

练习 7.

1. 设  $U(x, t) = V(x, t) + \frac{1}{L}x$

则有 
$$\begin{cases} V_{tt} = a^2 V_{xx} \\ V(0, t) = V(l, t) = 0 \\ V(x, 0) = \sin \frac{3\pi x}{L} \end{cases} \quad V_t(x, 0) = x(l-x)$$

由分离变量法得

$$\lambda = \lambda_n = \left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2 \quad (n=1, 2, \dots)$$

$$X_n = B_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x$$

$$T_n = C_n \cos \frac{a n \pi t}{L} + D_n \sin \frac{a n \pi t}{L}$$

$$\therefore V(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( A_n \cos \frac{a n \pi t}{L} + B_n \sin \frac{a n \pi t}{L} \right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x$$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x = \sin \frac{3\pi x}{L}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \frac{a n \pi}{L} \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x = x(l-x)$$

$$\therefore A_3 = 1 \quad A_n = 0, n \neq 3$$

$$a \frac{n\pi}{L} B_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L x(l-x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{4}{(n\pi)^3} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$\therefore B_n = \frac{4l^3}{a n^4 \pi^4} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$\therefore U(x, t) = \sin \frac{3\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{3a\pi t}{L} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4l^3}{a n^4 \pi^4} [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{\sin a n \pi t}{L} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$



练习 8.

1. 设  $u(x,t) = v(x,t) + w(x)$

$$\begin{cases} w'(x) = -e^{-x} - 2 \\ w(0) = 1 \\ w(3) = -18 - e^{-3} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore w(x) = -e^{-x} - x^2 - 9$$

$$\begin{cases} v_t = 2vx \\ v_x(0,t) = v(3,t) = 0 \\ v(x,0) = -x^2 + 9 \end{cases}$$

固有函数为  $\left\{ \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6} \right\} \quad n=1, 2, \dots$

设  $v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T(t) \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6}$

则  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (T'(t) + 2\lambda T(t)) \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6} = 0$

$\therefore T'(t) + 2\lambda T(t) = 0$

设  $v(x,t) = T(t) \cdot X(x)$

分离变量得  $\lambda = \lambda_n = \left( \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{6} \right)^2 \quad X_n = A_n \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6}$

由  $T'(t) + 2\lambda T(t) = 0$

得  $T(t) = C_n e^{-2\lambda t} = C_n e^{-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}{18} t}$

$\therefore v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n e^{-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}{18} t} \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6}$

$\therefore v(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6} = -x^2 + 9$

$\therefore A_n = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (-x^2 + 9) \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6} dx = (-1)^{n+1} \frac{288}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3}$

$\therefore u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{288}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} e^{-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}{18} t} \cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{6} - e^{-x} - x^2 - 9$



3. 设  $u(x, y) = v(x, y) - \frac{1}{\pi^2} \sin \pi x + 1 + x$

$$\text{则 } \begin{cases} v_{xx} + v_{yy} = 0 \\ v(0, y) = v(1, y) = 0 \\ v(x, 0) = -\frac{1}{\pi^2} \sin \pi x \quad v(x, 1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

设  $v(x, y) = Y(y) X(x)$

$$\text{则 } \lambda = \lambda_n = \left(\frac{n\pi}{1}\right)^2 \quad (n=1, 2, \dots)$$

$$X_n = B_n \sin n\pi x$$

$$\therefore Y_n = C_n e^{n\pi y} + D_n e^{-n\pi y}$$

$$\therefore v(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n e^{n\pi y} + b_n e^{-n\pi y}) \sin n\pi x$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} v(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n + b_n) \sin n\pi x = -\frac{1}{\pi^2} \sin \pi x \\ v(x, 1) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n e^{n\pi} + b_n e^{-n\pi}) \sin n\pi x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore A_1 = \frac{1}{(e^{2\pi} - 1)\pi^2} \quad b_1 = \frac{-e^{2\pi}}{(e^{2\pi} - 1)\pi^2}$$

$$A_n = b_n = 0, \quad n \neq 1$$

$$\therefore u(x, y) = \left( \frac{1}{(e^{2\pi} - 1)\pi^2} e^{\pi y} + \frac{-e^{2\pi}}{(e^{2\pi} - 1)\pi^2} e^{-\pi y} \right) \sin \pi x$$



3. 设  $u(x, t) = T(t)X(x)$

$$\begin{cases} T'(t) + \lambda T(t) = 0 \\ X''(x) + 2X'(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0 \\ X(0) = X(1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_n = (n\pi)^2 - 1 \quad (n=1, 2, \dots)$$

$$X_n(x) = B_n e^{-x} \sin n\pi x$$

$$T_n(t) = C_n e^{-(1-n^2\pi^2)t}$$

$$\therefore u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n e^{-(1-n^2\pi^2)t} \cdot e^{-x} \sin n\pi x$$

$$\rightarrow u(x, 0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n e^{-x} \sin n\pi x = e^{-x} \sin \pi x$$

$$\rightarrow A_1 = 1 \quad A_n = 0, n \neq 1$$

$$\therefore u(x, t) = e^{-(1-\pi^2)t-x} \sin \pi x$$





2, 设  $U(x,t) = V(x,t) + W(x)$

$$\begin{cases} W''(x) = 6x - 6 \\ W(0) = 0 \\ W'(2) = 1 \end{cases}$$

12)  $W(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + x$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} V_t = V_{xx} \\ V(0,t) = V_x(2,t) = 0 \\ V(x,0) = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} x \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_n = \left[ \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4} \right]^2$$

$$X_n = A_n \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4} x \quad (n=1, 2, \dots)$$

$$T_n = C_n e^{-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$\therefore V(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n e^{-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}{16} t} \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4} x$$

$$\therefore V(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4} x = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} x$$

$$\therefore A_1 = 1 \quad A_n = 0, n \neq 1$$

$$\therefore U(x,t) = e^{-\frac{1}{16} \pi^2 t} \sin \frac{\pi}{4} x + x^3 - 3x^2 + x$$



2. 设  $u(x,t) = v(x,t) + \sin t$

$$\begin{cases} v_t = 8u_{xx} + e^t \sin \frac{x}{2} \\ v(0,t) = 0, v_x(z,t) = 0 \\ v(x,0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

~~设  $v(x,t) = x \sin t$~~

则固有函数系为  $\left\{ \sin \frac{2n-1}{2} x \right\} (n=1, 2, \dots)$

设  $v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \sin \frac{2n-1}{2} x$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [T_n'(t) + 2(2n-1)^2 T_n(t)] \sin \frac{2n-1}{2} x = e^t \sin \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_1'(t) + 2T_1(t) = e^t, n=1 \\ T_n'(t) + 2T_n(t) = 0, n \neq 1 \\ T(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore T_1(t) = \frac{e^t - e^{-2t}}{3}, T_n(t) = 0, n \neq 1$$

$$\therefore u(x,t) = \frac{e^t - e^{-2t}}{3} \sin \frac{x}{2} + \sin t$$

