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Topic:

Prediction of the next entity/relation in a sequence of triples derived from Knowledge Graphs using Recurrent Neural Networks

(context: question answering using web data)

Knowledge Base Completion

- Representation Learning
 - TransE
 - Rescal

TransE Algo

Algorithm 1 Learning TransE

```
input Training set S = \{(h, \ell, t)\}, entities and rel. sets E and L, margin \gamma, embeddings dim. k.
  1: initialize \ell \leftarrow \text{uniform}(-\frac{6}{\sqrt{k}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{k}}) for each \ell \in L
                     \ell \leftarrow \ell / \parallel \ell \parallel for each \ell \in L
                     e \leftarrow uniform(-\frac{6}{\sqrt{k}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{k}}) for each entity e \in E
          \mathbf{e} \leftarrow \mathbf{e} / \|\mathbf{e}\| for each entity e \in E
          S_{batch} \leftarrow \text{sample}(S, b) \text{ // sample a minibatch of size } b
 6:
          T_{batch} \leftarrow \emptyset // initialize the set of pairs of triplets
          for (h, \ell, t) \in S_{batch} do
              (h', \ell, t') \leftarrow \text{sample}(S'_{(h,\ell,t)}) \text{ // sample a corrupted triplet}
 9:
              T_{batch} \leftarrow T_{batch} \cup \{((h, \ell, t), (h', \ell, t'))\}
10:
          end for
11:
                                                                 \sum \nabla \left[ \gamma + d(h+\ell,t) - d(h'+\ell,t') \right]_{+}
          Update embeddings w.r.t.
12:
                                                   ((h,\ell,t),(h',\ell,t')) \in T_{batch}
13: end loop
```

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{(h,\ell,t)\in S} \sum_{(h',\ell,t')\in S'_{(h,\ell,t)}} [\gamma + d(h+\ell,t) - d(h'+\ell,t')]_{+}$$

TransE

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{(h,\ell,t) \in S} \sum_{(h',\ell,t') \in S'_{(h,\ell,t)}} [\gamma + d(h+\ell,t) - d(h'+\ell,t')]_{+}$$

Hyperparameters:

- Margin: {1,2,10}
- Learning rate: {0.001, 0.01, 0.1}
- Dimension k: {20,50,100}
- Distance measure: L1 or L2 norm.
- Batch size: 100
- Max-epoch bound: 1000, early stopping
- For corruption of triples: collision check

Optimal

- Margin: 2
- Learning rate: 0.01
- Dimension k: 20
- Distance measure: L1

TransE

- TransE (Bordes, Antoine, et al. "Translating embeddings for modeling multi-relational data." Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems. 2013.)
 - Distance based model which models relations between entities as translations in the embedding space

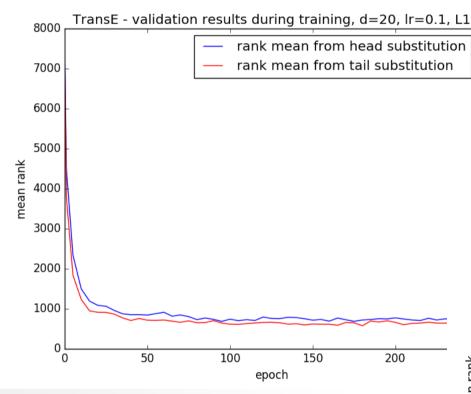
TransE Training Data

- Freebase: > 1.2 billion triples, > 80 million entities
- FB15k:
 - 600,000 triples split into
 - ~500,000 training triples
 - ~50,000 test tripes for evaluation
 - ~50,000 validation triples data
 - ~15,000 entities, ~1,400 relations

TransE Validation and Evaluation Protocol

- Validation: with valid-set (50,000 tr.)
 - for all valid-set triples, fix head and label, iterate over all possible entites to substitute the correct tail and compute score:
 - score_ji = d(head_fixed_j+label_fixed_j tail_ji)
 - (j: index from list of valid-set triples, i: index from list of entities)
 - Repeat same for fixed tail and label
 - Sort resulting lists of scores and report the mean rank of the score of the correct triple
- Evaluation: with test-set (50,000 tr.)
 - Repeat the same for all test-triples to get the mean ranks + check for every 10 ranked triples whether in set of all triples (~600,000)
 - Report the proportion of the hits@10

TransE: dim=20, LR= 0.1, L1



Left: model trained with 1 negative triple per positive

Right: model trained with 5 negative triples per positive, alternated after every epoch Rank mean from head replacement:

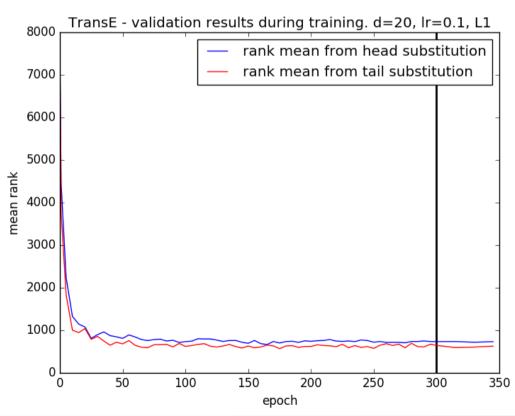
717 (out of 14,951)

Hits@10: 21.696 %

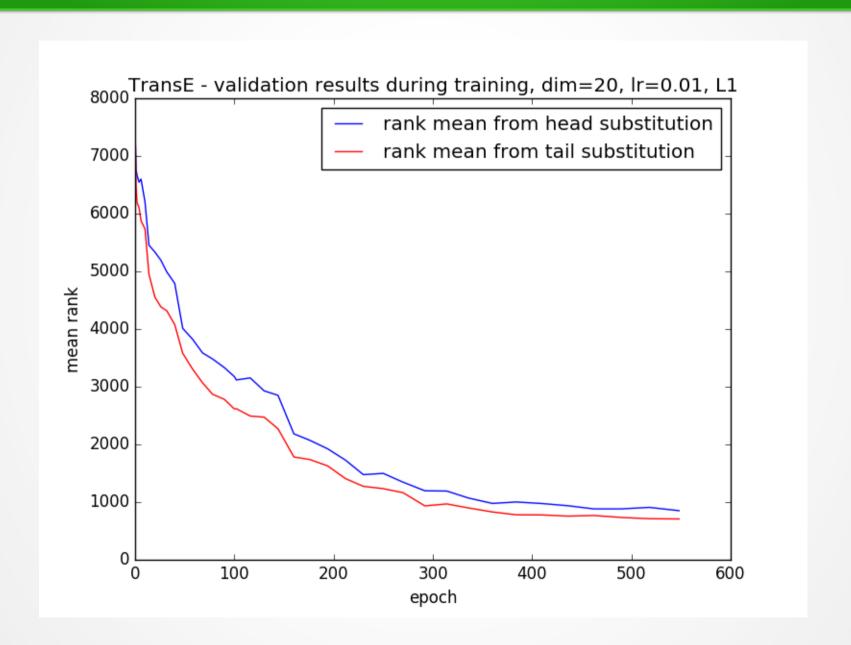
Rank mean from head replacement: 612

(out of 14,951)

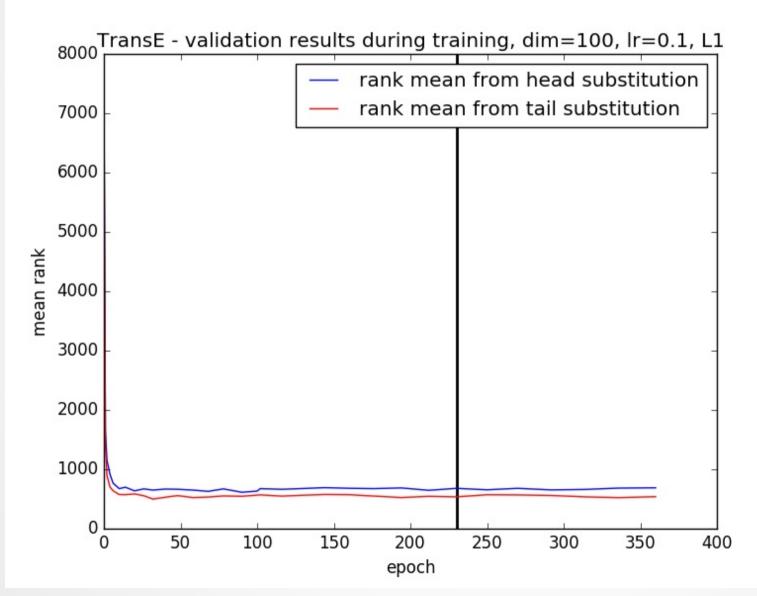
Hits@10: 17.72 %



TransE: dim=20, LR= 0.01, L1



TransE: dim=100, LR= 0.1, L1



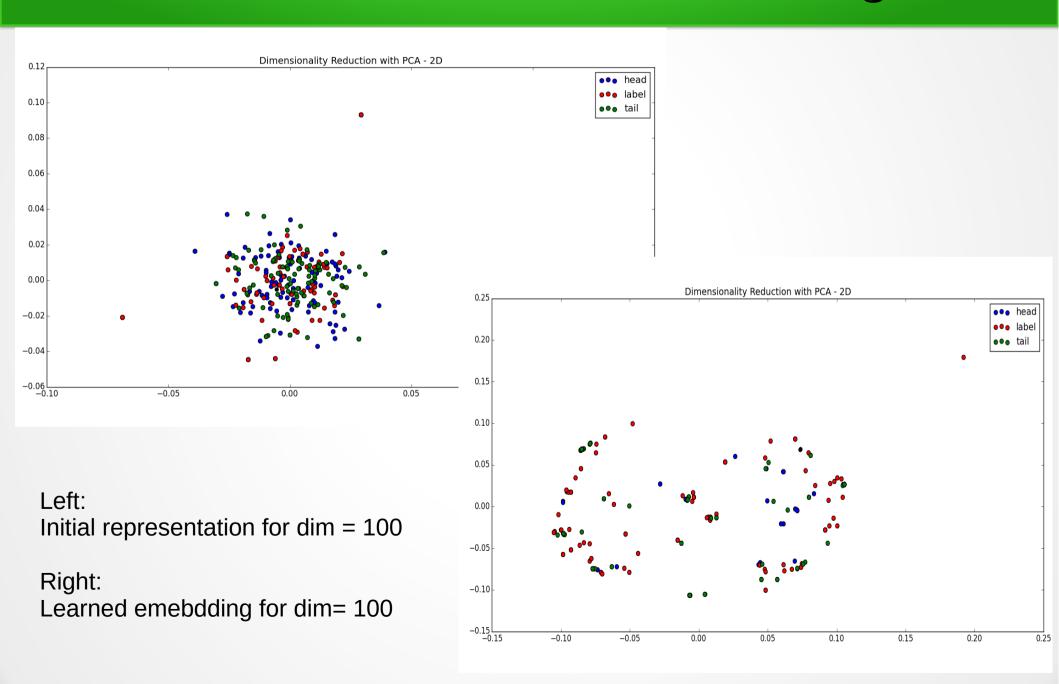
Rank mean from head replacement:

660 (out of 14,951) Hits@10: 23.802 %

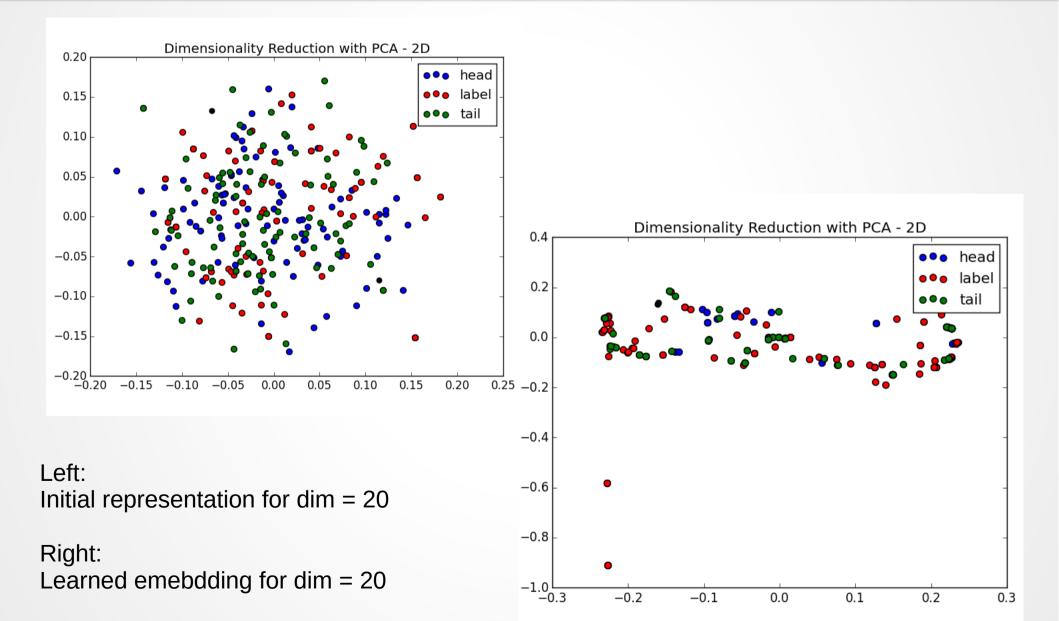
Rank mean from head replacement:

572 (out of 14,951) Hits@10: 20.486 %

PCA with TransE embeddings



PCA with TransE embeddings



What's next?

- Will try to improve runtime of implementation to run more experiments with different configurations
- Implementation of Bilinear/ RESCAL model

