華中科技大学

电子信息与通信学院

实验报告

实验名称	课程综合练习
课程名称	计算机基础
	与程序设计(C)

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日期	2025.1.13	地点	华中科技大学
成绩		教师	刘威

1. 实验目的

完成日历系列代码。

2. 实验环境

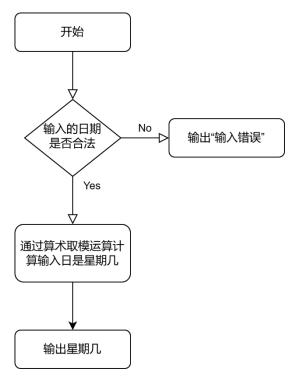
操作系统: Windows 11 编程工具: Dev-C++

3. 实验一

3.1 实验任务

1.运用所学到的知识,编写一个计算星期几的程序,计算 2024 年某月某日是星期几 2.设置一个变量计算输入日是全年第几天,通过算术取模运算计算输入日是星期几 3.约定每个星期从周一开始,如果是周一则打印 1,周二则打印 2,.....,周日打印 7

3.2 实验步骤



3.3 代码测试

测试点 1: 输入"11", 预期输出"1"

请输入月份与日期:11

实际测试结果: 1

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 2: 输入 "711", 预期输出 "4"

请输入月份与日期: 7 11

实际测试结果: 4

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 3: 输入"230", 预期输出"输入错误"

实际测试结果: 请输入月份与日期: 2 30 输入错误

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"13 4", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入月份与日期: 13 4 实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

3.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

3.5 实验总结

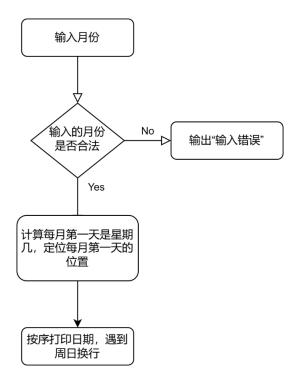
学会了基础的 C 语言语法和计算星期几的方法

4. 实验二

4.1 实验任务

- 1.运用所学到的知识,编写打印月历的程序,打印 2024年1到12月的某个月的月历
- 2.约定每个星期从周一开始
- 3.约定月历的每列的宽度为 10 个字符,可以在 printf 语句中用%10s 打印空格、用 %10d 打 印数字来定位

4.2 实验步骤



4.3 代码测试

2 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 8 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26 27 21 31

测试点 1: 输入 "1" , 预期输出 29 30

14 We Th Fr Sa Su 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 11 12 13 14 5 16 17 18 19 20 21 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

Tu We Th Fr Sa 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 请输入具件

5 6 7 8 12 13 14 15 19 20 21 22 26 27 28 29

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 3: 输入"13", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入月份: 13 实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"0", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入月份: 0 实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试结论: 达到目标

4.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

4.5 实验总结

学会了基础的 C 语言语法和打印月历的方法

5. 实验三

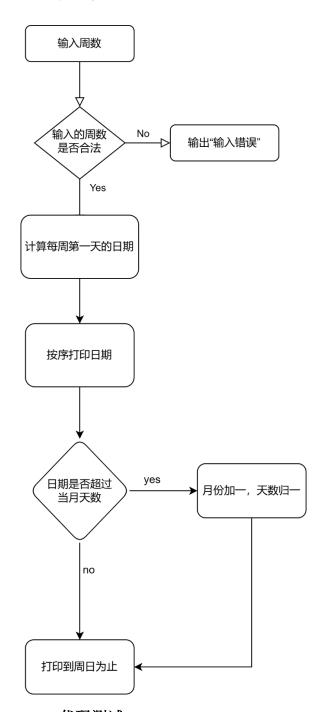
实验任务 5.1

1.运用所学到的知识,编写一个打印周历的程序,打印 2024 年某一周的周历 2.约定每个星期从周一开始

3.约定周历的每列的宽度为 10 个字符,可以在 printf 语句中用%5s 打印空格、用%2d 打印数字来定位

4.第1周和第53周中,仅打印2024年的日期

5.2 实验步骤



5.3 代码测试

测试点 1: 输入 "-1", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入周数: -1 实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试点 2: 输入"54", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入周数: 54

实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试结论:达到目标

#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. 测试点 3: 输入"1",预期输出 01: 01:01 01:02 01:03 01:04 01:05 01:06 01:07

请输入周数:1

#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun. 实际测试结果: 01: 01.01 01.02 01.03 01.04 01.05 01.06 01.07

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入 "5",预期输出 05: 01.29 01.30 01.31 02.01 02.02 02.03 02.04

请输入周数:5

#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sun. 实际测试结果: 05: 01.29 01.30 01.31 02.01 02.02 02.03 02.04

测试结论: 达到目标

#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.

测试点 5: 输入 "53", 预期输出 53: 12.30 12.31

请输入周数: 53

Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.

#W: Mon. Tue. 实际测试结果: 53: 12.30 12.31

测试结论: 达到目标

5.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

5.5 实验总结

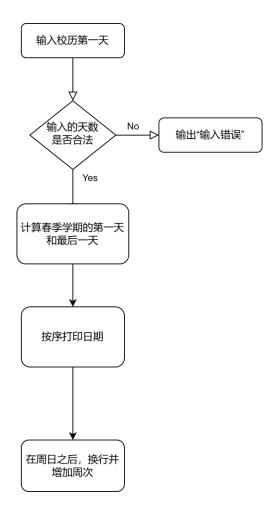
学会了基础的 C 语言语法和打印周历的方法

6. 实验四

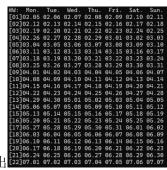
实验任务 6.1

- 1. 打印 2024 年春季学期的校历
- 2. 春季学期从 2 月份的某一周开始,用户输入 2 月份的某日作为参考日:如果该日就是周 一,即从当周开始;如果该日不是周一,即从下周开始。
- 3. 春季学期到7月份的第一个周末结束。
- 4. 约定校历的每列的宽度为 10 个字符, 可以在 printf 语句中用%5s 打印空格、用 %02d 打 印月或者目的数字

6.2 实验步骤



6.3 代码测试



测试点 1: 输入"1",预期输出[2]06.24



实际测试结果: [21]66.24 66.25 [22]67.01 67.02

```
#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Su
[0:]02.26 02.27 02.28 02.29 03.01 03.02 03.0
[0:]08.04 03.05 03.06 03.07 03.08 03.09 03.
[0:]08.10 03.12 03.13 03.14 03.15 03.16 03.7
[0:]08.18 03.19 03.20 03.21 03.22 03.22 03.23 03.
[0:]08.18 03.19 03.20 03.27 03.28 03.29 03.29 03.28 03.29 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.20 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00 03
```

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 3: 输入"0", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入校历第一天: 0

实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"30", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入校历第一天: 30

实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试结论: 达到目标

6.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

6.5 实验总结

学会了函数的使用,体会到模块化编程的好处

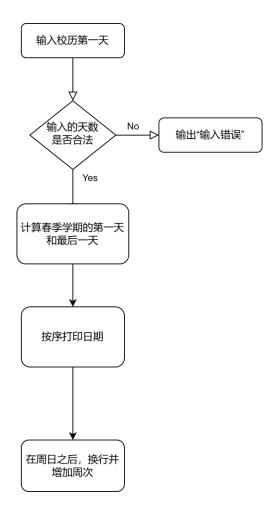
7. 实验五

7.1 实验任务

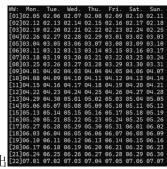
1.用函数改写打印华中科技大学校历的程序 打印 2024 年春季学期的校历

```
// Functions about month and day
                                                     int getMonthLength(int month);
int getDaySeq(int month, int day);
                                                     //
// Functions for properties of one day
int getMonth(int daySeqOfYear);
int getDay(int daySeqOfYear);
int getDaySeqOfWeek(int daySeqOfYear);
                                                     //
// Functions for day movement calculation
int getNextMonday(int daySeqOfYear);
int getThisSunday(int daySeqOfYear);
//
// Functions support school calendar display
void printOneDay(int daySeqOfYear);
```

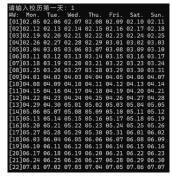
7.2 实验步骤



7.3 代码测试



测试点 1: 输入 "1", 预期输出



实际测试结果: [21]66.24 66.25 [22]67.01 67.02

测试点 2: 输入 "26", 预期输出

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 3: 输入"0", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入校历第一天: 0 实际测试结果: 输入错误

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"30", 预期输出"输入错误"

请输入校历第一天: 30 实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

7.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

7.5 实验总结

学会了函数的使用,体会到模块化编程的好处

8. 实验六

8.1 实验任务

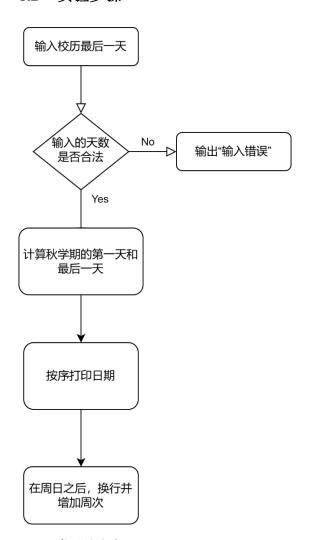
- 1.用函数改写打印华中科技大学校历的程序,打印 2024 年秋季学期的校历。
- 2.秋季学期从9月1日所在周的周一开始,到第二年1月的某日结束:用户输入1月份的某 日作为参考日, 取该日所在周周日作为学期的结束。
- 3.更新相关函数,支持不同的年份的日期,计算相关函数需要增加一个参数 int year。

```
// Functions on different year
int isLeapYear(int year);
int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);

//
// Functions bout month and day
int getMonth ength(int year int month);
int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);

//
// Functions for properties of one day
int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year) int daySeqOfYear);
int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
//
// Functions support school calendar display
void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
```

8.2 实验步骤



8.3 代码测试

测试点1:输入"0",预期输出"输入错误"

请输入校历最后一天: 0 实际测试结果:

测试点 2: 输入"32", 预期输出"输入错误"

情输入校历最后一天: 32 实际测试结果:输入

测试结论: 达到目标

[10]10.28 10.29
[11]11.04 11.05
[12]11.11 11.12
[13]11.18 11.19
[14]11.25 11.26
[15]12.02 12.03
[16]12.09 12.10
[17]12.16 12.17
[18]12.23 12.24
[19]12.30 12.31 12.04 12.11 12.18 12.25

实际测试结果: [18]12

测试结论: 达到目标

09.05 09.12 09.19 09.26 10.03 10.10 10.17 11.24 11.27 11.28 12.05 12.12 12.19 .06 .13 .20 .27 12.18 12.25 01.01

测试点 4: 输入 "6" , 预期输出 200

09.04 09.11 09.18 09.25 10.09 10.16 10.23 11.06 11.12 11.27 12.04 12.11 12.18 12.28 01.01 01.08 (1941) 194 (195) 194 (195) 195 (195 12.05 12.12 12.19 12.26 01.02 12.06 12.13 12.20 12.27 01.03 12.07 12.14 12.21 12.28

8.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

8.5 实验总结

学会了函数的使用,体会到模块化编程的好处

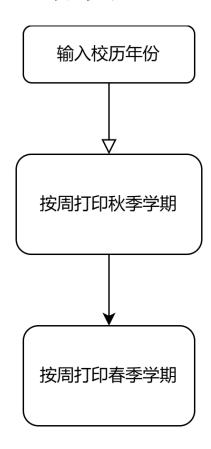
9. 实验七

9.1 实验任务

- 1. 用函数改写打印华中科技大学校历的程序,打印指定学年度的第一学期和第二学期的校历
- 2. 约定秋季学期从当年9月4日所在周的周一开始,到第二年1月20日之前一周结束;约定春季学期从次年2月15日之后一周开始,7月第一周结束。
- 3. 要求设计一个打印某周周历的函数,支持不同学期校历的打印需求;改进打印某日的函数,支持在校历首日和跨年日显示年月日信息。

// Functions support school calendar display
void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear, int formatType);
void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow);

9.2 实验步骤



9.3 代码测试

测试点 1: 输入"2024",预期输出同实际测试结果

 请输入:	学期年份: 20:	24					
			(Fall)	Calendar of	Year 2024	- 2025	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[36]	09.02	09.03	09.04	09.05	09.06	09.07	09.08
[37]	09.09	09.10	09.11	09.12	09.13	09.14	09.1
[38]	09.16	09.17	09.18	09.19	09.20	09.21	09.2
[39]	09.23	09.24	09.25	09.26	09.27	09.28	09.2
[40]	09.30	10.01	10.02	10.03	10.04	10.05	10.0
[41]	10.07	10.08	10.09	10.10	10.11	10.12	10.1
[42]	10.14	10.15	10.16	10.17	10.18	10.19	10.2
[43]	10.21	10.22	10.23	10.24	10.25	10.26	10.2
[44]	10.28	10.29	10.30	10.31	11.01	11.02	11.0
[45]	11.04	11.05	11.06	11.07	11.08	11.09	11.1
[46]	11.11	11.12	11.13	11.14	11.15	11.16	11.1
[47]	11.18	11.19	11.20	11.21	11.22	11.23	11.2
[48]	11.25	11.26	11.27	11.28	11.29	11.30	12.0
[49]	12.02	12.03	12.04	12.05	12.06	12.07	12.0
[50]	12.09	12.10	12.11	12.12	12.13	12.14	12.1
[51]	12.16	12.17	12.18	12.19	12.20	12.21	12.2
[52]	12.23	12.24	12.25	12.26	12.27	12.28	12.2
[53]	12.30	12.31	01.01	01.02	01.03	01.04	01.0
[54]	01.06	01.07	01.08	01.09	01.10	01.11	01.1
[55]	01.13	01.14	01.15	01.16	01.17	01.18	01.1
[56]	01.20	01.21	01.22	01.23	01.24	01.25	01.2

实际测试结果:

	Seco	nd Semester	c (Spring)	Calendar	of Year	2024 - 2025	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[06]	02.03	02.04	02.05	02.06	02.07	02.08	02.09
[07]	02.10	02.11	02.12	02.13	02.14	02.15	02.16
[80]	02.17	02.18	02.19	02.20	02.21	02.22	02.23
[09]	02.24	02.25	02.26	02.27	02.28	03.01	03.02
[10]	03.03	03.04	03.05	03.06	03.07	03.08	03.09
[11]	03.10	03.11	03.12	03.13	03.14	03.15	03.16
[12]	03.17	03.18	03.19	03.20	03.21	03.22	03.23
[13]	03.24	03.25	03.26	03.27	03.28	03.29	03.30
[14]	03.31	04.01	04.02	04.03	04.04	04.05	04.06
[15]	04.07	04.08	04.09	04.10	04.11	04.12	04.13
[16]	04.14	04.15	04.16	04.17	04.18	04.19	04.20
[17]	04.21	04.22	04.23	04.24	04.25	04.26	04.27
[18]	04.28	04.29	04.30	05.01	05.02	05.03	05.04
[19]	05.05	05.06	05.07	05.08	05.09	05.10	05.11
[20]	05.12	05.13	05.14	05.15	05.16	05.17	05.18
[21]	05.19	05.20	05.21	05.22	05.23	05.24	05.25
[22]	05.26	05.27	05.28	05.29	05.30	05.31	06.01
[23]	06.02	06.03	06.04	06.05	06.06	06.07	06.08
[24]	06.09	06.10	06.11	06.12	06.13	06.14	06.15
[25]	06.16	06.17	06.18	06.19	06.20	06.21	06.22
[26]	06.23	06.24	06.25	06.26	06.27	06.28	06.29

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 2: 输入"2020", 预期输出同实际测试结果

请输入	学期年份: 20	20					
	First	Semester	(Fall)	Calendar of	Year 2020	- 2021	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[35]	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29	08.30
[36]	08.31	09.01	09.02	09.03	09.04	09.05	09.06
[37]	09.07	09.08	09.09	09.10	09.11	09.12	09.13
[38]	09.14	09.15	09.16	09.17	09.18	09.19	09.20
[39]	09.21	09.22	09.23	09.24	09.25	09.26	09.27
[40]	09.28	09.29	09.30	10.01	10.02	10.03	10.04
[41]	10.05	10.06	10.07	10.08	10.09	10.10	10.11
[42]	10.12	10.13	10.14	10.15	10.16	10.17	10.18
[43]	10.19	10.20	10.21	10.22	10.23	10.24	10.25
[44]	10.26	10.27	10.28	10.29	10.30	10.31	11.01
[45]	11.02	11.03	11.04	11.05	11.06	11.07	11.08
[46]	11.09	11.10	11.11	11.12	11.13	11.14	11.15
[47]	11.16	11.17	11.18	11.19	11.20	11.21	11.22
[48]	11.23	11.24	11.25	11.26	11.27	11.28	11.29
[49]	11.30	12.01	12.02	12.03	12.04	12.05	12.06
[50]	12.07	12.08	12.09	12.10	12.11	12.12	12.13
[51]	12.14	12.15	12.16	12.17	12.18	12.19	12.20
[52]	12.21	12.22	12.23	12.24	12.25	12.26	12.27
[53]	12.28	12.29	12.30	12.31	01.01	01.02	01.03
[54]	01.04	01.05	01.06	01.07	01.08	01.09	01.10
[55]	01.11	01.12	01.13	01.14	01.15	01.16	01.17

实际测试结果:

2114	013 to (12 H	/,••					
	Sec	ond Semester	(Spring)	Calendar	of Year	2020 - 2021	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[07]	02.08	02.09	02.10	02.11	02.12	02.13	02.14
[80]	02.15	02.16	02.17	02.18	02.19	02.20	02.21
[09]	02.22	02.23	02.24	02.25	02.26	02.27	02.28
[10]	03.01	03.02	03.03	03.04	03.05	03.06	03.07
[11]	03.08	03.09	03.10	03.11	03.12	03.13	03.14
[12]	03.15	03.16	03.17	03.18	03.19	03.20	03.21
[13]	03.22	03.23	03.24	03.25	03.26	03.27	03.28
[14]	03.29	03.30	03.31	04.01	04.02	04.03	04.04
[15]	04.05	04.06	04.07	04.08	04.09	04.10	04.11
[16]	04.12	04.13	04.14	04.15	04.16	04.17	04.18
[17]	04.19	04.20	04.21	04.22	04.23	04.24	04.25
[18]	04.26	04.27	04.28	04.29	04.30	05.01	05.02
[19]	05.03	05.04	05.05	05.06	05.07	05.08	05.09
[20]	05.10	05.11	05.12	05.13	05.14	05.15	05.16
[21]	05.17	05.18	05.19	05.20	05.21	05.22	05.23
[22]	05.24	05.25	05.26	05.27	05.28	05.29	05.30
[23]	05.31	06.01	06.02	06.03	06.04	06.05	06.06
[24]	06.07	06.08	06.09	06.10	06.11	06.12	06.13
[25]	06.14	06.15	06.16	06.17	06.18	06.19	06.20
[26]	06.21	06.22	06.23	06.24	06.25	06.26	06.27

测试点 2: 输入"2005", 预期输出同实际测试结果

请输入	、学期年份: 200						
	First	Semester	(Fall)	Calendar of	Year 2005	- 2006	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.		Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[35]	08.22	08.23	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28
[36]	08.29	08.30	08.31	09.01	09.02	09.03	09.04
[37]	09.05	09.06	09.07	09.08	09.09	09.10	09.11
[38]	09.12	09.13	09.14	09.15	09.16	09.17	09.18
[39]	09.19	09.20	09.21	09.22	09.23	09.24	09.25
[40]	09.26	09.27	09.28	09.29	09.30	10.01	10.02
[41]	10.03	10.04	10.05	10.06	10.07	10.08	10.09
[42]	10.10	10.11	10.12	10.13	10.14	10.15	10.16
[43]	10.17	10.18	10.19	10.20	10.21	10.22	10.23
[44]	10.24	10.25	10.26	10.27	10.28	10.29	10.30
[45]	10.31	11.01	11.02	11.03	11.04	11.05	11.06
[46]	11.07	11.08	11.09	11.10	11.11	11.12	11.13
[47]	11.14	11.15	11.16	11.17	11.18	11.19	11.20
[48]	11.21	11.22	11.23	11.24	11.25	11.26	11.27
[49]	11.28	11.29	11.30	12.01	12.02	12.03	12.04
[50]	12.05	12.06	12.07	12.08	12.09	12.10	12.11
[51]	12.12	12.13	12.14	12.15	12.16	12.17	12.18
[52]	12.19	12.20	12.21	12.22	12.23	12.24	12.25
[53]	12.26	12.27	12.28	12.29	12.30	12.31	01.01
[54]	01.02	01.03	01.04	01.05	01.06	01.07	01.08
[55]	01.09	01.10	01.11	01.12	01.13	01.14	01.15

实际测试结果:

	Se	cond Semester	(Spring)	Calendar	of Year	2005 - 2006	
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[07]	02.06	02.07	02.08	02.09	02.10	02.11	02.12
[88]	02.13	02.14	02.15	02.16	02.17	02.18	02.19
[09]	02.20	02.21	02.22	02.23	02.24	02.25	02.26
[10]	02.27	02.28	03.01	03.02	03.03	03.04	03.05
[11]	03.06	03.07	03.08	03.09	03.10	03.11	03.12
[12]	03.13	03.14	03.15	03.16	03.17	03.18	03.19
[13]	03.20	03.21	03.22	03.23	03.24	03.25	03.26
[14]	03.27	03.28	03.29	03.30	03.31	04.01	04.02
[15]	04.03	04.04	04.05	04.06	04.07	04.08	04.09
[16]	04.10	04.11	04.12	04.13	04.14	04.15	04.16
[17]	04.17	04.18	04.19	04.20	04.21	04.22	04.23
[18]	04.24	04.25	04.26	04.27	04.28	04.29	04.30
[19]	05.01	05.02	05.03	05.04	05.05	05.06	05.07
[20]	05.08	05.09	05.10	05.11	05.12	05.13	05.14
[21]	05.15	05.16	05.17	05.18	05.19	05.20	05.21
[22]	05.22	05.23	05.24	05.25	05.26	05.27	05.28
[23]	05.29	05.30	05.31	06.01	06.02	06.03	06.04
[24]	06.05	06.06	06.07	06.08	06.09	06.10	06.11
[25]	06.12	06.13	06.14	06.15	06.16	06.17	06.18
[26]	06.19	06.20	06.21	06.22	06.23	06.24	06.25

测试结论: 达到目标

9.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

9.5 实验总结

学会了函数的使用,体会到模块化编程的好处

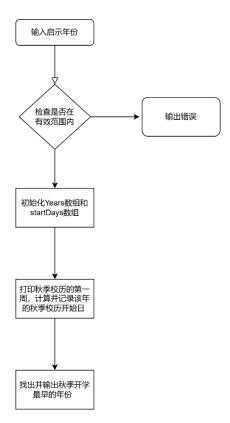
10. 实验八

10.1 实验任务

- 1.用数组改写打印华中科技大学校历的程序,具备打印校历的能力,比较多个年份的校历秋季校历的首日,寻找开学最早的那一年。
- 2.约定秋季学期从当年9月4日所在周的周一开始,到第二年1月20日之前一周结束;约定春季学期从次年2月15日之后一周开始,7月第一周结束。
- 3.基于数组改进现有的日历程序,改进计算日期的函数

```
// Functions for properties of one day
int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
/// Functions support multiple year
void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart);
```

10.2 实验步骤



10.3 代码测试

测试点1:输入"2024",预期输出如下图

First	week in	spring Caler	dar of Yea	r 2024			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
36]	09.02	09.03	09.04	09.05	09.06	09.07	09.08
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	ır 2025			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29	08.30	08.31
First	week in	spring Caler	dar of Yea	r 2026			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29	08.30
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2027			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]	08.23	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29
First	week in	spring Caler	dar of Yea	r 2028			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
36]	08.28	08.29	08.30	08.31	09.01	09.02	09.03

测试结论:达到目标

实际测试结果:

测试点 2: 输入"2019", 预期输出如下图

019	accircus	Comparison in	, o years,	pecase in	oue ene 111	se year (2000 2050.
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2019			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
36]	09.02	09.03	09.04	09.05	09.06	09.07	09.08
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2020			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29	08.30
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2021			
#W:	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]	08.23	08.24	08.25	08.26	08.27	08.28	08.29
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2022			
#W:	Mon.		Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
35]		08.23			08.26	08.27	08.28
First	week in	spring Caler	ndar of Yea	r 2023			
#W:	Mon.		Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
36]							09.03

实际测试结果:

测试点 3: 输入 "2036", 预期输出"输入错误"

Fall Calendar Comparison in 5 years, please input the first year (2000-2035) 2036

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"1999", 预期输出"输入错误"

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

10.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

10.5 实验总结

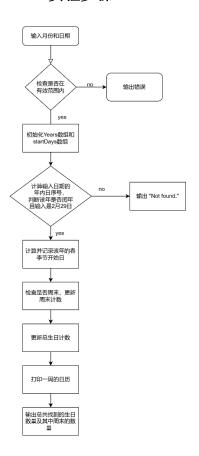
学会了一维数组的使用,体会到数据结构的好处

11. 实验九

11.1 实验任务

1.用三维数组记录多年的日期数据,查找某人的生日,并打印该生日所在周的周历,计算其 在周末过生日的次数

11.2 实验步骤



11.3 代码测试

测试点 1: 输入"2 29", 预期输出如图

Finding 2 29	Birthday	in year	(2020-2025),	please	input the	month and	day:
	Mon.	Tues.	Wed. 02.26				
Birthday Not foun		2021					
Birthday Not foun		2022					
Birthday Not foun		2023					
	Mon.	Tues.	Wed. 02.28				
Birthday Not foun		2025					
Total 2	birthday:	s are fou	ınd, 1 of the	m are in	weekends.		

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 2: 输入"711", 预期输出如图

Finding I 7 11	Birthday	in year (2	020-2025),	please	input the	month and	day:
Birthday #M: [27]	in Year Mon. 07.06	2020 Tues. 07.07	Wed. 07.08	Thur. 07.09	Fri. 07.10	Sat. 07.11	Sun. 07.12
Birthday #M: [27]	in Year Mon. 07.05	2021 Tues. 07.06	Wed. 07.07	Thur. 07.08	Fri. 07.09	Sat. 07.10	Sun. 07.11
Birthday #M: [28]	in Year Mon. 07.11	Tues.	Wed. 07.13	Thur. 07.14	Fri. 07.15	Sat. 07.16	Sun. 07.17
Birthday #M: [28]	in Year Mon. 07.10	2023 Tues. 07.11	Wed. 07.12	Thur. 07.13	Fri. 07.14	Sat. 07.15	Sun. 07.16
Birthday #M: [28]	in Year Mon. 07.08	2024 Tues. 07.09	Wed. 07.10	Thur. 07.11	Fri. 07.12	Sat. 07.13	Sun. 07.14
Birthday #M: [27]	in Year Mon. 07.07	Tues.	Wed. 07.09	Thur. 07.10	Fri. 07.11	Sat. 07.12	Sun. 07.13
Total 6 I	birthday:	are found	, 2 of the	m are i	weekends		

实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 3: 输入"2 30", 预期输出"输入错误"

Finding Birthday in year (2020-2025), please input the month and day 2 30 Sorry, the input month and day are invalid.

测试结论: 达到目标

11.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

11.5 实验总结

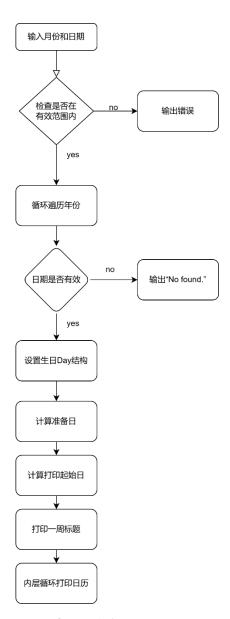
学会了多维数组的使用,体会到数据结构的好处

12. 实验十

12.1 实验任务

- 1. 假定某生日趴需要三天时间准备,输入某人的生日,通过日期偏移计算获得前三天并打印相关周历
- 2. 用日期结构体记录

12.2 实验步骤



12.3 代码测试

测试点 1: 输入"2 29", 预期输出如下图

```
Finding Birthday in year (2023-2025), please input the month and day: 2 29
                             Birthday in Year 2023
Not found.
                             Birthday in Year 2024
#W: Mon. Tues.
[09]2024.02.26 27
                                                                             Thur.
02.29*
实际测试结果:

Birthday in Year 2025
Not found.
```

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 2: 输入"230", 预期输出"输入错误"

Finding Birthday in year (2023-2025), please input the month and day: 实际测试结果: Input wrong

测试点 3: 输入"711", 预期输出如下图

Finding 7 11	Birthday	in year (2	023-2025),	please :	input the mo	nth and d	ay:
Birthda #W:	y in Year Mon.		Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[26] [27]	10	07.11*			202	3.07.08	9
Birthda #W:	y in Year Mon.		Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[27]2024	.07.08	9	10	07.11*			
Birthda #W:	y in Year Mon.	2025 Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
[26]	202	5.07.08	9	10	07.11*		

实际测试结果: [26]

测试结论: 达到目标

测试点 4: 输入"13 4", 预期输出"输入错误"

Finding Birthday in year (2023-2025), please input the month and day: 13 50
Input wrong. 实际测试结果:

测试结论: 达到目标

12.4 实验结论

代码达到功能目标

12.5 实验总结

学会了结构体的使用,体会到数据结构的好处

13. 本课程学习总结

我第一次接触 C 语言是在 C 语言课程上,当时看着那些密密麻麻的代码,心里既好奇又忐忑。老师在讲台上滔滔不绝地讲解着变量、数据类型等基础概念,我却像在听天书。课上,我打开编译器,尝试着敲下人生中第一段代码——"Hello, World!"程序。看着屏幕上成功弹出的那行字,内心竟有了一丝小小的成就感,仿佛打开了新世界的大门。

刚开始学习时,我对 C 语言的语法一知半解,常常犯一些低级错误。比如在定义变量时,忘记写分号,导致编译器报错;还有忘记切换中英文导致标点符号出错。从那以后,我养成了仔细检查代码的好习惯,每写一行代码,都会认真检查语法是否正确。

我还尝尝犯逻辑错误。逻辑错误比语法错误更隐蔽,也更难调试。有一次,我写了一个排序程序,代码看起来没有语法错误,也能正常编译运行,但排序的结果却总是不对。我反复检查代码,发现是在循环条件设置上出了问题,导致有些元素没有被正确比较和交换。为了解决这个问题,我在代码中添加了大量的打印语句,逐步跟踪程序的执行过程,最终找到了问题所在。这次经历让我明白,逻辑错误需要仔细分析程序的逻辑流程,通过调试手段来逐步排查。

随着学习的深入,我逐渐意识到代码规范的重要性。良好的代码规范可以让代码更易读、易维护。比如,在命名变量和函数时,我开始采用有意义的命名方式,而不是简单地用 a、b、c 等字母,更不会用中文拼音(除非在考试的时候记不起来英文怎么写)。例如,用 studentScore 来表示学生的成绩,用 calculateAverage 来表示计算平均值的函数,这样一看就能明白变量和函数的用途。

同时,我也注意到了代码缩进和空格的使用。正确的缩进可以让代码的层次结构更加清晰,方便我们理解代码的逻辑。在编写循环和条件语句时,我会严格遵循缩进规范,每进入一层代码块就缩进一定的空格,这样代码看起来整洁美观,也更容易发现逻辑错误。

在调试程序时,我学会了一些实用的技巧。首先是使用打印语句来调试。当程序出现错误时,我会在关键位置添加打印语句,输出变量的值和程序的执行流程,通过观察打印结果来判断程序是否按照预期执行。例如,在一个复杂的算法实现中,我会在每个关键步骤打印出中间变量的值,这样就能清楚地看到程序的运行状态,及时发现逻辑错误。

其次,我还学会了使用调试工具。像 GDB 这样的调试工具,可以让我们更方便地设置断点、单步执行程序、查看变量值等。通过使用调试工具,我可以更精确地定位问题所在,大大提高了调试效率。比如,在调试一个多线程程序时,GDB 的多线程调试功能就帮了我大忙,让我能够清楚地看到每个线程的执行状态和变量值,顺利解决了程序中的同步问题。

在学习初期,我主要通过教材和在线课程来学习 C 语言的基础知识。每天都会花几个小时的时间来阅读教材,从变量、数据类型、运算符等基础概念学起,逐步掌握了 C 语言的基本语法。同时,我还会在在线学习平台上观看一些优质的 C 语言教学视频,通过视频中的实例讲解,加深对知识点的理解。

为了巩固所学知识,我不仅会完成老师布置的头歌在线编程题,还会自己去洛谷等网站找题写,平常也会和同学们讨论一些有趣的知识和题目,这段经历让我受益匪浅,极大提高了我的编程能力。在电工基地,我也经常用 C 语言完成嵌入式项目,这不仅让我领会到 C 语言的魅力,更在实践中加强了我对 C 语言的理解。

学习 C 语言的过程充满了挫折和困难,但正是这些挫折让我更加坚定了学习的决心。 每当遇到一个难题,我都会告诉自己不能放弃,要耐心地去分析问题、解决问题。通过一次 次的坚持和努力,我逐渐克服了学习中的困难,也积累了解决问题的经验。我深刻地认识到,学习编程就像爬山,虽然过程艰难,但只要坚持不懈,就一定能看到山顶的风景。

理论知识固然重要,但只有通过实践才能真正掌握 C 语言。在做项目的过程中,我将所学的理论知识应用到实际问题中,通过解决实际问题来加深对知识点的理解。实践让我学会了如何将复杂的现实问题转化为编程问题,如何设计合理的程序来解决问题。同时,实践也让我发现了自己在学习过程中存在的不足,促使我不断改进和提高。

在学习过程中,我养成了总结和反思的好习惯。每当完成一个项目或解决一个难题后,我都会认真总结经验教训,思考自己在学习过程中有哪些做得好的地方,哪些地方还需要改进。通过总结和反思,我能够不断调整学习方法,提高学习效率。

回顾这段学习 C 语言的历程,虽然充满了心酸与挫折,但也让我收获了成长与喜悦。从最初的懵懂无知到现在的基本掌握,C 语言已经成为了我编程道路上的重要基石。在今后的学习和工作中,我将继续努力,不断探索和学习新的编程技术和知识,用 C 语言为我开启更广阔的技术世界。

14. 附录

14.1 实验一"计算星期几"代码

```
    #include <stdio.h>

2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day);
5.
6. int main(void) {
7.
        int month, day;
       int weekday;
8.
9.
       printf("请输入月份与日期:");
10.
       scanf("%d %d", &month, &day);
11
12.
13.
        if (month == 1 && day >= 1 && day <= 31 ||
14.
           month == 2 && day >= 1 && day <= 29 ||
15.
            month == 3 && day >= 1 && day <= 31
           month == 4 && day >= 1 && day <= 30 ||
16.
            month == 5 && day >= 1 && day <= 31
17.
           month == 6 && day >= 1 && day <= 30
18.
19.
            month == 7 && day >= 1 && day <= 31
20.
            month == 8 && day >= 1 && day <= 31 ||
            month == 9 && day >= 1 && day <= 30 ||
21.
            month == 10 && day >= 1 && day <= 31 ||
22.
            month == 11 && day >= 1 && day <= 30 ||
23.
           month == 12 && day >= 1 && day <= 31) {
24.
            weekday = calculateWeekday(month, day);
25.
           printf("%d", weekday);
26.
27.
        } else {
28.
           printf("输入错误");
29.
       }
30.
31.
       return 0;
32. }
33.
34. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day) {
        int daysInMonth[] = {0, 31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 3
35.
   0, 31};
36. int totalDays = 0, weekday;
```

```
37.
        int i;
38.
39.
        //计算这天前的总天数
        for (i = 1; i < month; ++i) {</pre>
40.
41.
            totalDays += daysInMonth[i];
42.
43.
        totalDays += day;
44.
        //取模计算星期几
45.
        weekday = (totalDays + 6) \% 7 + 1;
46.
47.
        return weekday;
48.}
```

14.2 实验二"打印月历"代码

```
    #include <stdio.h>

2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day);
5. void printMonth(int month);
6.
7. int main(void) {
8.
       int month;
9.
       printf("请输入月份: ");
10.
11.
       scanf("%d",&month);
12.
13.
       if(month >= 1 && month <= 12){
           printMonth(month);
14.
15.
       }else{
16.
           printf("输入错误");
17.
       }
18.
19.
       return 0;
20.}
21.
22. //计算每月第一天是星期几
23. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day) {
       int daysInMonth[] = {0, 31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 3
   0, 31};
25.
       int totalDays = 0, weekday;
26.
      int i;
27.
28.
       //计算这天前的总天数
29.
       for (i = 1; i < month; ++i) {</pre>
30.
           totalDays += daysInMonth[i];
31.
32.
       totalDays += day;
33.
       //取模计算星期几
34.
       weekday = (totalDays + 6) \% 7 + 1;
35.
36.
      return weekday;
37. }
38.
39. //打印月历
40. void printMonth(int month) {
       int daysInMonth[] = {0, 31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 3
41.
   0, 31};
42.
      int i, j, firstDayOfWeek, dayOfWeek, dayOfMonth;
43.
44.
       //计算每月第一天是星期几
45.
       firstDayOfWeek = calculateWeekday(month, 1);
46.
47.
       //打印月历头
```

```
printf("Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su\n");
48.
49.
       //打印每个月日期前空出的空格
50.
       for (i = 1; i < firstDayOfWeek; i++) {</pre>
51.
           printf(" ");
52.
53.
54.
       //打印日期
55.
       for (dayOfMonth = 1; dayOfMonth <= daysInMonth[month]; dayOfMonth</pre>
56.
   ++) {
57.
           printf("%2d ", dayOfMonth);
58.
59.
           dayOfWeek = (firstDayOfWeek + dayOfMonth - 1) % 7;
           if (dayOfWeek == 0) {
60.
61.
               printf("\n");
62.
63.
       }
64.}
```

14.3 实验三 "打印周历"代码

```
    #include <stdio.h>

2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day);
5. void printWeek(int week);
6.
7. int main(void) {
       int week;
8.
9.
       printf("请输入周数: ");
10.
11.
       scanf("%d",&week);
12.
13.
       //2024 有 53 周
14.
       if(week > 0 && week <= 53){
15.
           printWeek(week);
16.
       }else{
17.
           printf("输入错误");
18.
19.
20.
      return 0;
21. }
22.
23. //计算每周第一天是星期几
24. int calculateWeekday(int month, int day) {
       int daysInMonth[] = {0, 31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 3
   0, 31};
26.
     int totalDays = 0, weekday;
27.
       int i;
28.
29.
       //计算这天前的总天数
30.
       for (i = 1; i < month; ++i) {</pre>
           totalDays += daysInMonth[i];
31.
32.
33.
       totalDays += day;
34.
       //取模计算星期几
35.
       weekday = (totalDays + 6) \% 7 + 1;
36.
37.
       return weekday;
38. }
39.
40. //打印周历
41. void printWeek(int week) {
```

```
int daysInMonth[] = {0, 31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 3
 0, 31};
43.
       int month = 1;
       int day = (week - 1) * 7 + 1;
44.
45.
46.
       //计算周一的日期
47.
       while(month <= 12 && day > daysInMonth[month]){
48.
           day -= daysInMonth[month];
49.
            month ++;
50.
51
       int firstDayOfWeek = calculateWeekday(month, day);
52.
53.
54.
       //打印周历头
55.
       printf("#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.\n");
       printf("%02d: ", week);
56.
57.
58.
        //打印每个周日期前空出的空格
59.
       int i;
       for (i = 1; i < firstDayOfWeek; i++) {
    printf(" ");</pre>
60.
61.
62.
63.
64.
       //打印日期
65.
        for (i = 1; i <= 7 - firstDayOfWeek + 1; i++) {</pre>
            if(day > daysInMonth[month]){
66.
67.
               month ++;
68.
               day = 1;
69.
70.
            if(month <= 12){
                printf("%02d.%02d ", month, day);
71.
72.
73.
            day ++;
74.
75.
76.}
```

14.4 实验四"打印校历(2024春)"代码

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions about month and day
5. int getMonthLength(int month);
6. int getDaySeq(int month, int day);
7.
8. // Functions for properties of one day
9. int getMonth(int daySeqOfYear);
10. int getDay(int daySegOfYear);
11. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int daySeqOfYear);
12.
13. // Functions for day movement calculation
14. int getNextMonday(int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getThisSunday(int daySeqOfYear);
16.
17. // Functions support school calendar display
18. void printOneDay(int daySeqOfYear);
20. int main(){
       int referenceDay;
21.
22.
       printf("请输入校历第一天:");
23.
       scanf("%d",&referenceDay);
       if(referenceDay > 0 && referenceDay <= 29){</pre>
```

```
25.
            // 计算春季学期的第一天和最后一天
26.
            int sStartSeqOfYear = getNextMonday(getDaySeq(2, referenceDay
   ));
27.
            int sEndSeqOfYear = getThisSunday(getDaySeq(7, 1));
28.
29.
            printf("#W: Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.\n");
30.
31
            // 遍历这个学期的每一天
32.
            int daySeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek, weekSeqOfSemester;
            for (daySeqOfYear = sStartSeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek = 0, weekSe
33.
   qOfSemester = 1;
34.
                daySeqOfYear <= sEndSeqOfYear;</pre>
35.
                daySeqOfYear++, daySeqOfWeek++, daySeqOfWeek %= 7){
36.
                // 在周一之前,打印周次
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 0){
37.
38.
                   printf("[%02d]", weekSeqOfSemester);
39.
                }
40.
                // 打印当前日期
41.
42.
                printOneDay(daySeqOfYear);
43.
                // 在周日之后,换行并增加周次
44.
45.
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 6){
46.
                   printf("\n");
                   weekSeqOfSemester++;
47.
48.
49.
50.
        }else{
51.
            printf("输入错误");
52.
53.}
54.
55. int getMonthLength(int month) {
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
   31};
57.
       return daysInMonth[month - 1];
58.}
59.
60. int getDaySeq(int month, int day) {
        int totalDays = 0;
61.
       int i;
62.
63.
        for (i = 1; i < month; ++i) {</pre>
64.
           totalDays += getMonthLength(i);
65.
66.
       totalDays += day;
67.
       return totalDays;
68. }
69.
70. int getMonth(int daySeqOfYear) {
71.
        int month = 1;
       while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(month)){
72.
73.
            daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(month);
74.
           month ++:
75.
76.
       return month;
77.}
78.
79. int getDay(int daySegOfYear) {
80.
        int month = 1;
       while (month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(month)){
81.
82.
           daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(month);
83.
            month++;
84.
85.
       return daySeqOfYear;
86.}
```

```
87
88. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int daySeqOfYear) {
        int daySeqOfWeek = (daySeqOfYear + 6) % 7 + 1;
        return daySeqOfWeek;
91. }
92.
93. int getNextMonday(int daySegOfYear) {
94.
        int nextMonday;
        int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(daySeqOfYear);
95.
96.
        if (dayOfWeek == 1){
97.
            nextMonday = daySegOfYear;
98.
99.
            nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
100.
101.
           return nextMonday;
102.
103.
104.
       int getThisSunday(int daySeqOfYear) {
105.
           int thisSunday;
106.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(daySeqOfYear);
107.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
108.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
109.
           }else{
110.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
111.
112.
           return thisSunday;
113.
114.
       void printOneDay(int daySeqOfYear) {
115.
           int month = getMonth(daySeqOfYear);
116.
117.
           int day = getDay(daySeqOfYear);
           printf("%02d.%02d ", month, day);
118.
119.
```

14.5 实验五"春季校历函数版(2024春)"代码

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions about month and day
5. int getMonthLength(int month);
6. int getDaySeq(int month, int day);
8. // Functions for properties of one day
9. int getMonth(int daySeqOfYear);
10. int getDay(int daySeqOfYear);
11. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int daySeqOfYear);
12.
13. // Functions for day movement calculation
14. int getNextMonday(int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getThisSunday(int daySegOfYear);
17. // Functions support school calendar display
18. void printOneDay(int daySeqOfYear);
19.
20. int main(){
21.
       int referenceDay;
22.
       printf("请输入校历第一天:");
       scanf("%d",&referenceDay);
23.
24.
       if(referenceDay > 0 && referenceDay <= 29){</pre>
           // 计算春季学期的第一天和最后一天
25.
           int sStartSeqOfYear = getNextMonday(getDaySeq(2, referenceDay
26.
));
```

```
27.
            int sEndSeqOfYear = getThisSunday(getDaySeq(7, 1));
28.
29.
            printf("#W: Mon.
                                     Wed.
                                           Thu. Fri. Sat. Sun.\n");
                               Tue.
30.
31.
            // 遍历这个学期的每一天
            int daySeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek, weekSeqOfSemester;
32.
33.
            for (daySeqOfYear = sStartSeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek = 0, weekSe
   qOfSemester = 1;
34.
                daySegOfYear <= sEndSegOfYear;</pre>
                daySeqOfYear++, daySeqOfWeek++, daySeqOfWeek %= 7){
35.
                // 在周一之前,打印周次
36.
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 0){
37.
                    printf("[%02d]", weekSeqOfSemester);
38.
39.
                }
40.
41.
                // 打印当前日期
42.
                printOneDay(daySeqOfYear);
43.
                // 在周日之后,换行并增加周次
44.
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 6){
45.
46.
                    printf("\n");
47.
                    weekSegOfSemester++;
48.
49.
            }
50.
        }else{
            printf("输入错误");
51.
52.
53. }
54.
55. int getMonthLength(int month) {
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
56.
   31};
57.
        return daysInMonth[month - 1];
58. }
59.
60. int getDaySeq(int month, int day) {
61.
        int totalDays = 0;
       int i;
62.
63.
        for (i = 1; i < month; ++i) {</pre>
64.
            totalDays += getMonthLength(i);
65.
66.
       totalDays += day;
       return totalDays;
67.
68.
69.
70. int getMonth(int daySeqOfYear) {
        int month = 1;
71.
       while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(month)){
72.
73.
            daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(month);
74.
            month ++;
75.
76.
       return month;
77. }
78.
79. int getDay(int daySeqOfYear) {
        int month = 1;
80.
       while (month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(month)){
81.
82.
           daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(month);
83.
           month++;
84.
85.
       return daySeqOfYear;
86. }
87.
88. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int daySeqOfYear) {
89.
        int daySeqOfWeek = (daySeqOfYear + 6) % 7 + 1;
```

```
90. return daySeqOfWeek;
91.}
92.
93. int getNextMonday(int daySeqOfYear) {
94. int nextMonday;
95.
        int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(daySeqOfYear);
       if (dayOfWeek == 1){
96.
97.
            nextMonday = daySeqOfYear;
98.
       }else{
99.
           nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
100.
101.
           return nextMonday;
102.
103.
104.
       int getThisSunday(int daySeqOfYear) {
105.
           int thisSunday;
106.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(daySeqOfYear);
107.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
108.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
109.
           }else{
110.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
111.
112.
           return thisSunday;
113.
       }
114.
115.
       void printOneDay(int daySeqOfYear) {
116.
           int month = getMonth(daySeqOfYear);
117.
           int day = getDay(daySeqOfYear);
           printf("%02d.%02d ", month, day);
118.
119.
       }
```

14.6 实验六"秋季校历函数版(2024 秋)"代码

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions on different year
5. int isLeapYear(int year);
6. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);
8. // Functions about month and day
9. int getMonthLength(int year, int month);
10. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);
12. // Functions for properties of one day
13. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
14. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
16.
17. // Functions for day movement calculation
18. int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
19. int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
20. int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
21.
22. // Functions support school calendar display
23. void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
24.
25. int main(){
       int referenceDay;
26.
       printf("请输入校历最后一天: ");
27.
28.
       scanf("%d",&referenceDay);
29.
       if(referenceDay > 0 && referenceDay <= 31){</pre>
30.
           int currentYearLength, currentYear = 2024;
31.
           if(isLeapYear(currentYear)){
```

```
32.
                currentYearLength = 366;
33.
            }else{
34.
                currentYearLength = 365;
35.
36.
37.
            // 计算秋季学期的第一天和最后一天
38.
            int sStartSeqOfYear = getThisMonday(2024, getDaySeq(2024, 9,
   1));
39.
            int sEndSeqOfYear = currentYearLength + getThisSunday(2025, g
    etDaySeq(2025, 1, referenceDay));
40.
41.
            printf("#W: Mon. Tue. Wed.
                                            Thu. Fri.
                                                        Sat.
                                                              Sun.\n");
42.
43.
            // Declare variables to navigate the semester
44.
            int daySeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek, weekSeqOfSemester;
45.
46.
            // Print the semester calendar
            for (daySeqOfYear = sStartSeqOfYear, daySeqOfWeek = 0, weekSe
47.
   qOfSemester = 1;
48.
                daySeqOfYear <= sEndSeqOfYear;</pre>
49.
                daySeqOfYear++, daySeqOfWeek++, daySeqOfWeek %= 7){
50.
                // Before Monday, print the week sequence
51.
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 0){
52.
                    printf("[%02d]", weekSeqOfSemester);
53.
                }
54.
55.
                // Print the month and day for the current day
56.
                if (daySeqOfYear <= currentYearLength){</pre>
57.
                    printOneDay(currentYear, daySeqOfYear);
58.
59.
                    printOneDay(currentYear + 1, daySeqOfYear - currentYe
    arLength);
60.
61.
                // After Sunday, print a new line
62.
                if (daySeqOfWeek == 6){
63.
                    printf("\n");
64.
65.
                    weekSeqOfSemester++;
66.
67.
68.
        }else{
69.
            printf("输入错误");
70.
71. }
72.
73. int isLeapYear(int year) {
       int i;
75.
        if((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)){
76.
           i = 1;
77.
        }else{
78.
            i = 0;
79.
        }
80.
81.
        return i;
82. }
83.
84. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year) {
        int days = 0;
85.
        //1990年1月1日是星期一
86.
        int i;
87.
88.
        for (int i = 1990; i < year; i ++) {</pre>
89.
            days += isLeapYear(i) ? 366 : 365;
90.
91.
        return days % 7;
92. }
```

```
93
94. int getMonthLength(int year, int month) {
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
96.
        if(isLeapYear(year)){
97.
            daysInMonth[1] = 29;
        }else{
98.
99.
            daysInMonth[1] = 28;
100.
           }
101.
           return daysInMonth[month - 1];
102.
103.
104.
     int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day) {
105.
           int totalDays = 0;
106.
           int i;
107.
           for (i = 1; i < month; i ++) {</pre>
108.
               totalDays += getMonthLength(year, i);
109.
110.
           totalDays += day;
111.
           return totalDays;
112. }
113.
114.
      int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
115.
           int month = 1;
116.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
117.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
118.
               month ++;
119.
120.
           return month;
121.
       }
122.
123.
       int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
124.
           int month = 1;
125.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
126.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
127.
               month++;
128.
129.
           return daySegOfYear;
130.
131.
       int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
132.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOnJan1(year);
133.
           int daySeqOfWeek = (dayOfWeek + daySeqOfYear - 1) % 7 + 1;
134.
135.
           return daySeqOfWeek;
136.
137.
138.
       int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
139.
           int nextMonday;
140.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
141.
142.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear;
143.
           }else{
144.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
145.
146.
           return nextMonday;
147.
148.
149.
       int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
150.
           int thisMonday;
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
151.
152.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
153.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear;
154.
           }else{
155.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1;
```

```
156.
157.
           return thisMonday;
158.
159.
160. int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
161.
           int thisSunday;
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
162.
163.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
164.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
165.
           }else{
               thisSunday = daySegOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
166.
167.
168.
           return thisSunday;
169.
       }
170.
       void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
171.
           int month = getMonth(year, daySeqOfYear);
172.
           int day = getDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
173.
           printf("%02d.%02d ", month, day);
174.
175.
```

14.7 实验七"打印全学年校历(函数版)"代码

```
    #include <stdio.h>

2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions on different year
5. int isLeapYear(int year);
6. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);
7.
8. // Functions about month and day
9. int getMonthLength(int year, int month);
10. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);
11. int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day);
13. // Functions for properties of one day
14. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
16. int getDaySegOfWeek(int year, int daySegOfYear);
18. // Functions for day movement calculation
19. int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
20. int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
21. int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
22.
23. // Functions support school calendar display
24. void printOneDay(int year, int daySegOfYear);
25. void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow);
26.
27. int main() {
       int inputYear, week;
        printf("请输入学期年份: ");
30.
        scanf("%d",&inputYear);
31.
        // Print calendar for fall semester in this year
32.
        printf("%13s%s%d%s%d\n", " ", "First Semester (Fall) Calendar of
33.
   Year ", inputYear, " - ", inputYear + 1);
   printf(" #W:%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s\n", "Mon.", "Tues.", "We
d.", "Thur.", "Fri.", "Sat.", "Sun.");
      // Print weeks for the fall semester
        for (week = getWeekSeqOfYear(inputYear, 9, 4); week <= getWeekSeq</pre>
   OfYear(inputYear, 12, 31) + getWeekSeqOfYear(inputYear + 1, 1, 20); w
   eek ++) {
```

```
38.
            printOneWeek(inputYear, week, 1);
39.
40.
41.
        // Print calendar for spring semester in next year
  printf("%13s%s%d%s%d\n", " ", "Second Semester (Spring) Calendar
of Year ", inputYear, " - ", inputYear + 1);
42.
   printf(" #W:%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s\n", "Mon.", "Tues.", "We
d.", "Thur.", "Fri.", "Sat.", "Sun.");
43.
44.
        for (week = getWeekSeqOfYear(inputYear + 1, 2, 15); week <= getWe</pre>
45.
    ekSeqOfYear(inputYear + 1, 7, 1); week ++) {
46.
            printOneWeek(inputYear + 1, week, 1);
47.
48.
49.
        return 0;
50.}
51.
52. int isLeapYear(int year) {
53.
        int i;
54.
        if((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)){
55.
            i = 1;
56.
        }else{
57.
            i = 0;
58.
59.
        return i;
60.}
61.
62. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year) {
63.
        int days = 0;
        //1990年1月1日是星期一
64.
        int i;
65.
66.
        for (int i = 1990; i < year; i ++) {</pre>
67.
            days += isLeapYear(i) ? 366 : 365;
68.
69.
        return days % 7;
70.}
71.
72. int getMonthLength(int year, int month) {
73.
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
74.
        if(isLeapYear(year)){
75.
            daysInMonth[1] = 29;
76.
        }else{
77.
            daysInMonth[1] = 28;
78.
79.
        return daysInMonth[month - 1];
80.}
81.
82. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day) {
        int totalDays = 0;
83.
84.
        int i;
85.
        for (i = 1; i < month; i ++) {</pre>
86.
            totalDays += getMonthLength(year, i);
87.
88.
        totalDays += day;
89.
        return totalDays;
90.}
91.
92. int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day) {
93.
        int daySeqOfYear = getDaySeq(year, month, day);
94.
        int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
95.
        int weekSeqOfYear = (daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1) / 7 + 1;
96.
        return weekSeqOfYear;
97.}
98.
99. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
```

```
100
           int month = 1;
101.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
102.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
103.
               month ++;
104.
105.
           return month;
106.
107.
      int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
108.
109.
           int month = 1;
110.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
  )){
111.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
112.
               month++;
113.
114.
           return daySeqOfYear;
115.
       }
116.
117.
       int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
118.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOnJan1(year);
119.
           int daySeqOfWeek = (dayOfWeek + daySeqOfYear - 1) % 7 + 1;
120.
           return daySeqOfWeek;
121.
       }
122.
123.
       int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
           int nextMonday;
124.
125.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
126.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
127.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear;
128.
           }else{
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
129.
130.
131.
           return nextMonday;
132.
133.
134.
      int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
135.
           int thisMonday;
136.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
137.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
138.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear;
139.
           }else{
140.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1;
141.
142.
           return thisMonday;
143.
       }
144.
145.
       int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
146.
           int thisSunday;
147.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
148.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
149.
150.
151.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
152.
153.
           return thisSunday;
154.
155.
       void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
156.
157.
           int month = getMonth(year, daySeqOfYear);
158.
           int day = getDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
159.
           if(month == 13){
160.
              month = 1;
161.
           printf(" %02d.%02d ", month, day);
162.
163.
```

```
164
165.
       void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow) {
         int startDaySeqOfYear = (weekSeqOfYear - 1) * 7 + getThisMonda
 y(year, 1);
167.
           int endDaySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear + 6;
168.
169.
           if (weekSeqShow == 1) {
               printf("[%02d] ", weekSeqOfYear);
170.
171.
172.
173.
           for (int daySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear <= end</pre>
   DaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear++) {
              printOneDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
174.
175.
176.
           printf("\n");
177.
      }
```

14.8 实验八"不同年份秋季校历首周对比"代码

```
    #include <stdio.h>

2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions on different year
5. int isLeapYear(int year);
6. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);
8. // Functions about month and day
9. int getMonthLength(int year, int month);
10. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);
11. int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day);
12.
13. // Functions for properties of one day
14. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
16. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
17.
18. // Functions for day movement calculation
19. int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
20. int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
21. int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
23. // Functions support school calendar display
24. void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
25. void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow);
27. // Functions support multiple year
28. void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart);
29.
30. #define YEAR NUM 5
31. #define YEAR MIN 2000
32. #define YEAR_MAX 2040
33.
34. int main(){
35.
        // Declare variables
       int inputYear, Years[YEAR NUM];
36.
37.
38.
        // Display the program information
        printf("Fall Calendar Comparison in %d years, please input the fi
   rst year (%d-%d): \n", YEAR NUM, YEAR MIN, YEAR MAX - YEAR NUM);
40. scanf("%d", &inputYear);
41.
       if (inputYear < YEAR MIN || inputYear + YEAR NUM > YEAR MAX) {
42.
            printf("Sorry, the input year is not supported.\n");
43.
```

```
44. return 1;
45.
46.
47.
        setYearArray(Years, YEAR NUM, inputYear);
48.
        int i;
49.
50.
        int startDays[YEAR NUM] = {0};
        for (i = 0; i < YEAR_NUM; i++) {
    printf("\n%s%s%d\n", " ", "First week in fall Calendar of Yea</pre>
51.
52.
    r ", Years[i]);
     printf(" #W:%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s\n", "Mon.", "Tues.",
"Wed.", "Thur.", "Fri.", "Sat.", "Sun.");
53.
            printOneWeek(Years[i], getWeekSeqOfYear(Years[i], 9, 4), 1);
54.
55.
            startDays[i] = getThisMonday(Years[i], getDaySeq(Years[i], 9,
     4));
56.
57.
58.
        int min = 0;
59.
        for (i = 1; i < YEAR_NUM; i++) {</pre>
60.
        min = (startDays[i] < startDays[min]) ? i : min;</pre>
61.
        }
62.
        printf("\n%s%s%d\n", " ", "Earliest Fall Semester is in Year ", Y
    ears[min]);
64. }
65.
66. int isLeapYear(int year) {
67.
        int i;
68.
        if((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)){
69.
            i = 1;
70.
        }else{
71.
            i = 0;
72.
73.
        return i;
74. }
75.
76. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year) {
77.
        int days = 0;
78.
        //1990年1月1日是星期一
        int i;
79.
80.
        for (int i = 1990; i < year; i ++) {</pre>
81.
            days += isLeapYear(i) ? 366 : 365;
82.
83.
        return days % 7;
84. }
85.
86. int getMonthLength(int year, int month) {
87.
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
88.
        if(isLeapYear(year)){
89.
            daysInMonth[1] = 29;
90.
        }else{
91.
            daysInMonth[1] = 28;
92.
93.
        return daysInMonth[month - 1];
94. }
95.
96. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day) {
        int totalDays = 0;
97.
        int i;
98.
        for (i = 1; i < month; i ++) {</pre>
99.
100.
               totalDays += getMonthLength(year, i);
101.
102.
           totalDays += day;
103.
           return totalDays;
```

```
104. }
105.
       int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day) {
107.
           int daySeqOfYear = getDaySeq(year, month, day);
108.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
109.
           int weekSeqOfYear = (daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1) / 7 + 1;
           return weekSegOfYear;
110.
111.
112.
       int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
113.
114.
           int month = 1;
115.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
116.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
117.
               month ++;
118.
           }
119.
           return month;
120.
121.
122.
       int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
123.
           int month = 1;
124.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
125.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
126.
               month++;
127.
128.
           return daySeqOfYear;
129.
       }
130.
131.
       int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
132.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOnJan1(year);
133.
           int daySeqOfWeek = (dayOfWeek + daySeqOfYear - 1) % 7 + 1;
134.
           return daySeqOfWeek;
135
136.
137.
       int getNextMonday(int year, int daySegOfYear) {
138.
           int nextMonday;
139.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
140.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
141.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear;
142.
           }else{
143.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
144.
145.
           return nextMonday;
146.
147.
148.
       int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
149.
           int thisMonday;
150.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
151.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
152.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear;
153.
           }else{
154.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1;
155.
156.
           return thisMonday;
157.
       }
158.
       int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
159.
160.
           int thisSunday;
161.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
162.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
163.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
164.
           }else{
165.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
166.
167.
           return thisSunday;
```

```
168. }
169.
170.
       void printOneDay(int year, int daySegOfYear) {
171.
           int month = getMonth(year, daySeqOfYear);
172.
           int day = getDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
           if(month == 13){
173.
               month = 1;
174.
175.
           printf(" %02d.%02d ", month, day);
176.
177.
178.
       void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow) {
179.
180.
         int startDaySegOfYear = (weekSegOfYear - 1) * 7 + getThisMonda
  y(year, 1);
181.
          int endDaySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear + 6;
182.
183.
           if (weekSeqShow == 1) {
184.
               printf("[%02d] ", weekSeqOfYear);
185.
186.
187.
           for (int daySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear <= end</pre>
   DaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear++) {
188.
               printOneDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
189.
190.
           printf("\n");
191.
192.
193.
       void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart) {
194.
          int i;
195.
           for (i = 0; i < yearNum; i++) {</pre>
               yearArray[i] = yearStart + i;
196.
197.
198.
```

14.9 实验九"寻找生日(多维数组)"代码

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. // Functions on different year
5. int isLeapYear(int year);
6. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);
8. // Functions about month and day
9. int getMonthLength(int year, int month);
10. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);
11. int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day);
12.
13. // Functions for properties of one day
14. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
15. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
16. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
17.
18. // Functions for day movement calculation
19. int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
20. int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
21. int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
23. // Functions support school calendar display
24. void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
25. void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow);
27. // Functions support multiple year
```

```
28. void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart);
29. void initialDays(int Years[], int Days[][366][4], int yearNum);
30.
31. #define YEAR NUM 6
32. #define YEAR MIN 2020
33. #define YEAR MAX 2025
34.
35. int main() {
        int inputMonth, inputDay, Years[YEAR NUM];
36.
37.
        int Days[YEAR NUM][366][4] = {0};
38.
39.
40.
        printf("Finding Birthday in year (%d-%d), please input the month
   and day: \n", YEAR_MIN, YEAR_MAX);
41.
        scanf("%d %d", &inputMonth, &inputDay);
42.
        if (inputMonth < 1 || inputMonth > 12 || inputDay < 1 || inputDay</pre>
43.
     > getMonthLength(YEAR_MIN, inputMonth)) {
44.
            printf("Sorry, the input month and day are invalid.\n");
45.
            return 1;
46.
47.
48.
        setYearArray(Years, YEAR_NUM, YEAR_MIN);
49.
        initialDays(Years, Days, YEAR_NUM);
50.
51.
        int totalNum = 0, weekendNum = 0;
52.
53.
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < YEAR_NUM; i++) {</pre>
54.
55.
            int year = Years[i];
56.
            int daySeqOfYear = getDaySeq(year, inputMonth, inputDay);
            if (daySeqOfYear <= (isLeapYear(year) ? 366 : 365)) {
   printf("\nBirthday in Year %d\n", year);</pre>
57.
58.
                 if(!(isLeapYear(year)) && inputMonth == 2 && inputDay ==
59.
    29){
60.
                     printf("Not found.\n");
61.
                 }else{
62.
                     int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
                     if (dayOfWeek == 6 | dayOfWeek == 7){
63.
64.
                         weekendNum++;
65.
66.
                     totalNum ++;
                     printf("#M:%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s\n", "Mon.",
67.
    Tues.", "Wed.",
                     "Thur.", "Fri.", "Sat.", "Sun.");
68.
                     printOneWeek(year, getWeekSeqOfYear(year, inputMonth,
     inputDay), 1);
69.
                }
70.
71.
72.
        printf("\nTotal %d birthdays are found, %d of them are in weekend
73.
    s.\n", totalNum, weekendNum);
74
75.
        return 0;
76. }
77.
78. int isLeapYear(int year) {
79.
        int i;
        if((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)){
80.
81.
            i = 1;
82.
        }else{
            i = 0;
83.
84.
85.
        return i;
86. }
```

```
87
88. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year) {
        int days = 0;
90.
        //1990年1月1日是星期一
91.
        int i;
92.
        for (int i = 1990; i < year; i ++) {</pre>
93
            days += isLeapYear(i) ? 366 : 365;
94.
95.
        return days % 7;
96. }
97.
98. int getMonthLength(int year, int month) {
        int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30,
100.
           if(isLeapYear(year)){
101.
               daysInMonth[1] = 29;
102.
           }else{
103.
               daysInMonth[1] = 28;
104.
105.
           return daysInMonth[month - 1];
106.
107.
108.
      int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day) {
109.
           int totalDays = 0;
           int i;
110.
111.
           for (i = 1; i < month; i ++) {</pre>
               totalDays += getMonthLength(year, i);
112.
113.
114.
           totalDays += day;
115.
           return totalDays;
116.
117.
118.
       int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day) {
119.
           int daySeqOfYear = getDaySeq(year, month, day);
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
120.
           int weekSeqOfYear = (daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1) / 7 + 1;
121.
122.
           return weekSegOfYear;
123.
124.
125.
       int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
           int month = 1;
126.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
127.
   )){
128.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
129.
               month ++;
130.
131.
           return month;
132.
133.
       int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
134.
135.
           int month = 1;
136.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
  )){
137.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
138.
               month++;
139.
140.
           return daySeqOfYear;
141.
142.
143.
       int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
144.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOnJan1(year);
           int daySeqOfWeek = (dayOfWeek + daySeqOfYear - 1) % 7 + 1;
145.
146.
           return daySeqOfWeek;
147.
       }
148.
149.
       int getNextMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
```

```
int nextMonday;
150.
151.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
152.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
153.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear;
154.
           }else{
155.
               nextMonday = daySeqOfYear + (8 - dayOfWeek);
156.
157.
           return nextMonday;
158.
159.
     int getThisMonday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
160.
           int thisMonday;
161.
162.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
163.
           if (dayOfWeek == 1){
164.
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear;
165.
           }else{
               thisMonday = daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1;
166.
167.
168.
           return thisMonday;
169.
       }
170.
171.
       int getThisSunday(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
           int thisSunday;
172.
173.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
174.
           if (dayOfWeek == 7){
175.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear;
176.
           }else{
177.
               thisSunday = daySeqOfYear + (7 - dayOfWeek);
178.
179.
           return thisSunday;
180.
181.
       void printOneDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
182.
           int month = getMonth(year, daySeqOfYear);
183.
184.
           int day = getDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
185.
           if(month == 13){
186.
               month = 1;
187.
188.
           printf(" %02d.%02d ", month, day);
189.
190.
191.
       void printOneWeek(int year, int weekSeqOfYear, int weekSeqShow) {
           int startDaySeqOfYear;
192.
193.
           if(getThisMonday(year, 1) == 1){
194.
               startDaySeqOfYear = (weekSeqOfYear - 1) * 7 + getThisMonda
   y(year, 1);
195.
           }else{
196.
               startDaySeqOfYear = (weekSeqOfYear - 1) * 7 + getThisMonda
   y(year, 1) + 7;
197.
           int endDaySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear + 6;
198.
199.
200.
           if (weekSeqShow == 1) {
201.
               printf("[%02d] ", weekSeqOfYear);
202.
203.
           for (int daySeqOfYear = startDaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear <= end</pre>
204.
   DaySeqOfYear; daySeqOfYear++) {
205.
               printOneDay(year, daySeqOfYear);
206.
           printf("\n");
207.
208.
209.
210.
       void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart) {
211.
           int i;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < yearNum; i++) {</pre>
213.
               yearArray[i] = yearStart + i;
214.
215.
       }
216.
       void initialDays(int Years[], int Days[][366][4], int yearNum) {
217.
218.
           int year, month, day, yearLength, weekSeq, seqOfWeek;
219.
           int i, j;
220.
221.
           for (i = 0; i < YEAR_NUM; i++) {</pre>
               vear = Years[i];
222.
223.
               yearLength = isLeapYear(year) ? 366 : 365;
224.
225.
                for (j = 0; j < yearLength; j++) {</pre>
226.
                    Days[i][j][0] = getMonth(year, j + 1);
227.
                    Days[i][j][1] = getDay(year, j + 1);
228.
                    Days[i][j][2] = getWeekSeqOfYear(year, Days[i][j][0],
 Days[i][j][1]);
229.
                    Days[i][j][3] = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, j + 1);
230.
231.
           }
232.
     }
```

14.10 实验十"寻找生日(结构体)"代码

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3.
4. typedef struct {
                         // Year
5.
        int year;
6.
        int daySeq;
                         // Day sequence of year
7.
        int month;
                         // Month
                         // Day
8.
       int day;
       int weekSeq;
9.
                         // Week sequence of year
                        // Day sequence of week
       int weekDay;
11. } Day;
12.
13. #define YEAR_NUM 3
14. #define YEAR MIN 2023
15. #define YEAR MAX 2025
16. #define DATE NOSHOW 0
17. #define DATE INFO FULL 1
18. #define DATE INFO BRIEF 2
19. #define DATE_STAR 3
20.
21. // Functions on different year
22. int isLeapYear(int year);
23. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year);
24.
25. // Functions about month and day
26. int getMonthLength(int year, int month);
27. int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day);
28. int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day);
29.
30. // Functions for properties of one day
31. int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
32. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
33. int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear);
35. // Functions support multiple year
36. void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart);
37.
38. // Functions support struct Day
39. int isDay(int year, int month, int day);
```

```
40. Day setDay(int year, int month, int day);
41. Day getDayBefore(Day currentDay, int interval);
42. Day getDayAfter(Day currentDay, int interval);
43. int getTwoDaysInterval(Day startDay, Day endDay);
44. void printDay(Day currentDay, int displayFormat);
45.
46. int main() {
        int Years[YEAR NUM] = {YEAR MIN, YEAR MIN + 1, YEAR MIN + 2};
47.
        int inputMonth, inputDay;
48.
49.
        printf("Finding Birthday in year (%d-%d), please input the month
   and day: \n", YEAR MIN, YEAR MAX);
        scanf("%d %d", &inputMonth, &inputDay);
50.
51.
52.
        if(inputMonth >= 1 && inputMonth <= 12 && inputDay >= 1 && inputD
   ay <= getDay(YEAR_MIN + 1, getDaySeq(YEAR_MIN + 1, inputMonth, inputD</pre>
   ay))){
53.
            int i:
54.
            for (i = 0; i < YEAR_NUM; i ++) {</pre>
55.
                printf("\n%s%s%d\n", " ", "Birthday in Year ", Years[i]);
56.
                if (!(isDay(Years[i], inputMonth, inputDay))) {
                    printf("Not found.\n");
57.
58.
                    continue:
59.
                Day birthDay = setDay(Years[i], inputMonth, inputDay);
60.
                Day prepareDay = getDayBefore(birthDay, 3);
61.
                Day printStartDay = getDayBefore(prepareDay, prepareDay.w
62.
   eekDay);
                printf("#W:%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s%10s\n", "Mon.", "Tues
63.
        "Wed.",
                 "Thur.", "Fri.", "Sat.", "Sun.");
64.
65.
                for (Day currentDay = printStartDay; getTwoDaysInterval(c
   urrentDay, birthDay) <= 0; currentDay = getDayAfter(currentDay, 1)) {</pre>
66.
                    int displayFormat:
                    if (getTwoDaysInterval(currentDay, prepareDay) < 0) {</pre>
67.
68.
                         displayFormat = DATE NOSHOW;
69.
                    } else if (getTwoDaysInterval(currentDay, prepareDay)
     == 0) {
                         displayFormat = DATE INFO FULL;
70.
71.
                    } else if (getTwoDaysInterval(currentDay, birthDay) <</pre>
     0) {
72.
                         displayFormat = DATE INFO BRIEF;
                    } else if (getTwoDaysInterval(currentDay, birthDay) =
73.
   = 0) {
74.
                        displayFormat = DATE STAR;
75.
                    }
76.
                    printDay(currentDay, displayFormat);
77.
                    if (currentDay.weekDay == 7) {
78.
                        printf("\n");
                         if (getTwoDaysInterval(currentDay, birthDay) >= 0
79.
     {
80.
                             break;
81.
                        printf("[%02d]", getWeekSeqOfYear(currentDay.year
82.
      currentDay.month, currentDay.day));
83.
84.
                }
                printf("\n");
85.
86.
87.
        }else{
88.
            printf("Input wrong.");
89.
        }
90.
91.
        return 0;
```

```
92. }
93.
94. int isLeapYear(int year) {
        int i;
95.
96.
       if((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)){
97.
            i = 1;
       }else{
98.
99.
            i = 0;
100.
           }
101.
           return i;
102.
      }
103.
104. int getDaySeqOnJan1(int year) {
105.
           int days = 0;
106.
           //1990年1月1日是星期一
107.
           int i;
108.
           for (int i = 1990; i < year; i ++) {</pre>
109.
               days += isLeapYear(i) ? 366 : 365;
110.
111.
           return days % 7;
112.
113.
114.
      int getMonthLength(int year, int month) {
115.
           int daysInMonth[] = {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 3
   0, 31};
116.
           if(isLeapYear(year)){
117.
               daysInMonth[1] = 29;
118.
           }else{
119.
               daysInMonth[1] = 28;
120.
121.
           return daysInMonth[month - 1];
122.
123.
       int getDaySeq(int year, int month, int day) {
124.
125.
           int totalDays = 0;
           int i;
126.
127.
           for (i = 1; i < month; i ++) {</pre>
128.
               totalDays += getMonthLength(year, i);
129.
130.
           totalDays += day;
131.
           return totalDays;
132.
133.
      int getWeekSeqOfYear(int year, int month, int day) {
134.
135.
           int daySeqOfYear = getDaySeq(year, month, day);
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, daySeqOfYear);
136.
137.
           int weekSeqOfYear = (daySeqOfYear - dayOfWeek + 1) / 7 + 1;
138.
           return weekSeqOfYear;
139.
       }
140.
141.
       int getMonth(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
142.
           int month = 1;
143.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
144.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
145.
               month ++;
146.
147.
           return month;
148.
149.
150. int getDay(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
151.
           int month = 1;
152.
           while(month <= 12 && daySeqOfYear > getMonthLength(year, month
   )){
153.
               daySeqOfYear -= getMonthLength(year, month);
154.
               month++;
```

```
155
156.
           return daySeqOfYear;
157.
158.
159.
       int getDaySeqOfWeek(int year, int daySeqOfYear) {
160.
           int dayOfWeek = getDaySeqOnJan1(year);
           int daySeqOfWeek = (dayOfWeek + daySeqOfYear - 1) % 7 + 1;
161.
162.
           return daySeqOfWeek;
163.
164.
165.
       void setYearArray(int yearArray[], int yearNum, int yearStart) {
166.
           int i;
167.
           for (i = 0; i < yearNum; i++) {</pre>
168.
               yearArray[i] = yearStart + i;
169.
           }
170.
171.
172.
       int isDay(int year, int month, int day) {
173.
174.
           if(day >= 1 && day <= getMonthLength(year, month)){</pre>
175.
               i = 1;
176.
           }else{
177.
               i = 0:
178.
179.
           return i;
180.
       }
181.
182.
     Day setDay(int year, int month, int day) {
183.
           Day dayStruct;
184.
           dayStruct.year = year;
185.
           dayStruct.month = month;
186.
           dayStruct.day = day;
           dayStruct.daySeq = getDaySeq(year, month, day);
187.
           dayStruct.weekDay = getDaySeqOfWeek(year, dayStruct.daySeq);
188
189.
           dayStruct.weekSeq = getWeekSeqOfYear(year, month, day);
190.
           return dayStruct;
191.
192.
193.
       Day getDayBefore(Day currentDay, int interval) {
194.
           Day prevDay = currentDay;
195.
           int i = isLeapYear(prevDay.year)? 366:365;
196.
           prevDay.daySeq -= interval;
197.
           if(prevDay.daySeq <= 0){</pre>
198.
               prevDay.year --;
199.
               prevDay.daySeq += i;
200.
201.
           prevDay.day = getDay(prevDay.year, prevDay.daySeq);
202.
           prevDay.month = getMonth(prevDay.year, prevDay.daySeq);
203.
           prevDay.weekDay = (currentDay.weekDay - interval + 6) % 7 + 1;
204.
          return prevDay;
205.
206.
207.
       Day getDayAfter(Day currentDay, int interval) {
208.
           Day nextDay = currentDay;
           int i = isLeapYear(nextDay.year)? 366:365;
209.
210.
           nextDay.daySeq += interval;
211.
           if(nextDay.daySeq > i){
               nextDay.year ++;
212.
213.
               nextDay.daySeq -= i;
214.
215.
           nextDay.day = getDay(nextDay.year, nextDay.daySeq);
216.
           nextDay.month = getMonth(nextDay.year, nextDay.daySeq);
           nextDay.weekDay = (currentDay.weekDay + interval - 1) % 7 + 1;
217.
218. return nextDay;
```

```
}
219.
220.
      int getTwoDaysInterval(Day startDay, Day endDay) {
221.
222.
         return startDay.daySeq - endDay.daySeq;
223.
224.
      void printDay(Day currentDay, int displayFormat) {
225.
226.
          switch (displayFormat) {
              case DATE_NOSHOW:
227.
228.
                  printf("
                                    ");
229.
                  break;
230.
              case DATE INFO FULL:
231.
                  printf("%02d.%02d.%02d", currentDay.year, currentDay.m
 onth, currentDay.day);
                  break;
232.
233.
              case DATE_INFO_BRIEF:
234.
                  printf("%9d", currentDay.day);
235.
                  break;
              case DATE_STAR:
236.
237.
                  printf("
                                %02d.%02d*", currentDay.month, currentDa
  y.day);
238.
                  break;
239.
          }
240. }
```