HW1_report

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Problem 1

Please classify each of the following variables as qualitative (specify if binary, nominal, or ordinal) or quantitative (specify if discrete or continuous):

a)homework feedback, labeled as "poor", "fair", "good", "very good"

An ordinal qualitative variable.

b)homework feedback, labeled as "fail", "pass"

A binary qualitative variable.

c)country of birth

A nominal qualitative variable

d)the quantity of grapes (in lbs)to make 3 liters of wine

A continuous quantitative variable

e)number of TAs in the P8130 course

A discrete quantitative variable

Problem 2

In a study of 133 individuals with a recent bike crash history, depression scores were measured using a standardized test. The depression scores for 14 of these individuals are as follows:

45, 39, 25, 47, 49, 5, 70, 99, 74, 37, 99, 35, 8, 59

a) Compute the following descriptive summaries of these data: mean, median, range, SD.

```
problem_2.1 = c(45, 39, 25, 47, 49, 5, 70, 99, 74, 37, 99, 35, 8, 59)
mean(problem_2.1)

## [1] 49.35714

median(problem_2.1)

## [1] 46

max(problem_2.1) - min(problem_2.1)

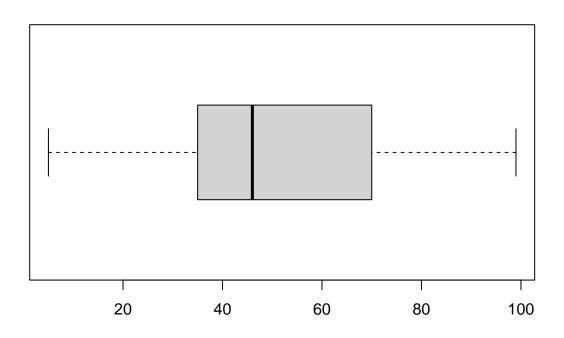
## [1] 94

sd(problem_2.1)

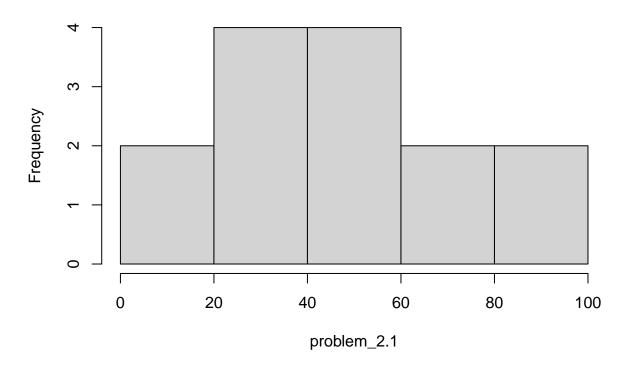
## [1] 28.84603
```

b)Describe the box plot and the underlying distribution of the data. Use some of the following terms:left-skewed, right-skewed, symmetric, bimodal, unimodal distribution.

```
boxplot(problem_2.1,horizontal = TRUE)
```



Histogram of problem_2.1

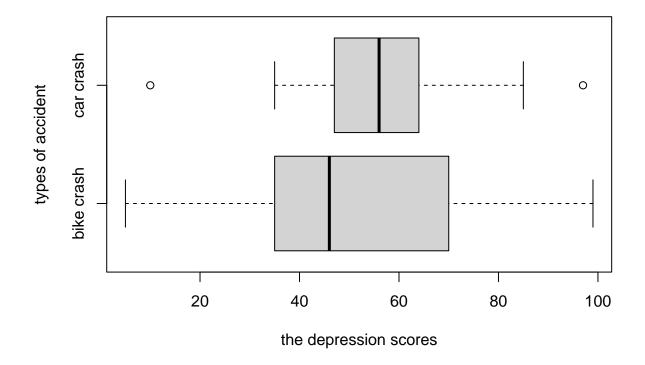


According to the plots, the data of the bike crash is right-skewed and an unimodal distribution.

Additionally, 140 individuals with a recent car crash history also participated in the study. The depression scores for 13 of these individuals are given below:

```
67, 50, 85, 43, 64, 35, 47, 97, 58, 58, 10, 56, 50
```

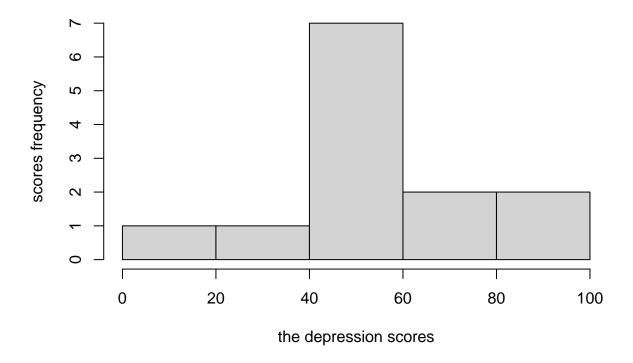
a) Using R, make a side-by-side box plot of the depression scores stratified by type of accident. Make sure you label your figure appropriately.



b)Describe each of the box plots and the underlying distribution of the data. Use some of the following terms:left-skewed, right-skewed, symmetric, bimodal, unimodal distribution.

```
hist(problem_2.2, xlab = "the depression scores", ylab = "scores frequency")
```

Histogram of problem_2.2



According to the plots, the data of the bike crash is right-skewed and an unimodal distribution and the data of the car crash is an unimodal distribution.

c)Comparing the 2 box plots, which group appears to have a lower typical depression score?

The plots show that the bike crash group have a lower typical depression score.

Problem 3

Suppose we toss one fair 12-sided die:

- a)Let's define the event A as "an even number appears". What is the probability of the event A?
- b)Let's define the event Bas "number 10 appears". What is the probability of the event B?
- c)Compute P(B U A).
- d)Are events A and B independent? Why? Prove your answer.

Problem 4

5% of women above age of 75 have dementia. Among women (75+ years old) with dementia, 80% have positive findings on their CT scan. Among women (75+ years old) who don't have dementia, 10% will have a positive CT scan findings. A randomly-selected woman (75+ years old) had a positive CT scan findings. What is the probability that she actually has dementia? Compute by hand and show the key steps. The answer can be hand written.