

华东师范大学数据科学与工程学院实验报告

课程名称：计算机网络原理与编程

年级：2021

上机实践成绩：

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上机实践名称：利用 Wireshark 抓包

上机实践日期：2022.03.25

上机实践编号：04 05

组号：001-432

上机实践时间：13: 00

一、实验目的

Wireshark 软件熟悉

二、实验任务

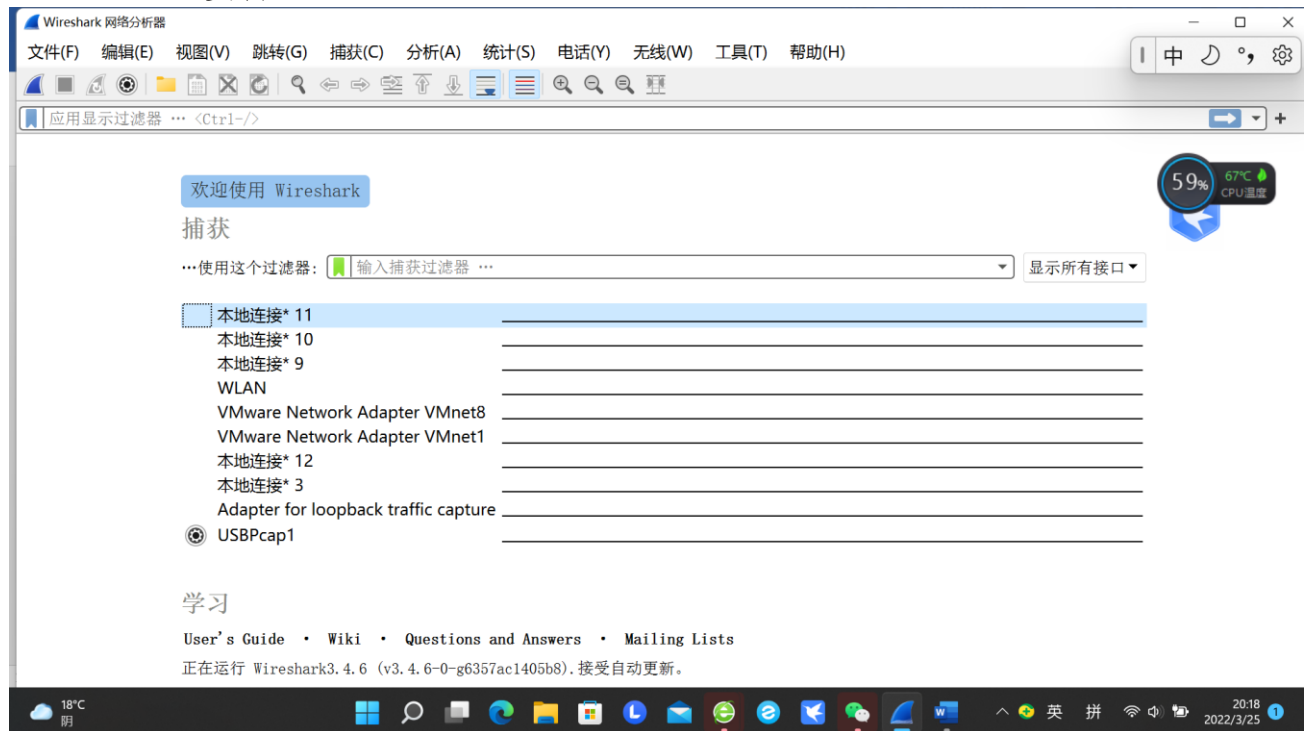
网络包抓取

三、使用环境

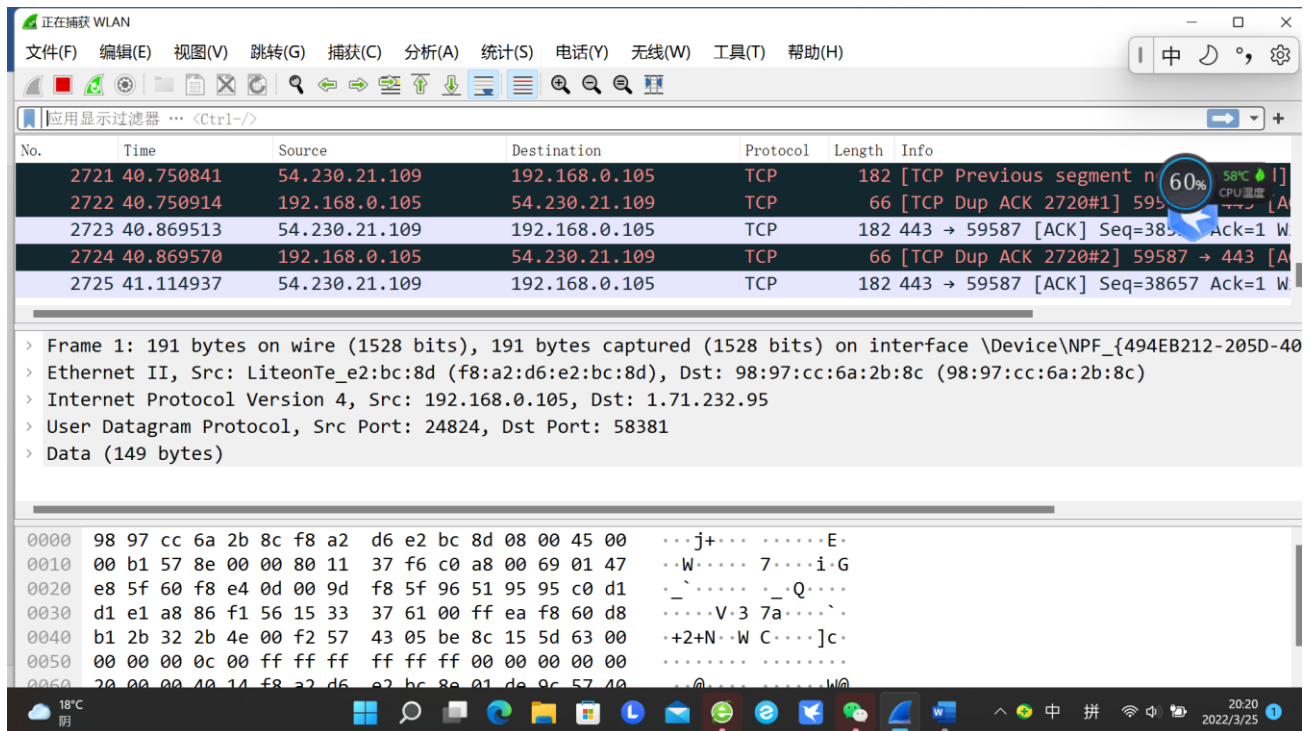
Wireshark

四、实验过程

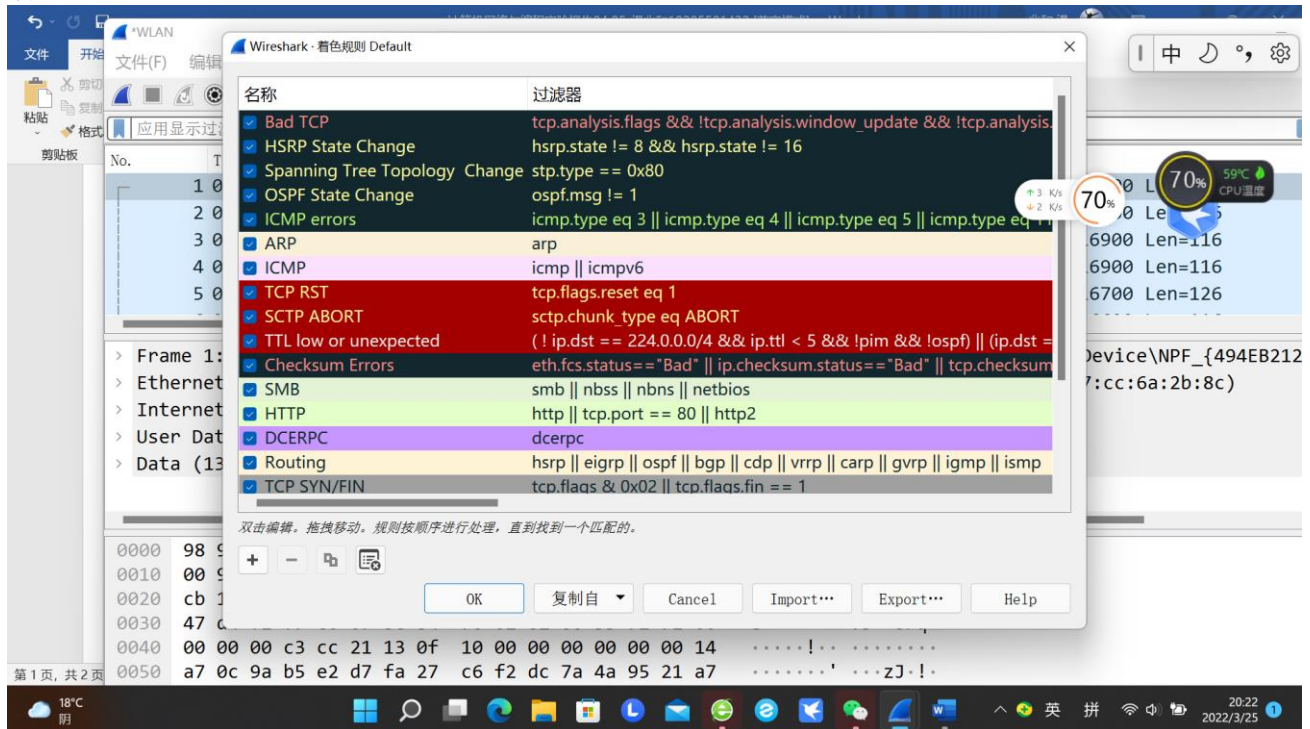
4.1 Wireshark 安装



4.2 网络包抓取（网卡：WLAN）



着色规则:



过滤器:

The top screenshot shows a Wireshark capture with the filter `ip.addr == 54.230.21.109`. The packet list shows several packets, including SSL continuation data and TCP ACKs. The packet details pane for packet 31 shows the following information:

- Frame 31: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{494EB212-205D-4055-E...}
- Ethernet II, Src: LiteonTe_e2:bc:8d (f8:a2:d6:e2:bc:8d), Dst: 98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c (98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.0.105, Dst: 54.230.21.109
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 59587, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 1, Ack: 129, Len: 0

The bottom screenshot shows the same capture with the filter `tcp`. It highlights the same TCP ACK packet (Seq=1, Ack=129). The packet details pane for packet 31 shows the following information:

- Frame 31: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{494EB212-205D-4055-E...}
- Ethernet II, Src: LiteonTe_e2:bc:8d (f8:a2:d6:e2:bc:8d), Dst: 98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c (98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.0.105, Dst: 54.230.21.109
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 59587, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 1, Ack: 129, Len: 0

3.3 WireShark 抓包获取网站登录信息

明文:

The screenshot displays a web browser window with the IP138.com website. The main content area shows the IP lookup results for 'www.hecz.net', indicating it is located in Shanghai, China. A sidebar on the left contains various utility links like '手机号码归属地查询' (Mobile Number Location Query) and '二维码生成器' (QR Code Generator). A location permission dialog is visible in the foreground.

Below the browser window, a Wireshark packet capture analysis is shown. The packet list table is as follows:

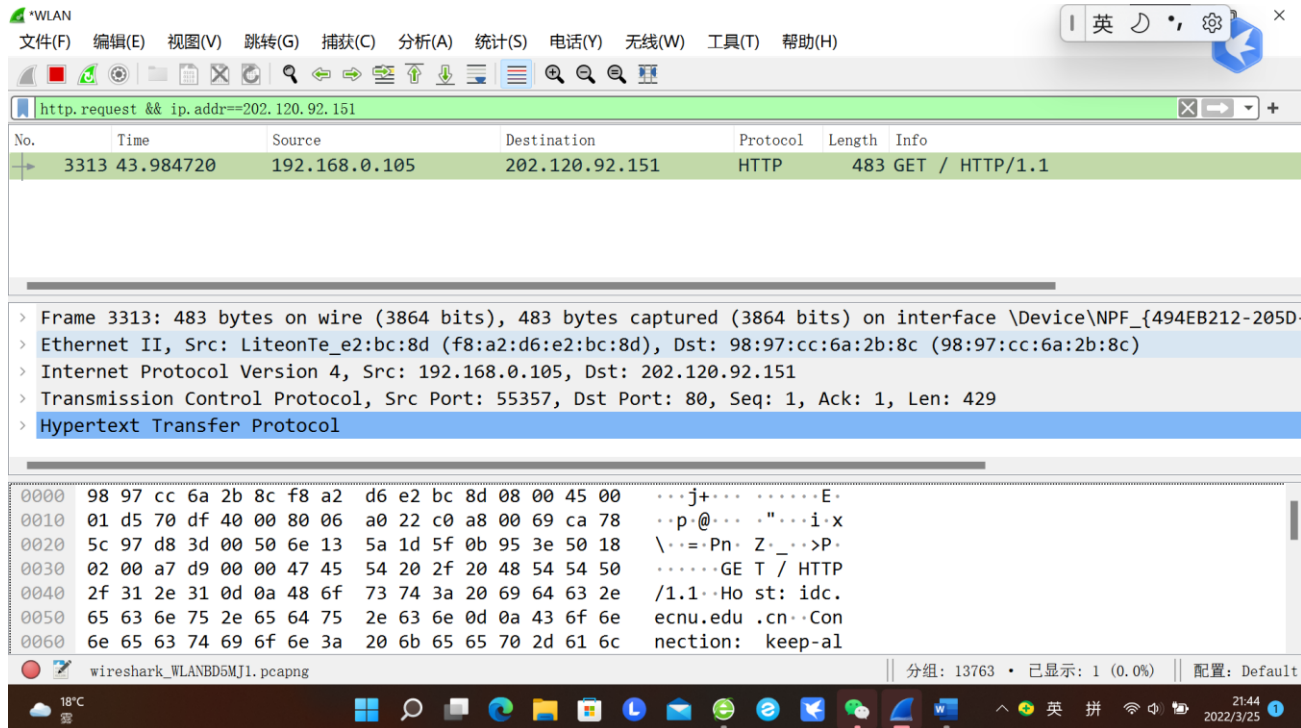
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
6976	14.266462	192.168.0.105	218.242.30.78	TCP	66	53837 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0
6978	14.276727	218.242.30.78	192.168.0.105	TCP	66	80 → 53837 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
6980	14.276969	192.168.0.105	218.242.30.78	TCP	54	53837 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=1 Len=0
6981	14.277323	192.168.0.105	218.242.30.78	HTTP	317	GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
6982	14.287441	218.242.30.78	192.168.0.105	HTTP	1378	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)

The packet details pane for the selected packet (No. 6976) shows the following structure:

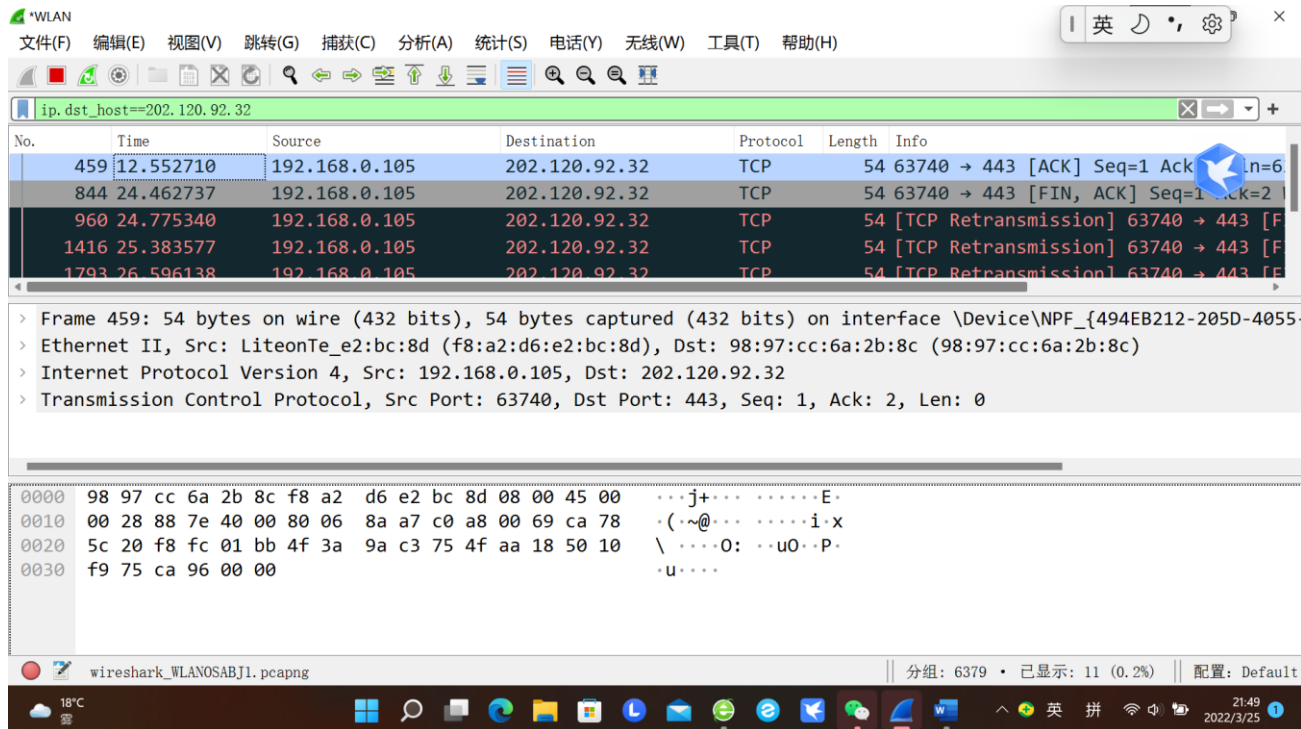
- Frame 6976: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{494EB212-205D-4...}
- Ethernet II, Src: LiteonTe_e2:bc:8d (f8:a2:d6:e2:bc:8d), Dst: 98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c (98:97:cc:6a:2b:8c)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.0.105, Dst: 218.242.30.78
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 53837, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 0, Len: 0

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII format.

明文:



密文:



五、总结

通过本次实验，我安装了 WireShark 并初步熟悉了它的使用方法，为以后的实验和课程项目打下了基础。