### FCE-hw2

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## Question 1 (Randomized Quicksort)

The results are shown below.

```
The original array is:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88
89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

The running time of trial 1 is: 1e-005 seconds
The running time of trial 2 is: 9.3e-006 seconds
The running time of trial 3 is: 9.1e-006 seconds
The running time of trial 4 is: 9e-006 seconds
The running time of trial 5 is: 8e-006 seconds
```

The code is shown below.

```
//Quick Sort
  #include <iostream>
2 #include <windows.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <time.h>
  int partition (int v[], int p, int q) {
      int pivot = v[p];
      int i = p;
      int j;
      for (j = p+1; j \le q; j++){
10
           if (v[j] < pivot){
12
               i++;
               std::swap(v[j], v[i]);
          }
      std::swap(v[i],v[p]);
      return i;
  int partition_rand(int v[], int p, int q){
      int pivot_ind;
      pivot_ind = rand() \% (q-p+1) + p;
      std::swap(v[p],v[pivot_ind]);
      return partition (v, p, q);
24 }
  void quickSort_rand(int v[], int p, int q){
      int r;
      if (p < q){
```

```
28
          r = partition\_rand(v, p, q);
           quickSort_rand(v, p, r-1);
          quickSort_rand(v, r+1, q);
30
32 }
34 int main() {
      LARGE INTEGER nFreq;
      LARGE_INTEGER nBeginTime;
      LARGE_INTEGER nEndTime;
      QueryPerformanceFrequency(&nFreq); // get the frequency of the counter
38
      double t:
      int j;
40
      int N = 100;
      int v[N];
      int i;
      srand (time (NULL));
44
      for (i=0; i< N; i++){
          v[i] = i+1;
      std::cout << "The original array is:" << std::endl; // print original array
      for (i=0; i<N; i++){
          std::cout << v[i] << '\t';
      std::cout << std::endl;
      for (j=0; j<5; j++){
           QueryPerformanceCounter(&nBeginTime); //begin time of quick sort
54
           quickSort_rand(v, 0, N-1);
           QueryPerformanceCounter(&nEndTime); //end time of quick sort
56
          t = (double) (nEndTime. QuadPart-nBeginTime. QuadPart) / (double) nFreq. QuadPart; //
      running time of quick sort
          std::cout << "The running time of trial "<< j+1 << " is: " << t << " seconds"
58
      << std::endl;
60
      return 0;
62 }
```

# Question 2 (Heapsort)

Result:

```
Original array:
  92 \quad 20 \quad 14 \quad 97 \quad 47 \quad 12 \quad 24 \quad 66 \quad 64 \quad 41 \quad 42 \quad 43 \quad 76 \quad 91 \quad 69 \quad 77 \quad 13
          70 \quad 61 \quad 68 \quad 4 \quad 57 \quad 5 \quad 84 \quad 31 \quad 26 \quad 55 \quad 15 \quad 83 \quad 52 \quad 18 \quad 95 \quad 9 \quad 49
                                                                                                               50
                                                                                                         67
                                                                                                                    19
                                                                                                                          62
                                                                                                                                 78
        2 54
                                                                                                  96
                                                                                                         90
                                                                                                               30
                                                                                                                     10
                                                                                                                          44
                                                                                                                                 6
                                                                                           17
                                                                                                  60
                                                                                                         27
                                                                                                               21
                                                                                                                                 28
          59 85 48 37 46 39 8 73 72 89 93 45
 Sorted array:
  1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \quad 11 \quad 12 \quad 13 \quad 14 \quad 15 \quad 16 \quad 17 \quad 18 \quad 19 \quad 20 \quad 21 \quad 22 \quad 23 \quad 24 \quad 25 \quad 26
        27 \quad 28 \quad 29 \quad 30 \quad 31 \quad 32 \quad 33 \quad 34 \quad 35 \quad 36 \quad 37 \quad 38 \quad 39 \quad 40 \quad 41 \quad 42 \quad 43 \quad 44 \quad 45 \quad 46
          48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67
        68 \quad 69 \quad 70 \quad 71 \quad 72 \quad 73 \quad 74 \quad 75 \quad 76 \quad 77 \quad 78 \quad 79 \quad 80 \quad 81 \quad 82 \quad 83 \quad 84 \quad 85 \quad 86 \quad 87 \quad 88
          89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100
4 The running time is: 1.41e-005 seconds
```

Code:

```
o //Heap Sort
```

```
|#include <iostream>
2 #include <windows.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <time.h>
  void randperm(int a[], int N){
       int i, j;
       \begin{array}{lll} \text{for } (i = 0; i < N; i + +) \{ \\ j = rand() \% (N - i) + i; \end{array}
           std::swap(a[i], a[j]);
12 }
   void max_heapify(int a[], int N, int i){
       int left , right , largest;
       left = 2*i + 1;
16
       right = 2*i + 2;
       if (left < N && a[left] > a[i]) {
            largest = left;
18
       else
20
       {
            largest = i;
       if (right < N && a[right] > a[largest]) {
24
           largest = right;
       if (largest != i){
           std::swap(a[i], a[largest]);
max_heapify(a, N, largest);
28
30
  void build_max_heap(int a[], int N){
32
       for (i = N/2 - 1; i >= 0; i--){
34
           max_heapify(a, N, i);
36
  void heap_sort(int a[], int N){
       build_max_heap(a, N);
       int i;
40
       for (i = N - 1; i >= 0; i--){
           std::swap(a[i], a[0]);
42
           \max_{a} (a, i, 0);
       }
44
  int main(){
46
       int i;
       int N = 100;
48
       int v[N];
       LARGE_INTEGER nFreq;
       LARGE_INTEGER nBeginTime;
       LARGE_INTEGER nEndTime;
       QueryPerformanceFrequency(&nFreq); // get the frequency of the counter
       double t;
54
       srand (time (NULL));
       for (i=0; i< N; i++){
           v[i] = i+1;
58
       randperm(v, N);
       std::cout << "Original array:" << std::endl;
60
       for (i=0; i<N; i++){
            std::cout << v[i] << '\t';
62
       std::cout << std::endl;
64
       QueryPerformanceCounter(&nBeginTime);
```

```
heap_sort(v, N);
QueryPerformanceCounter(&nEndTime);
t = (double)(nEndTime.QuadPart-nBeginTime.QuadPart)/(double)nFreq.QuadPart;
std::cout << "Sorted array:" << std::endl;
for (i=0; i<N; i++){
            std::cout << v[i] << '\t';
}
std::cout << std::endl;
std::cout << std::endl;
std::cout << std::endl;
std::cout << std::endl;
std::cout << "The running time is: " << t << " seconds" << std::endl;
return 0;</pre>
```

## Question 3 (Counting Sort)

#### Result:

```
Original array is:
20 18 5 7 16 10 9 3 12 14 0

Sorted array is:
0 3 5 7 9 10 12 14 16 18 20

The running time is: 5e-007 seconds
```

#### Code:

```
0 //Counting sort
  #include <iostream>
2 #include <windows.h>
  #include <algorithm>
  void counting_sort(int a[], int n){
      int k;
      k = *std :: max\_element(a, a + n);
      int i;
      int c[k+1];
      int b[n];
      for (i = 0; i \le k; i++)
          c[i] = 0;
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++){
14
          c[a[i]] = c[a[i]] + 1;
      for (i = 1; i \le k; i++){
          c[i] = c[i] + c[i-1];
18
      for (i = n-1; i >= 0; i--){
20
          b[c[a[i]] - 1] = a[i];
          c[a[i]] = c[a[i]] - 1;
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++){
          à[i] = b[i];
26
  int
      main(){
28
      LARGE_INTEGER nFreq;
      LARGE_INTEGER nBeginTime;
30
      LARGE_INTEGER nEndTime;
      QueryPerformanceFrequency(&nFreq); // get the frequency of the counter
32
      double t;
      int a[] = \{20,18,5,7,16,10,9,3,12,14,0\};
```

```
int n;
       n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
       int i:
        std::cout << "Original array is:" << std::endl;
38
        for (i = 0; i < sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]); i++){
            std::cout << a[i] << '\t';
40
       std::cout << std::endl;
42
        QueryPerformanceCounter(&nBeginTime);
        counting_sort(a, n);
44
        QueryPerformanceCounter(&nEndTime);
        t = (double) (nEndTime.QuadPart-nBeginTime.QuadPart)/(double) nFreq.QuadPart;
46
       std::cout << "Sorted array is:" << std::endl; \\ for (i = 0; i < sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]); i++) \{
            std::cout << a[i] << '\t';
        \operatorname{std}::\operatorname{cout}<<\operatorname{std}::\operatorname{endl};
        std::cout << "The running time is: " << t << " seconds" << std::endl;
52
```

## Question 4 (Radix Sort)

#### Result:

```
Original array is:
329 457 657 839 436 720 353
Sorted array is:
329 353 436 457 657 720 839
The running time is: 1.3e-006 seconds
```

#### Code:

```
//Radix Sort
  #include <iostream>
  #include <windows.h>
  #include <algorithm>
  void counting_sort_d(int a[], int n, int digit){
      int b[n];
      int c[10];
      int i;
      for (i = 0; i < 10; i++){
          c[i] = 0;
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++){
          c[a[i]/digit \% 10] = c[a[i]/digit \% 10] + 1;
      for (i = 1; i < 10; i++)
          c[i] = c[i] + c[i-1];
      for (i = n-1; i >= 0; i--)
          b[c[a[i]/digit \% 10]-1] = a[i];
          c[a[i]/digit \% 10] = c[a[i]/digit \% 10] - 1;
20
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
          a[i] = b[i];
24
26 void radix_sort(int a[], int n){
```

```
int digit;
       for (digit = 1; digit <= 100; digit = digit *10){
            counting_sort_d(a, n, digit);
30
32 int main() {
       LARGEINTEGER nFreq;
       LARGE_INTEGER nBeginTime;
34
       LARGE_INTEGER nEndTime;
       QueryPerformanceFrequency(&nFreq); // get the frequency of the counter
36
       int a[] = {329,457,657,839,436,720,353};
38
       int n;
       int i;
40
       n \, = \, \operatorname{\mathtt{sizeof}} \left( \, a \, \right) / \operatorname{\mathtt{sizeof}} \left( \, a \, [ \, 0 \, ] \, \right) \, ;
       std::cout << "Original array is:" << std::endl;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++){
            std::cout << a[i] << '\t';
44
       std::cout << std::endl;
46
       QueryPerformanceCounter(&nBeginTime);
       radix_sort(a, n);
48
       QueryPerformanceCounter(&nEndTime);
       t = (double) (nEndTime.QuadPart-nBeginTime.QuadPart)/(double)nFreq.QuadPart;
50
       std::cout << "Sorted array is:" << std::endl;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++){
52
            std::cout << a[i] << '\t';
54
       std::cout << std::endl;
56
       std::cout \ll "The running time is: " \ll t \ll " seconds" \ll std::endl;
```