

See the Assessment Guide for information on how to interpret this report.

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ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

Compilation: PASSED
API: PASSED

SpotBugs: PASSED
PMD: PASSED
Checkstyle: FAILED (0 errors, 1 warning)

Correctness: 38/38 tests passed
Memory: 8/8 tests passed
Timing: 20/20 tests passed

Aggregate score: 100.00%

[Compilation: 5%, API: 5%, Style: 0%, Correctness: 60%, Timing: 10%, Memory: 20%]

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

The following files were submitted:

5.1K Mar 23 12:35 Percolation.java
2.7K Mar 23 12:35 PercolationStats.java

```
*****
*   COMPILING
*****
```

```
% javac Percolation.java
```

```
*-----
```

```
% javac PercolationStats.java
```

```
*-----
```

```
=====
```

Checking the APIs of your programs.

```
*-----
```

Percolation:

PercolationStats:

```
=====
```

```
*****
*   CHECKING STYLE AND COMMON BUG PATTERNS
```

```
% spotbugs *.class
```

```
*-----
```

```
=====
```

```
% pmd .
```

```
*-----
```

```
=====
```

```
% checkstyle *.java
```

```
*-----
```

```
[WARN] Percolation.java:102:9: Conditional logic can be removed. [SimplifyBooleanReturn]
Checkstyle ends with 0 errors and 1 warning.
```

```
% custom checkstyle checks for Percolation.java
```

```
*-----
```

```
% custom checkstyle checks for PercolationStats.java
```

```
*-----
```

```
=====
```

```
* TESTING CORRECTNESS
```

```
Testing correctness of Percolation
```

```
*-----
```

```
Running 21 total tests.
```

Tests 1 through 7 create a Percolation object using your code, then repeatedly open sites by calling open(). After each call to open(), it checks the return values of isOpen(), percolates(), numberOfOpenSites(), and isFull() in that order. Tests 12 through 15 create a Percolation object using your code, then repeatedly call the methods open(), isOpen(), isFull(), percolates(), and, numberOfOpenSites() in random order with probabilities p = (p1, p2, p3, p4, p5). The tests stop immediately after the system percolates.

Tests 18 through 21 test backwash.

Except as noted, a site is opened at most once.

Test 1: open predetermined list of sites using file inputs

```
* filename = input6.txt
* filename = input8.txt
* filename = input8-no.txt
* filename = input10-no.txt
* filename = greeting57.txt
* filename = heart25.txt
```


Test 2: open random sites until the system percolates

```
* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 10
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 20
* n = 50
```

```
* n = 50
==> passed
```

Test 3: open predetermined sites for n = 1 and n = 2 (corner case test)

```
* filename = input1.txt
* filename = input1-no.txt
* filename = input2.txt
* filename = input2-no.txt
==> passed
```

Test 4: check predetermined sites with long percolating path

```
* filename = snake13.txt
* filename = snake101.txt
==> passed
```

Test 5: open every site

```
* filename = input5.txt
==> passed
```

Test 6: open random sites until the system percolates,
allowing open() to be called on a site more than once

```
* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 10
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 20
* n = 50
* n = 50
==> passed
```

Test 7: open random sites with large n

```
* n = 250
* n = 500
* n = 1000
* n = 2000
==> passed
```

Test 8: call methods with invalid arguments

```
* n = 10, (row, col) = (-1, 5)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (11, 5)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (0, 5)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (5, -1)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (5, 11)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (5, 0)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (-2147483648, -2147483648)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (2147483647, 2147483647)
==> passed
```

Test 9: call constructor with invalid argument

```
* n = -10
* n = -1
* n = 0
==> passed
```

Test 10: create multiple Percolation objects at the same time
(to make sure you didn't store data in static variables)

```
==> passed
```

Test 11: open predetermined list of sites using file inputs,
but permute the order in which methods are called

```
* filename = input8.txt; order = isFull(), isOpen(), percolates()
* filename = input8.txt; order = isFull(), percolates(), isOpen()
* filename = input8.txt; order = isOpen(), isFull(), percolates()
* filename = input8.txt; order = isOpen(), percolates(), isFull()
* filename = input8.txt; order = percolates(), isOpen(), isFull()
* filename = input8.txt; order = percolates(), isFull(), isOpen()
==> passed
```

```
Test 12: call open(), isOpen(), and numberOfOpenSites()
         in random order until just before system percolates
* n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
* n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
==> passed
```

```
Test 13: call open() and percolates() in random order until just before system percolates
* n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
* n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
==> passed
```

```
Test 14: call open() and isFull() in random order until just before system percolates
* n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
* n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
==> passed
```

```
Test 15: call all methods in random order until just before system percolates
* n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
* n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
==> passed
```

```
Test 16: call all methods in random order until almost all sites are open
         (with inputs not prone to backwash)
* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 7
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 50
==> passed
```

```
Test 17: substitute WeightedQuickUnionUF data type that sets root nondeterministically;
         call all methods in random order until almost all sites are open
         (with inputs not prone to backwash)
* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 7
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 50
==> passed
```

```
Test 18: check for backwash with predetermined sites
* filename = input20.txt
* filename = input10.txt
* filename = input50.txt
* filename = jerry47.txt
* filename = sedgewick60.txt
* filename = wayne98.txt
==> passed
```

```
Test 19: check for backwash with predetermined sites that have
         multiple percolating paths
```

```

* filename = input3.txt
* filename = input4.txt
* filename = input7.txt
==> passed

```

Test 20: call all methods in random order until all sites are open
(these inputs are prone to backwash)

```

* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 7
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 50
==> passed

```

Test 21: substitute WeightedQuickUnionUF data type that sets root nondeterministically;
call all methods in random order until all sites are open
(these inputs are prone to backwash)

```

* n = 3
* n = 5
* n = 7
* n = 10
* n = 20
* n = 50
==> passed

```

Total: 21/21 tests passed!

```

=====
*****
* TESTING CORRECTNESS (substituting reference Percolation)
*****

```

Testing correctness of PercolationStats

```

*-----
Running 17 total tests.

```

Test 1: check formatting of output of main()

```

% java-algs4 PercolationStats 20 10
mean          = 0.576500
stddev        = 0.048106
95% confidence interval = [0.546684, 0.606316]

```

```

% java-algs4 PercolationStats 200 100
mean          = 0.592433
stddev        = 0.009491
95% confidence interval = [0.590573, 0.594294]

```

==> passed

Test 2: check that methods in PercolationStats do not print to standard output

```

* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed

```

Test 3: check that mean() returns value in expected range

```

* n = 2, trials = 10000
* n = 5, trials = 10000
* n = 10, trials = 10000
* n = 25, trials = 10000
==> passed

```

Test 4: check that stddev() returns value in expected range

```

* n = 2, trials = 10000
* n = 5, trials = 10000

```

```
* n = 10, trials = 10000
* n = 25, trials = 10000
==> passed
```

Test 5: check that PercolationStats constructor creates
trials Percolation objects, each of size n-by-n

```
* n = 15, trials = 15
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 6: check that PercolationStats.main() creates
trials Percolation objects, each of size n-by-n

```
* n = 15, trials = 15
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 7: check that PercolationStats calls open() until system percolates

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 8: check that PercolationStats does not call open() after system percolates

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 9: check that mean() is consistent with the number of intercepted calls to open()
on blocked sites

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 10: check that stddev() is consistent with the number of intercepted calls to open()
on blocked sites

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 11: check that confidenceLo() and confidenceHigh() are consistent with mean() and stddev()

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
```

Test 12: check that exception is thrown if either n or trials is out of bounds

```
* n = -23, trials = 42
* n = 23, trials = 0
* n = -42, trials = 0
* n = 42, trials = -1
* n = -2147483648, trials = -2147483648
==> passed
```

Test 13: create two PercolationStats objects at the same time and check mean()
(to make sure you didn't store data in static variables)

```

* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 50, trials2 = 5
* n1 = 50, trials1 = 5, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10
* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 25, trials2 = 10
* n1 = 25, trials1 = 10, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10
* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 15, trials2 = 100
* n1 = 15, trials1 = 100, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10
==> passed

```

Test 14: check that the methods return the same value, regardless of the order in which they are called

```

* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed

```

Test 15: check that no calls to StdRandom.setSeed()

```

* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 40, trials = 10
* n = 80, trials = 10
==> passed

```

Test 16: check distribution of number of sites opened until percolation

```

* n = 2, trials = 100000
* n = 3, trials = 100000
* n = 4, trials = 100000
==> passed

```

Test 17: check that each site is opened the expected number of times

```

* n = 2, trials = 100000
* n = 3, trials = 100000
* n = 4, trials = 100000
==> passed

```

Total: 17/17 tests passed!

```

=====
*****
* MEMORY (substituting reference Percolation)
*****

```

Analyzing memory of PercolationStats

```

*-----
Running 4 total tests.

```

Test 1a-1d: check memory usage as a function of T trials for n = 100
(max allowed: 8*T + 128 bytes)

	T	bytes
=> passed	16	48
=> passed	32	48
=> passed	64	48
=> passed	128	48

==> 4/4 tests passed

Estimated student memory = 48.00 (R² = 1.000)

Total: 4/4 tests passed!

```

=====

```

```
*****
* TIMING (substituting reference Percolation)
*****
```

Timing PercolationStats

*-----

Running 4 total tests.

Test 1: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods and count calls to StdStats.mean() and StdStats.stddev().

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
```

==> passed

Test 2: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods and count calls to methods in StdRandom.

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 40, trials = 10
* n = 80, trials = 10
```

==> passed

Test 3: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods and count calls to methods in Percolation.

```
* n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
```

==> passed

Test 4: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods with trials = 3 and values of n that go up by a multiplicative factor of sqrt(2). The test passes when n reaches 2,896.

The approximate order-of-growth is $n^{\log \text{ratio}}$

n	seconds	log ratio
724	0.18	2.5
1024	0.47	2.8
1448	1.27	2.9
2048	2.86	2.3
2896	7.07	2.6

==> passed

Total: 4/4 tests passed!

=====

```
*****
* MEMORY
*****
```

Analyzing memory of Percolation

*-----

Running 4 total tests.

Test 1a-1d: check that total memory $\leq 17 n^2 + 128 n + 1024$ bytes

	n	bytes
=> passed	64	69936
=> passed	256	1114416


```
=> passed      512      4456752
=> passed      1024      17826096
==> 4/4 tests passed
```

Estimated student memory = $17.00 n^2 + 0.00 n + 304.00$ ($R^2 = 1.000$)

Test 2 (bonus): check that total memory $\leq 11 n^2 + 128 n + 1024$ bytes
 - failed memory test for $n = 64$
 ==> **FAILED**

Total: 4/4 tests passed!

=====

 * TIMING

Timing Percolation

*-----
 Running 16 total tests.

Test 1a-1e: Creates an n -by- n percolation system; open sites at random until the system percolates, interleaving calls to `percolates()` and `open()`. Count calls to `connected()`, `union()` and `find()`.

	n	<code>union()</code>	$2 * \text{connected()}$ + <code>find()</code>	<code>constructor</code>
=> passed	16	298	274	2
=> passed	32	1544	1258	2
=> passed	64	5778	4846	2
=> passed	128	22907	19364	2
=> passed	256	94334	78544	2
=> passed	512	366231	309972	2
=> passed	1024	1470380	1241612	2
==> 7/7 tests passed				

If one of the values in the table violates the performance limits the factor by which you failed the test appears in parentheses.
 For example, (9.6x) in the `union()` column indicates that it uses 9.6x too many calls.

Tests 2a-2f: Check whether the number of calls to `union()`, `connected()`, and `find()` is a constant per call to `open()`, `isOpen()`, `isFull()`, and `percolates()`. The table shows the maximum number of `union()` and `find()` calls made during a single call to `open()`, `isOpen()`, `isFull()`, and `percolates()`. One call to `connected()` counts as two calls to `find()`.

	n	per <code>open()</code>	per <code>isOpen()</code>	per <code>isFull()</code>	per <code>percolates()</code>
=> passed	16	8	0	2	2
=> passed	32	8	0	2	2
=> passed	64	8	0	2	2
=> passed	128	8	0	2	2
=> passed	256	8	0	2	2
=> passed	512	8	0	2	2
=> passed	1024	8	0	2	2
==> 7/7 tests passed					

Running time (in seconds) depends on the machine on which the script runs.

Test 3: Create an n-by-n percolation system; interleave calls to `percolates()` and `open()` until the system percolates. The values of n go up by a factor of $\sqrt{2}$. The test is passed if $n \geq 4096$ in under 10 seconds.

The approximate order-of-growth is $n^{\log \text{ratio}}$

n	seconds	log ratio	union-find operations	log ratio
1024	0.15	2.7	4187170	2.0
1448	0.43	3.0	8344662	2.0
2048	1.10	2.7	16803462	2.0
2896	2.65	2.5	33810576	2.0
4096	6.43	2.6	66875768	2.0

==> passed

Test 4: Create an n-by-n percolation system; interleave calls to `open()`, `percolates()`, `isOpen()`, `isFull()`, and `numberOfOpenSites()` until the system percolates. The values of n go up by a factor of $\sqrt{2}$. The test is passed if $n \geq 4096$ in under 10 seconds.

n	seconds	log ratio	union-find operations	log ratio
1024	0.18	2.8	5458360	2.0
1448	0.50	3.0	10848672	2.0
2048	1.10	2.2	21623542	2.0
2896	2.74	2.6	43433746	2.0
4096	5.86	2.2	86760454	2.0

==> passed

Total: 16/16 tests passed!

=====