

CSC 309

The Big Picture



- Client sends HTTP request to server
- How?



- Client sends HTTP request to server
- How?
 - Ajax call (button click or other event)
 - Type in a URL in browser
 - Curl/Postman
 - Link
 - Form submit



Server

- What is the server?



Server

- What is the server?
 - A running process listening for TCP socket connections on a published port (usually 80)
 - It unpacks the HTTP message, determines what to do with it, and sends a response.



- Response?
- Status?



Server

- Main task of the server is to...



Server

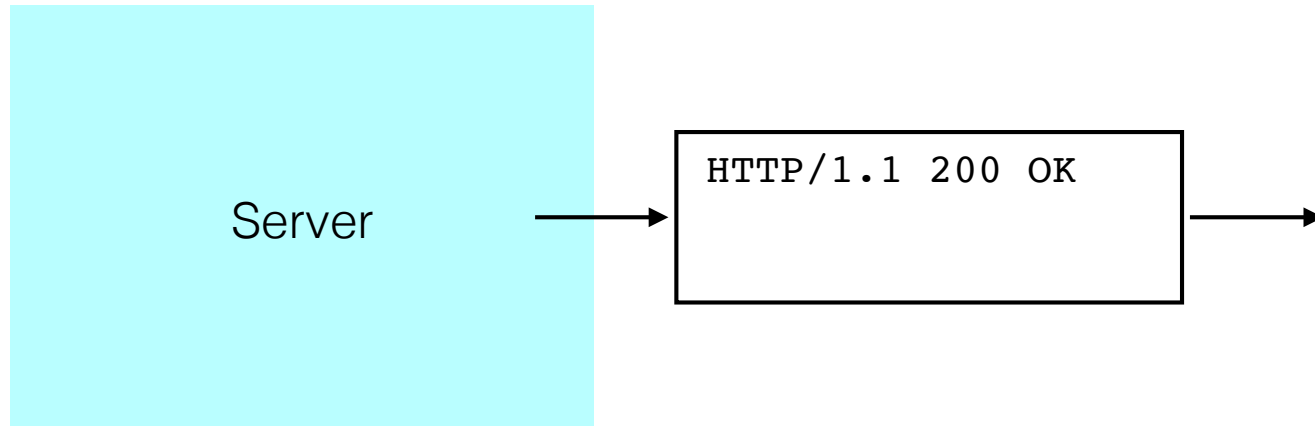
- Main task of the server is to satisfy requests from the client
 - Static files: html, css, javascript, images
 - Dynamically generated HTML
 - Dynamically generated data

- Server Technologies:

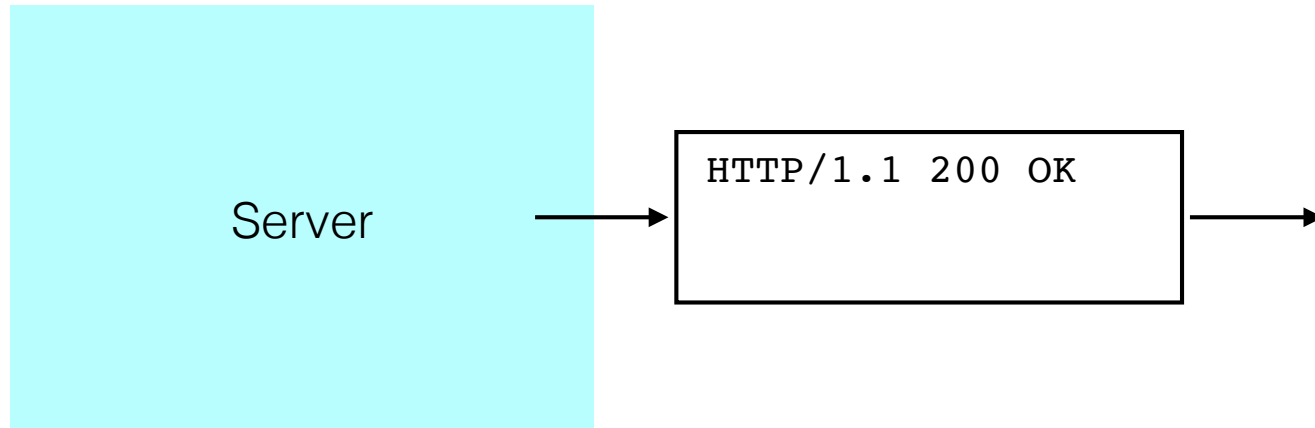
- Server Architecture:
- Value of a framework?

- Server Technologies:
 - Node: event loop JavaScript engine
 - Express: minimalist framework
- Server Architecture:
 - route/controller: determine how to handle a request
- Value of a framework
 - Encapsulate common operations in a library
 - Enforce/encourage a structure

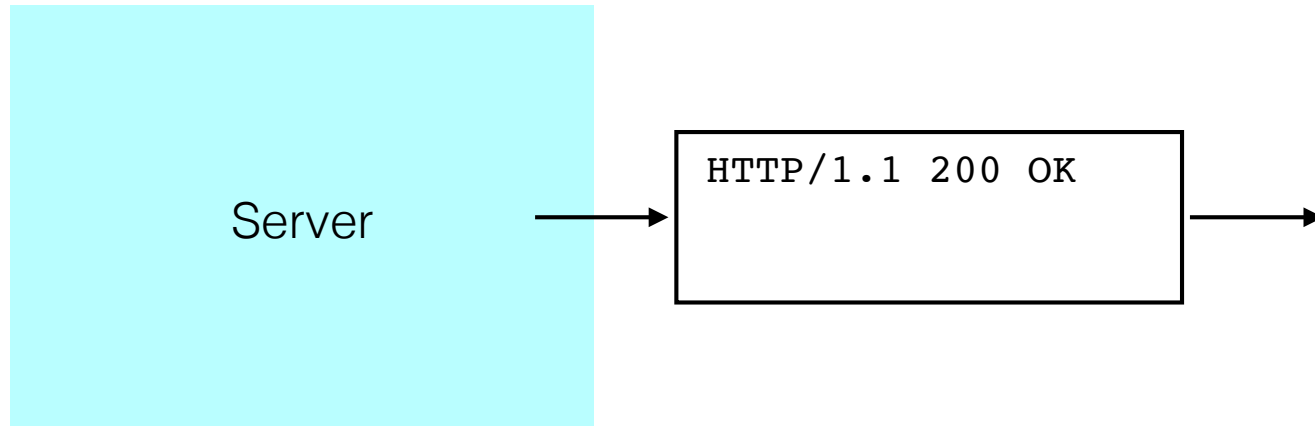
- Server technologies
 - Also need a place to store data persistently
 - Database
 - Relational
 - NoSQL
 - CRUD: Create Read Update Delete



- Constructs a response
 - Status message:
 - 2xx Success
 - 3xx Redirection
 - 4xx Client error
 - 5xx Server error



- Sends back data - type?



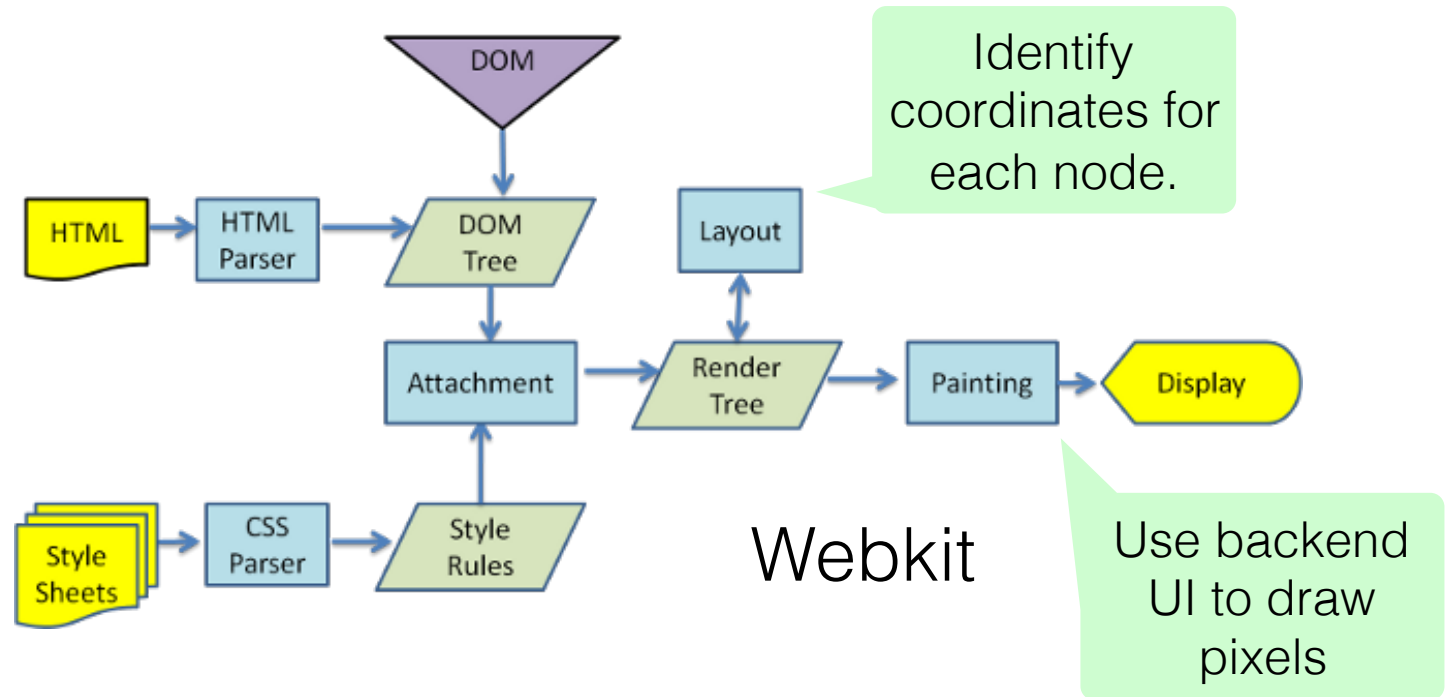
- Sends back data
 - ContentType:
 - Text
 - XML
 - JSON
 - HTML



Browser

- Browser displays the resource you requested
- How?

- What is the DOM?



- DOM is the data structure that results from parsing the HTML
- The DOM is combined with CSS rules to form the render tree for painting

- HTML
 - Mixture of semantic and layout information
 - Hierarchical structure matches the DOM
 - Elements, attributes
 - Forms

- What is HTML?
- How does it relate to the DOM?

- What is CSS? (How does it work?)

- How is Javascript used in the browser?

- Javascript: constructing DOM nodes dynamically
- Common operations:
 - construction and combining DOM nodes
 - listen for and respond to events

- What is Ajax?

- Ajax
 - once we have events, we need a way to update data
 - **fetch()** - JavaScript
 - Sends an HTTP request to the server, but doesn't require that the whole DOM be re-rendered

Final Exam

- No aids allowed
- Some programming - vanilla JavaScript
- Short answer type questions
- Some code reading
- Comprehensive

Topics

Browser

- HTML5
- CSS
- DOM

Javascript

Server

- Node
- Express
- MongoDB/Mongoose
- Validation
- JSON

Topics

- Communication
 - HTTP
 - GET, POST, PUT, DELETE
 - Sessions, Cookies
 - AJAX
 - JSON
 - Security
 - Promises

Thank You and Good Luck!