

Week 10

Ex1 Strongly singular integrals

In this exercise, we try to weaken the Hörmander condition in C-3, ~~thereby~~ at the sacrifice that we should strengthen the conditions on the Fourier transform.

(1) let $\phi \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$ be a function that vanishes near the origin and is identically equal one outside a compact set. For $0 < a < 1$, $b > 0$, define

$$T_{a,b} f = K_{a,b} * f$$

where

$$\widehat{K_{a,b}}(\xi) = \phi(\xi) \frac{e^{i|\xi|^a}}{|\xi|^b}.$$

Show that

$$(a) \quad |\widehat{K_{a,b}}(\xi)| \leq \frac{A}{(1+|\xi|)^b}$$

for some constant $A > 0$;

$$(b) \quad |K_{a,b}(x)| \approx \frac{B}{|x|^{n+\delta}}, \quad \delta = \frac{n a}{1-a} = b$$

for x close to the origin.

(c) show that the kernel $K_{a,b}(x)$ does not satisfy the gradient condition

(2) by admitting thm A the operator $T_{a,b}$ is bounded on L^p if

$$(*) \quad \left| \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{p} \right| < \frac{(b/n) \cdot (n/2 + \delta)}{b + \delta}, \quad \delta = \frac{nq - b}{1 - q}$$

and is unbounded if the reverse inequality holds.
show that the Hörmander condition fails so
Rold as well.

(3) Admitting thm B: let K be a tempered distribution on \mathbb{R}^n with compact support which coincides with a locally integrable function away from the origin. Suppose there exists $\theta \in (0, 1)$ s.t.

$$|K(\xi)| \leq \frac{A}{(1 + |\xi|)^{n\theta/2}}, \quad \xi \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$\int_{|x| > 2|y|} |K(x-y) - K(x)| dx \leq B, \quad |y| \leq 1$$

then the operator $Tf = K * f$ is bounded on L^p , $1 < p < \infty$, and is weak(1,1).

show that the operator $T_{a,b}$ is bounded on L^p for p satisfying

$$\left| \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{p} \right| \leq \frac{b/n \cdot (n/2 + \delta)}{b + \delta}, \quad \delta = \frac{nq - b}{1 - q}$$