More Target Independent LLVM Bitcode

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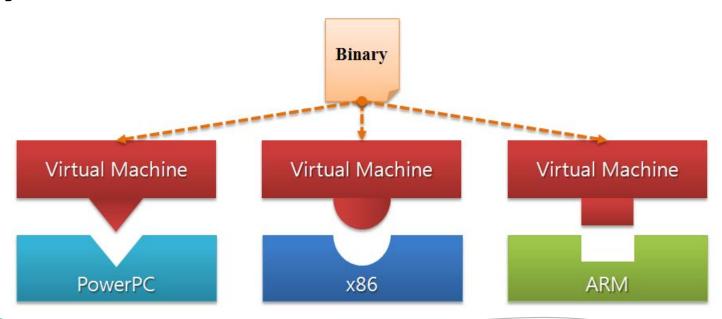
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- Motivation
- Target Dependent Properties
- New Compilation Strategy
- More Target Independent Bitcode
- Application



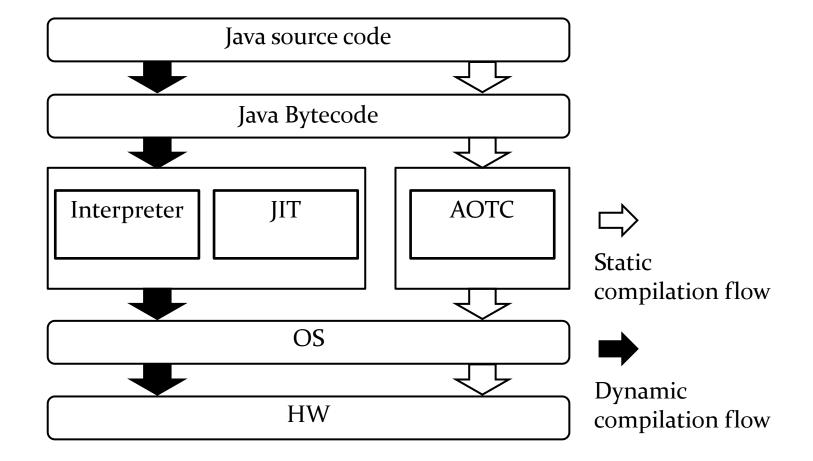
Motivation

- A compiled code can be executed identically on all of machines using virtual machine.
- Is it possibe to use LLVM Bitcode like Java Bytecode??





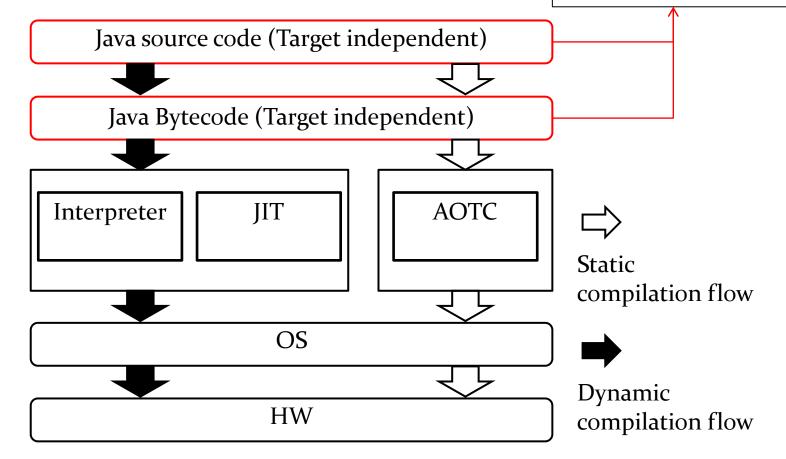
Java Compilation Flow





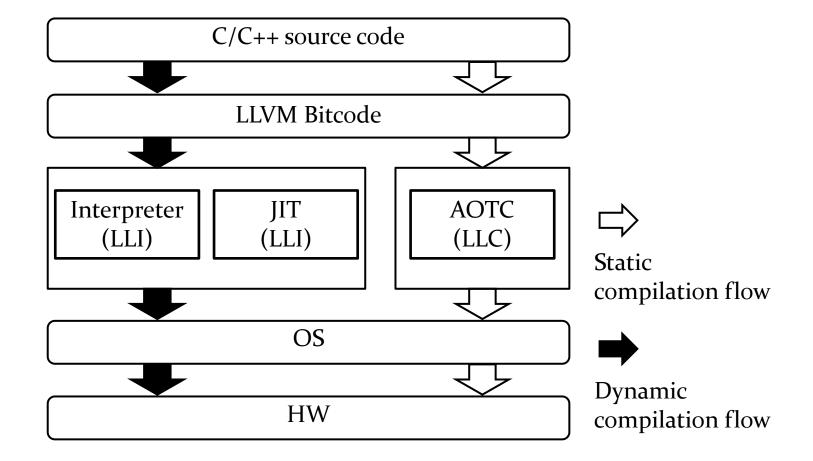
Java Compilation Flow

Java language is not affetcted by specific machine.
Java bytecode is same among machines.





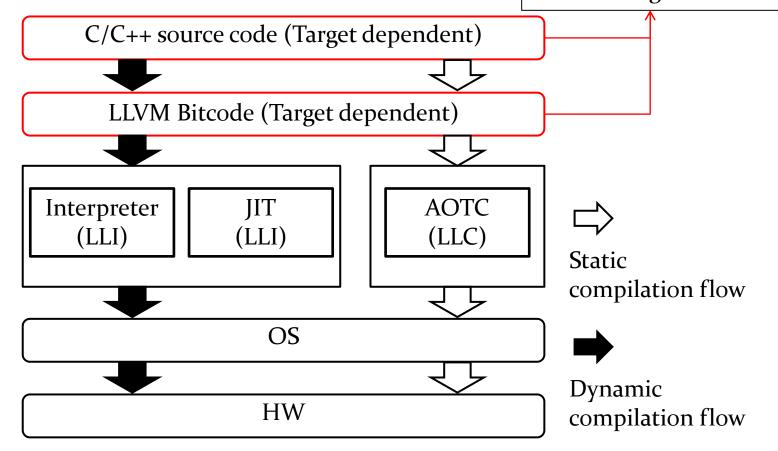
LLVM Compilation Flow





LLVM Compilation Flow

C/C++ language is affetcted by specific machine.
LLVM bitcode is not same among machines.





- LLVM frontend
 - LLVM frontend generates some target dependent bitcodes with common LLVM IR.
 - Function type
 - Sizeof() keyword
- LLVM IR
 - Bitcode does not support common IR in some cases.
 - Long double type
 - Struct type with bitfield
- Source language
 - Inline assembly
 - Target dependent source codes



- LLVM frontend
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Function Type

- Function Type
 - ABI compatibility

```
1 struct operands {
    int a;
    char b;
4 };
6 int add(struct operands ops) {
    return ops.a + ops.b;
8 }
10 int main(void) {
    int c;
    struct operands ops;
13
    ops.a = 1;
    ops.b = 2;
    c = add(ops);
16
    return 0;
```



Function Type

x86

```
28 define i32 @main() nounwind {
29 entry:
39 %retval = alloca i32
                                                   : <i32*> [#uses=2]
    %ops = alloca %struct.operands
                                                   : <%struct.operands*> [#uses=8]
    %c = alloca i32
                                                   ; <i32*> [#uses=1]
    %0 = alloca i32
                                                   ; <i32*> [#uses=2]
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32 0 to i32 ; ⟨i32⟩ [#uses=0]
    %1 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.operands* %ops, i32 0, i32 0; <i32*> [#uses=1]
    store i32 1, i32* %1, align
    %2 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.operands* %ops, i32 0, i32 1 ; <i8*> [#uses=1]
    store i8 2, i8* %2, align 4
    %3 = call i32 @add(%struct.operands* byval align 4 %ops) nounwind ; <i32> [#uses=1]
```

ARM

```
36 define arm aapcscc i32 @main() nounwind {
37 entry:
38 %retual = alloca i32
                                                     ; <i32*> [#uses=2]
    %ops = alloca %struct.operands
                                                     : <%struct.operands*> [#uses=3]
    %c = alloca i32
                                                     ; <i32*> [#uses=1]
    %0 = alloca i32
                                               ; <i32*> [#uses=2]
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32 0 to i32 ; ⟨i32⟩ [#uses=0]
    %1 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.operands* %ops, i32 0, i32 0; <i32*> [#uses=1]
    store i32 1, i32* %1, aliqn 4
    %2 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.operands* %ops, i32 0, i32 1; <i8*> [#uses=1]
    store i8 2, i8* %2, align 4
    %3 = bitcast %struct.operands* %ops to %0* ; <%0*> [#uses=1]
48
    %elt = getelementptr inbounds %0* %3, i32 0, i32 0; <[2 x i32]*> [#uses=2]
    %elt1 = getelementptr inbounds [2 x i32]* %elt, i32 0, i32 0; <i32*> [#uses=1]
                                                     ; <i32> [#uses=1]
    %val = load i32* %elt1
    %elt2 = getelementptr inbounds [2 x i32]* %elt, i32 0, i32 1 ; <i32*> [#uses=1]
                                        ; <i32> [#uses=1]
    %val3 = load i32* %elt2 ; <i32> [#uses=1]
%4 = call arm_aapcscc i32 @add(i32 %val, i32 %val3) nounwind ; <i32> [#uses=1]
```

Sizeof() keyword

```
1 int main(void) {
2   int a = sizeof(long double);
3
4   return 0;
5 }
```



```
3 target triple = "i386-pc-linux-gnu"
4
5 define i32 @main() nounwind {
6 entry:
7    %retval = alloca i32
8    %a = alloca i32
9    %0 = alloca i32
10    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32 0 to i32
11    store i32 12, i32* %a, align 4
12    store i32 0, i32* %0, align 4
13    %1 = load i32* %0, align 4
14    store i32 %1, i32* %retval, align 4
15    br label %return
```

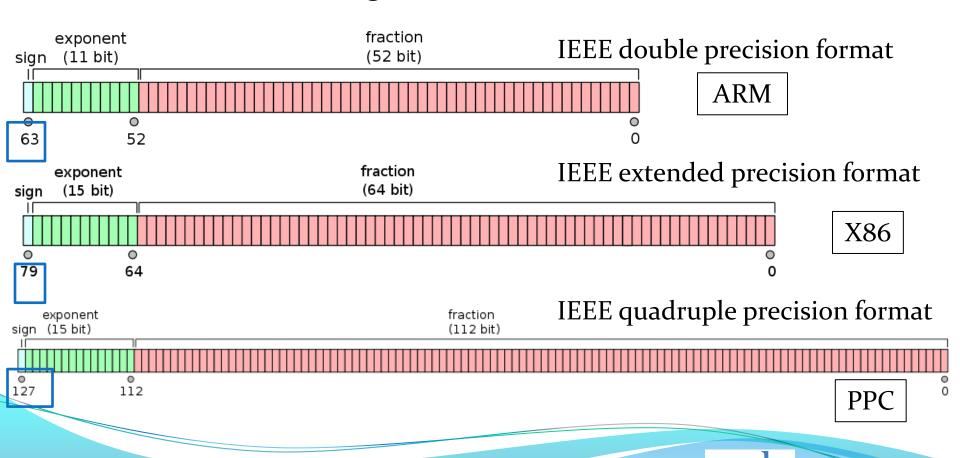
ARM

x86

- LLVM frontend
 - LLVM frontend generates some target dependent bitcodes with common LLVM IR.
 - Function type
 - Sizeof() keyword
- LLVM IR
 - LLVM does not support common IR in some cases.
 - Long double type
 - Struct type with bitfield
- Source language
 - Inline assembly
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- long double type
 - Various encoding formats



```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5    long double a = 3.14;
6    long double b = 2.2;
7    long double c;
8
9    c = a + b;
10
11    printf("c=%Lf\n", c);
12
13    return 0;
14 }
```

LLVM does not support common IR type for long double type.

```
%"alloca point" = bitcast i32 0 to i32
store x86_fp80 0xK4000C8F5C28F5C28F800, x86_fp80* %a, align 4
store x86_fp80 0xK40008CCCCCCCCCCCCD000, x86_fp80* %b, align 4
%1 = load x86_fp80* %a, align 4
%2 = load x86_fp80* %b, align 4
%3 = fadd x86_fp80 %1, %2 ;
```

LLVM Bitcode For X86

```
%"alloca point" = bitcast i32 0 to i32
store double 3.140000e+00, double* %a, align 8
store double 2.200000e+00, double* %b, align 8
%1 = load double* %a, align 8
%2 = load double* %b, align 8
%3 = fadd double %1, %2
```

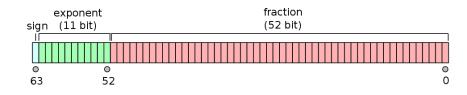
LLVM Bitcode for ARM



```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5    long double a = 3.14;
6    long double b = 2.2;
7    long double c;
8
9    c = a + b;
10
11    printf("c=%Lf\n", c);
12
13    return 0;
14 }
```

Application

Source for ARM IEEE_double format encoding variable "c" as parameter for printf function

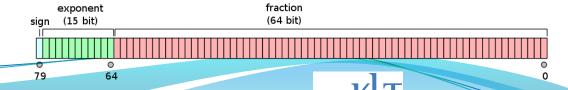




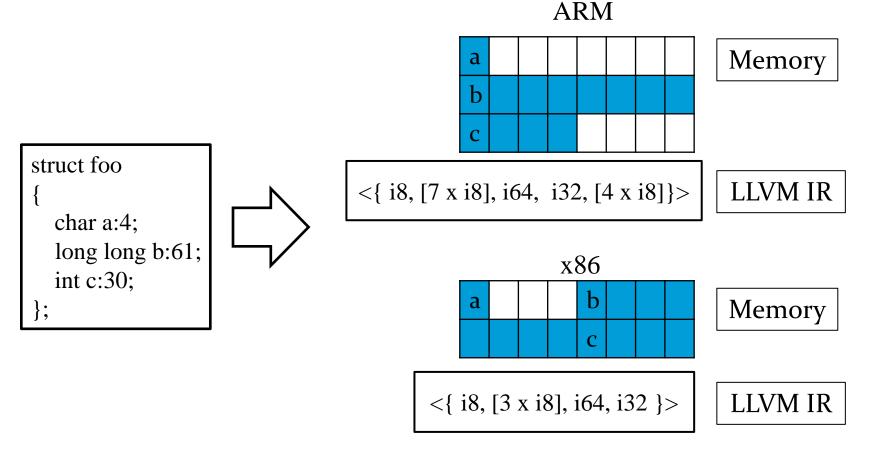
Library

System X86

Printf function waits X86_fp8o format encoding Variable for "%Lf" on X86 architecture

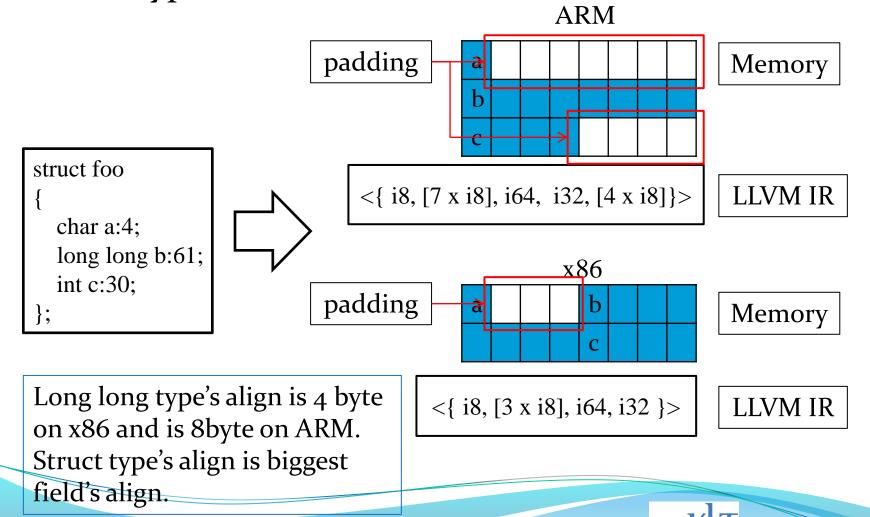


Strcut type with bitfield





Strcut type with bitfield

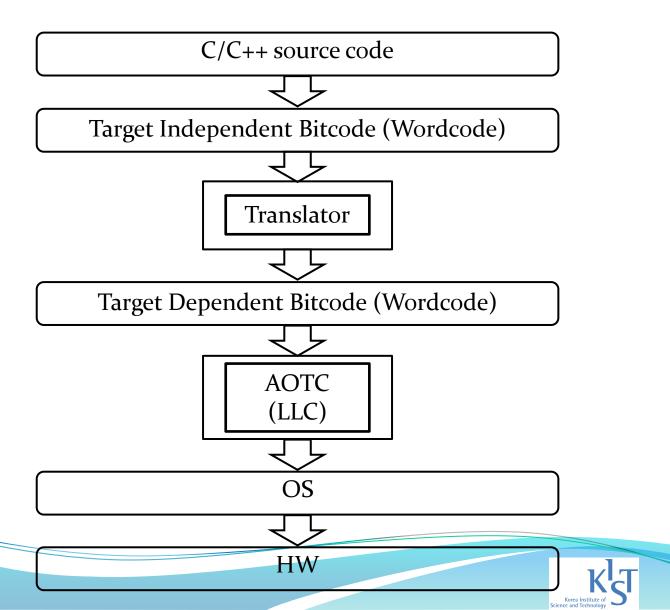


- LLVM frontend
 - LLVM frontend generates some target dependent bitcodes with common LLVM IR.
 - Function type → ABI compatibility
 - Sizeof() keyword
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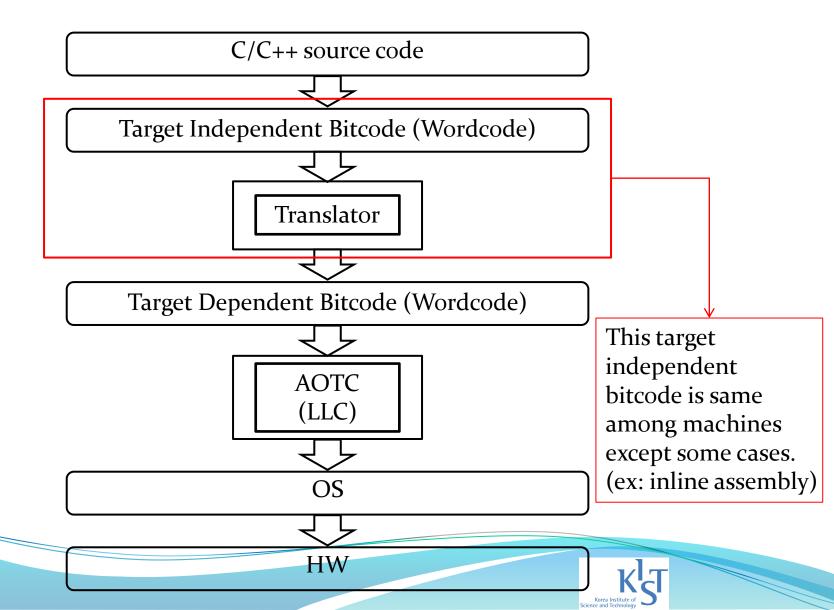




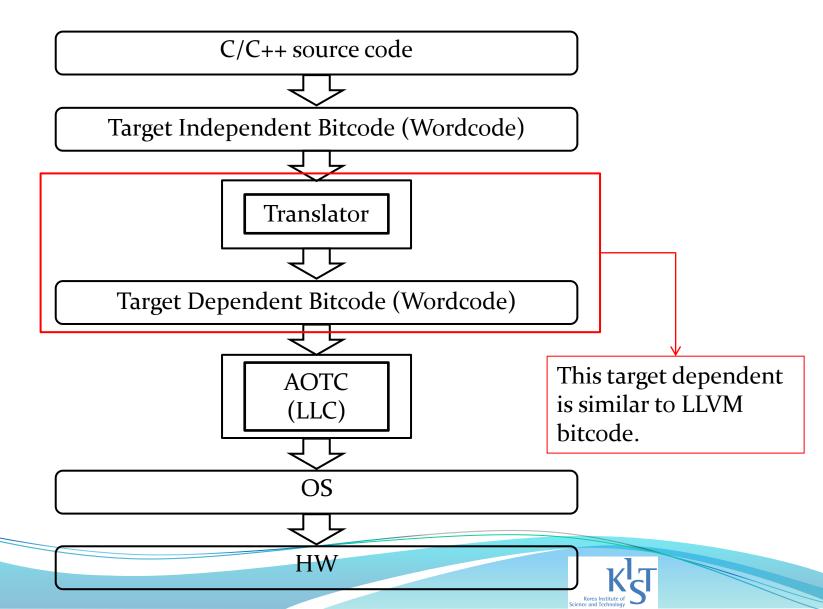
New Compilation Strategy



New Compilation Strategy



New Compilation Strategy



Wordcode

- Wordcode can be target dependent or target independent.
 - Target independent Wordcode
 - IntegerTypes with align information from source code
 - StructType with bitfield
 - Long double type
 - Etc...
 - Target dependent Wordcode
 - It is similar to LLVM bitcode.
- Wordcode is applied to almost passes on LLVM.



Wordcode

```
1 int main (void) {
2   char a;
3   short b;
4   int c;
5   long d;
6   long long e;
7   float f;
8   double g;
9
10   return 0;
11 }
```



Target independent Wordcode

```
; ModuleID = 'a.c'
2 target datalayout = "e-p:32:32
3 target triple = "ovm-none-linux"
5 define i32(int) @main() nounwind {
6 entry:
   %retval = alloca i32(int)
   %g = alloca double
   %f = alloca float
  %e = alloca i64(longlong)
  %d = alloca i32(long)
  %c = alloca i32(int)
   %b = alloca i16(short)
   %a = alloca i8(char)
   %0 = alloca i32(int)
   %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32()
   store i32(int) 0, i32(int)* %0, align 4
   %1 = load i32(int)* %0, aliqn 4
   store i32(int) %1, i32(int)* %retval, align
   br label %return
 return:
   %retval1 = load i32(int)* %retval
   ret i32(int) %retval1
```



Wordcode

Target independent Wordcode

```
1 ; ModuleID = 'a.c'
2 target datalayout = "e-p:32:32:32-
-v64:64:64-v128:128:128-a0:0:64-f
3 target triple = "ovm-none-linux"
5 define i32(int) @main() nounwind {
6 entru:
    %retval = alloca i32(int)
    %g = alloca double
    %f = alloca float
    %e = alloca i64(longlong)
    %d = alloca i32(long)
    %c = alloca i32(int)
    %b = alloca i16(short)
    %a = alloca i8(char)
    %8 = alloca i32(int)
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32()
    store i32(int) 0, i32(int)* %0, align 4
    %1 = load i32(int)* %0, aliqn
    store i32(int) %1, i32(int)* %retval, align
    br label %return
22 return:
    %retval1 = load i32(int)* %retval
    ret i32(int) %retual1
```

Target dependent Wordcode (ARM)

```
; ModuleID = 'a.mod.opt.arm.bc'
2 target datalayout = "e-p:32:32:32-i1:8:8-:
-v64:64:64-v128:128:128-a6:6:64"
3 target triple = "armv5-none-linux-gnueabi"
5 define i32() @main() nounwind {
6 entry:
    %retval = alloca i32()
    %g = alloca double
    %f = alloca float
    %e = alloca i64()
    %d = alloca i32()
    %c = alloca i32()
     %b = alloca i16()
    %a = alloca i8()
    %0 = alloca i32()
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32()
    store i32() 0, i32()* %0, align 4
    %1 = load i32()* %0, align 4
    store i32() %1, i32()* %retval, aliqn 4
    br label %return
22 return:
    %retval1 = load i32()* %retval
    ret i32() %retval1
```



Input

Long Double Type



Wordcode

Intermediate Representation

Target Independent

Target Dependent Wordcode

X86_fp8o

IEEE_double

IEEE_quad

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void) {
4   long double a = 3.14;
5   long double b = 2.2;
6   long double c;
7
8   c = a + b;
9
10   printf("c=%Lf\n", c);
11   return 0;
12 }
```



Target independent Wordcode

```
7 define i32(int) @main() nounwind {
8 entry:
   %retval = alloca i32(int)
                                             <i32(int)*> [#uses=2]
   %c = alloca long double
                                              <long double*> [#uses=2]
   %b = alloca long double
                                             ; <long double*> [#uses=2]
                                             < <li><long double*> [#uses=2]
   %a = alloca long double
   %0 = alloca i32(int)
                                             ; <i32(int)*> [#uses=<mark>2</mark>]
  %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32() ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
   %1 = load long double* %a, align 8
                                            ; <long double> [#uses=1]
   %2 = load long double* %b, align 8
                                             ; <long double> [#uses=1]
   %3 = fadd long double %1, %2
                                             ; <long double> [#uses=1]
   store long double %3, long double* %c, align 8
   %4 = load long double* %c, align 8
                                            ; <long double> [#uses=1]
   %5 = call i32(int) (i8(char)*, ...)* @printf(i8(char)* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([7 x i8(
 char)]* @.str, i32(int) 0, i32(int) 0), long double %4) nounwind ; <i32(int)> [#uses=0]
   store i32(int) 0, i32(int)* %0, align 4
   %6 = load i32(int)* %0, align 4
                                            ; <i32(int)> [#uses=1]
   store i32(int) %6, i32(int)* %retval, align 4
   br label %return
```



Target dependent Wordcode (x86)

```
7 define i32() @main() nounwind {
8 entru:
   %retval = alloca i32()
                                                    <i32()*> [#uses=2]
   %c = alloca x86 fp80
                                                     <x86 fp80*> [#uses=2]
   %b = alloca x86 fp80
                                                     <x86 fp80*> [#uses=2]
   %a = alloca x86 fp80
                                                     <x86 fp80*> [#uses=2]
   %0 = alloca i32()
                                                    <i32()*> [#uses=2]
   %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32() ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
   store x86 fp80 0xK4000C8F5C28F5C28F800, x86 fp80* %a, align 4
   store x86 fp80 0xK40008CCCCCCCCCCD000, x86 fp80* %b, align 4
   %1 = load x86 fp80* %a, align 4
                                                   ; <x86 fp80> [#uses=1]
   %2 = load x86 fp80* %b, align 4
                                                   ; <x86 fp80> [#uses=1]
   %3 = fadd x86 fp80 %1, %2
                                                   ; <x86 fp80> [#uses=1]
   store x86 fp80 %3, x86 fp80* %c, align 4
   %4 = load x86 fp80* %c, align
                                                   ; <x86 fp80> [#uses=1]
   %5 = call i32() (i8()*, ...)* @printf(i8()* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([7 x i8()]* @.str.
  i32() 8, i32() 8), x86 fp80 %4) nounwind : <i32()> [#uses=0]
```

Result

```
jaykang10:~/test$ ./b.org.x86
c=5.340000
jaykang10:~/test$ ./b.mod.opt.x86
c=5.340000
```



Target dependent Wordcode (ARM)

```
7 define i32() @main() nounwind {
8 entry:
   %retval = alloca i32()
                                                     ; <i32()*> [#uses=2]
   %c = alloca double
                                                      <double*> [#uses=2]
   %b = alloca double
                                                      <double*> [#uses=2]
   %a = alloca double
                                                     ; <double*> [#uses=2]
   %0 = alloca i32()
                                                     ; <i32()*> [#uses=2]
   %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32()
                                                     ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
   store double 3.140000e+00, double* %a, align 8
   store double 2.200000e+80, double* %b, align 8
   %1 = load double* %a, align 8
                                                     ; <double> [#uses=1]
   %2 = load double* %b, align 8
                                                      <double> [#uses=1]
   %3 = fadd double %1, %2
                                                     ; <double> [#uses=1]
   store double %3, double* %c, align 8
   %4 = load double* %c, align 8
                                                     ; <double> [#uses=1]
   %5 = call i32() (i8()*, ...)* Qprintf(i8()* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([7 x i8()]* Q.str,
  i32() 0, i32() 0), double %4) nounwind ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
```

Result

```
[sbox-FREMANTLE_ARMEL: ~] > ./b.org.arm
c=5.340000
[sbox-FREMANTLE_ARMEL: ~] > ./b.mod.opt.arm
c=5.340000
```



11 int main(void) {

return 0;

printf("var.c = %d\n", var.c);

Target Target Dependent Independent Input Wordcode Wordcode **ARM** struct foo <{ i8, [7 x i8], i64, i32, [4 x i8]}> char a:4; { i4(char), i61(longlong), i30(int) } long long b:61; x86 int c:30; <{ i8, [3 x i8], i64, i32 }> #include <stdio.h> 3 struct foo { 4 char a:4; 5 long long b:61; 6 int c:30; 7 }; 9 struct foo var = {1, 2, 3};

Target independent Wordcode

```
1 : ModuleID = 'c.c'
2 target datalayout = "e-p:32:32:32-i1:8:8-i8:8:8-i16:16:16-i32:32:32-i64:64:64-f32:32:32-f64:64
3 target triple = "ovm-none-linux"
5 %struct.foo = type { i4(char), i61(longlong), i30(int) }
7 @var = qlobal %struct.foo { i4(char) 1, i61(longlong) 2, i30(int) 3 } ; <%struct.foo*> [#uses=1]
8 @.str = private constant [12 x i8(char)] [i8(char) 118, i8(char) 97, i8(char) 114, i8(char) 46, i
  8(char) 99, i8(char) 32, i8(char) 61, i8(char) 32, i8(char) 37, i8(char) 100, i8(char) 10, i8(char)
  r) 0], align 1 ; <[12 x i8(char)]*> [#uses=1]
10 define i32(int) @main() nounwind {
11 entry:
   %retval = alloca i32(int)
                                                     ; <i32(int)*> [#uses=1]
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32() ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
    % = ovmresolving load i30(int)* getelementptr inbounds (%struct.foo* @var, i32() 0,
  align 8 ; <i30(int)> [#uses=1]
15 %1 = sext i30(int) %0 to i32(int)
                                                    : <i32(int)> [#uses=1]
    %2 = call i32(int) (i8(char)*, ...)* @printf(i8(char)* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([12 x i8
  (char)]* @.str, i32(int) 0, i32(int) 0), i32(int) %1) nounwind ; <i32(int)> [#uses=0]
    br label %return
19 return:
                                                     ; preds = %entry
    %retval1 = load i32(int)* %retval
                                                     ; <i32(int)> [#uses=1]
    ret i32(int) %retval1
```



Target dependent Wordcode (x86)

```
3 target triple = "i386-pc-linux-gnu"
5 %8 = type { i8(), i8(),
   8(), i8() \}
 6 %struct.foo = type <{ i8(), [3 x i8()], i64(), i32() }>
8 @var = qlobal %0 { i8() 1, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 2, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8()
   , i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 3, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0 } ; <%0*> [#uses=1]
9 @.str = private constant [12 x i8()] c"var.c = %d \sim 00, align 1; <[12 x i8()]*> [#uses=1]
11 define i32() @main() nounwind {
12 entry:
    %retual = alloca i32()
                                                     ; <i32()*> [#uses=1]
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32() ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
    %0 = load i32()* getelementptr inbounds (%struct.foo* bitcast (%0* @var to %struct.foo*), i32()
    0, i32() 3), align 1 ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %1 = sh1 i32() %0, 2
                                                      : <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %2 = ashr i32() %1,
                                                      ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %3 = trunc i32() %2 to i30()
                                                      ; <i30()> [#uses=1]
   %4 = sext i30() %3 to i32()
                                                     ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
20 %5 = call i32() (i8()*, ...)* @printf(i8()* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([12 x i8()]* @.str.
   i32() 8. i32() 8). i32() %4) nounwind : <i32()> [#uses=6]
```

Result

```
jaykang10:~/test$ ./c.org.x86
var.c = 3
jaykang10:~/test$ ./c.mod.opt.x86
var.c = 3
```



Target dependent Wordcode (ARM)

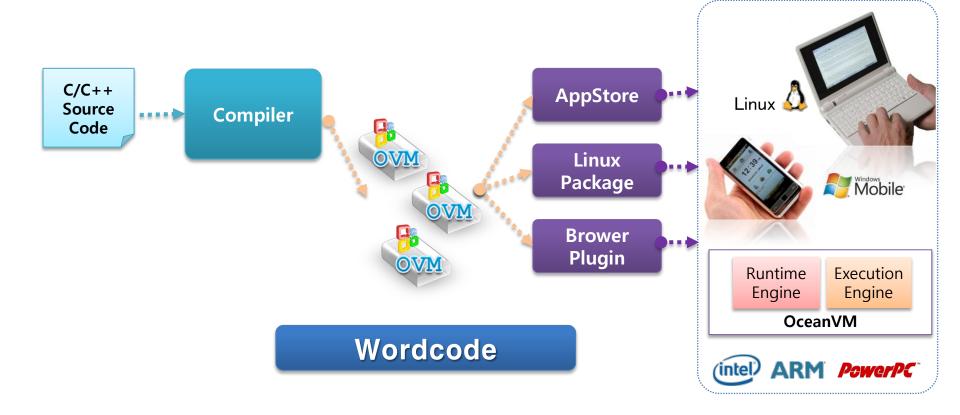
```
3 target triple = "armv5-none-linux-qnueabi
5 %0 = type { i8(), i8(),
  8(), i8(), i8(), i8(), i8(), i8(), [4 \times i8()] 
6 %struct.foo = type <{ i8(), [7 x i8()], i64(), i32(), [4 x i8()] }>
8 @var = qlobal %8 { i8() 1, i8() 0, i8() 2, i8()
  , i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 3, i8() 0, i8() 0, i8() 0, [4 x i8()] zero
  initializer } ; <%0*> [#uses=1]
9 @.str = private constant [12 x i8()] c"var.c = %d\0A\00", align 1 ; <[12 x i8()]*> [#uses=1]
12 entry:
    %retual = alloca i32()
                                         ; <i32()*> [#uses=1]
    %"alloca point" = bitcast i32() 0 to i32() ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
    %8 = load i32()* getelementptr inbounds (%struct.foo* bitcast (%8* @var to %struct.foo*), i32()
    8, i32() 3), align 1 ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %1 = sh1 i32() %0. 2
                                                   : <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %2 = ashr i32() %1, 2
                                                   ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %3 = trunc i32() %2 to i30()
                                                   : <i30()> [#uses=1]
    %4 = sext i30() %3 to i32()
                                                  ; <i32()> [#uses=1]
    %5 = call i32() (i8()*, ...)* Qprintf(i8()* noalias getelementptr inbounds ([12 x i8()]* Q.str,
   i32() 0, i32() 0), i32() %4) nounwind ; <i32()> [#uses=0]
```

Result

```
[sbox-FREMANTLE_ARMEL: ~] > ./c.org.arm
var.c = 3
[sbox-FREMANTLE_ARMEL: ~] > ./c.mod.opt.arm
var.c = 3
```



Application





Happy Hacking!

