lab-07-simpsons.Rmd

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Packages

```
library(tidyverse)
library(mosaicData)
```

Exercises

1.

?Whickham

Your answer: The data is observational as the description states that is based on age, smoking, and mortality, which are all observable events and not produced via experiments.

2.

nrow(Whickham)

```
## [1] 1314
```

Your answer; There are,1,314 observation. as we Know every row is an observation

3.

names (Whickham)

```
## [1] "outcome" "smoker" "age"
```

Your answer: There are 3 variable ,"out come" ,"smoker",and "age"

unique(Whickham\$outcome)

```
## [1] Alive Dead
## Levels: Alive Dead
unique(Whickham$smoker)
```

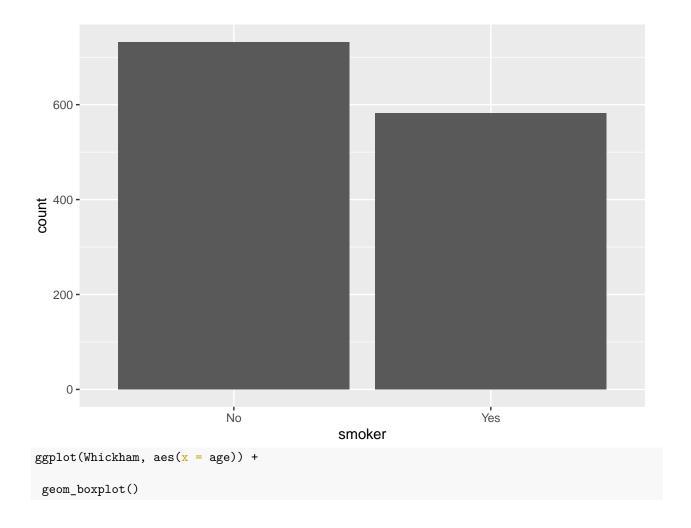
[1] Yes No ## Levels: No Yes

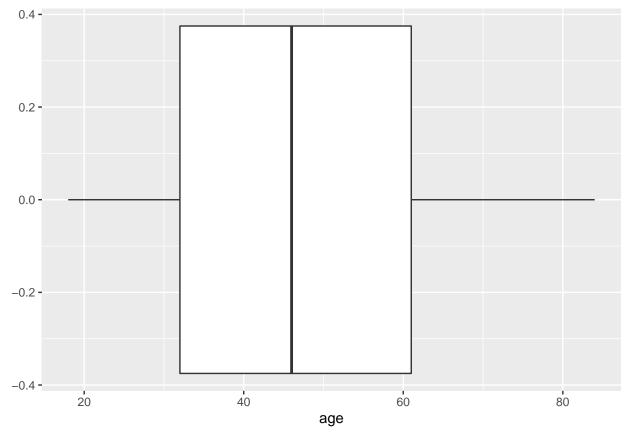
unique(Whickham\$age)

```
## [1] 23 18 71 67 64 38 45 76 28 27 34 20 72 48 66 30 33 68 61 43 47 22 39 80 59 ## [26] 56 62 51 32 60 37 36 50 55 73 52 25 53 31 54 69 79 75 21 29 24 26 49 84 40 ## [51] 44 74 46 35 77 57 42 81 19 63 78 83 82 70 58 41 65
```

Your answer: Using the unique() function on the 3 variables we could see that "outcome" only takes Alive or Dead value, which makes it categorical non-ordinal. "smoker" only takes Yes or No, which also makes it categorical non-ordinal. Age is numerical continous data

```
ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = outcome)) +
 geom_bar()
  750 -
500 -
  250 -
                                                                Dead
                           Alive
                                           outcome
ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = smoker)) +
 geom_bar()
```





4.

Knit, commit, and push to github.

5.

Whickham %>% count(smoker, outcome)

```
##
     smoker outcome
## 1
         No
              Alive 502
## 2
         No
               Dead 230
## 3
              Alive 443
        Yes
## 4
        Yes
               Dead 139
  6.
  7.
```

Knit, commit, and push to github.