

1. Timing Analysis of the CAN Protocol — Part I

(1) What is the worst-case response time of μ_0 ?

Iteration	LHS(Q0)	B0	RHS	Stop?
1	30	30	30	Yes

$$B0 = \text{Max}(C0, C1, C2) = 30$$

$$Q0 = B0 = 30$$

$$\text{LHS} = \text{RHS}, \text{ Stop!}$$

$$\text{worst-case response time} = 10 + 30 = 40$$

(2) What is the worst-case response time of μ_1 ?

Iteration	LHS (Q1)	B1	j	Q1 + τ	Tj	$\left\lceil \frac{Q1 + \tau}{Tj} \right\rceil$	Cj	RHS	Stop?
1	30	30	0	30.1	50	1	10	40	No
2	40	30	0	40.1	50	1	10	40	Yes

Iteration1:

$$B1 = \text{Max}(C1, C2) = 30$$

$$Q1 = B1 = 30$$

$$\text{LHS} = 30 < 30 + 1 \cdot 10 = 40 = \text{RHS}$$

Iteration2:

$$\text{LHS} = 40 = 30 + 1 \cdot 10 = 40 = \text{RHS}, \text{ Stop!}$$

$$\text{worst-case response time} = 30 + 40 = 70$$

(2) What is the worst-case response time of μ_2 ?

Iteration	LHS (Q2)	B2	j	Q2 + τ	Tj	$\left\lceil \frac{Q2 + \tau}{Tj} \right\rceil$	Cj	RHS	Stop?
1	20	20	0	20.1	50	1	10	60	No
			1		200	1	30		
2	60	20	0	60.1	50	2	10	70	No
			1		200	1	30		
3	70	20	0	70.1	50	2	10	70	Yes
			1		200	1	30		

Iteration1:

$$B2 = C2 = 20$$

$$Q2 = B2 = 20$$

$$\text{LHS} = 20 < 20 + 1 \cdot 10 + 1 \cdot 30 = 60 = \text{RHS}$$

Iteration2:

$$\text{LHS} = 60 < 20 + 2 \times 10 + 1 \times 30 = 70 = \text{RHS}$$

Iteration3:

$$\text{LHS} = 70 = 20 + 2 \times 10 + 1 \times 30 = 70 = \text{RHS}, \text{ Stop!}$$

$$\text{worst-case response time} = 20 + 70 = 90$$

2. Timing Analysis of the CAN Protocol — Part 2(coding)

worst-case response time 結果如下:

1.44
2.04
2.56
3.16
3.68
4.28
5.2
8.4
9.0
9.68
10.2
19.36
19.8
20.32
29.40
29.76
30.28

Source code 的部分:

```
1 import numpy as np
2 messages = []
3 with open('input.dat', 'r', encoding='UTF-8') as file:
4     numbers = float(file.readline())
5     tau = float(file.readline())
6     for data in file.readlines():
7         data = data.strip()
8         data = data.split()
9         messages.append(data)
10 # print(numbers, tau, messages)
```

```

12 ~ def worstwaitingtime(number):
13     num = number
14
15     blocking_list = []
16 ~     for i in range(num,17):
17         blocking_list.append(messages[i][1])
18     block = float(max(blocking_list))
19     # print(block)
20
21     LHS = block
22     Q = block
23     RHS = 0
24 ~     while (1<2):
25         RHS = 0
26 ~         for i in range(0,num):
27             RHS += np.ceil((Q+tau)/float(messages[i][2]))*float(messages[i][1])
28             print(RHS)
29         RHS += block
30         print(RHS)
31 ~         if LHS == RHS:
32             break
33         LHS = RHS
34         Q = RHS
35     return RHS+float(messages[num][1])

```

```

38 if __name__ == "__main__":
39     with open('output.txt', 'w', newline='') as f:
40         for i in range(17):
41             f.writelines(str(worstwaitingtime(i))+'\n')

```

3. Timing Analysis of TDMA-Based Protocols

(1) Please duplicate the schedule pattern

(4,10,1,2,6,7)

(2) Please duplicate the arriving times of frames in the frame arrival pattern

(0,3,5,6,10,13,15,16)

(3) Please duplicate the starting times of time slots in the schedule pattern

(1,2,6,7,11,12,16,17)

(4) Please complete the following table

k	$\max_{1 \leq j \leq n}(s_{j+k} - s_j)$	=	$\min_{1 \leq i \leq m}(a_{i+k-1} - a_i)$	=	(Column-3) - (Column-5)
1	$\max_{1 \leq j \leq 4}(s_{j+1} - s_j)$		$\min_{1 \leq i \leq 4}(a_i - a_i)$		
2	$\max_{1 \leq j \leq 4}(s_{j+2} - s_j)$		$\min_{1 \leq i \leq 4}(a_{i+1} - a_i)$		
3	$\max_{1 \leq j \leq 4}(s_{j+3} - s_j)$		$\min_{1 \leq i \leq 4}(a_{i+2} - a_i)$		
4	$\max_{1 \leq j \leq 4}(s_{j+4} - s_j)$		$\min_{1 \leq i \leq 4}(a_{i+3} - a_i)$		

$$6-2=4$$

$$0$$

$$4$$

$$7-2=5$$

$$6-5=1$$

$$4$$

$$11-2=9$$

$$6-3=3$$

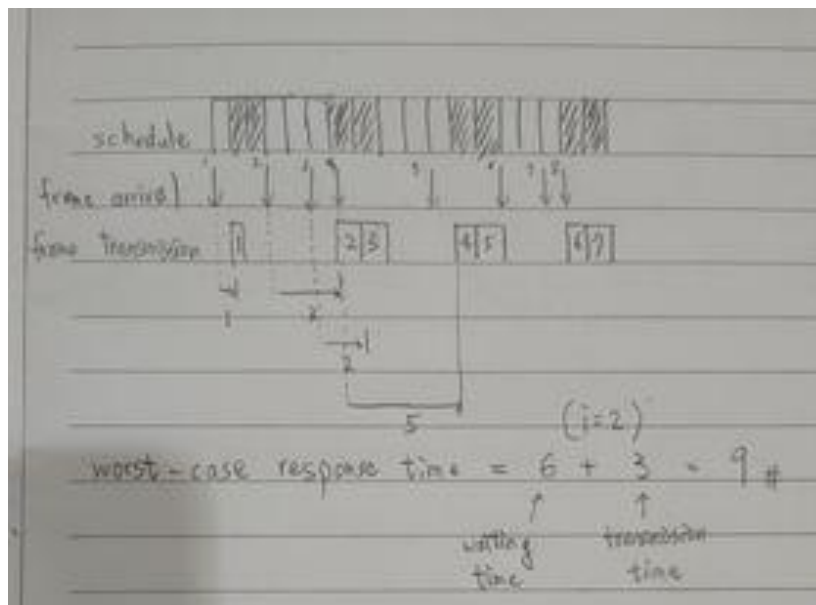
$$6$$

$$12-2=10$$

$$6-0=6$$

$$4$$

(5)) Please compute the worst-case response time



Answer = 9