

ESA: Entity Summarization With Attention



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Introduction

- Query a subject named **Hagar Wilde** in DBpedia with SPARQL:

RDF triples:

<Subject, Predicate, Object>

Search Hager Wilde in DBpedia:

<**Hagar Wilde**, Predicate, Object>

...

Total **65** RDF triples

Virtuoso SPARQL Query Editor

Default Data Set Name (Graph IRI)

<http://dbpedia.org>

Query Text

```
Select distinct ?Predicate ?Object where
{
  <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Hagar\_Wilde>
  ?Predicate
  ?Object
}
```

Predicate	
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#Thing
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person Object
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://dbpedia.org/ontology/Person
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.ontologydesignpatterns.org/ont/dul/DUL.owl#Agent
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.ontologydesignpatterns.org/ont/dul/DUL.owl#NaturalPerson
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q215627
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q24229398
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q28389
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q36180
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.wikidata.org/entity/Q5
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://dbpedia.org/ontology/Agent
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://dbpedia.org/ontology/ScreenWriter
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://dbpedia.org/ontology/Writer
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://schema.org/Person

Introduction

- Select *Top-5* triples from total 65 triples mentioned above:

```
<http://dbpedia.org/ontology/basedOn> <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Hagar_Wilde> .  
<http://dbpedia.org/ontology/birthDate> "1905-07-07"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date> .  
<http://dbpedia.org/ontology/deathDate> "1971-09-25"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date> .  
<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/name> "Hagar Wilde"@en .  
<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type> <http://dbpedia.org/class/yago/WomenTelevisionWriters> .
```

Table 1. Top-5 predicate-object pairs of subject *Hagar Wilde*

Predicate	Object
Name	Hagar Wilde
Type	Women Television Writers
Birthdate	1905-07-07
Deathdate	1971-09-25



A screenshot of the Wikipedia page for Hagar Wilde, enclosed in a red rectangular border. The page features a header with her name 'Hagar Wilde' and the title 'Writer' below it, accompanied by a portrait photo of her. The main text describes her as a writer for Hollywood films and television shows in the late thirties to the late fifties. It includes her birth information: 'Born: 7 July 1905, United States of America' and her death information: 'Died: 25 September 1971, Los Angeles, California, United States'. A section for 'Nominations' lists the 'Writers Guild of America Award for Best Written Comedy'. At the bottom, there is a 'Movies' section with a 'View 3+ more' link and four movie posters: 'Bringing Up Baby' (1938), 'I Was a Male War Bride' (1949), 'Carefree' (1938), and 'Red, Hot and Blue' (1949).

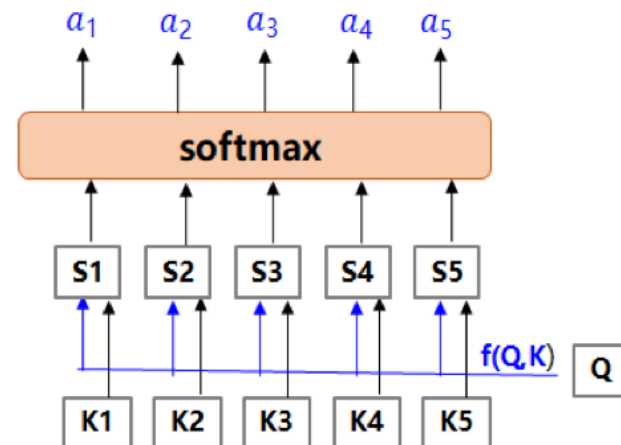
ESA: Machine Attention

■ Attention Mechanism [1]



■ Construct machine attention vector [2]

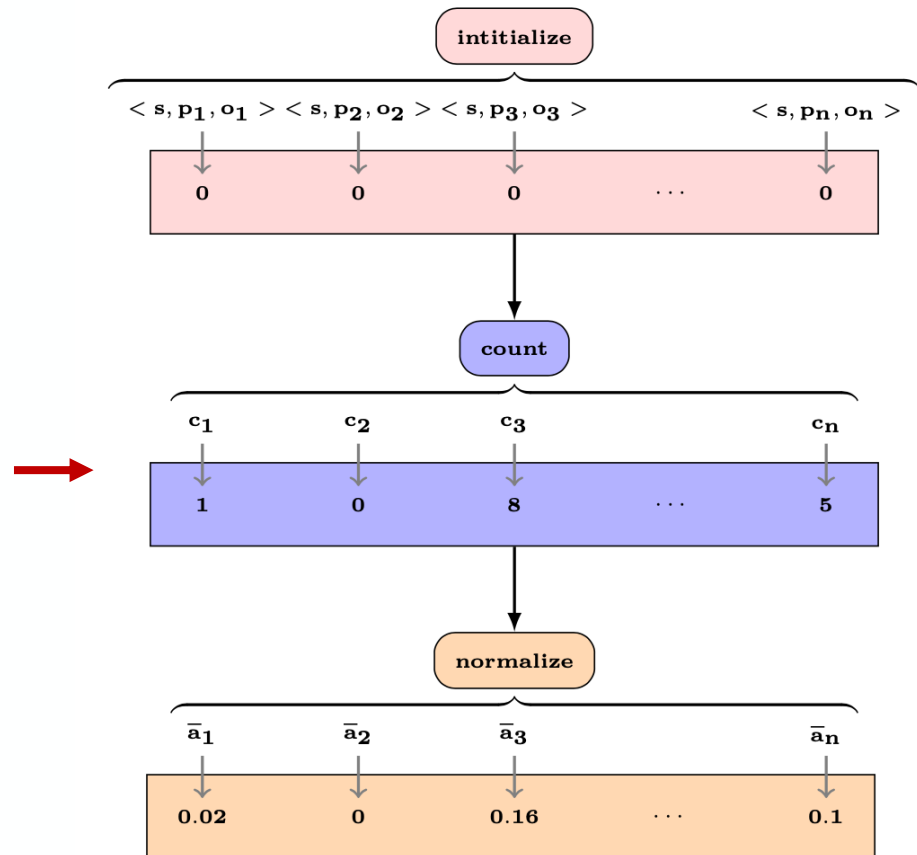
$$f(Q, K) = \begin{cases} Q^T K_i & \text{dot} \\ \underline{Q^T W_a K_i} & \text{general} \\ W_a [Q, K_i] & \text{concat} \\ V_a^T \tanh(W_a Q + U_a K_i) & \text{perceptron} \end{cases}$$



ESA: Gold Attention

■ Construct gold attention vector

```
--ESBM_benchmark
  |-- dbpedia
    |-- 1
      |-- 1_desc.nt
      |-- 1_gold_top5_0.nt
      |-- 1_gold_top5_1.nt
      |-- ...
      |-- 1_gold_top5_5.nt
      |-- 1_gold_top10_0.nt
      |-- 1_gold_top10_1.nt
      |-- ...
      |-- 1_gold_top10_0.nt
    |-- 2
    |-- ...
    |-- 100
    |-- 141
    |-- ...
    |-- 165
  |-- lmdb
    |-- 101
      |-- 101_desc.nt
      |-- 101_gold_top5_0.nt
      |-- ...
    |-- 102
    |-- ...
    |-- 140
    |-- 166
    |-- ...
    |-- 175
```



ESA: Model Architecture

Architecture

◆ Attention Mechanism

$$\alpha = \text{softmax}(\mathbf{h}_s^T \mathbf{h})$$

$$\mathbf{h}_{s_i} = [\mathbf{h}_{L_i}, \mathbf{h}_{R_i}]$$

◆ Bidirectional Network

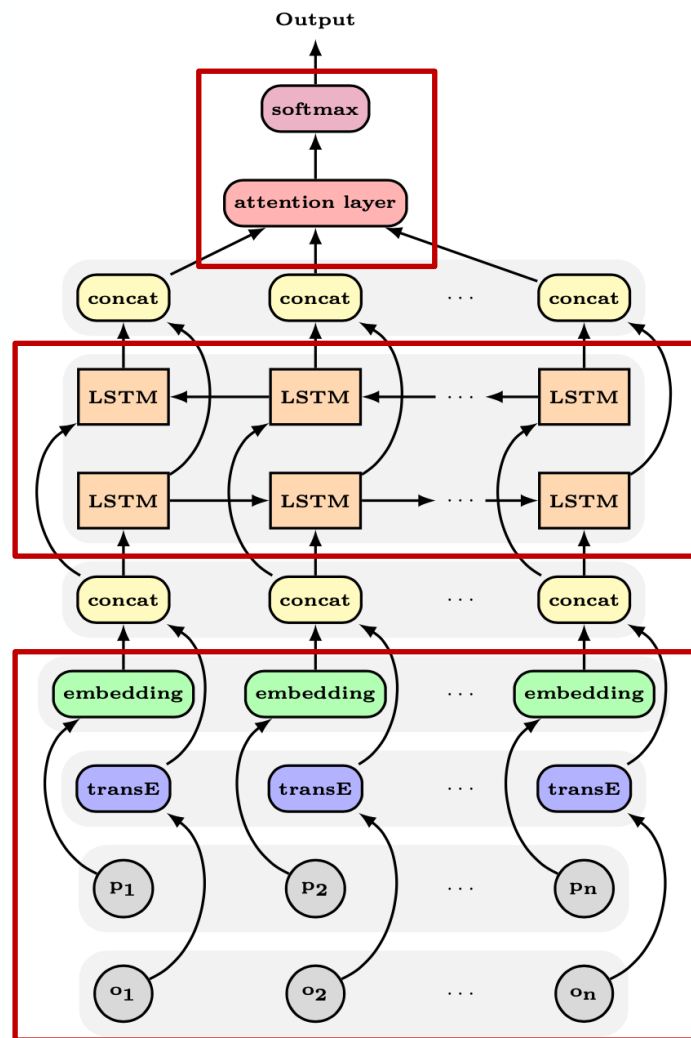
$$\mathbf{h}_{L_i} = \text{LSTM}_L(x_i, \mathbf{h}_{L_{i-1}})$$

$$\mathbf{h}_{R_i} = \text{LSTM}_R(x_i, \mathbf{h}_{R_{i-1}})$$

◆ Knowledge Representation

◆ TransE (Predicates)

◆ Word Embedding (Objects)



Experiment

■ ESBM Datasets: DBpedia & LMDb

	DBpedia		LinkedMDB		ALL	
	k=5	k=10	k=5	k=10	k=5	k=10
RELIN [3]	0.242	0.455	0.203	0.258	0.231	0.399
DIVERSUM [4]	0.249	0.507	0.207	0.358	0.237	0.464
CD [5]	0.287	0.517	0.211	0.328	0.252	0.455
FACES-E [6]	0.280	0.485	0.313	0.393	0.289	0.461
FACES [7]	0.270	0.428	0.169	0.263	0.241	0.381
LinkSUM [8]	0.274	0.479	0.140	0.279	0.236	0.421
ESA	0.310	0.525	0.320	0.403	0.312	0.491

Table 1. Experimental Results on ESBM benchmark v1.1 of F-measure

	DBpedia		LinkedMDB		ALL	
	k=5	k=10	k=5	k=10	k=5	k=10
RELIN [3]	0.342	0.519	0.241	0.355	0.313	0.466
DIVERSUM [4]	0.310	0.499	0.266	0.390	0.298	0.468
CD [5]	-	-	-	-	-	-
FACES-E [6]	0.388	0.564	0.341	0.435	0.375	0.527
FACES [7]	0.255	0.382	0.155	0.273	0.227	0.351
LinkSUM [8]	0.242	0.271	0.141	0.279	0.213	0.345
ESA	0.392	0.582	0.367	0.465	0.386	0.549

Table 2. Experimental Results on ESBM benchmark v1.1 of MAP

Conclusion

- Neural network is applied into entity summarization task.
- A novel pattern is designed to construct machine attention vectors for modelling supervised attention mechanism.
- Both F-measure and MAP achieves a competitive level in ESBM benchmark v1.1.

References

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Thanks!
Q&A.