

Weizhe Guo
ECE 310
PS 5.

1. a)
$$F\{G(\vec{k}, \omega)\} = \int_{\vec{r} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} g(\vec{r}, n) e^{-j(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} + \omega n)} d\vec{r}$$

IFT:
$$g(\vec{r}, n) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} G(\vec{k}, \omega) e^{j(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} + \omega n)} d\vec{k} d\omega.$$

b)
$$\int_{\vec{r} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \cancel{g(\vec{r}, n) h^*(\vec{r}, n)} d\vec{r} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} G(\vec{k}, \omega) H^*(\vec{k}, \omega) d\vec{k} d\omega$$

$$g(\vec{r}, n) h^*(\vec{r}, n).$$

c)
$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} G(\vec{k}', \omega') H(\vec{k} - \vec{k}', \omega - \omega') d\vec{k} d\omega' = G(\vec{k}, \omega) * H(\vec{k}, \omega)$$

d)
$$F^{-1}\{U * V\} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}' \in \mathbb{R}^2} U(\vec{k}', \omega') V(\vec{k} - \vec{k}', \omega - \omega') d\vec{k}' d\omega' \right) e^{j(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} + \omega n)} d\vec{k} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \cdot \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}' \in \mathbb{R}^2} U(\vec{k}', \omega') e^{j(\vec{k}' \cdot \vec{r} + \omega' n)} V(\vec{k} - \vec{k}', \omega - \omega') e^{j(\vec{k} - \vec{k}') \cdot \vec{r} + (\omega - \omega') n} d\vec{k}' d\omega' d\vec{k} d\omega$$

Let $\vec{k}'' = \vec{k} - \vec{k}'$, $\omega'' = \omega - \omega'$,

$$\Rightarrow F^{-1}\{U * V\} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}' \in \mathbb{R}^2} U(\vec{k}', \omega') e^{j(\vec{k}' \cdot \vec{r} + \omega' n)} d\vec{k}' d\omega' \right) \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}'' \in \mathbb{R}^2} V(\vec{k}'', \omega'') e^{j(\vec{k}'' \cdot \vec{r} + \omega'' n)} d\vec{k}'' d\omega'' \right) d\vec{k} d\omega$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}' \in \mathbb{R}^2} U(\vec{k}', \omega') e^{j(\vec{k}' \cdot \vec{r} + \omega' n)} d\vec{k}' d\omega' \right)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{\vec{k}'' \in \mathbb{R}^2} V(\vec{k}'', \omega'') e^{j(\vec{k}'' \cdot \vec{r} + \omega'' n)} d\vec{k}'' d\omega'' \right)$$

$$= U(\vec{r}, n) \cdot V(\vec{r}, n) = U \cdot V$$

e)
$$\int_{\vec{r} \in \mathbb{R}^2} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} |h(\vec{r}, n)| d\vec{r} < \infty$$

$$2. h = \frac{1}{6}(-20\delta[x, y] + 1\delta[x+1, y+1] + 4\delta[x, y+1] + 1\delta[x-1, y+1] \\ + 4\delta[x+1, y] + 4\delta[x-1, y] + 1\delta[x+1, y-1] + 4\delta[x, y-1] \\ + 1\delta[x-1, y-1]).$$

$$H(z_1, z_2) = \frac{1}{6}(-20 + 1z_1^{-1}z_2^{-1} + 4z_2^{-1} + 1z_1z_2^{-1} + 4z_1^{-1} + 4z_1 + 1z_1^{-1}z_2 + 4z_2 \\ + 1z_1z_2)$$

$$H(w_1, w_2) = \frac{1}{6}(-20 + 4(z_1 + z_1^{-1}) + 4(z_2 + z_2^{-1}) + (z_1z_2 + z_1z_2^{-1}) + (z_1^{-1}z_2 + z_1z_2)) \\ = \frac{1}{6}(-20 + 8\cos(w_1) + 8\cos(w_2) + 2\cos(w_1 + w_2) + 2\cos(w_1 - w_2))$$

~~Handwritten scribbles and crossed-out text.~~