INTEGRAL POSPLOSENI Jefinicija (a) Vaj lo $f:(a,b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ finituja, tije integralična ma intervalu [t,b] za vsat $t \in (a,b)$. Potem je posploseni integral funtaje f ma intervalu [a,b]. Sf(x)dx:=lim Sf(x)dx, a la limita obstaja, receno, da je pospliseus integralitus ci ta limita obstaja. (honina limita!) Ma [a, b) in da je S J(x) dx konvegenten sicer pravivo, Opourba 1) Posplosini arkgral n miennje tradi illimitirami 2) Ceje of mitegralibra na [a,b], je studi posplosius ali neprari integral. 29. muj ween. 3) smissbus x racium posploseur integral

N primier everuit furcij ma (a.b.), ki so

Primer. 1) J. dx

PE R. N. Ol. a meomijeur.

Primer. 1 nikepralitus m [n.6], ber je nikepral bot funkcija 5 = dx = lin 5 = lin = lin = lin (1-p - t-p+1) = t = lin (1-p - t-p+1) = $= \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{1-p} & ; & p < 1 \\ \vec{A} & ; & p \ge 1 \end{array} \right.$ 2) Sluxdx = lin (xluxf-Sax) = 1 m=lux dv=, dx

du= xdx

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Mor Naj lo f: [a,b)—) TK taka punkcija, ki je mitegralilna na mitervalų [a, t] sa usak te (a,b). Ce posploieur integral SIJ(x) Idx obstaja, potem obstaja tudi Sflx)dx. Opomba le je j absolutino miregralstur, je j mregralstura. (spouming se na steribre wite). Johan. F(x) = Sf(t) dt in G(x) = Sf(t) 1 dt. To prodportarki sta Fin G mini ma [a,b) in obstrýn lun G(x). Po Canchyjevem pogoju za obrtoj Privite: za vsar ε 70 obstayà δ 70, da za ε 1, ε 2 ε 6 (b- δ , b) velja: ε 1 | ε 6 | ε 7 | ε 8. Kerje $|F(x_1) - F(x_2)| = |\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)| dt | \leq |\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)| dt | = |g(x_2) - g(x_1)|$ labbs irpeljums, da tudi Firpshyinje Cauchyjer pogoj prit, Pato lin F(x) obstrip. Ivel Naj vo j'integralilue na [a,6]. (a) Cije s <1, pokun s (x-a)s de bourregira. (b) Ci je s > 1 in 2a net m 70 velja bodiri f(x) > m 2a vn $x \in [a,b]$ ali $f(x) \le -m$ 2a vn $x \in (a,b)$, potem f(x) dx dirergin. Opomba. Ci je luin f(x) > 0, potem je pogojn b) i zpolujen. John a) Dovoljji dorurati, da [] (x-a) dx obstaja ; Kerji S (x-a)s dx \ \(\frac{1}{(x-a)^5} \, dx \) \\
\text{Ento obstuja trodi hitota manjie navasi. Jurage. \(\alpha \) \

Primer . Je ck ne obstyd (b) (e) $f(x) \ge m > 0$ blim a: f(x) = m > 0 ato f(x-a) = 0 f(x-a) = 0Cauchyjeva glavna manost vc : lin (Sflwdx + Sflwdx).

Primin 1) ... [dx -N.p. Solklak $\frac{3mnur}{x}$ 1) $\frac{dx}{x} = 0$ (ciprus porpl. nitegrala sex in sex ne obstajata). N.p. Jax ne obstaja. Defincin Naj bo f: [a,c)U(c,b] -> IR mogo. no [a,s] Lu Yse (a,c) in inty. on [t,b] -> POSPLOSENI INTEGRAL NA NEOMEDENETT INTERVAU

(pospl.)

DefinizalalNaj lo J. [a, \in) \rightarrow Rintegrals Cina ma [a, s]

2a Nsar s>a. Potem & posplosion integral funccije J Sf(x)dx = lin f(x)dx, ma la, so) à tr brunta obstayà. à luinta obstaja, je pospl. untu [t,b]

(b) Naj lo 1: (-10 b) _ IP " ... _ III". (b) Naj lo j: (-0, b] -> R integrula Euro / za vsal teb. Potem je pospl, nistyral funticije (m. (-00,5) ci to limite obstaja. a lui obstrya, je mry bour, ricirdir. (i) J: R > R je pospl. mtyl na R, ci stu za mh a 20thi SI[a,m) in SI(-10, a) poopl. intgl.

Definición. Noy los f: [a,c) U(c,b] -> R funtaja. Cix spokintegralilua na [a,c] in [c,b], poteus pramiso, daje of people integralities na [a, b]. V tem primem vilja: S f(x) dx = lind f(x) dx + lin f(x) dx Opomba 1) Ĉi ji f popl integralicua ma [a,b], potem obstuja tadi glama vaduost, obsetas pa mi mijno res. 2) Podobno definiramo posploseuro integraliliaret V primeni konicuo muogo injennih toda.

 $\int_{X}^{\infty} dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{1}^{\infty} dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{1}^{\infty} dx$ = lin (lna-ln1)=00

Primer. 1) Stock = lim Stock = lim x-p+1 / = $=\lim_{n\to\infty}\left(\frac{a^{-p+1}}{-p+1}-\frac{1}{-p+1}\right)=\frac{1}{p-1},\,p>1$ /mr. Naj lo a ER in j integration na vsakem vitualen [a,b], b>a. Tedaj Sf(x)dx obstaja = VETO BER: | SJ(x)dx | < E 20 46,5'>B. Johan Joy. F(x) = Sf(x) dt. obstaja (=) SJ(x)ok obsterja €) lim F(x) (=) FNOS igodnjuje C. pogoj: VE70]BER: |F(b)-F(b')|< & 20 46,6')B. Prince S (200) - R unkgraliena ne [a, b] za vsak 5>a. (i SIJ(x)ldx kourryin, potun (i f J(x)dx kourryin. a (i f Jabs. unkgraliena na [a, w), I Juingraliena ne [a, w)). Phiner & Sun x dx obstance Od pry vuno 1 5 sin x de 1 < \frac{2}{b} \rightarrow 0, torry po ilnten
komingira. Courry ora. Jamx dx divigina / Smx dx = 40 70 $\int \frac{|\min \times|}{x} dx = \sum_{k=1}^{m-1} \frac{(k+1)k}{x} dx \ge \sum_{k=1}^{m-1} \frac{(k+1)k}{x} dx = \sum_{k=1}^{m-1} \frac{2}{(k+1)k} dx = \sum_{k=1}^{$ January = -cos. = +1 = 2

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kmr. Naj bo g: [a, so) -1 R mena funkcija, a70. (1) Ce je g omejena ma [a, so) in p>1, potem je f = ok kom. (2) Ce 3m70, dag(x) zmzutxalig(x) =-mzatx as p=1, potem le Sax de divigenten. Dorne, widewo x= 1 $\int_{X^{p}} \frac{g(x)}{dx} dx = -\int_{A}^{a} \frac{g(t)}{t^{-p+2}} dt = \int_{A}^{a} \frac{g(t)}{t^{-p+2}} dt$ $= \int_{A}^{a} \frac{g(t)}{t^{-p+2}} dt = \int_{A}^{a} \frac{g(t)}{t^{-p+2}} dt$ po inten: ce gomejena in p71, A = - tedt Velga -p+2<-1+2=1, obstupov! ugom. Aranod om p≤1, ic g(=) our stanodoin -pf2>1, cuto divingira. Princy. All - integrations, apom ling (x) fre obstrip. Prince. Eulenjara funkcija P. $\lceil (n+1)=n \rceil (n)=n!$ $\Gamma(\delta) = \int x^{A-1} e^{-x} dx, \quad s \in (0, \infty).$ · integrandje zuseu na [0, 5) 2a s>1. · s<1 pri 0 ni definiran; pisimo 1'(s)= 5xn-e-xdx + 5xn-e-xdx mitignal en na [0,1] obrtajn € 1-5<1 1.5>0. $\int_{1}^{\infty} x^{s+e^{-x}} dx = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{s+e^{-x}}}{x^{z}} dx$ je wrene in omejena, p=2, zato mhypal obstaja.

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$$\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{n} e^{-x} dx = -x^{n}e^{-x} \Big|_{0}^{A} + \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{s} e^{-x} dx$$

$$M = x^{s} \qquad dv = e^{-x} dx$$

$$Au = \int_{0}^{\infty} x^{s} dx \qquad v = -e^{-x}$$

$$V \text{ limit}, \quad A \to \infty, \text{ albino}.$$

$$\Gamma(A) = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} dx = \lim_{A \to \infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} dx = \lim_{A \to \infty} (e^{-A} - e^{-a}) = 1$$

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