



SECDED Templates

For 8/4, 16/11, 32/26 bit cases of code/data.



Python program for coding



SECODED, 8 bit code, 4 bit data A

Orig Data				Code						
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Calc	 
Parity Bitmask	D4	D3	D2	P4	D1	P2	P1	P0	P's	
P0 FF				.				?		
P1 AA							?			
P2 CC						?				
P4 F0				?						
Correct Bit(s)										
Correct Data				Code						

SECEDED, 16 bit code, 11 bit data C

Orig Data						Code												
Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Calc	 
Parity Bitmask	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	P8	D4	D3	D2	P4	D1	P2	P1	P0	P's	
P0 FFFF																		
P1 AAAA																		
P2 CCCC																		
P4 F0F0																		
P8 FF00																		
Correct Bit(s)																		
Correct Data						Code												

SECODED 32 bit code, 26 bit data D

Orig Data																	Code																	Calc
Bit Pos'n					28				24				20				16				12				8				4		P2	P1	P0	P's
Data + Parity	P0																															?		
AAAAAAAA	P1																															?		
CCCCCCC	P2																															?		
F0F0F0F0	P4																															?		
FF00FF00	P8																															?		
FFFF0000	P16																															?		
Correct Bit(s)																																		
Correct Data																	Code																	

SECDED program in Python

```
def SECDED_correct(N, debug=0):
    # returns N if correct(ed), or 0xFFFF if uncorrectable

    mask = [0xFFFFFFFF, 0xAAAAAAAA, 0xCCCCCCCC, 0xF0F0F0E0, 0xFF00FE00]
    pPos = [0, 1, 2, 4, 8]
    pCalc = [0,0,0,0,0]
    pStored = [0,0,0,0,0]
    bittocorrect = 0

    for i in range(5):
        pCalc[i] = (countlbits(N & mask[i]) & 31)
        pStored[i] = 1 if (N & (1 << pPos[i])) > 0 else 0
        if (i > 0 and (1&pCalc[i]) != pStored[i]): # found an error
            bittocorrect += pPos[i]
        if (debug & 1):
            print(i, bittocorrect, pPos[i], pCalc[i], pStored[i])
    error_detected = (bittocorrect > 0)
    can_correct = (error_detected and (1 & pCalc[0] != pStored[0]))
    newN = N ^ (1 << bittocorrect) # Flip the erroneous bit
    if (debug & 2):
        print("N ", error_detected, can_correct, hex(N), hex(newN))
    if (error_detected):
        if (can_correct):
            return(newN) # bit position of error
        else:
            return(-1) # -1 is never a valid code
    else:
        return(N) # corrected or unchanged value
```

```
def countlbits):
    count = 0
    while n:
        n &= n-1
        count += 1
    return cnt
```