

## Segundo Parcial

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①  $2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 1$

$5x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 = -4$

$3x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 5$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & 2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 - \frac{5}{2} \cdot 2 & 2 - \frac{5}{2} \cdot 1 & 2 - \frac{5}{2} \cdot (-1) & -4 - (\frac{5}{2})(1) \\ 3 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2 & 1 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 1 & 1 - \frac{3}{2} \cdot (-1) & 5 - \frac{3}{2}(1) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & -\frac{13}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & -\frac{13}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} - (\frac{1}{2}) \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) & \frac{5}{2} - \frac{9}{2} & \frac{7}{2} + \frac{13}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & -\frac{13}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$x_3 = \frac{10}{-2} = -5$

$x_2 = \frac{-\frac{13}{2} - \frac{9}{2}(-5)}{-\frac{1}{2}} = -32$

$x_1 = \frac{1 + 1 \cdot (-5) - 1 \cdot (-32)}{2} = 14$

$x_1 = 14$

$x_2 = -32$

$x_3 = -5$



②

x	1	2	5	6
f(x)	4,75	4	19,75	36

$$x = 3,5$$

i	$x_i$	$f(x_i)$	Primera	Segunda	Tercera
0	1	4,75	$-3/4$	$3/2$	$1/4$
1	2	4	$2 1/4$	$1 1/4$	
2	5	19,75	$6 3/4$		
3	6	36			

Primera  $f(x_i, x_j) = \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_j)}{x_i - x_j}$

Segunda  $f(x_i, x_j, x_k) = \frac{f(x_i, x_j) - f(x_j, x_k)}{x_i - x_k}$

Tercera  $f(x_i, x_j, x_k, x_l) = \frac{f(x_i, x_j, x_k) - f(x_j, x_k, x_l)}{x_i - x_l}$

$$f_4(x) = 4,75 + (-3/4)(x-1) + 3/2(x-1)(x-2) + 1/4(x-1) \cdot (x-2)(x-5)$$

$$f_4(3,5) = \frac{227}{32} = 7,09375$$

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