Lecture #16: Runtime Support for Functions (contd)

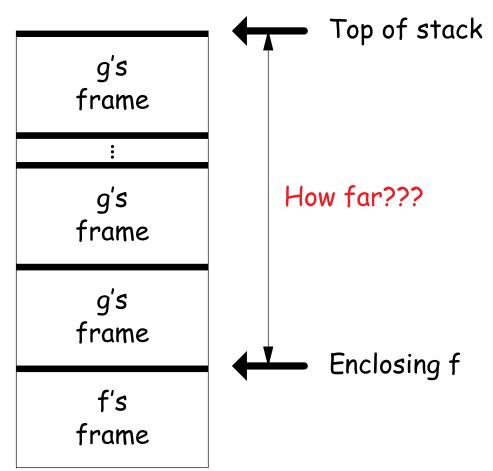
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4: Allow Nesting of Functions, Up-Level Addressing

- When functions can be nested, there are three classes of variable:
 - a. Local to function.
 - b. Local to enclosing function.
 - c. Global
- Accessing (a) or (c) is easy. It's (b) that's interesting.
- Consider (in Python):

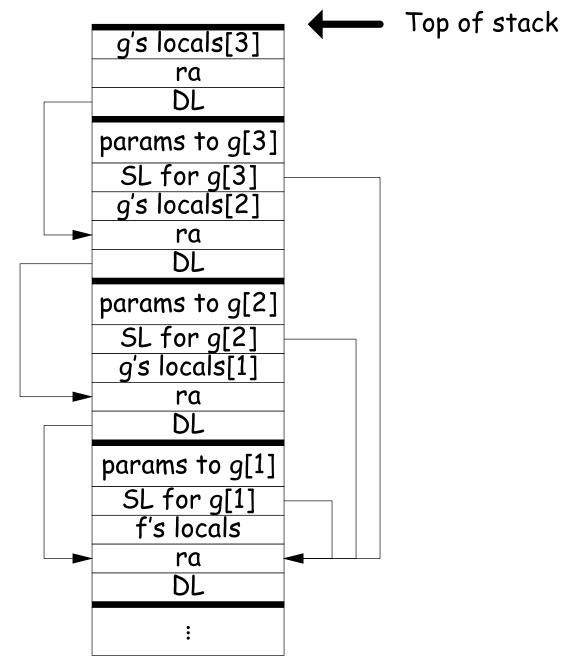
```
def f ():
    y = 42  # Local to f
    def g (n, q):
        if n == 0: return q+y
        else: return g (n-1, q*2)
```

 Here, y can be any distance away from top of stack.



Static Links

- To overcome this problem, go back to environment diagrams!
- Each diagram had a pointer to lexically enclosing environment
- In Python example from last slide, each 'g' frame contains a pointer to the 'f' frame where that 'g' was defined: the static link (SL)
- To access local variable, use frame-base pointer (or maybe stack pointer).
- To access global, use absolute address.
- To access local of nesting function, follow static link once per difference in levels of nesting.



Calling sequence for RISC V: f0

Assembly excerpt for f0:

f0: C code: sw fp, O(sp) # Save old frame pointer sw ra, -4(sp) # Save return address int f0 (int n0) addi sp, sp, -12 # Adjust SP to leave room for s, ra, DL addi fp, sp, 8 # FP now points to ra. lw t0, 8(fp) # n0 int s = -n0; sub t0, zero, t0 # -n0 int g1 () { return s; } sw t0, -4(fp) # Set s int f1 (int n1) { int f2() { sw fp, O(sp) # SL to f1 li t0, 10 # argument to f1 return n0 + s + n1 + g1(); sw t0, -4(sp)addi sp, sp, -8 # Adjust for arguments jal f1 return n0 + f2(); addi sp, sp, 8 addi sp, fp, 4 return f1(10); lw ra, 0(fp) lw fp, 4(fp) jr ra

Calling sequence for RISC V: f1

f1:

C code:

```
int
f0 (int n0)
{
 int s = -n0;
 int g1 () { return s; }
 int f1 (int n1) {
    int f2() {
     return n0 + s
            + n1 + g1();
   return n0 + f2();
 return f1(10);
}
```

```
sw fp, O(sp) # Save old frame pointer
sw ra, -4(sp) # Save return address
addi sp, sp, -8 # Adjust SP to leave room for ra, DL
addi fp, sp, 4 # FP now points to ra.
lw t0, 12(fp)
                # Load my static link (to f0)
lw t2, 8(t0) # n0
sw t2, O(sp) # Save it for now.
sw fp, -4(sp) # Push f2's static link (my fp)
addi sp, sp, -8 # Adjust sp
jal f2
addi sp, sp, 8
lw t0, 0(sp)
              # Saved n0 from before call
add a0, t0, a0 # n0 + f2()
addi sp, fp, 4 # Restore sp
lw ra, O(fp) # Restore ra
lw fp, 4(fp) # Restore fp
jr ra
```

Calling sequence for RISC V: f2

f2:

int f0 (int n0) int s = -n0; int g1 () { return s; } int f1 (int n1) { int f2() { return n0 + s + n1 + g1();return n0 + f2(); return f1(10); }

C code:

```
sw fp, O(sp) # Save old frame pointer
sw ra, -4(sp) # Save return address
addi sp, sp, -8 # Adjust SP to leave room for ra, DL
addi fp, sp, 4
                # FP now points to ra.
lw t0, 8(fp)
                # Load my static link (to f1)
lw t1, 12(t0) # Load f1's static link (to f0)
lw t2, 8(t1) # n0
1w t3, -4(t1) # s
add t2, t2, t3 \# n0 + s
lw t3, 8(t0) # n1
add t2, t2, t3 \# n0 + s + n1
sw t2, 0(sp) # Save
sw t1, -4(sp) # SL for g1 (to f0, same as f1)
                # Adjust stack
addi sp, sp, -8
jal g1
addi sp, sp, 8
lw t0, 0(sp)
              # Saved n0 + s + n1
add a0, t0, a0 \# n0 + s + n1 + g1()
addi sp, fp, 4 # Restore sp
lw ra, O(fp) # Restore ra
lw fp, 4(fp)
              # Restore fp
jr ra
```

Calling sequence for the ia32: g1

C code:

Assembly g1:

```
g1: # Leaf procedure (optimized).

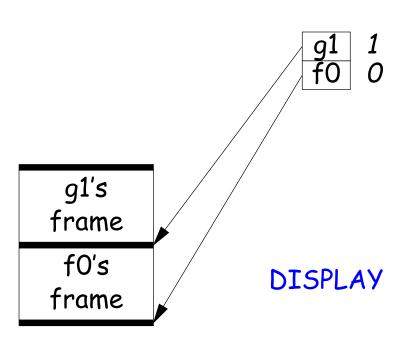
lw t0, 4(sp)  # Load my static link (to f0)

lw a0, -4(t0)  # s

jr ra
```

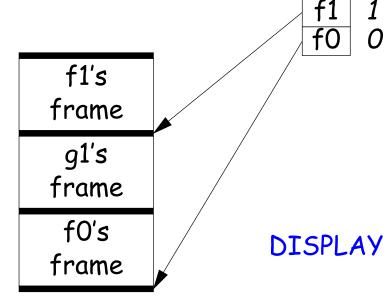
```
def f0 ():
  q = 42; g1 ()
  def f1 ():
    def f2 (): ... g2 () ...
    def g2 (): ... g2 () ... g1 () ...
    ... f2 () ... f1 () ...
  def g1 (): ... f1 () ...
```

- ullet Each time we enter a function at lexical level k(i.e., nested inside k functions), save pointer to its frame base in DISPLAY[k]; restore on exit.
- ullet Access variable at lexical level k through DISPLAY[k].
- Relies heavily on scope rules and proper function-call nesting



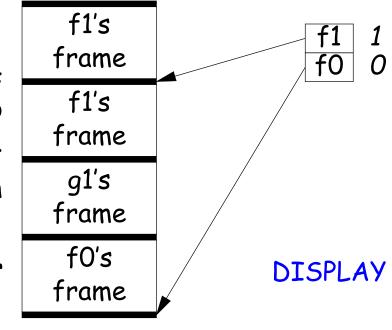
```
def f0 ():
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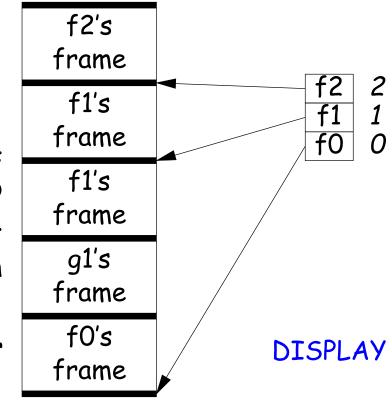
```
def f0 ():
    q = 42; g1 ()
    def f1 ():
        def f2 (): ... g2 () ...
        def g2 (): ... g2 () ... g1 () ...
        c... f2 () ... f1 () ...
    def g1 (): ... f1 () ...
```

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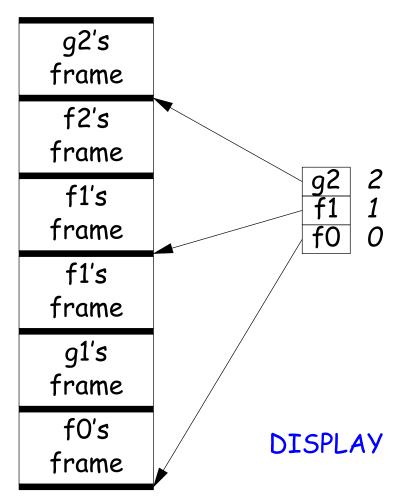
```
def f0 ():
    q = 42; g1 ()
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        c.. f2 () ... f1 () ...
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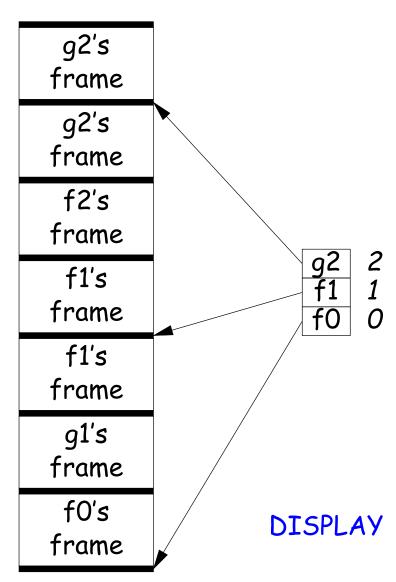
```
def f0 ():
  q = 42; g1 ()
  def f1 ():
    def f2 (): ... g2 () ...
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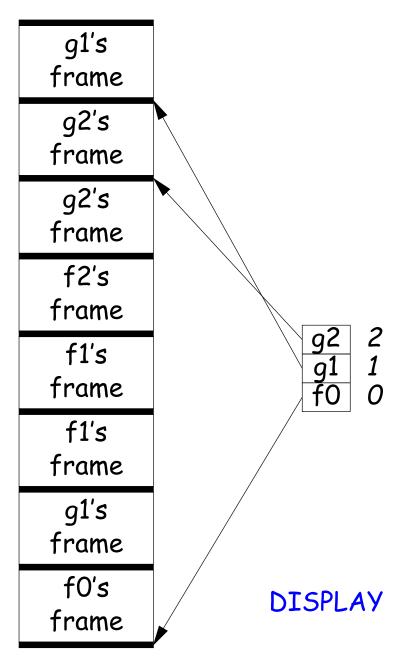
```
def f0 ():
    q = 42; g1 ()
    def f1 ():
        def f2 (): ... g2 () ...
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        c... f2 () ... f1 () ...
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```
def f0 ():
    q = 42; g1 ()
    def f1 ():
        def f2 (): ... g2 () ...
        def g2 (): ... g2 () ... g1 () ...
        c... f2 () ... f1 () ...
    def g1 (): ... f1 () ...
```

- Each time we enter a function at lexical level k (i.e., nested inside k functions), save pointer to its frame base in DISPLAY[k]; restore on exit.
- ullet Access variable at lexical level k through DISPLAY[k].
- Relies heavily on scope rules and proper function-call nesting



Using the global display (sketch)

```
f0:
                                    sw fp, O(sp) # Save old frame pointer
                                    sw ra, -4(sp) # Save return address
                                    addi sp, sp, -16 # Adjust SP for s, ra, DL, old _DISPLAY[0]
                                    addi fp, sp, 12  # FP now points to ra.
                                    lw t0, _DISPLAY+0 # Save old _DISPLAY[0] ...
   C code:
                                    sw t0, -8(fp) # ... on stack
                                    sw fp, _DISPLAY+0 # And insert my FP in its place.
    int
   f0 (int n0)
                                    lw t0, -8(fp) # Restore old _DISPLAY[0]
                                    sw t0, _DISPLAY+0
     int s = -n0;
     int g1 () { return s; }
                                    addi sp, fp, 4
                                                     # Restore sp
     int f1 (int n1) {
                                    etc.
       int f2 () {
                              f1: ...
                                    sw fp, O(sp) # Save old frame pointer
         return n0 + n1
                                    sw ra, -4(sp) # Save return address
                + s + g1 ();
                                    addi sp, sp, -12 # Adjust SP for ra, DL, old _DISPLAY[1]
       return f2 (s) + f1 (n0)
                                    addi fp, sp, 8 # FP now points to ra.
                                    lw t0, _DISPLAY+4 # Save old _DISPLAY[1] ...
              + g1 ();
                                    sw t0, -4(fp) # ... on stack
     f1 (10);
                                    sw fp, _DISPLAY+4 # And insert my FP in its place.
                                    lw t0, -4(fp)
                                                     # Restore old _DISPLAY[0]
                                    sw tO, _DISPLAY+4
                                    addi sp, fp, 4
                                                     # Restore sp
                                    etc.
                                f2 and g1: no extra code, since they have no nested functions.
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```

Using the global display: accessing nonlocals

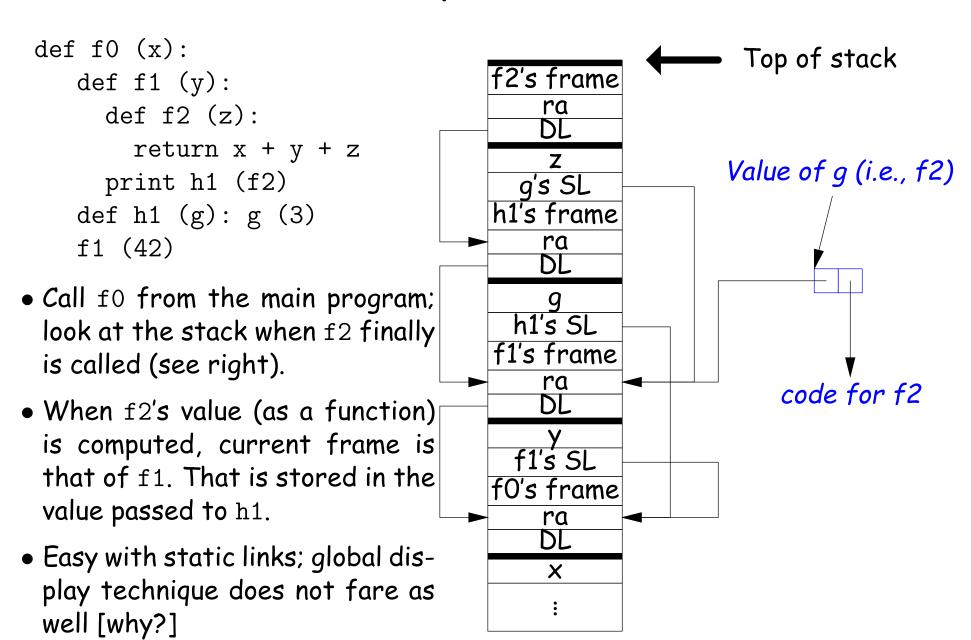
C code:

```
f2:
int
f0 (int n0)
                                lw t0, _DISPLAY+4 # Load my static link (to f1)
                                lw t1, _DISPLAY+0 # Load f1's static link (to f0)
 int s = -n0;
                                lw t2, 8(t1)
                                                  # n0
 int g1 () { return s; }
                                lw t3, -4(t1) # s
 int f1 (int n1) {
                                add t2, t2, t3 \# n0 + s
   int f2 () {
                                lw t3, 8(t0) # n1
     return n0 + n1
                                add t2, t2, t3 \# n0 + s + n1
            + s + g1 ();
                                sw t2, 0(sp)
                                                  # Save
   }
                                # No need to pass static link to g1; it's in _DISPLAY[1]
   return f2 (s) + f1 (n0)
                                addi sp, sp, -4 # Adjust stack
          + g1 ();
                                jal g1
                                 . . .
 f1 (10);
```

5: Allow Function Values, Properly Nested Access

- In C, C++, no function nesting.
- So all non-local variables are global, and have fixed addresses.
- Thus, to represent a variable whose value is a function, need only to store the address of the function's code.
- But when nested functions possible, function value must contain more.
- When function is finally called, must be told what its static link is.
- Assume first that access is properly nested: variables accessed only during lifetime of their frame.
- So can represent function with address of code + the address of the frame that contains that function's definition.
- It's environment diagrams again!!

Function-Value Representation

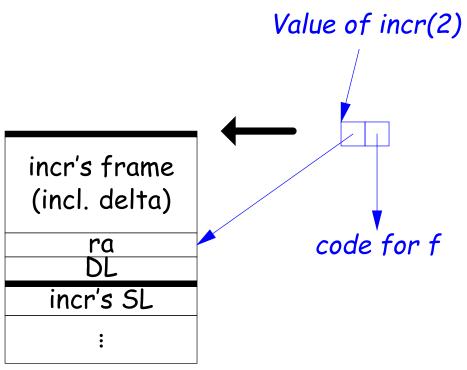


6: General Closures

- What happens when the frame that a function value points to goes away?
- If we used the previous representation (#5), we'd get a dangling pointer in this case:

```
def incr (n):
   delta = n
   def f (x):
     return delta + x
   return f
```

p2 = incr(2)print p2(3)



During execution of incr(2)

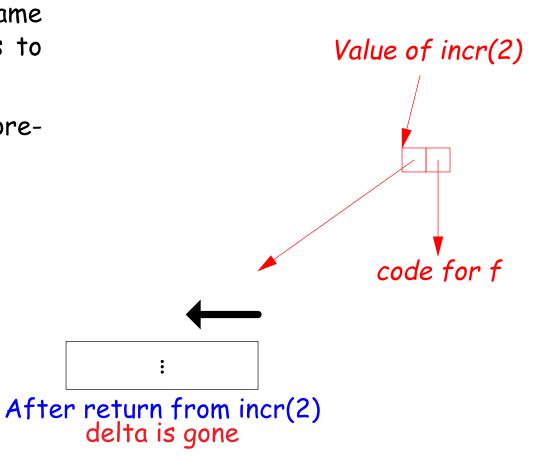
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```
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   def f (x):
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   return f
```

$$p2 = incr(2)$$

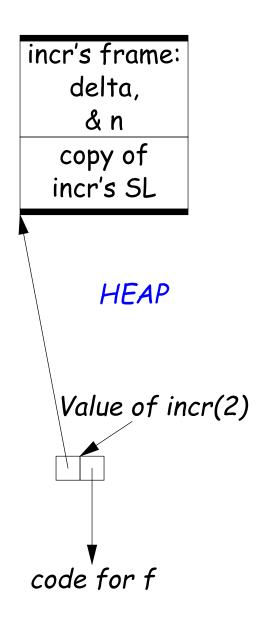
print $p2(3)$



Representing Closures

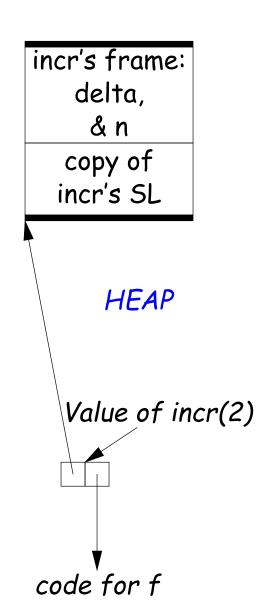
- Could just forbid this case (as some languages do):
 - Algol 68 would not allow pointer to f (last slide) to be returned from incr.
 - Or, one could allow it, and do something random when f (i.e. | incr's frame: via delta) is called.
- Scheme and Python allow it and do the right thing.
- But must in general put local variables (and a static link) in a record on the heap, instead of on the stack.

temp storage etc. ra incr's SL



Representing Closures

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 - Or, one could allow it, and do something random when f (i.e. via delta) is called.
- Scheme and Python allow it and do the right thing.
- But must in general put local variables (and a static link) in a record on the heap, instead of on the stack.
- Now frame can disappear harmlessly.



7: Continuations

Suppose function return were not the end?

```
def f (cont): return cont
x = 1
def g (n):
  global x, c
  if n == 0:
     print "a", x, n,
     c = call_with_continuation (f)
     print "b", x, n,
  else: g(n-1); print "c", x, n,
g(2); x += 1; print; c()
```

```
# Prints:
# a 1 0 b 1 0 c 1 1 c 1 2
# b 2 0 c 2 1 c 2 2
# b 3 0 c 3 1 c 3 2
```

- The continuation, c, passed to f is "the function that does whatever is supposed to happen after I returns from f (and exits program)."
- Can be used to implement exceptions, threads, co-routines.
- Implementation? Nothing much for it but to put all activation frames on the heap.
- Distributed cost.
- However, we can do better on special cases like exceptions.

Summary

Problem	Solution
1. Plain: no recursion, no nest-	Use inline expansion or use
ing, fixed-sized data with size	static variables to hold return
known by compiler, first-class	addresses, locals, etc.
function values.	
2. #1 + recursion	Need stack.
3. #2 + Add variable-sized un-	Need to keep both stack
boxed data	pointer and frame pointer.
4. #3 - first-class function values	Add static link or global display.
+ Nested functions, up-level ad-	
dressing	
5. #4 + Function values w/ prop-	Static link, function values con-
erly nested accesses: functions	tain their link. (Global display
passed as parameters only.	doesn't work so well)
6. #5 + General closures: first-	Store local variables and static
class functions returned from	link on heap.
functions or stored in variables	
7. #6 + Continuations	Put everything on the heap.