

# Weige Huang

---

CONTACT INFORMATION	<p>Temple University Department of Economics Ritter Annex 825 1301 Cecil B. Moore Ave Philadelphia, PA 19122-6091 USA</p> <p><i>Citizenship:</i> China</p>	<p>Cell: (484) 260-4893 E-mail: <a href="mailto:weige.huang@temple.edu">weige.huang@temple.edu</a> Website: <a href="http://huang.netlify.com">huang.netlify.com</a></p>
RESEARCH INTERESTS	Microeconometrics, Finance, Machine Learning	
EDUCATION	Temple University, Philadelphia, PA, USA	
	Ph.D., Economics	(Expected: May 2019)
	M.A., Economics	2016
	Shenzhen University, Shenzhen, China	
	M.S., Finance, <i>With Honor</i>	2013
	Southern Medical University, Guangzhou, China	
	B.S., Medical Tests	2009
PUBLICATIONS	<p>“How Does ‘Railway Administration’ Be Integrated To The Big Ministry System?” with Shiping Guo, <i>ACHIEVE</i>, 22–23, 2013</p>	
WORKING PAPERS	<p>1 “Decomposing Differences in Portfolio Returns Between North America and Europe”. (Job Market Paper). <i>Abstract:</i> The paper decomposes differences in mean and a series of quantiles of portfolio returns between North America and Europe into Fama and French’s five factors. We show that the differences in risk premia on factors, especially on market and size factors, account for most of the differences and the differences in factor risks seem to play an insignificant role in aggregate. We also show that the roles that the risk premia on market and size factors play are various at different levels of portfolio returns, implying the market and size factor risk premia are various at different levels of portfolio returns. Also, we find that the risks on some factors seem to be various at different levels of portfolio returns. These findings shed further light on empirical asset pricing.</p> <p>2 “Distributional Effects of a Continuous Treatment with an Application on Intergenerational Mobility” with Brantly Callaway. (Submitted) <i>Abstract:</i> This paper considers the effect of a continuous treatment on the entire distribution of outcomes after adjusting for differences in the distribution of covariates across different levels of the treatment. Our methodology encompasses dose response functions, counterfactual distributions, and “distributional policy effects” depending on the assumptions invoked by the researcher. We propose a three-step estimator that consists of (i) estimating the distribution of the outcome conditional</p>	

on the treatment and other covariates using quantile regression; (ii) for each value of the treatment, averaging over a counterfactual distribution of the covariates holding the treatment fixed; (iii) manipulating the counterfactual distribution into a parameter of interest. We show that our estimators converge uniformly to Gaussian processes and that the empirical bootstrap can be used to conduct uniformly valid inference across a range of values of the treatment. We use our method to study intergenerational income mobility where we consider distributional effects of parents' income on child's income such as (i) the fraction of children with income below the poverty line, (ii) the variance of child's income, and (iii) the inter-quantile range of child's income – all as a function of parents' income.

3 “Bayesian Distribution Regression” with Emmanuel S. Tsyawo.

*Abstract:* This paper introduces a Bayesian version of distribution regression. With this method, we are able to estimate the distribution of the entire distribution of the outcome variable and do inference on statistics of interest. Based on the estimated distribution, quantiles, variance, mean among other distributional statistics of the outcome, counter-factual outcome, treatment effects inter alia can be estimated and inference about these are straightforward. In addition, asymptotic approximation of the posterior distribution enables joint inference at arbitrarily many points of the distribution of the outcome, treatment effects, etc. Our application of the method to the Fama-French five-factor model demonstrates substantial heterogeneity in the impact of the market return on the distribution of the portfolio return.

4 “Semiparametric Estimation of Oaxaca-Blinder Decompositions with Continuous Groups” with Brantly Callaway.

*Abstract:* This paper considers Oaxaca-Blinder type decompositions with continuous groups. In particular, we decompose the differences between outcomes at a series of values and at a particular value (with at two particular values as a special case) of the continuous group variable into (i) composition effects and (ii) structural effects. The composition effects are due to differences in observed characteristics (e.g. race or education) for individuals at different values of the continuous group variable. The structural effects are due to differences in the “return” to characteristics at different values of the continuous group variable. We also consider detailed decompositions of both the composition and structural effects. Our procedure is based on semiparametric smooth coefficient models. This approach is distinct from previous work on decompositions with continuous groups. We develop the limiting distribution of our estimators and show the validity of the empirical bootstrap for conducting inference. We apply our method to decompose earnings differentials for individuals across their parents' income (i.e. parents' income is the continuous group).

5 “Local Intergenerational Elasticities” with Brantly Callaway.

*Abstract:* The intergenerational elasticity (IGE) is the most common parameter reported in the intergenerational mobility literature. This paper proposes a “local” intergenerational mobility parameter (LIGE) that allows the effect of parents' income to depend on the value of parents' income. We also extend this result to an “adjusted” local intergenerational elasticity (ALIGE) which adjusts for differences in the distribution of observed characteristics at different values of parents' income. We develop the asymptotic properties of the LIGE and ALIGE, and apply them to study intergenerational mobility using data from the PSID. We find that the intergenerational elasticity is much larger for low values of parents' income relative to high values of parents' income; adjusting for differences in characteristics reduces the local IGE at all values of parents' income as well as flattening it across different values of parents' income.

WORKS IN PROGRESS	1 “Decomposition of Differences in Distributions with Continuous Groups” with Brantly Callaway.	
	2 “Decomposing Differences in Portfolio returns between Normal Time Periods and Recessions”.	
TEACHING AND RESEARCH EXPERIENCE	Instructor	
	Macroeconomic Principles	Fall 2018
	Intermediate Macroeconomic Analysis	Summer 2017
	Microeconomic Principles	Summer 2016
	Teaching Assistant	
	Intermediate Microeconomic Analysis, Prof. Willian Stull	Fall 2016, Spring/Fall 2017, Spring 2018
	International Monetary Economics/ International Trade, Prof. Mohsen Fardmanesh	Fall 2015, Spring/Fall 2016
	Behavioral Economics/ Economics for Life/ Macroeconomic Principles, Prof. Donald T. Wargo	Fall 2014, Spring/Fall 2015, Fall 2016, Spring 2017
	Macroeconomic Principles, Prof. Dimitrios I. Diamantaras	Fall 2014
	Microeconomic Principles/ Macroeconomic Principles, Prof. John Dileonardo	Fall 2015, Spring 2016
	Microeconomic Principles, Prof. Gary W. Bowman	Fall 2015
	Research Assistant	
	Supervisor: Prof. Brantly Callaway	Fall 2017, Spring 2018
HONORS AND FELLOWSHIPS	Temple University	
	Teaching & Research Assistantship	Sep 2014 – Present
	Summer Research Fellowship	Summer 2018
	Shenzhen University	
	Outstanding Graduate Student	May 2013
	Outstanding Student	Nov 2012
PRESENTATIONS		
CORPORATE EXPERIENCE	Customer Manager, Central China Securities	Jun 2011–Sep 2011
	Medical Representative, Guangdong Techpool Bio-pharma Co., Ltd	Jul 2009– Jul 2010
SERVICE	Co-founder, Temple Econometrics Reading Group	Feb 2017 – Present
	Team leader, Center for Regional Economics at Temple	Sep 2014–Sep 2015

## SOFTWARE

Software:

R, Python, MATLAB, Stata, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

R packages:

1. *TempleMetrics* (CRAN) with Brantly Callaway

*TempleMetrics* is used to estimate conditional distributions and conditional quantiles. The versions of the methods in this package are primarily for use in multiple step procedures where the first step is to estimate a conditional distribution. In particular, there are functions for implementing distribution regression, quantile regression, and versions of local linear distribution regression; all in a unified framework. Distribution regression provides a way to flexibly model the distribution of some outcome  $Y$  conditional on covariates  $X$  without imposing parametric assumptions on the conditional distribution but providing more structure than fully nonparametric estimation (See Foresi and Peracchi (1995) and Chernozhukov, Fernandez-Val, and Melly (2013)).

2. *ccfa* (CRAN) with Brantly Callaway

*ccfa* contains methods for computing counterfactuals with a continuous treatment variable as in Callaway and Huang (2017). In particular, the package can be used to calculate the expected value, the variance, the interquantile range, the fraction of observations below or above a particular cutoff, or other user-supplied functions of an outcome of interest conditional on a continuous treatment. The package can also be used for computing these same functionals after adjusting for differences in covariates at different values of the treatment. Further, one can use the package to conduct uniform inference for each parameter of interest across all values of the treatment, uniformly test whether adjusting for covariates makes a difference at any value of the treatment, and test whether a parameter of interest is different from its average value at an value of the treatment.

3. *bayesdistreg* (GitHub: WeigeHuangEcon) with Emmanuel S. Tsyawo

*bayesdistreg* is used to do Bayesian Distribution Regression in Huang and Tsyawo (2018).

## LANGUAGES

Chinese (native), English(fluent), Cantonese (intermediate)

## REFERENCES

**Prof. Brantly Callaway**

(Dissertation Committee Chair)

Department of Economics, TU

Phone: (215) 204-8881

E-mail: [brantly.callaway@temple.edu](mailto:brantly.callaway@temple.edu)**Prof. Oleg Rytchkov**

(Dissertation Committee Member)

Department of Finance, TU

Phone: (215) 204-4146

E-mail: [rytchkov@temple.edu](mailto:rytchkov@temple.edu)**Prof. Donald T. Wargo**

(Teaching Reference)

Department of Economics, TU

Phone: (610) 613-3000

E-mail: [docwargo@temple.edu](mailto:docwargo@temple.edu)**Prof. Doug Webber**

(Dissertation Committee Member)

Department of Economics, TU

Phone: (215) 204-5025

E-mail: [douglas.webber@temple.edu](mailto:douglas.webber@temple.edu)**Prof. William Stull**

(Teaching Reference)

Department of Economics, TU

Phone: (215) 204-5022

E-mail: [william.stull@temple.edu](mailto:william.stull@temple.edu)**Prof. Mohsen Fardmanesh**

(Teaching Reference)

Department of Economics, TU

Phone: (215) 204-5043

E-mail: [m.f@temple.edu](mailto:m.f@temple.edu)