

LAB ASSIGNMENT #3

Due Date: **Second Class, Week 6,**

Marks/Weightage: 30/10%

Purpose: The purpose of this Lab Assignment is to:

- Practice the use of instance data members, constructors, methods in classes and objects

References: Read the course's text book **chapter 10 – Inheritance and Polymorphism** and the lecture notes/ppts. This material provides the necessary information that you need to complete the exercises.

Instructions: Be sure to read the following general instructions carefully:

This lab should be completed individually by all the students. You will have to demonstrate your solution in a scheduled lab session and submitting the project **through drop box link on e-Centennial**.

You must name your solution according to the following rule:

FirstName-LastName_SectionNumber_COMP123_Labnumber

For Example: **Joh-Smith_Sec002_COMP123_Lab01**

Each exercise should be placed in a separate namespace named `firstname-last-name_exercise1`, `firstname-last-name_exercise2` etc.

Submit your assignment in a **zip file** that is named according to the following rule:

FirstName-LastName_SectionNumber_COMP123_Labnumber.zip

Example: **Joh-Smith_Sec002_COMP123_Lab01.zip** (if your section is 001..)

Apply the naming conventions for variables, methods, classes, and packages:

- *variable names* start with a *lowercase* character for the first word and uppercase for every other word
- *classes* start with an *uppercase* character of every word
- namespaces use only *lowercase* characters
- *methods* start with a *uppercase* character for the first word and uppercase for every other word

Exercise #1:

[15 marks]

Write a C# application that implements the following class(es) as per business requirements:

Let **Package** (Package.cs) be an abstract base class and **TwoDayPackage** (TwoDayPackage.cs) and **OverNightPackage** (OverNightPackage.cs) are its two derived classes.

The **Package** class defines following:

- Instance data members **package id**, **sender's name** and **sender's address**.
- Implement properties and `toString()` method.
- Instance members to represent the **weight of package** in grams and **rate per gram**. Add validations and ensure that these should never be negative
- Define an abstract method – double **CalculatePackageCost()**.

Implement the **properties** and `toString()` method for the above instance variables of class **Package**.

The **TwoDayPackage (TwoDayPackage.cs)** should include the following:

- i) Instance variable – **admin charges** which is fixed amount, added to the cost of mailing the package. It can not be negative.
- ii) Define constructor which initializes all the instance variables by using the base class constructor.
- iii) Define properties and override toString() method from the base class.
- iv) Override/Implements method - **double CalculatePackageCost(). ()** which calculates total cost of mailing the package (use formula: weight * rate per gram + admin charges)

The **OverNightPackage(OverNightPackage.cs)** should include the following:

- i) Instance variable – express charges which is a fixed amount, added to the cost of mailing the package. It cannot be negative.
- ii) And rate per gram is 10 cents more than the standard rate.
- iii) Define constructor which initializes all the instance variables by using the base class constructor.
- iv) Define properties and override toString() method from the base class.
- v) Override/Implements method - **double CalculatePackageCost(). ()** which calculates total cost of mailing the package, but here you also need to take into account extra charge which is 10 cents more than standard rate per gram.
- vi) Define properties and toString() method

Create a test class – PackageTest (PackageTest.cs) which tests above class by at least creating two objects of the **TwoDayPackage** and **OverNightPackage** class. And you are required to process them in standard way as well as polymorphically i.e assigning their references to **Package** base class and then processing them.

Exercise #2:

[15 marks]

Write a C# application that implements the following class(es) as per business requirements mentioned below:

Write a program named **SalespersonDemo** that instantiates objects using classes named **RealEstateSalesperson** and **GirlScout**. Demonstrate that each object can use a **SalesSpeech()** method appropriately. Also, use a **MakeSale()** method two or three times with each object and display the final contents of each object's data fields. First, create an abstract class named **Salesperson**. Fields include first and last names; the **Salesperson** constructor requires both these values. Include properties for the fields. Include a method that returns a string that holds the **Salesperson**'s full name—the first and last names separated by a space. Then perform the following tasks:

- Create two child classes of **Salesperson**: **RealEstateSalesperson** and **GirlScout**. The **RealEstateSalesperson** class contains fields for total value sold in dollars and total commission earned (both of which are initialized to 0), and a commission rate field required by the class constructor. The **GirlScout** class includes a field to hold the number of boxes of cookies sold, which is initialized to 0. Include properties for every field.
- Create an interface named **ISellable** that contains two methods: **SalesSpeech()** and **MakeSale()**. In each **RealEstateSalesperson** and **GirlScout** class, implement **SalesSpeech()** to display an appropriate one- or two-sentence sales speech that the objects of the class could use.

In the **RealEstateSalesperson** class, implement the **MakeSale()** method to accept an integer dollar value for a house, add the value to the **RealEstateperson** total value sold, and compute the total commission earned.

In the **GirlScout** class, implement the **MakeSale()** method to accept an integer representing the number of boxes of the cookies sold and add it to the total field.

Evaluation:

Functionality	
Correct implementation of classes (instance variable declarations, constructors, properties and methods etc.)	70%
Correct implementation of test classes (declaring and creating objects, calling their methods, interacting with user, displaying results)	20%
Comments, correct naming of variables, methods, classes, exception handling etc.	5%
Friendly input/output	5%
Total	100%