

INTRODUCTION TO THE IMPORTANT PRINCIPAL

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# ANGULAR



**Let's  
Get  
Started!**

# Angular

- ▶ Full Framework to build a web application.
- ▶ Developed and maintained by Google.
- ▶ Based on Typescript.
- ▶ Component based development.
- ▶ Based for mobile app development, Ionic.
- ▶ Part of MEAN Stack

# MEAN STACK



**Mongo DB**  
(database system)

**Express**

**Express**  
(back-end web  
framework)

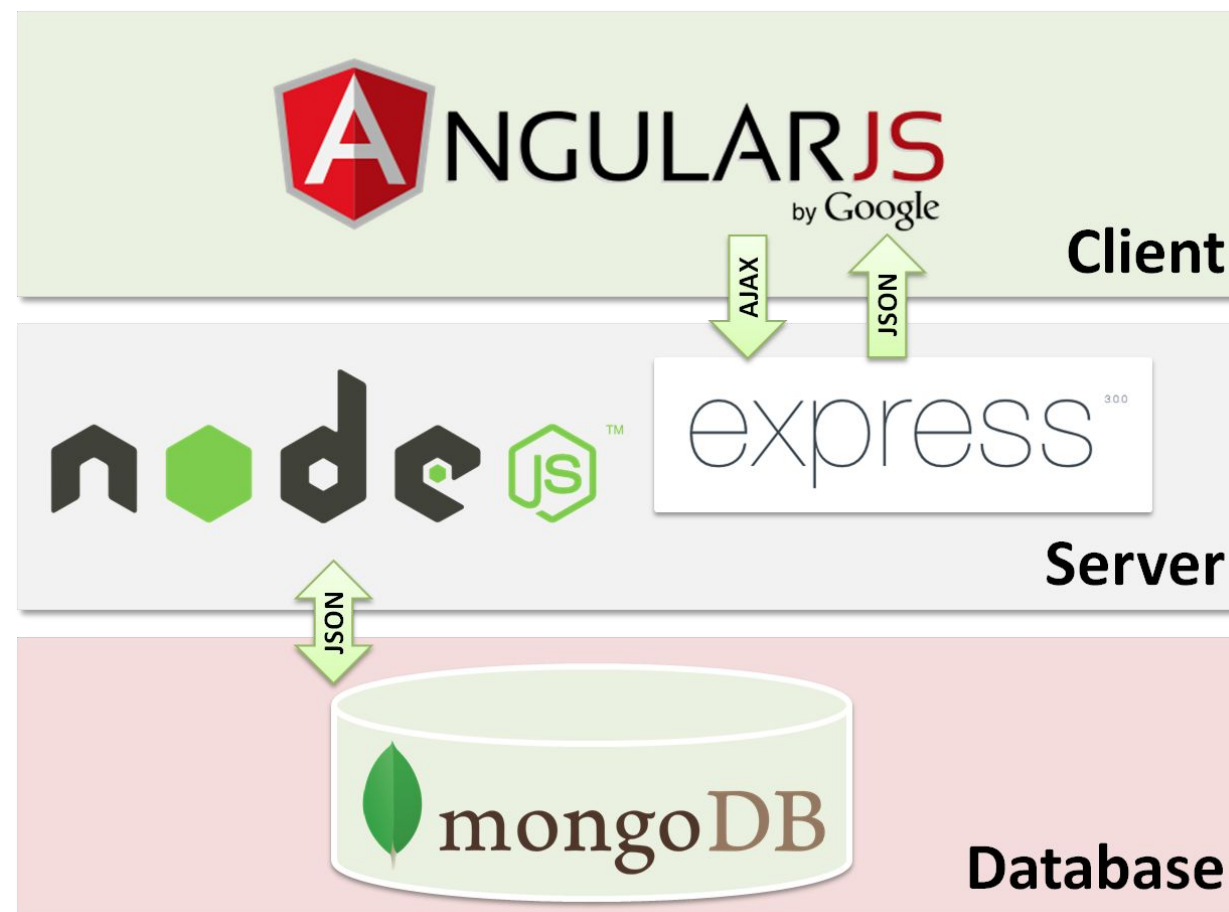


**Angular.js**  
(front-end  
framework)



**Node.js**  
(back-end runtime  
environment)

# What is MEAN?

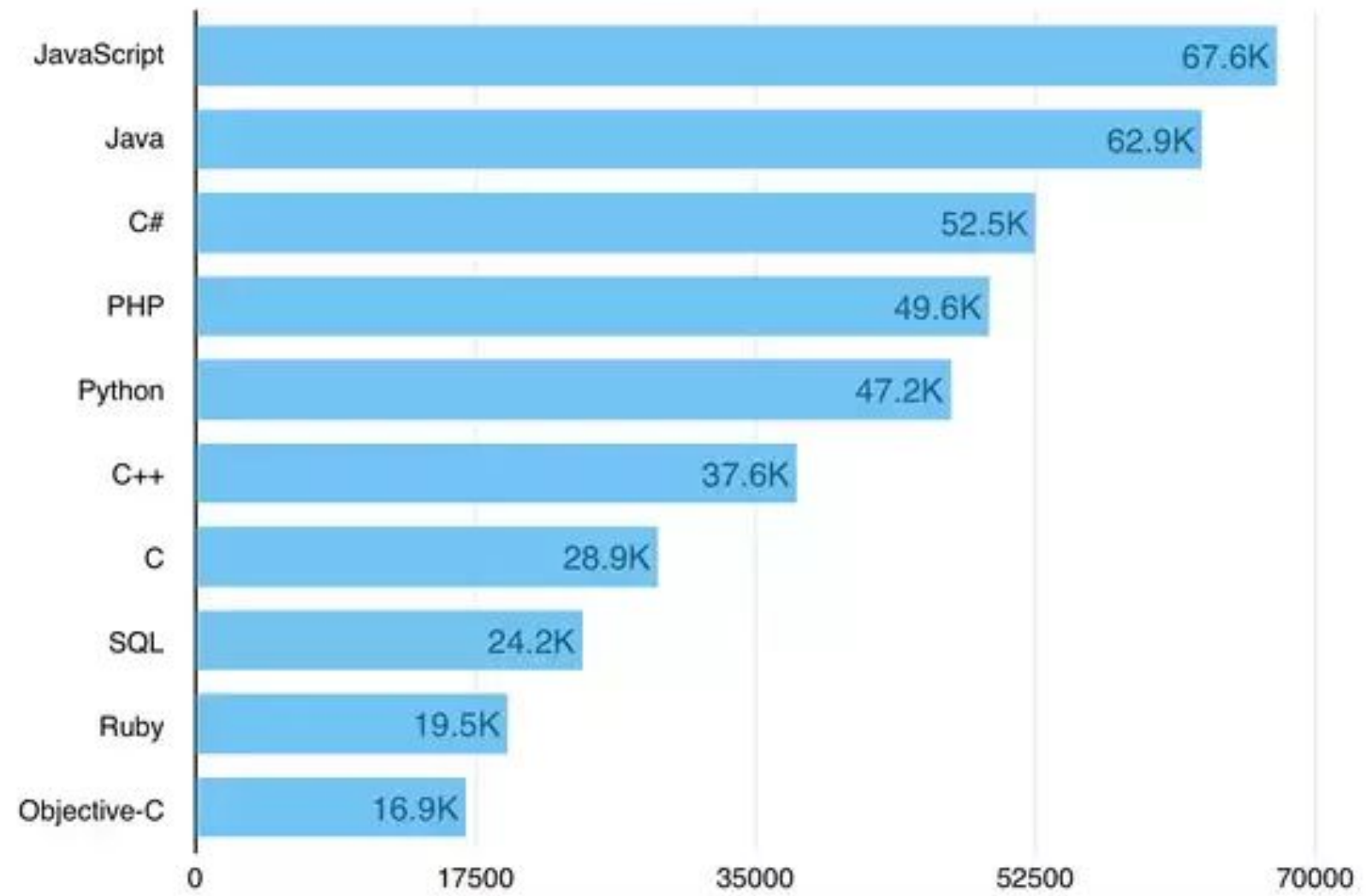


**MEAN is an opinionated fullstack javascript framework - which simplifies and accelerates web application development.**

# Why MEAN?

- 100% Free
- 100% Open Source
- 100% (Javascript and HTML)
- Single language throughout the application.
- Adhere to MVC concept.
- Use of JSON as data structure, compared to before where serialization and deserialization of data structure is needed.

StackOverflow Tag Followers (as of April 2015)



## Application and Data

## Application and Data



## Datadog

See metrics from all of your apps, tools and services in...

## TOP 10 TOOLS & SERVICES

1st



2nd



## JavaScript

3rd



4th



5th



6th



7th



8th



9th



10th



STACK LAYER

## Application and Data

Utilities

## DevOps


Business Tools



# DevOps

DevOps

Sponsored




Datadog


See metrics from all of your apps, tools and services in...


Visit Website


## TOP 10 TOOLS & SERVICES


- 1st



- 2nd



- 3rd



- 4th



- 5th



- 6th


- 7th


- 8th


- 9th


- 10th



### STACK LAYER

- Application and Data
- Utilities
- DevOps
- Business Tools

# LAMP Stack



# ANGULAR KEY FEATURES

- ▶ Full Framework
  - ▶ View
  - ▶ Model
  - ▶ Services
  - ▶ Routing
  - ▶ Http Requests
- ▶ Easy to use
- ▶ Scalable
- ▶ Fast
- ▶ Animations

# INSTALLATION AND GET STARTED

- ▶ Installing Angular
  - ▶ `npm install -g @angular/cli`
- ▶ Creating new project
  - ▶ `ng new angular-tutorial`
- ▶ Open in browser
  - ▶ `ng serve - - open`

# COMPONENT METADATA PROPERTIES

```
@Component({  
  selector: 'app-root',  
  templateUrl: './app.component.html',  
  styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']  
})  
export class AppComponent {
```

app.component.ts

```
0 </head>  
1 <body>  
2   <app-root></app-root>  
3 </body>  
4 </html>
```

index.html

# INTERPOLATION BINDING

```
6   styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']
7   })
8   export class AppComponent {
9     title = 'Hello World';
10    name = 'Muzaffar'
11    phonenumber = '012-3456789'
12
13  }
14
```

app.component.ts

```
<div style="text-align:center">
  <h1>
    Welcome to {{ title }}!
  </h1>
  Hello. My name is {{name}} my contact number is
  {{phonenumber}}.|
```

app.component.html

# GENERATING NEW COMPONENT

- ▶ Generate new component
  - ▶ ng g component products
- ▶ Call the component from new component to app page using generated selector.

# PRODUCT PAGE

```
<h2>Product page</h2>  
<p>  
  This is the product  
</p>
```

products.component.html

```
@Component({  
  selector: 'app-products',  
  templateUrl: './products.component.html',  
  styleUrls: ['./products.component.css']  
})
```

products.component.ts

```
replaced.-->  
<app-products></app-products>
```

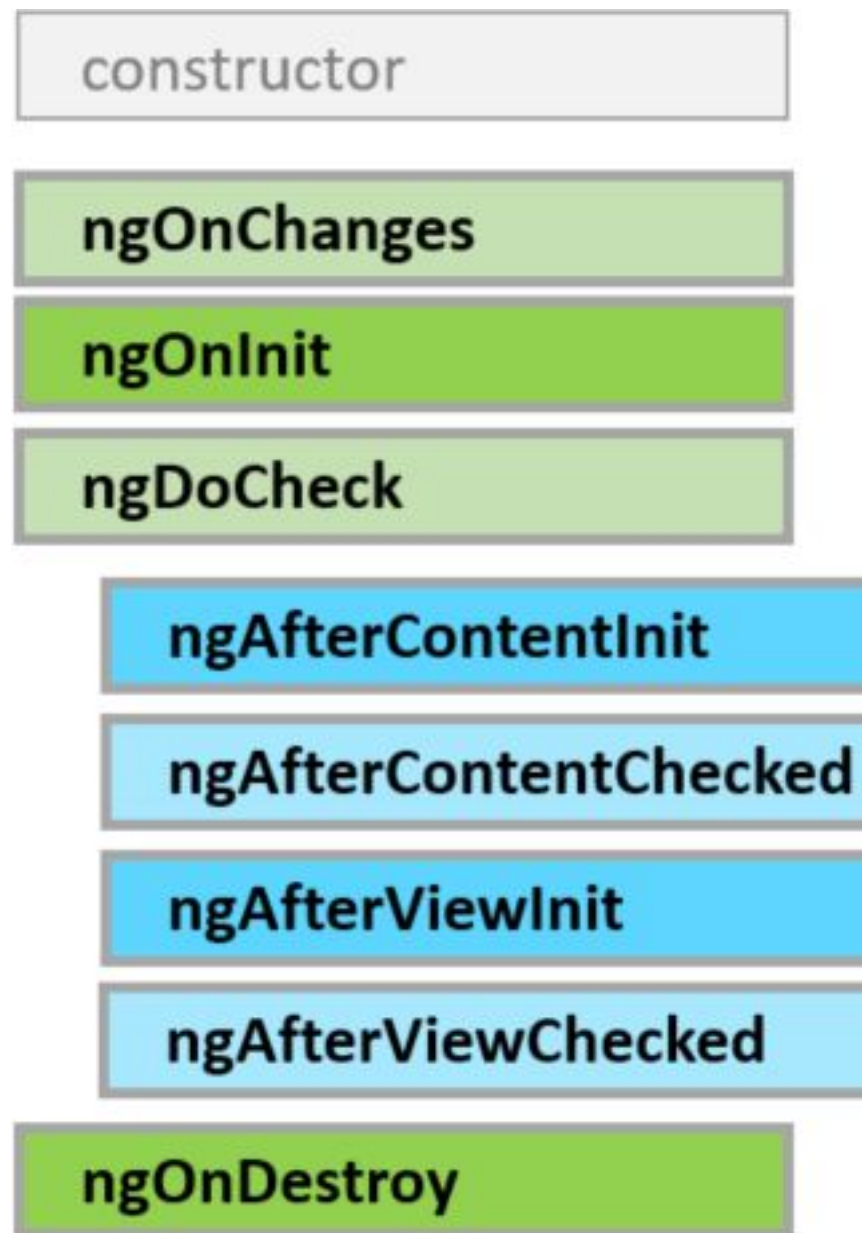
app.component.html



# COMPONENT DECLARATION IN APP.MODULE

```
import { AppComponent } from './app.component';  
import { ProductPageComponent } from './product-page/  
  
@NgModule({  
  declarations: [  
    AppComponent,  
    ProductPageComponent  
  ],  
  imports: [  
    BrowserModule,  
    FormsModule  
  ],  
  providers: [],  
})
```

# ANGULAR LIFECYCLE HOOKS



Add a console.log in ngOnInit function

# CREATING PRODUCT CLASS

- ▶ Add new class
  - ▶ ng g class product
- ▶ Export the class.

# CLASS PRODUCT (MODEL)

```
export class Product {  
  id: number;  
  name: string;  
  price : number;  
}
```

```
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';  
import { Product } from '../product'  
@Component({  
  selector: 'app-products',  
  templateUrl: './products.component.html',  
  styleUrls: ['./products.component.css']  
})  
export class ProductsComponent implements OnInit {  
  
  constructor() { }  
  
  ngOnInit() {  
  }  
  
  product: Product = {  
    id: 1,  
    name: "Iphone",  
    price: 1999  
  }  
}
```

# FORMATTING WITH PIPES

```
<h2>Product page</h2>
<p>
  Name: {{product.name | uppercase}}
  Price: {{product.price | number : '1.2-2'}}
</p>
```

# TWO WAY DATA BINDING - FORM MODULE

```
<div>
  <input [(ngModel)]="product.name">
    {{product.name}}<br/>
    {{product.price}}<br/>
</div>
```

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
3
4 import { FormsModule } from '@angular/forms';
5 import { AppComponent } from './app.component';
6 import { ProductPageComponent } from './product-page/product-page.component';
7
8
9 @NgModule({
10   declarations: [
11     AppComponent,
12     ProductPageComponent
13   ],
14   imports: [
15     BrowserModule,
16     FormsModule
17   ],
18   providers: [],
19   bootstrap: [AppComponent]
20 })
```



# LIST - CREATING ARRAY OF PRODUCTS

```
products : Product[] = [{  
  id:1,  
  name: "iPhone X",  
  price: 1999  
},  
{  
  id:2,  
  name: "Samsung 10",  
  price: 2500  
},  
{  
  id:3,  
  name: "Huawei P10",  
  price: 2099  
}  
]
```

# LIST - RETRIEVING LIST USING \*NGFOR

```
<ul>
  <li *ngFor="let product of products">
    <input [(ngModel)]="product.name">
      {{product.name}}<br/>
      {{product.price}}<br/>
  </li>
</ul>
```



# EVENT HANDLER

```
<ul>
  <li *ngFor="let product of products" (click)="productSelected
    (product)">
    <input [(ngModel)]="product.name">
      {{product.name}}<br/>
      {{product.price}}<br/>
  </li>
</ul>
```

```
selectedProduct : Product;

productSelected(product){
  this.selectedProduct = product;
}
```

# EXERCISE

- ▶ Show the selected product in the HTML.

### Product List

iPhone X	1999	iPhone X
Samsung 10	2500	Samsung 10
Huawei P10	2099	Huawei P10

### Selected Product

Huawei P10 2099

# EVENT HANDLER

```
<ul>
  <li *ngFor="let product of products" (click)="productSelected
    (product)">
    <input [(ngModel)]="product.name">
      {{product.name}}<br/>
      {{product.price}}<br/>
  </li>
</ul>
```

```
selectedProduct : Product;

productSelected(product){
  this.selectedProduct = product;
}
```

## CONDITIONAL RENDERING - \*NGIF

- ▶ Show the selected product in the HTML.

```
<div *ngIf="selectedProduct">  
  <h2>Selected Product</h2>  
  {{selectedProduct.name}}  
  {{selectedProduct.price}}  
</div>
```

# DYNAMIC CLASS

```
.product {  
  font-family: sans-serif;  
}  
.product.selected {  
  background-color: red;  
}
```

```
<h2>Product List</h2>  
<ul>  
  <li class="product" [class.selected]="selectedProduct &&  
    selectedProduct.name === product.name" *ngFor="let product of  
    products" (click)="productSelected(product)">  
    <input [(ngModel)]="product.name">  
    {{product.name}}<br/>  
    {{product.price}}<br/>  
  </li>  
</ul>  
<div *ngIf="selectedProduct">  
<h2>Selected Product</h2>  
{{selectedProduct.name}}</div>
```

# EXERCISE

- ▶ Create a new component, call it product-detail.
- ▶ Move the “Product detail part” from the list page into the newly created component.
- ▶ Call the product-detail component from product-list.



# PASSING PROPERTIES WITH @INPUT

```
import {Component, OnInit} from '@angular/core';
import {Input} from '@angular/core';
import { Product } from '../product'

@Component({
  selector: 'app-product-detail',
  templateUrl: './product-detail.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./product-detail.component.css']
})

export class ProductDetailComponent implements OnInit {
  @Input() product : Product;
  constructor() {
  }
}
```

product-detail.component.ts

```

    {{product.price}}<br/>
  </li>
</ul>
<app-product-detail [product]=selectedProduct></
app-product-detail>
```

product-page.component.html

# ORGANISING CODE WITH SERVICES

- ▶ Generate new service
  - ▶ `ng g service products`
- ▶ Add the product service into `app.module.ts`

```
import { ProductDetailComponent } from './product-detail/product-d
import { ProductService } from './product.service'

@NgModule({
  declarations: [
    AppComponent,
    ProductPageComponent,
    ProductDetailComponent
  ],
  imports: [
    BrowserModule,
    FormsModule
  ],
  providers: [ProductService],
  bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
```



# ORGANISING CODE WITH SERVICES (2)

- ▶ Move the data into service.
- ▶ Create a get function to retrieve data from service

```
export class ProductService {  
  products : Product[] = [{  
    id:1,  
    name: "iPhone X",  
    price: 1999  
  },  
  {  
    id:2,  
    name: "Samsung 10",  
    price: 2500  
  },  
  {  
    id:3,  
    name: "Huawei P10",  
    price: 2099  
  }  
]  
  
  constructor() { }  
  
  getProduct(){  
    return this.products  
  }  
}
```

## ORGANISING CODE WITH SERVICES (3)

- Inject and call the getProduct function from product-page

```
import { Product } from './product';
import { ProductService } from '../product.service'

@Component({
  selector: 'app-product-page',
  templateUrl: './product-page.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./product-page.component.css']
})
export class ProductPageComponent implements OnInit {

  selectedProduct : Product;

  products : Product[] = [];
  constructor(public productService:ProductService) { }

  ngOnInit() {
    this.products = this.productService.getProduct();
  }
}
```

# ROUTING WITH ANGULAR

- ▶ Generate new module:
  - ▶ `ng generate module app-routing --flat --module=app`
- ▶ Define the route, export the module.

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common';
import { RouterModule, Router };
import { ProductPageComponent } from '../product-page/product-page

const routes : Routes = [
{
  path: 'products',
  component: ProductPageComponent
}]

@NgModule({
  exports: [ RouterModule ]
})

export class AppRoutingModule { }
```

# ROUTING WITH ANGULAR

- ▶ Generate new module:
  - ▶ `ng generate module app-routing --flat --module=app`
- ▶ Define the route, export the module.

```
import {RouterModule, Router} from '@angular/router';
import {ProductPageComponent} from '../product-page/product-page'

const routes : Routes = [
  {
    path: 'products',
    component: ProductPageComponent
  }
]

@NgModule({
  exports: [ RouterModule ],
  imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes)]
})

export class AppRoutingModule { }
```

# ROUTING WITH ANGULAR

- ▶ Generate new module:
  - ▶ `ng generate module app-routing --flat --module=app`
- ▶ Define the route, export the module.

```
import {RouterModule, Router} from '@angular/router';
import {ProductPageComponent} from '../product-page/product-page'

const routes : Routes = [
  {
    path: 'products',
    component: ProductPageComponent
  }
]

@NgModule({
  exports: [ RouterModule ],
  imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes)]
})

export class AppRoutingModule { }
```



## ROUTING WITH ANGULAR (2)

- In app.component.html, change the code and add router-outlet element as follows:

```
<!--The content below is only a placeholder and can be  
replaced.-->  
<h1>Fake Lazada</h1>  
<div style="text-align:center">  
  <router-outlet></router-outlet>  
</div>
```

## ROUTING WITH ANGULAR (EXERCISE)

- ▶ Add a new component, call it home.
- ▶ Inside home html, add a simple welcome message.
- ▶ Create route to home.

## ROUTING WITH ANGULAR (3)

- Create an 'otherwise' routing as below

```
[{path: 'home', component: HomeComponent},  
  {path: '**', component: HomeComponent}  
]
```

- Create link from one page to another using router-link

```
<nav>  
  <a routerLink="/home">Home</a>  
  <a routerLink="/products">Product</a>  
</nav>
```



## HTTP REQUEST USING ANGULAR (1)

- ▶ Import HttpClient in product.service
- ▶ Inject HTTP Client in the service.
- ▶ Call http.get API

```
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';  
@Injectable()  
export class ProductService {  
  productAPI = "https://reqres.in/api/products"
```

```
  constructor( private http: HttpClient) { }  
  
  getProduct(){  
    return this.http.get(this.productAPI)  
  }  
}
```

## HTTP REQUEST USING ANGULAR (2)

- ▶ Import HttpClientModule in App.module.
- ▶ Add the module under imports

```
import { HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';
@NgModule({
  declarations: [
    AppComponent,
    ProductPageComponent,
    ProductDetailComponent,
    HomeComponent
  ],
  imports: [
    BrowserModule,
    FormsModule,
    AppRoutingModule,
    HttpClientModule
  ],
})
```

## HTTP REQUEST USING ANGULAR (3)

- ▶ In product-page component change the code to retrieve the data from HTTP.
- ▶ We will subscribe to the result from Service. This is call Observable in Javascript

```
products : any[] = [];
```

```
constructor(public productService: ProductService) {}  
  
ngOnInit() {  
    this.productService.getProduct().subscribe((response){  
        this.products = response.data  
    });  
}
```