## **VE475**

# Introduction to Cryptography

## Homework 2

Manuel — UM-JI (Summer 2021)

#### Non-programming exercises:

- Write in a neat and legible handwriting, or use LATEX
- Clearly explain the reasoning process
- Write in a complete style (subject, verb and object)

#### Progamming exercises:

- Write a README file for each program
- Upload an archive with all the programs onto Canvas

## **Ex. 1** — Simple questions

- 1. Find the inverse of 17 modulo 101
- 2. Find all the solutions to  $12x \equiv 28 \mod 236$ .
- 3. Given a plaintext m modulo 31, its corresponding ciphertext is  $c = m^7 \mod 31$ . Explain how to decrypt the message.
- 4. Factor 4883 and 4369 into a product of primes.
- 5. Find all the primes p such that  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  mod p is not invertible.
- 6. Let p be a prime and a and b be two integers such that  $ab \equiv 0 \mod p$ . Show that at least one of a and b is congruent to  $0 \mod p$ .
- 7. Compute 2<sup>2017</sup> modulo 5, 13, and 31. What is 2<sup>2017</sup> mod 2015?

### **Ex. 2** — Rabin cryptosystem

- 1. Research and explain how the Rabin cryptosystem works.
- 2. To implement decryption for the Rabin cryptosystem on decides to build a machine that does the following. When the device is given a number x, it computes the square root of  $x \mod n$ . Since there usually are more than one, it chooses one at random. If one get a meaningful message he assumes this is the correct result and otherwise input x again.
  - a) Explain why a meaningful message can be expected fairly soon
  - b) If Eve intercepts x, can she easily determine the original message?
  - c) Eve has stolen the device and plans to run some attacks on it. What type of attack should she run to recover the factorization of n. Explain the process.

*Note:* the computation of square roots mod n will be covered later, so there is no need to detail this part.

## **Ex. 3** — *CRT*

A group prepares for a parade. If they arrange in rows of three, one person is left over. If they line up four to a row, two are left over and if they try rows of five, three are left over. What are the two smallest possible number of people in the group?