the largest newspaper printing press in the world. It cost \$40 million, weighs 910 tons and consists of 16 towers.^[138] Until his death in January 2021, the newspaper was owned by casino magnate **Sheldon Adelson**, who purchased it for \$140 million in December 2015. In 2018, the *Review-Journal* received the **Sigma Delta Chi Award** from the **Society of Professional Journalists** for reporting the **Oct 1 mass shooting** on the Las Vegas Strip. In 2018 and 2022, *Editor and Publisher* magazine named the *Review-Journal* as one of 10 newspapers in the United States "doing it right."^{[139][140]}
- *Las Vegas Sun*, based in neighboring **Henderson**, is a daily newspaper. Although independently published, the print edition is distributed as a section inside the *Review-Journal*. The *Sun* is owned by the Greenspun family and is part of the **Greenspun Media Group**. It was founded independently in 1950 and in 1989 entered into a **Joint Operating Agreement** with the *Review-Journal*, which runs through 2040. The *Sun* has been described as "politically liberal."^[141] In 2009, the *Sun* was awarded a **Pulitzer Prize for Public Service** for coverage of the high death rate of construction workers on the Las Vegas Strip amid lax enforcement of regulations.^{[142][143]}
- *Las Vegas Weekly*, based in neighboring Henderson, is a free **alternative weekly** newspaper. It covers Las Vegas arts, entertainment, culture and news. *Las Vegas Weekly* was founded in 1992 and is published by the Greenspun Media Group.

Broadcast

[edit]

Las Vegas is served by 10 full power television stations and 46 radio stations. The area is also served by two NOAA Weather Radio transmitters (162.55 MHz located in Boulder City and 162.40 MHz located on **Potosi Mountain**).

- **Radio stations in Las Vegas**
- **Television stations in Las Vegas**

Magazines

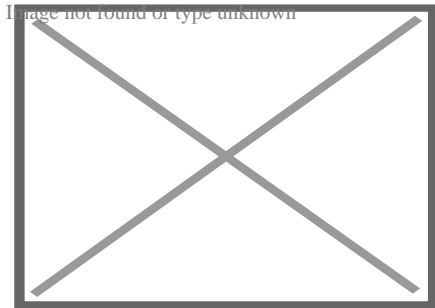
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- *Desert Companion*
- *Las Vegas Weekly*
- *Luxury Las Vegas*

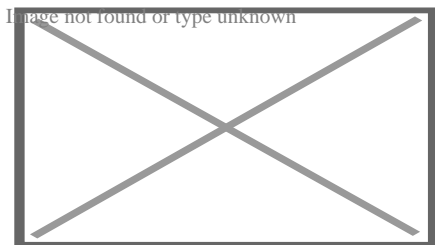
Transportation

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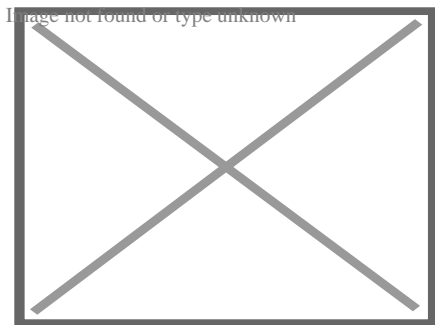
Main article: [Transportation in Las Vegas](#)



Regional Transportation Commission (RTC) provides public bus transportation.



[Harry Reid International Airport](#) provides private and public aviation services to the city.



Inside Terminal 3 at Harry Reid International Airport in Paradise

[RTC Transit](#) is a public transportation system providing bus service throughout Las Vegas, Henderson, North Las Vegas and other areas of the valley. Inter-city bus service to and from Las Vegas is provided by [Greyhound](#), [BoltBus](#), [Orange Belt Stages](#), [Tufesa](#), and several smaller carriers.^[144]

[Amtrak](#) trains have not served Las Vegas since the service via the *[Desert Wind](#)* at [Las Vegas station](#) ceased in 1997, but [Amtrak California](#) operates [Amtrak Thruway](#) dedicated service between the city and its passenger rail stations in [Bakersfield, California](#), as well as [Los Angeles Union Station](#) via [Barstow](#).^[145]

High-speed rail project [Brightline West](#) began construction in 2024 to connect Brightline's [Las Vegas station](#) and the [Rancho Cucamonga station](#) in [Greater Los Angeles](#).^[146]

The [Las Vegas Monorail](#) on the Strip was privately built, and upon bankruptcy taken over by the [Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority](#).^[147]

[Silver Rider Transit](#) operates three routes within Las Vegas, offering connections to Laughlin,^[148] Mesquite,^[149] and Sandy Valley.^[150]

The [Union Pacific Railroad](#) is the only [Class I railroad](#) providing rail freight service to the city. Until 1997, the Amtrak *Desert Wind* train service ran through Las Vegas using the Union Pacific Railroad tracks.

In March 2010, the RTC launched [bus rapid transit](#) link in Las Vegas called the *Strip & Downtown Express* with limited stops and frequent service that connects downtown Las Vegas, the Strip and the Las Vegas Convention Center. Shortly after the launch, the RTC dropped the *ACE* name.^[151]

In 2016, 77.1 percent of working Las Vegas residents (those living in the city, but not necessarily working in the city) commuted by driving alone. About 11 percent commuted via carpool, 3.9 percent used public transportation, and 1.4 percent walked. About 2.3 percent of Las Vegas commuters used all other forms of transportation, including taxi, bicycle, and motorcycle. About 4.3% of working Las Vegas residents worked at home.^[152] In 2015, 10.2 percent of city of Las Vegas households were without a car, which increased slightly to 10.5 percent in 2016. The national average was 8.7 percent in 2016. Las Vegas averaged 1.63 cars per household in 2016, compared to a national average of 1.8 per household.

With some exceptions, including [Las Vegas Boulevard](#), [Boulder Highway \(SR 582\)](#) and [Rancho Drive \(SR 599\)](#), the majority of surface streets in Las Vegas are laid out in a grid along [Public Land Survey System section lines](#). Many are maintained by the [Nevada Department of Transportation](#) as [state highways](#). The street numbering system is divided by the following streets:

- Westcliff Drive, [US 95 Expressway](#), [Fremont Street](#) and [Charleston Boulevard](#) divide the north–south block numbers from west to east.
- [Las Vegas Boulevard](#) divides the east–west streets from the [Las Vegas Strip](#) to near the Stratosphere, then Main Street becomes the dividing line from the Stratosphere to the North Las Vegas border, after which the Goldfield Street alignment divides east and west.
- On the east side of Las Vegas, block numbers between [Charleston Boulevard](#) and Washington Avenue are different along Nellis Boulevard, which is the eastern border of the city limits.













Interstates 15, 11, and US 95 lead out of the city in four directions. Two major freeways – [Interstate 15](#) and [Interstate 11/U.S. Route 95](#) – cross in downtown Las Vegas. I-15 connects Las Vegas to Los Angeles, and heads northeast to and beyond Salt Lake City. I-11 goes northwest to the [Las Vegas Paiute Indian Reservation](#) and southeast to [Henderson](#) and to the

Mike O'Callaghan–Pat Tillman Memorial Bridge, where from this point I-11 will eventually continue along US 93 towards Phoenix, Arizona. US 95 (and eventually I-11) connects the city to northwestern Nevada, including Carson City and Reno. US 93 splits from I-15 northeast of Las Vegas and goes north through the eastern part of the state, serving Ely and Wells. US 95 heads south from US 93 near Henderson through far eastern California. A partial beltway has been built, consisting of Interstate 215 on the south and Clark County 215 on the west and north. Other radial routes include Blue Diamond Road (SR 160) to Pahrump and Lake Mead Boulevard (SR 147) to Lake Mead.

East–west roads, north to south[153]

- Ann Road
-  not found or type unknown
-  Craig Road (SR 573)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Cheyenne Avenue (SR 574)
- Smoke Ranch Road
-  not found or type unknown
-  Washington Avenue (SR 578)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Summerlin Parkway (SR 613)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Bonanza Road (SR 579)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Charleston Boulevard (SR 159)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Sahara Avenue (SR 589)

North–south roads, west to east

- Fort Apache Road
- Durango Drive
- Buffalo Drive
-  not found or type unknown
-  Rainbow Boulevard (SR 595)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Jones Boulevard (SR 596)
- Decatur Boulevard
- Valley View Boulevard
-  not found or type unknown
-  Rancho Drive
- Maryland Parkway
-  not found or type unknown
-  Eastern Avenue (SR 607)
- Pecos Road
-  not found or type unknown
-  Lamb Boulevard (SR 610)
-  not found or type unknown
-  Nellis Boulevard (SR 612)

Harry Reid International Airport handles international and domestic flights into the Las Vegas Valley. The airport also serves private aircraft and freight/cargo flights. Most general aviation traffic uses the smaller North Las Vegas Airport and Henderson Executive Airport.

Notable people

[edit]

Main article: [List of people from Las Vegas](#)

See also

[edit]

- [2017 Las Vegas shooting](#)
- [List of films set in Las Vegas](#)
- [List of films shot in Las Vegas](#)
- [List of Las Vegas casinos that never opened](#)
- [List of mayors of Las Vegas](#)
- [List of television shows set in Las Vegas](#)
- [Radio stations in Las Vegas](#)
- [Television stations in Las Vegas](#)

Notes

[edit]

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 , lit. 'The Meadows'

2. ^ Mean monthly maxima and minima (i.e. the highest and lowest temperature readings during an entire month or year) calculated based on data at said location from 1991 to 2020.
3. ^ **a b** From 15% sample
4. ^ Two titles were won when the team was based in **Oakland, California** and one was won during the team's time in **Los Angeles, California**.

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Further reading

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External links

[\[edit\]](#)

Las Vegas at Wikipedia's **sister projects**

-  **Definitions** from Wiktionary
-  **Media** from Commons
-  **News** from Wikinews
-  **Quotations** from Wikiquote
-  **Texts** from Wikisource
-  **Textbooks** from Wikibooks
-  **Resources** from Wikiversity
-  **Travel information** from Wikivoyage

- **Official website**  **Edit this at Wikidata**
- "The Making of Las Vegas" [*dead link*] (historical timeline)
- **Geologic tour guide of the Las Vegas area** from American Geological Institute
- **National Weather Service Forecast – Las Vegas, NV**

Portals:

-  **Cities**
-  **Nevada**
-  **North America**
-  **United States**


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City of Las Vegas

- **Las Vegas–Paradise, NV MSA**
- **State of Nevada**

- **Architecture**
- **Flag**
- **History**
- **Timeline**
- **Landmarks**
- **Skyscrapers**
- **Sports**
- **Transportation**

Flag of Las Vegas

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Municipalities and communities of **Clark County, Nevada**, United States

County seat: **Las Vegas**

Cities

- **Boulder City**
- **Henderson**
- **Las Vegas**
- **Mesquite**[‡]
- **North Las Vegas**

CDPs

- **Blue Diamond**
- **Bunkerville**
- **Cal-Nev-Ari**
- **Enterprise**
- **Goodsprings**
- **Indian Springs**
- **Laughlin**
- **Moapa**
- **Moapa Valley**
- **Mount Charleston**
- **Nellis AFB**
- **Nelson**
- **Paradise**
- **Sandy Valley**
- **Searchlight**
- **Spring Valley**
- **Summerlin South**
- **Sunrise Manor**
- **Whitney**
- **Winchester**



Clark
County
map

**Unincorporated
communities**

- Centennial Hills
- Cold Creek
- Corn Creek
- Cottonwood Cove
- Crescent
- Glendale
- Jean
- Las Vegas Chinatown
- Lone Mountain
- Logandale
- Lower Kyle Canyon
- Mountain Springs
- Overton
- Palm Gardens
- Primm
- Riverside
- Sloan
- Summerlin
- Stewarts Point
- Trout Canyon

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Arden ○ Bard ○ Bonelli's Ferry ○ Borax ○ Buster Falls ○ Byron ○ Cactus Springs ○ Callville ○ Colorado City ○ Crystal ○ Dike ○ Dry Lake ○ El Dorado City ○ Erie ○ Gold Butte ○ Louisville ○ Lovell ○ Lucky Jim Camp ○ Nelson's Landing ○ Owens ○ Potosi ○ Quartette ○ Rioville ○ Roach ○ Saint Joseph ○ Solar ○ St. Thomas ○ San Juan ○ Simonsville ○ Stone's Ferry ○ Valley ○ Wann
Ghost towns	

Indian reservations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Fort Mojave Indian Reservation‡ ○ Las Vegas Indian Colony ○ Moapa River Indian Reservation
----------------------------	--

Proposed communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Coyote Springs‡ ○ Blue Diamond Hill housing proposals
-----------------------------	--

Footnotes	‡This populated place also has portions in an adjacent county or counties
------------------	---

- Nevada portal
- United States portal

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- **e**

Las Vegas Valley

- Las Vegas MSA
- State of Nevada

LV Transportation

- **Airports**
 - Harry Reid International Airport
 - North Las Vegas Airport
 - Henderson Executive Airport
 - Southern Nevada Supplemental Airport (planned)
- Brightline West (planned)
- Brightline West station (planned)
- Las Vegas Monorail
- RTC Transit
- Silver Rider Transit
- Resort trams
- Loop
- Amtrak station (defunct)

- 18b The Las Vegas Arts District
- Southern Nevada Zoological-Botanical Park
- Symphony Park
 - Smith Center for the Performing Arts
- Huntridge Theater
- Lance Burton Theatre
- Las Vegas Little Theater
- Majestic Repertory Theatre
- Smith Center for the Performing Arts
- PH Live

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Museums in Clark County, Nevada

Arts and museums

Active

- Bellagio Gallery of Fine Art
- Boulder City/Hoover Dam Museum
- Burlesque Hall of Fame
- Clark County Museum
- Discovery Children's Museum
- Erotic Heritage Museum
- Howard W. Cannon Aviation Museum
- Imperial Palace Auto Collection
- Las Vegas Gambling Museum
- Las Vegas Historical Society
- Las Vegas Natural History Museum
- Lost City Museum
- Madame Tussauds Las Vegas
- Marjorie Barrick Museum of Art
- Mob Museum
- National Atomic Testing Museum
- Neon Museum
- Nevada State Museum
- Nevada Southern Railroad Museum
- Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park
- Pinball Hall of Fame
- Shelby Museum
- Southern Nevada Museum of Fine Art
- Thunderbirds Museum

Previous

- Casa de Shenandoah
- Elvis-A-Rama Museum
- Guinness World of Records
- Guggenheim Hermitage Museum
- History of the Future Museum

Sports

- Allegiant Stadium
- Bettye Wilson Soccer Complex
- Cashman Field
- City National Arena
- Darling Tennis Center
- Las Vegas Motor Speedway
- Las Vegas Ballpark
- Mandalay Bay Events Center
- MGM Grand Garden Arena
- New Las Vegas Stadium
- Sam Boyd Stadium
- Sphere
- T-Mobile Arena
- Thomas & Mack Center

Government

- Las Vegas City Hall
- Clark County Government Center
- Lloyd D. George Federal Courthouse
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
- Clark County Coroner's Office

Cities

- Henderson
- Las Vegas
- North Las Vegas

Census-designated places

- Blue Diamond
- Enterprise
- Paradise
- Spring Valley
- Summerlin South
- Sunrise Manor
- Whitney
- Winchester

Communities

- Aliante
- Anthem/Anthem Country Club
- Centennial Hills
- Chinatown
- Downtown Las Vegas
- Green Valley
- Lake Las Vegas
- Las Vegas Country Club
- MacDonald Highlands
- Mountain's Edge

Neighborhoods

- Paradise Palms
- Queensridge/One Queensridge Place
- Rhodes Ranch
- Seven Hills
- Southern Highlands
- Summerlin
- Summerlin South
- The Lakes
- The Ridges
- Tuscany Village
- West Las Vegas

**Research
and education**

- University of Nevada, Las Vegas
- Nevada State University
- National University
- Touro University Nevada
- College of Southern Nevada
- Roseman University of Health Sciences

**Parks and
public spaces**

- Acacia Demonstration Gardens
- Clark County Shooting Complex
- Clark County Wetlands Park
- Floyd Lamb Park at Tule Springs
- Lake Mead National Recreation Area
- Springs Preserve
- Mount Charleston
- Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area
- Spring Mountains National Recreation Area
- Sunset Park
- Tule Springs Fossil Beds National Monument
- Valley of Fire State Park

Area shopping

- 63 CityCenter
- Blvd
- Bonanza Gift Shop
- The Boulevard Mall
- The Shops at Crystals
- Downtown Container Park
- Downtown Summerlin
- Galleria at Sunset
- Grand Canal Shoppes
- Fashion Show Mall
- The Forum Shops at Caesars
- Las Vegas Premium Outlets North
- Meadows Mall
- Miracle Mile Shops
- Stratosphere Tower Shops
- The Shoppes at the Palazzo
- Tivoli Village
- Town Square
- Water Street District

Other

- [Architecture](#)
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- [Michelin-starred restaurants](#)
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- [1999 flood](#)

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State of Nevada

Carson City (capital)

Topics

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Society

- Abortion
- Culture
- Crime
- Demographics
 - Hispanics and Latinos
 - Native Americans
- Economy
- Education
- Elections
- Gun laws
- LGBT rights
- Politics

Regions

- Black Rock Desert
- Eagle Valley
- Great Basin
- Lake Mead
- Lake Tahoe
- Las Vegas Valley
- Mojave Desert
- Pahrnagat Valley
- Sierra Nevada
- Trout Creek Mountains
- Truckee Meadows

Metro areas

- Las Vegas
- Reno

Counties

- Churchill
- Clark
- Douglas
- Elko
- Esmeralda
- Eureka
- Humboldt
- Lander
- Lincoln
- Lyon
- Mineral
- Nye
- Pershing
- Storey
- Washoe
- White Pine

**Cities and
communities**

- Alamo
- Amargosa Valley
- Austin
- Baker
- Battle Mountain
- Beatty
- Boulder City
- Caliente
- Carlin
- Carson City
- Elko
- Ely
- Enterprise
- Eureka
- Fallon
- Fernley
- Gardnerville Ranchos
- Gerlach
- Goldfield
- Hawthorne
- Henderson
- Incline Village
- Las Vegas
- Laughlin
- Lovelock
- Mesquite
- Minden
- North Las Vegas
- Panaca
- Pahrump
- Paradise
- Pioche
- Primm
- Rachel
- Reno
- Spanish Springs
- Sparks
- Spring Creek
- Spring Valley
- Stateline
- Summerlin South
- Sun Valley
- Sunrise Manor
- Tonopah
- Virginia City
- West Wendover
- Winnemucca
- Whitney

Former counties

- Bullfrog
- Ormsby
- Roop

Flag **Nevada portal** known

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Southern California megaregion

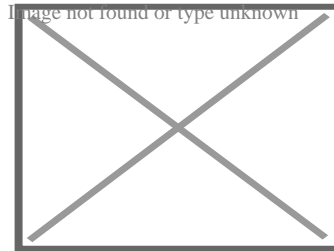
Metropolitan areas and cities in *italics* are located outside of California

**Metropolitan
Los Angeles**

- Major cities: Los Angeles
- Long Beach
- Anaheim
- Santa Ana
- Santa Clarita
- Irvine
- Glendale
- Huntington Beach
- Garden Grove

Inland Empire

- Major cities: San Bernardino
- Riverside
- Fontana
- Moreno Valley
- Ontario
- Rancho Cucamonga
- Corona



**San Diego–
Tijuana**

- Major cities: San Diego
- Tijuana
- Chula Vista
- Oceanside
- Escondido
- Rosarito

Central Coast

- Major cities: Santa Barbara
- Santa Maria
- San Luis Obispo

**Las Vegas
Valley**

- Major cities: Las Vegas
- Henderson
- North Las Vegas

Megapolitan areas of California

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County seats and independent city of Nevada

County seats

- Battle Mountain
- Elko
- Ely
- Eureka
- Fallon
- Goldfield
- Hawthorne
- Las Vegas
- Lovelock
- Minden
- Pioche
- Reno
- Tonopah
- Virginia City
- Winnemucca
- Yerington

Independent city

- Carson City

- **v**
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The 100 most populous cities of the United States

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. New York, New York | 26. Portland, Oregon | 51. Arlington, Texas | 76. Chandler, Arizona |
| 2. Los Angeles, California | 27. Louisville, Kentucky | 52. Aurora, Colorado | 77. North Las Vegas, Nevada |
| 3. Chicago, Illinois | 28. Memphis, Tennessee | 53. New Orleans, Louisiana | 78. Chula Vista, California |
| 4. Houston, Texas | 29. Detroit, Michigan | 54. Cleveland, Ohio | 79. Buffalo, New York |
| 5. Phoenix, Arizona | 30. Baltimore, Maryland | 55. Anaheim, California | 80. Gilbert, Arizona |
| 6. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania | 31. Milwaukee, Wisconsin | 56. Honolulu, Hawaii | 81. Reno, Nevada |
| 7. San Antonio, Texas | 32. Albuquerque, New Mexico | 57. Henderson, Nevada | 82. Madison, Wisconsin |
| 8. Dallas, Texas | 33. Tucson, Arizona | 58. Stockton, California | 83. Fort Wayne, Indiana |
| 9. San Diego, California | 34. Fresno, California | 59. Riverside, California | 84. Toledo, Ohio |
| 10. Austin, Texas | 35. Sacramento, California | 60. Lexington, Kentucky | 85. Lubbock, Texas |
| 11. Jacksonville, Florida | 36. Mesa, Arizona | 61. Corpus Christi, Texas | 86. St. Petersburg, Florida |
| 12. San Jose, California | 37. Kansas City, Missouri | 62. Orlando, Florida | 87. Laredo, Texas |
| 13. Fort Worth, Texas | 38. Atlanta, Georgia | 63. Irvine, California | 88. Irving, Texas |
| 14. Columbus, Ohio | 39. Colorado Springs, Colorado | 64. Cincinnati, Ohio | 89. Chesapeake, Virginia |
| 15. Charlotte, North Carolina | 40. Omaha, Nebraska | 65. Santa Ana, California | 90. Glendale, Arizona |
| 16. Indianapolis, Indiana | 41. Raleigh, North Carolina | 66. Newark, New Jersey | 91. Winston-Salem, North Carolina |
| 17. San Francisco, California | 42. Virginia Beach, Virginia | 67. Saint Paul, Minnesota | 92. Scottsdale, Arizona |
| 18. Seattle, Washington | 43. Long Beach, California | 68. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania | 93. Garland, Texas |
| 19. Denver, Colorado | 44. Miami, Florida | 69. Greensboro, North Carolina | 94. Boise, Idaho |
| 20. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma | 45. Oakland, California | 70. Lincoln, Nebraska | 95. Norfolk, Virginia |
| 21. Nashville, Tennessee | 46. Minneapolis, Minnesota | 71. Durham, North Carolina | 96. Port St. Lucie, Florida |
| 22. El Paso, Texas | 47. Tulsa, Oklahoma | 72. Plano, Texas | 97. Spokane, Washington |
| 23. Washington, D.C. | 48. Bakersfield, California | 73. Anchorage, Alaska | 98. Richmond, Virginia |
| 24. Las Vegas, Nevada | 49. Tampa, Florida | | 99. Fremont, California |
| 25. Boston, Massachusetts | 50. Wichita, Kansas | | |

Cities ranked by [United States Census Bureau](#) population estimates for July 1, 2022.

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Geographic

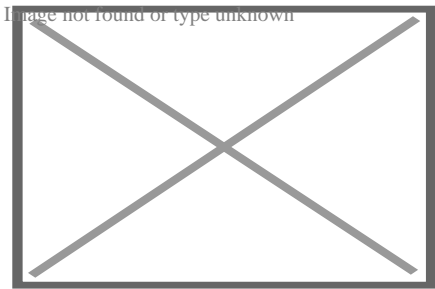
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Other

- [IdRef](#)
- [NARA](#)

About Patio

For other uses, see [Patio \(disambiguation\)](#).



A patio outside of a home in the [Netherlands](#)

A patio (/ˈfæti/ is an outdoor space generally used for dining or recreation that adjoins a structure and is typically paved.[2] In Australia, the term is expanded to include roofed structures such as a veranda, which provides protection from sun and rain.[3] Pronunciation can vary in Australia as well: patty-oh is perhaps more common generally although payshee-oh may be used by older Australians. [4]

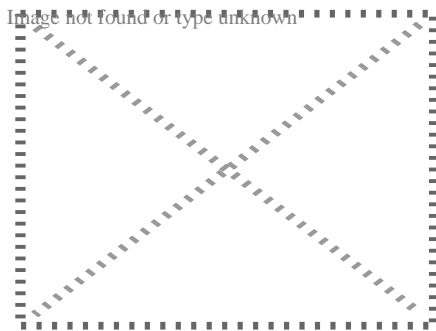
Construction

[edit]

Patios are most commonly paved with **concrete** or stone slabs (also known as paving flags). They can also be created using **bricks**, **block paving**, **tiles**, **cobbles** or **gravel**. Other kinds of patio materials these days include alumawood, **aluminum**, **acrylic** and glass. Other options include **concrete**, **stamped concrete**, and **aggregate concrete**.

Restaurant patio

[edit]





An outdoor seating area at a restaurant in State College, Pennsylvania

Patio is also a general term used for outdoor seating at restaurants, especially in **Canadian English**. While common in Europe even before 1900, eating outdoors at restaurants in North America was exotic until the 1940s. The **Hotel St. Moritz** in New York in the 1950s advertised itself as having the first true continental cafe with outdoor seating. The ***Toronto Star*** welcomed that city's first patio in the 1960s. In the United States, having a warmer and sunnier climate than Northern Europe, outdoor dining grew rapidly in the 1960s and today is a popular dining experience in the warmer parts of the mainland.^[5]

See also

[edit]

- 
 Architecture portal

- 
 Andalusian patio
- 
 Arizona room
- 
 Catio
- 
 Deck
- 
 Porch
- 
 Terrace garden
- 
 Veranda




Notes

[[edit](#)]

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External links

[[edit](#)]

- 
 Media related to **Patios** at Wikimedia Commons
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Garden features

- Artificial waterfall
- Avenue
- Aviary
- Borrowed scenery
- Bosquet
- Belvedere
- Cascade
- Deck
- Exedra
- Folly
- Fountain
- Garden buildings
- Garden pond
- Garden railway
- Garden room
- Gazebo
- Gloriette
- Greenhouse
- Green wall
- Grotto
 - Shell grotto
- Ha-ha
- Hedge
- Herbaceous border
- Jeux d'eau
- Labyrinth / Maze
 - Hedge
 - Turf
- Lawn
- Monopteros
- Moon bridge
- Moon gate
- Mound
- Nymphaeum
- Orangery
- Parterre
- Patio
- Pavilion
- Pergola
- Reflecting pool
- Shed
- Stepping stones
- Stumpery
- Sylvan theater
- Terrace
- Topiary
- Trellis
- Water feature

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Rooms and spaces of a house

Shared rooms

- Bonus room
- Common room
- Den
- Dining room
- Family room
- Garret
- Great room
- Home cinema
- Keeping room
- Kitchen
 - dirty kitchen
 - kitchenette
- Living room
- Gynaecium
 - harem
- Andron
 - man cave
- Recreation room
 - billiard room
- Shrine
- Study
- Sunroom

Private rooms

- Bathroom
 - toilet
- Bedroom / Guest room
 - closet
- Bedsit / Miniflat
- Boudoir
- Cabinet
- Nursery

Spaces

- Atrium
- Balcony
- Breezeway
- Conversation pit
- Cubby-hole
- Deck
- Elevator
 - dumbwaiter
- Entryway/Genkan
- Fireplace
 - hearth
- Foyer
- Hall
- Hallway
- Inglenook
- Lanai
- Loft
- Loggia
- Overhang
- Patio
- Porch
 - screened
 - sleeping
- Ramp
- Secret passage
- Stairs/Staircase
- Terrace
- Veranda
- Vestibule

**Technical, utility
and storage**

- Attic
- Basement
- Carport
- Cloakroom
- Closet
- Crawl space
- Electrical room
- Equipment room
- Furnace room / Boiler room
- Garage
- Janitorial closet
- Larder
- Laundry room / Utility room / Storage room
- Mechanical room / floor
- Pantry
- Root cellar
- Semi-basement
- Storm cellar / Safe room
- Studio
- Wardrobe
- Wine cellar
- Wiring closet
- Workshop

Great house areas

- Antechamber
- Ballroom
- Kitchen-related
 - butler's pantry
 - buttery
 - saucery
 - scullery
 - spicery
 - still room
- Conservatory / Orangery
- Courtyard
- Drawing room
- Great chamber
- Great hall
- Library
- Long gallery
- Lumber room
- Parlour
- Sauna
- Servants' hall
- Servants' quarters
- Smoking room
- Solar
- State room
- Swimming pool
- Turret
- Undercroft

Other

- Furniture
- Hidden room
- House
 - house plan
 - styles
 - types
- Multi-family residential
- Secondary suite
- Duplex
- Terraced
- Detached
- Semi-detached
- Townhouse
- Studio apartment

**Architectural
elements**

- Arch
- Balconet
- Baluster
- Belt course
- Bressummer
- Ceiling
- Chimney
- Colonnade / Portico
- Column
- Cornice / Eaves
- Dome
- Door
- Ell
- Floor
- Foundation
- Gable
- Gate
 - Portal
- Lighting
- Ornament
- Plumbing
- Quoins
- Roof
 - shingles
- Roof lantern
- Sill plate
- Style
 - list
- Skylight
- Threshold
- Transom
- Vault
- Wall
- Window

Related

- Backyard
- Driveway
- Front yard
- Garden
 - roof garden
- Home
- Home improvement
- Home repair
- Shed
- Tree house

- Category: Rooms

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About Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes

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Things To Do in Clark County

Photo

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Clark County Historical Museum

4.6 (147)

Driving Directions in Clark County

Driving Directions From Field 2 to

Driving Directions From Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes to

Driving Directions From Universal Turf Equipment to

Driving Directions From Rhino's Turf Equipment – A part of United Rentals to

Driving Directions From Festival Turf Las Vegas to

Driving Directions From Everything Turf Pros to

Driving Directions From Turf Trimmers Landscaping, Inc. to

Driving Directions From VS Turf Supply to

Driving Directions From Kellogg Zaher Soccer Complex to

Driving Directions From TURFIT LAS VEGAS to

https://www.google.com/maps/dir/Festival+Turf+Las+Vegas/Rock+N+Block+-+Turf+N+Hardscapes/@36.2180061,-115.196022,14z/data=!3m1!4b1!4m14!4m13!1m5!1m1!1sChIJvwIh8I7FyIAR4ZH5QYzhrNA!2m2!1d-115.196022!2d36.2180061!1m5!1m1!1sChIJD11n_FrryIARH8EGWmcGnAE!2m2!1d-115.2343937!2d36.2187971!3e0

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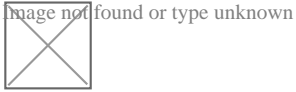
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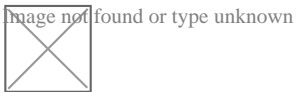
Reviews for Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes



Terry Lewis

(5)

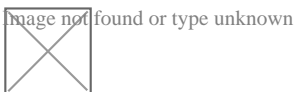
Workers were great, no problem they did what was required, but the representative of your company mislead me on what was to be done, I showed pictures from a competitor landscaper, representative stated he could bet there , , . price, but since it wasn't in contract, I was left with uncomplicated backyard , working with owner at present, so he's been outstanding working on this situation, as amount of rock was way off and the owner did increase the amount substantially to finish the front yard. another landscaper under contract to finish the backyard. Would like to add a comment the manger/owner of Las Vegas yard n block stands behind his words and helped me tremendously on finishing up the backyard,



Josh Bodell

(5)

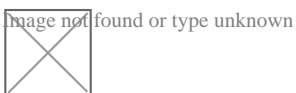
Eric and team did an amazing job. They worked with me for months while I got HOA approval for the project. Once they began working they were great, going over everything in detail and making sure things were perfect. This project included wall repair, stucco and paint repair, paver and turf installation. Extremely satisfied with this experience.



Shana Shapiro

(5)

Chris, the design consultant, Dave the production manager, along with their install team Opulent were affordable, upfront with costs, efficient and professional. Attached are some before and after pictures. Highly recommend their services.



Dawna OgleYohe

(5)

My initial contact was with Ray, whom did an excellent job giving me an estimate on what I wanted done in my small yard and walkway., the guys that came out and did the work were superior. They did an excellent job. I'm very pleased with this company. I will highly recommend them to family and friends, and I will be using them in the near future for other little projects.

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Things To Do in Clark County

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Clark County Historical Museum

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Driving Directions From Ugarte Landscapes & Irrigation Repair to

Driving Directions From New horizon landscapes to

Driving Directions From Custom Touch Landscape to

Driving Directions From A and L Desert Landscapes Tree Company to

Driving Directions From Paradise Landscaping Las Vegas to

Driving Directions From Las Vegas Backyards to

Driving Directions From Delfino Maintenance & Landscaping Inc. to

Driving Directions From Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes to

Driving Directions From Las Vegas Tree & Landscaping to

Driving Directions From Living Water Lawn & Garden to

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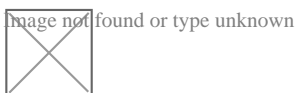
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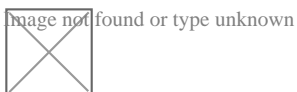
Reviews for Rock N Block - Turf N Hardscapes



D. Lopez

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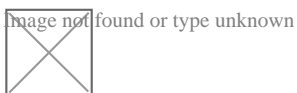
We recently had a very positive experience with Rock N Block for our fence replacement. The entire process went smoothly and exceeded our expectations. Harvey and his team were incredibly professional and communicative throughout the project providing much-needed assurance and peace of mind. The crew was punctual and maintained a diligent and respectful attitude that made the experience pleasant. The crew finished the project ahead of schedule, and the quality of their work is impressive; our new wall looks great! We recommend Rock N Block for any fencing needs and look forward to working with them again. Thank you, Harvey and crew, for a job well done!



Terry lewis

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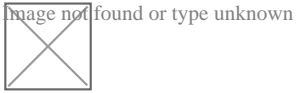
Workers were great, no problem they did what was required, but the representative of your company mislead me on what was to be done, I showed pictures from a competitor landscaper, representative stated he could bet there , , . price, but since it wasn't in contract, I was left with uncomplicated backyard , working with owner at present, so he's been outstanding working on this situation, as amount of rock was way off and the owner did increase the amount substantially to finish the front yard. another landscaper under contract to finish the backyard. Would like to add a comment the manger/owner of Las Vegas yard n block stands behind his words and helped me tremendously on finishing up the backyard,



Dawna OgleYohe

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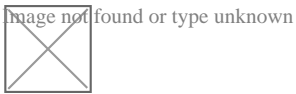
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Shana Shapiro

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Josh Bodell

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Frequently Asked Questions

What are the benefits of installing artificial grass?

Artificial grass provides a lush, green lawn year-round with minimal maintenance, reduces water usage, and is durable under various weather conditions.

What are the benefits of artificial turf in Las Vegas landscapes?

Artificial turf saves precious water, cuts down on fertilizer or pesticide use, and requires no mowing—ideal in a desert city. It stays green year-round despite scorching summer highs. Many modern turf products feature realistic textures that mimic natural grass, making them family- and pet-friendly. With proper installation—like ensuring efficient drainage and a smooth sub-base—synthetic lawns can last years with minimal upkeep. Pairing artificial turf with surrounding gravel or drought-tolerant plants creates visual contrast and reduces the “heat island” effect. While initial costs may be higher, homeowners often recoup that investment quickly by slashing water bills and maintenance routines.

What services does Rock N Block Turf N Hardscapes offer?

Rock N Block provides comprehensive solutions including artificial turf supply and installation, hardscaping services, paver installation, retaining walls, outdoor living spaces,

and more.

How do I choose the right landscaping designer in Las Vegas?

Begin by checking portfolios to see if a designer's style resonates with you—some focus on modern rockscapes, while others excel in lush desert gardens. Ask for references and read online reviews from past clients. Confirm they understand desert-friendly concepts like drip irrigation, suitable plant species, and local water restrictions. It's helpful if they have experience navigating HOA rules or city permits. Request detailed estimates outlining costs for plants, irrigation, and labor. A trustworthy designer will listen to your needs—like budget constraints or favorite colors—and propose feasible solutions. Look for open communication and transparent timelines, ensuring a smooth path from initial concept to a vibrant, low-water yard.

How can I conserve water while keeping my yard attractive in Las Vegas?

Start by practicing **xeriscaping**—selecting native or desert-friendly plants, then organizing them into zones based on watering demands. Swap water-heavy turf for artificial grass or decorative rock and limit any remaining lawn areas to spaces you truly use. Install drip irrigation lines to deliver moisture directly to roots, minimizing evaporation. Add mulch or gravel around plants to help the soil retain water. Smart irrigation controllers detect weather changes and adjust schedules automatically, avoiding wasted runoff. Lastly, consider strategic shade via pergolas or drought-tolerant trees to reduce heat stress on plants. These measures collectively maintain a vibrant look with far less water.

Does Rock N Block offer commercial artificial turf solutions?

Yes, they provide cost-effective and practical artificial turf solutions tailored for commercial properties.

landscape construction Las Vegas

Landscaping Designer Las Vegas

Phone : 888 894 2486

City : Las Vegas

State : Nevada

Zip : 89108

Address : 3267 N Torrey Pines Dr

[Google Business Profile](#)

[Google Business Website](#)

Company Website : <https://rocknblocklandscape.com/artificial-turf/landscaping/>

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