Lab 1-1 Exercise - R Basic Commands

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Please input your student name and No. below.

Student Name:

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- Q1. Let x be defined as follow.
- a. Add 3 to just the even-index elements.
- b. Compute the square root of each element.

```
x \leftarrow c(11,10,5,9,14,12,18,2,17,9,1,7,1,15,16,7,16,12,13,3,8,3,11,1,5,7,7,10,6,10,17,13,1,2,17,1,15,8,12,3,6,15,10,3,10,12,19,17,15,12,18,17,1,13,5,9,18,2,20,16,15,7,9,12,12,5,5,7,7,9,17,7,15,11,10,12,19,8,13,3,7,14,13,18,1,11,18,1,12,18,5,12,5,10,3,6,11,12,1,3)
```

```
# Write your code here
# a
x_3 <- 1:length(x)
x_3 <- x[seq(2,length(x),2)] + 3
print(x_3)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 13 12 15 5 12 10 18 10 15 6 6 4 10 13 13 16 5 4 11 6 18 6 15 20 15 ## [26] 20 16 12 5 19 10 15 8 10 12 10 14 15 11 6 17 21 14 4 21 15 13 9 15 6
```

```
# b
x_sqrt <- 1:length(x)
x_sqrt <- sqrt(x)
print(x_sqrt)</pre>
```

```
##
     [1] 3.316625 3.162278 2.236068 3.000000 3.741657 3.464102 4.242641 1.414214
##
     [9] 4.123106 3.000000 1.000000 2.645751 1.000000 3.872983 4.000000 2.645751
    [17] 4.000000 3.464102 3.605551 1.732051 2.828427 1.732051 3.316625 1.000000
##
##
    [25] 2.236068 2.645751 2.645751 3.162278 2.449490 3.162278 4.123106 3.605551
##
    [33] 1.000000 1.414214 4.123106 1.000000 3.872983 2.828427 3.464102 1.732051
##
    [41] 2.449490 3.872983 3.162278 1.732051 3.162278 3.464102 4.358899 4.123106
##
    [49] 3.872983 3.464102 4.242641 4.123106 1.000000 3.605551 2.236068 3.000000
##
    [57] 4.242641 1.414214 4.472136 4.000000 3.872983 2.645751 3.000000 3.464102
##
    [65] 3.464102 2.236068 2.236068 2.645751 2.645751 3.000000 4.123106 2.645751
##
    [73] 3.872983 3.316625 3.162278 3.464102 4.358899 2.828427 3.605551 1.732051
    [81] 2.645751 3.741657 3.605551 4.242641 1.000000 3.316625 4.242641 1.000000
##
    [89] 3.464102 4.242641 2.236068 3.464102 2.236068 3.162278 1.732051 2.449490
##
    [97] 3.316625 3.464102 1.000000 1.732051
```

Q2. Given $x = [3 \ 15 \ 9 \ 12 \ -1 \ -12 \ 9 \ 6 \ 1]$, provide the command that will

- a) set the values of x that are positive to zero
- b) set values that are multiples of 3 to 3

c) multiply the values of x that are even by 5

[1]

print(x_multi)

- d) extract the values of x that are greater than 10 into a vector called y
- e) Find the index position of elements in x which are larger than 4

0 -1 -12

```
# Write your code here
x <- c(3,15,9,12,-1,-12,9,6,1)
# a
x_pos <- 1:length(x)
x_pos <- x
x_pos[x_pos > 0] <- 0
print(x_pos)</pre>
```

```
# b
x_multi <- 1:length(x)
x_multi <- x
x multi[x multi%%3 == 0] <- 3</pre>
```

```
## [1] 3 3 3 3 -1 3 3 3 1
```

```
# c
x_even <- 1:length(x)
x_even <- x
x_even[x_even%%2 == 0] <- 5 * x_even[x_even%%2==0]
print(x_even)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 3 15 9 60 -1 -60 9 30 1
```

```
# d
y <- 1:length(x)
y <- x[x>10]
y
```

```
## [1] 15 12
```

```
# e
x_ind <- 1:length(x)
x_ind <- which(x > 4)
x_ind
```

```
## [1] 2 3 4 7 8
```

Q3. Given the following list, please answer the questions below.

```
# Create a list containing a vector, a matrix and a list.
list_data <- list(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar"), matrix(c(3, 9, 5, 1, -2, 8), nrow = 2), list("green",
12.3))
# Give names to the elements in the list.
names(list_data) <- c("1st Quarter", "A_Matrix", "An Inner list")</pre>
```

- a. Access the first element of the list using position.
- b. Access the last element of the list using name.
- c. Add element "New element" at the end of the list.
- d. Remove the last element.

```
# Write your code here
# a
list_data[1]
```

```
## $`lst Quarter`
## [1] "Jan" "Feb" "Mar"
```

```
# Write your code here
# b
list_data["An Inner list"]
```

```
## $`An Inner list`
## $`An Inner list`[[1]]
## [1] "green"
##
## $`An Inner list`[[2]]
## [1] 12.3
```

```
# Write your code here
# c
list_data_new <- list_data
list_data_new[4] = "New element"
list_data_new</pre>
```

```
## $`1st Quarter`
## [1] "Jan" "Feb" "Mar"
## $A Matrix
      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]
         3 5 -2
## [2,]
         9
            1
## $ An Inner list
## $ An Inner list [[1]]
## [1] "green"
##
## $ An Inner list [[2]]
## [1] 12.3
##
##
## [[4]]
## [1] "New element"
```

```
# Write your code here
# d
list_data_rm <- list_data
list_data_rm[3] = NULL
list_data_rm</pre>
```

```
## $\ 1st Quarter\
## [1] "Jan" "Feb" "Mar"
##
## $A_Matrix
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 3 5 -2
## [2,] 9 1 8
```

Q4. Given the matrix A as following

```
a <- c(2,4,1,6,7,2,3,5,9)
A <- matrix(a, nrow=3, ncol=3, byrow=T)
A
```

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 2 4 1
## [2,] 6 7 2
## [3,] 3 5 9
```

provide the commands needed to

- a) assign the last 2 rows of A to a matrix called y
- b) compute the sum over the columns of A
- c) compute the sum over the rows of A

Hint: you can use function apply

```
# Write your code here
# a
y <- A[2:3,]
y</pre>
```

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 6 7 2
## [2,] 3 5 9
```

```
# Write your code here
# b
col_sum <- apply(A, 2, sum)
col_sum</pre>
```

```
## [1] 11 16 12
```

```
# Write your code here
# c
row_sum <- apply(A, 1, sum)
row_sum</pre>
```