# HW2 Wenxuan Wang

# Exercise 1 OLS estimate

1. Calculate the correlation between Y and X.

The correlation between Y and X is -0.1788512.

2. Calculate the coefficients on this regression.

```
> #2 Calculate the coefficients on this regression
> X=b
> Y=datind2009_1$wage
> result=solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%Y
> result
    [,1]
a 22075.1066
    -180.1765
```

The coefficient of the age is -180.1765, and the intercept of this model is 22075.1066.

3. Calculate the standard errors of beta

Using the standard formulas of the OLS.

```
> #Using the standard formulas of the OLS.
>

df=length(datind2009_1$age)-2
> yhat=result[1,1] + result[2,1]*datind2009_1$age
> error_term=datind2009_1$wage-yhat) \times 2)/df
> se1=sqrt(datind2009_1$wage-yhat) \times 2)/df
> se2=sqrt(theta2*solve(t(X)%*%X)[1,1])
> se2=sqrt(theta2*solve(t(X)%*%X)[2,2])
> se1
[1] 357.8275
> se2
[1] 6.968652
```

The standard error of the intercept is 357.8275, and the standard error of the coefficient is 6.968652.

Using bootstrap with 49 and 499 replications respectively. Comment on the difference between the two strategies

Using bootstrap I can get that with 49 replications, the standard error for the intercept is 359.0323, the standard error for the coefficient is 6.990535, with 499 replications, the standard error for the intercept is 357.8023, the standard error for the coefficient is 6.96879. I think the standard error using 499 replications is more accurate than using 49 replications, which is more closed to the result of OLS.

For 49

## For 499

# Exercise 2 Detrend Data

1. Create a categorical variable ag, which bins the age variables into the following groups:

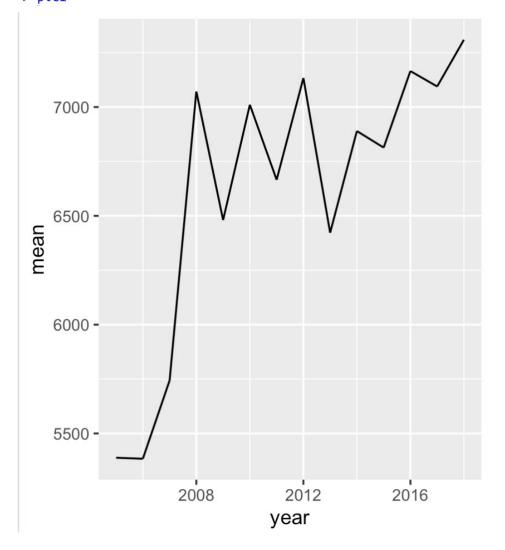
```
> # Exercise 2:
> #1.Plot the wage of each age group across years. Is there a trend?
> datind2005=read.csv("datind2005.csv")
> datind2006=read.csv("datind2006.csv")
> datind2007=read.csv("datind2007.csv")
> datind2008=read.csv("datind2008.csv")
> datind2009=read.csv("datind2009.csv")
> datind2010=read.csv("datind2010.csv")
> datind2011=read.csv("datind2011.csv")
> datind2012=read.csv("datind2012.csv")
> datind2013=read.csv("datind2013.csv")
> datind2014=read.csv("datind2014.csv")
> datind2015=read.csv("datind2015.csv")
> datind2016=read.csv("datind2016.csv")
> datind2017=read.csv("datind2017.csv")
> datind2018=read.csv("datind2018.csv")
> Append1=rbind(datind2005,datind2006,datind2007,datind2008,datind2009,datind2010,datind2011,datind2012,da
tind2013, datind2014, datind2015, datind2016, datind2017, datind2018)
    Append1=Append1 \%>\mutate(ag = 0,
    ag = ifelse(18 \ll age \& 25 \gg age,
            ifelse(26 <= age &
                                            30
                                                                   ag),
            ifelse(31 <= age &
                                            35
                                                >=
                                                      age,
                                                                   ag),
            ifelse(36 <= age & 40
                                                >=
                                                      age,
                                                      age,
    ag = ifelse(41 \ll age \& 45)
                                                              5,
                                                >=
                                                              6,
    ag = ifelse(46 \ll age \&
                                            50 >= age,
                                                                   ag),
                                                              7,
    ag = ifelse(51 <= age &
                                            55 >= age,
                                                                   ag),
    ag = ifelse(56 \ll age \& 60 \gg age, 8,
    ag = ifelse(60 < age, 9, ag))
> Append1
           idind
                       idmen year
                                    empstat respondent profession gender age wage ag
   1 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                1
                                   Inactive
                                                               Female 31 12334
   2 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                   0
                                   Inactive
                                                               Female 10
                                                                            NA
                                                                               0
   3 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                   1
                                                            38 Male
                                                                      32 50659
                                                           45 Female 28 19231
   4 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                   0
   5 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                    Retired
                                                   1
                                                               Female 90
   6 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                   1
                                                            34
                                                                Male
                                                                      37 31511
   7 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                   0
                                                            42 Female
                                                                      35 24873
   8 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                   1
                                                           55 Female 41 30080
   9 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Inactive
                                                               Female 16
10 10 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                   Employed
                                                                Male 55 43296 7
```

2.Plot the wage of each age group across years. Is there a trend?

Trend: the salary tends to increase over years, but when people get older, the overall salary is getting smaller.

## **Group 18-25**

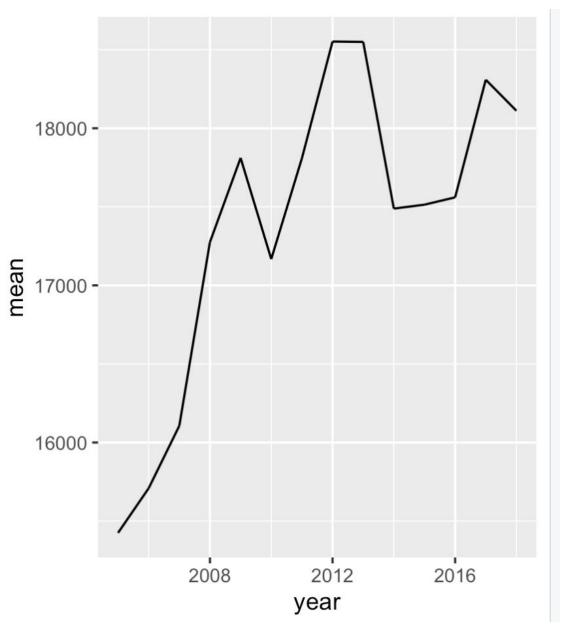
```
> #2.Plot the wage of each age group across years. Is there a trend?
> Append1=Append1[complete.cases(Append1$wage), ]
> #group 18-25
> group1=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="1")
> group1=group1%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic1=ggplot(group1,aes(x=year,y=mean))+geom_line()
> pic1
```



# **Group 26-30**

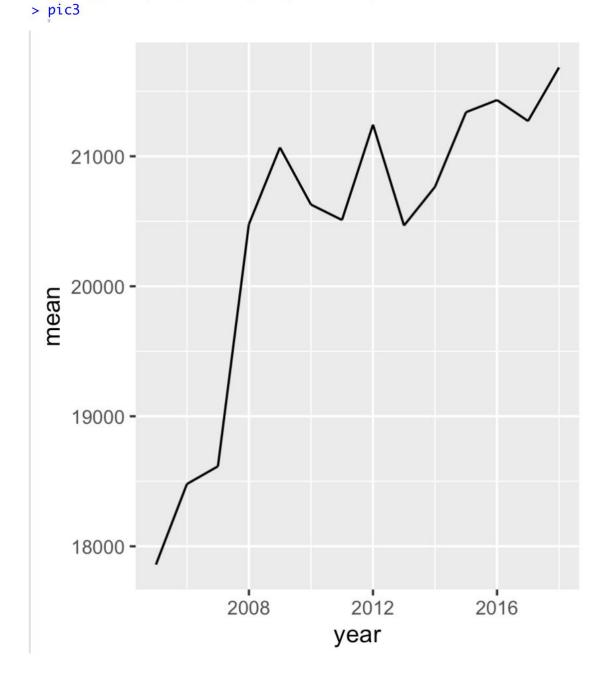
```
> #group 26-30
> group2=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="2")
> group2=group2%>%
+    group_by(year) %>%
+    mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic2=ggplot(group2,aes(x=year,y=mean))+geom_line()
```





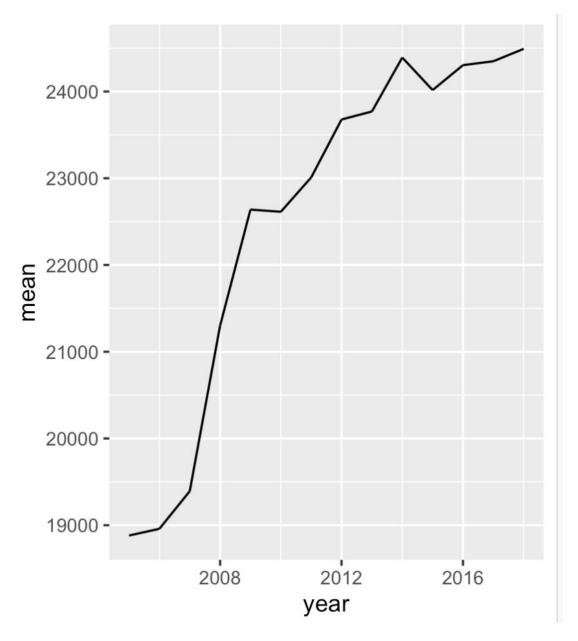
## group 31-35

```
> #group 31-35
> group3=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="3")
> group3=group3%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic3=ggplot(group3,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom_line()
```



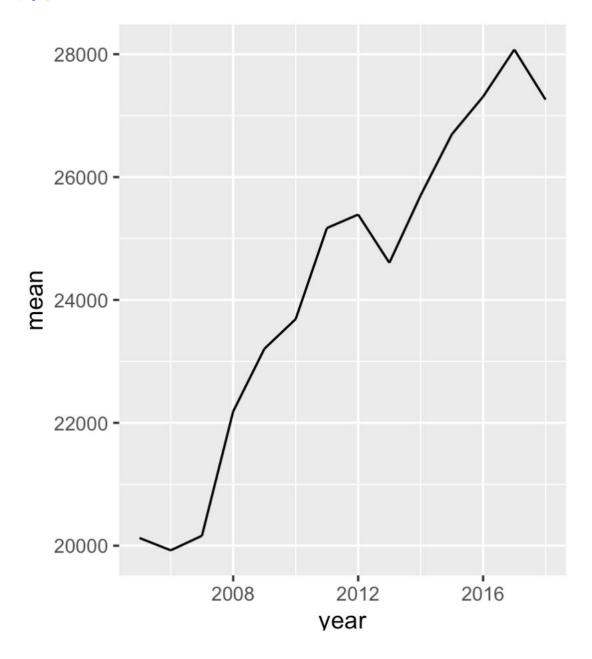
## group 36-40

```
> #group 36-40
> group4=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="4")
> group4=group4%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic4=ggplot(group4,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom_line()
> pic4
```



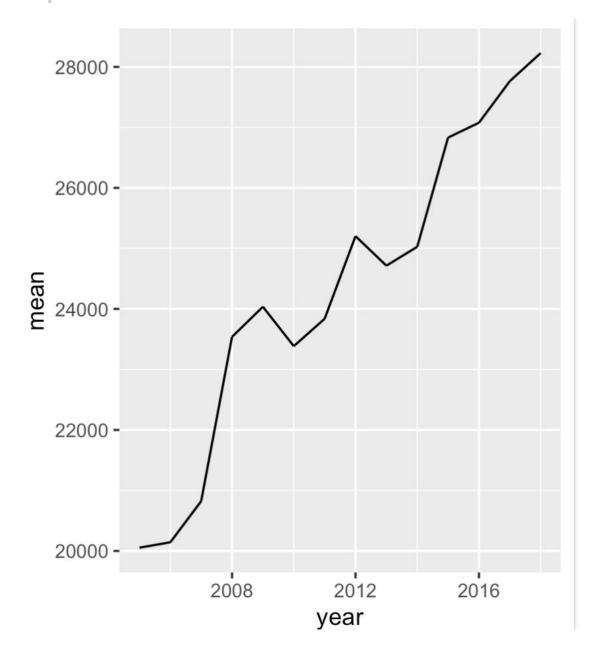
## group 41-45

```
> #group 41-45
> group5=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="5")
> group5=group5%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic5=ggplot(group5,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom_line()
> pic5
```



## group 46-50

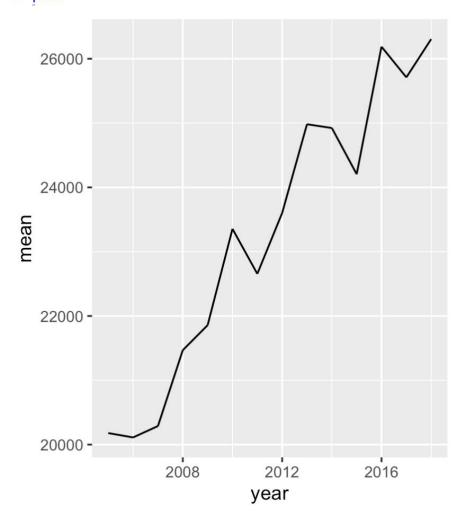
```
> #group 46-50
> group6=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="6")
> group6=group6%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic6=ggplot(group6,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom_line()
> pic6
```



```
group 51-55
```

```
> #group 51-55
```

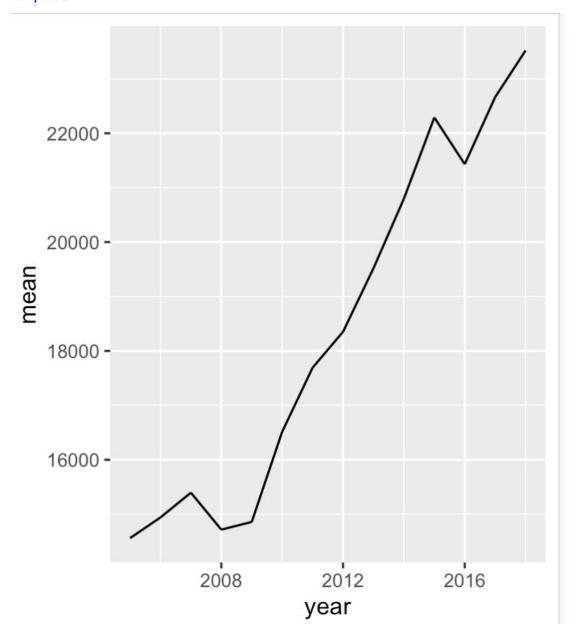
- > group7=Append1%>%filter(Append1\$ag=="7")
- > group7=group7%>%
- + group\_by(year) %>%
- + mutate(mean= mean(wage))
- > pic7=ggplot(group7,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom\_line()
- > pic7



## group 56-60

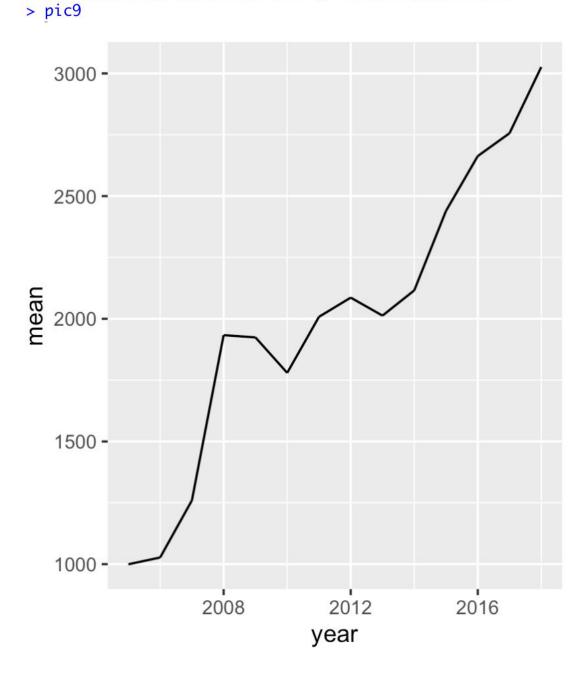
```
> #group 56-60
```

- > group8=Append1%>%filter(Append1\$ag=="8")
- > group8=group8%>%
- + group\_by(year) %>%
- + mutate(mean= mean(wage))
- > pic8=ggplot(group8,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom\_line()
- > pic8



## group 60+

```
> #group 60+
> group9=Append1%>%filter(Append1$ag=="9")
> group9=group9%>%
+ group_by(year) %>%
+ mutate(mean= mean(wage))
> pic9=ggplot(group9,aes(x=year,y=mean) )+geom_line()
```



3.#After including a time fixed effect, how do the estimated coefficients change? > #After including a time fixed effect, how do the estimated coefficients change? > reg2=lm(Append1\$wage ~ Append1\$age) > summary(reg2) Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) 22559.3 104.3 216.25 <2e-16 \*\*\* Append1\$age -182.5 2.0 -91.25 <2e-16 \*\*\* Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 > reg3= plm(Append1\$wage ~ Append1\$age, data=Append1,index=c("year"), model="within") > summary(reg3) Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|) Append1\$age -186.8793 2.0016 -93.366 < 2.2e-16 \*\*\*

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

from -182.4896 to -186.8793

# **Exercise 3 Numerical Optimization**

1.Exclude all individuals who are inactive.

```
> #1Exclude all individuals who are inactive.
> datind2007=read.csv("datind2007.csv")
> datind2007_1=datind2007[complete.cases(datind2007$empstat), ]
> datind2007_2=filter(datind2007_1,datind2007_1$empstat!="Inactive")
                                                empstat respondent profession gender age wage
nemployed 1 NA Male 49 0
Employed 0 52 Female 49 22744
                idind
                                idmen year
      1 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Unemployed
     2 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Employed
4 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Employed
                                                                                 21 Male 40 1243
      8 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Employed
9 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Unemployed
                                                                                      Male 57
                                                                                 NA Female 54
     12 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007
                                                Retired
                                                                                 NA Male 71
     13 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007
                                               Employed
                                                                                 45 Female 63 19739
     14 1.140001e+18 1.400010e+15 2007 Employed
```

2. Write a function that returns the likelihood of the probit of being employed.

The probit likelihood is -6582.155

```
> #2Write a function that returns the likelihood of the probit of being employed.
> datind2007_2$status = ifelse(datind2007_2$empstat == "Employed", 1, 0)
> datind2007_3=datind2007_2[complete.cases(datind2007_2$empstat), ]
+ {
- xbeta
= par[1] + par

+ pr = pnorm(xbeta)

+ pr[pr>0.99999] = 0.99999

+ pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001

+ like = vvc**
                     = par[1] + par[2]*x1
   like = yvar*log(pr) + (1-yvar)*log(1-pr)
return(-sum(like))
 reg4 = glm(datind2007_3$status~datind2007_3$age,family = binomial(link = "probit"))
glm(formula = datind2007_3$status ~ datind2007_3$age, family = binomial(link = "probit"))
Min 10 Median 30 Max
-3.4654 -0.5284 0.2938 0.7033 2.5822
Coefficients:
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
     Null deviance: 21944 on 16638 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 13164 on 16637 degrees of freedom
AIC: 13168
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
> test_coefficients = reg4$coefficients
> x=datind2007_3$age
> y = datind2007_3$status
[1] -6582.155
> logLik(reg4)
'log Lik.' -6582.155 (df=2)
```

3. Optimize the model and interpret the coefficients.

The coefficient -0.0678642 means that, all else be equal, when age increases, the probability of labor market participation will decrease.

4.Can you estimate the same model including wages as a determinant of labor market participation?

```
> reg5 = glm(datind2007_3$status-datind2007_3$age+datind2007_3$wage,family = binomial(link = "probit"))
Warning messages:
1: glm.fit: algorithm did not converge
2: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
```

No. We cannot, because the algorithm did not converge and the fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred.

### Exercise 4 Discrete choice

1.Exclude all individuals who are inactive.

```
# Exercise 4:
> #1
> datind2005=read.csv("datind2005.csv")
> datind2006=read.csv("datind2006.csv")
> datind2007=read.csv("datind2007.csv")
> datind2008=read.csv("datind2008.csv")
> datind2009=read.csv("datind2009.csv")
> datind2010=read.csv("datind2011.csv")
> datind2011=read.csv("datind2011.csv")
> datind2012=read.csv("datind2011.csv")
> datind2013=read.csv("datind2013.csv")
> datind2014=read.csv("datind2013.csv")
> datind2015=read.csv("datind2015.csv")
> datind2015=read.csv("datind2015.csv")
 > datind2015=read.csv("datind2015.csv"
  > Append2=rbind(datind2005, datind2006, datind2007, datind2008, datind2009, datind2010, datind2011, datind2012, datind
 2013, datind2014, datind2015)
 > Append2_1=Append2[complete.cases(Append2$empstat), ]
> Append2_2=filter(Append2_1,Append2_1$empstat!="Inactive"
    Append2_2$status = ifelse(Append2_2$empstat == "Employed", 1, 0) #creat the fixed effect variables
    Append2_2$y2006=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2006", 1, 0)
Append2_2$y2007=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2007", 1, 0)
Append2_2$y2008=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2008", 1, 0)
Append2_2$y2009=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2009", 1, 0)
    Append2_2$y2010=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2010", 1, 0)
Append2_2$y2011=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2011", 1, 0)
 > Appenda_2$y2012=ifelse(Appenda_2$year == "2012", 1, 0)
> Append2_2$y2013=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2013", 1, 0)
> Append2_2$y2014=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2014", 1, 0)
> Append2_2$y2015=ifelse(Append2_2$year == "2015", 1, 0)
> Append2_2
> Append2_2
                                                                         empstat respondent profession gender age wage status y2006
Employed 1 38 Male 32 50659 1 0
      3 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                       Employed
       4 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                       Employed
                                                                                                                          45 Female
                                                                                                                                              28 19231
      5 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005 6 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                                                                         Female 90 0
34 Male 37 31511
                                                                         Retired
                                                                        Employed
                                                                                                                         42 Female 35 24873
55 Female 41 30080
       7 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                        Employed
       8 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                        Employed
      10 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                        Employed
                                                                                                                          37 Male 55 43296
54 Female 55 20426
     11 1.120001e+18 1.200010e+15 2005
                                                                       Employed
      12 1.120002e+18 1.200020e+15 2005
                                                                        Employed
                                                                                                                          11 Female 52
10 13 1.120002e+18 1.200020e+15 2005
                                                                       Employed
      y2007 y2008 y2009 y2010 y2011 y2012 y2013 y2014 y2015
                                              0
```

2. Write and optimize the probit, logit, and the linear probability models. In the probit model,

#### For Probit model

```
> #Probit
> flike = function(par,x,x1,x2,x3,x4,x5,x6,x7,x8,x9,x10,yvar)
+ {
               xbeta
                                                                            = par[1] + par[2]*x + par[3]*x1 + par[4]*x2+par[5]*x3+par[6]*x4+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x7+par[8]*x6+par[7]*x7+par[8]*x8+par[7]*x7+par[8]*x8+par[7]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[7]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+par[8]*x8+
 [9]*x7+par[10]*x8+par[11]*x9+par[12]*x10
                                                                             = pnorm(xbeta)
                pr[pr>0.999999] = 0.9999999
               pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001
               like
                                                                          = yvar*log(pr) + (1-yvar)*log(1-pr)
               return(-sum(like))
 + }
> #Optimize
                                               = optim(runif(12,min=-0.1,max=0),fn=flike,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=5,REPORT=1,maxit=1000
  > res1
  2\$y2010, x6=Append2\_2\$y2011, x7=Append2\_2\$y2012, x8=Append2\_2\$y2013, x9=Append2\_2\$y2014, x10=Append2\_2\$y2015, yvar=Append2\_2\$y2014, x10=Append2\_2\$y2015, yvar=Append2\_2\$y2014, x10=Append2\_2\$y2015, yvar=Append2\_2\$y2016, x10=Append2\_2\$y2016, x10=Append2\_2\$y2016,
   =Append2_2$status,hessian=TRUE)
  initial value 405023.064014
  iter 2 value 136697.448037
  iter 3 value 84875.934391
  iter 4 value 84834.543441
  iter 5 value 84728.978289
  iter
                         6 value 84720.376165
  iter 7 value 84714.968174
  iter 8 value 83671.247309
  iter 9 value 80527.871352
  iter 10 value 80521.953203
  iter 11 value 80520.963226
  iter 12 value 80207.874240
  iter 13 value 79915.791061
  iter 14 value 79915.681402
  iter 15 value 79915.049603
  iter 16 value 79900.918683
  iter 17 value 79892.072289
  iter 18 value 79892.068640
  iter 18 value 79892.068640
  iter 18 value 79892.068640
  final value 79892.068640
  converged
  > res1$par[2]
  [1] -0.0636211
```

The coefficient is -0.0636211 for probit model

#### Compare with the glm probit function, we can find that the coefficient is correct

## For Logit model

```
> flike2 = function(par,x,x1,x2,x3,x4,x5,x6,x7,x8,x9,x10,yvar)
         xbeta
                                                   = par[1] + par[2]*x + par[3]*x1 + par[4]*x2+par[5]*x3+par[6]*x4+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+pa
r[9]*x7+par[10]*x8+par[11]*x9+par[12]*x10
                                                 = exp(xbeta)/(1+exp(xbeta))
         pr
         pr[pr>0.999999] = 0.9999999
         pr[pr<0.000001] = 0.000001
                                               = yvar*log(pr) + (1-yvar)*log(1-pr)
        return(-sum(like))
+ }
                          = runif(12, min=-0.1, max=0)
                             = optim(start2,fn=flike2,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=5,REPORT=1,maxit=100000),x=Append2_2
$age,x1=Append2_2$y2006,x2=Append2_2$y2007,x3=Append2_2$y2008, x4=Append2_2$y2009,x5=Append2_2$y2010,x6=Ap
{\tt pend2\_2\$y2011,x7=Append2\_2\$y2012,x8=Append2\_2\$y2013,x9=Append2\_2\$y2014,x10=Append2\_2\$y2015,yvar=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2\_2\$y2016,x9=Append2
$status,hessian=TRUE)
initial value 369184.076626
iter 2 value 158069.970786
iter 3 value 81529.469390
iter
               4 value 81420.501207
iter 5 value 81319.055241
iter 6 value 81268.890576
iter 7 value 81256.311961
iter 8 value 79521.126012
iter
                9 value 77837.235989
iter 10 value 77827.505761
iter 11 value 77816.913648
iter 12 value 77044.130069
iter 13 value 76958.976920
iter 14 value 76958.888263
iter 15 value 76950.366247
iter 16 value 76913.358955
iter 17 value 76902.907825
iter 18 value 76900.756266
iter 19 value 76900.357639
iter 20 value 76900.351293
iter 20 value 76900.351293
iter
                20 value 76900.351293
final value 76900.351293
converged
> res2$par[2]
[1] -0.1241879
```

The coefficient is -0.1241879 for logit model.

Compare with the glm logit function, we can find that the coefficient is correct

#### For linear model

```
> flike3 = function(par,x,x1,x2,x3,x4,x5,x6,x7,x8,x9,x10,yvar)
+ {
                                                                        = par[1] + par[2]*x + par[3]*x1 + par[4]*x2+par[5]*x3+par[6]*x4+par[7]*x5+par[8]*x6+par
[9]*x7+par[10]*x8+par[11]*x9+par[12]*x10
            yvar = as.numeric(y_hat)
              error
                                                                                                        = Append2_2$status - yvar
              return(sum(error^2))
> start3=runif(12,min=-0.1,max=0)
> res3 = optim(start3,fn=flike3,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=5,maxit=100000),x=Append2_2$age,x1=Append2_
2\$y2006, x2 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2007, x3 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2008, x4 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2009, x5 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2010, x6 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2011, x7 = Append2 \\ 2\$y2
ppend2\_2\$y2012,x8=Append2\_2\$y2013,x9=Append2\_2\$y2014,x10=Append2\_2\$y2015,yvar=Append2\_2\$status)
 initial value 5732252.897509
iter 10 value 40391.747196
final value 25694.046354
converaed
> res3$par[2]
[1] -0.01846614
```

The coefficient is -0.01846614 for linear model.

Compare with the linear model function, we can find that the coefficient is correct

```
> #compare with the linear model function, we can find that the coefficient is correct
> reg7= lm(Append2_2$status ~ Append2_2$age+Append2_2$y2006+Append2_2$y2007+Append2_2$y2008+Append2_2$y2009+
Append2_2$y2010+Append2_2$y2011+Append2_2$y2012+Append2_2$y2013+Append2_2$y2014+Append2_2$y2015, data=Append
2_2)
> reg7$coefficients[2]
Append2_2$age
   -0.01846614
```

#### 3.Interpret and compare the estimated coefficients. How significant are they?

From Question 2, I get the coefficients of these models. The coefficient is -0.0636211 for probit model. The coefficient is -0.1241879 for logit model. The coefficient is -0.01946614 for linear model. We can find that the signs of the three model are the same. It shows that age has a negative effect on the labor market participation. The probit and logit model's coefficients mean that all else be equal, age has a negative effect on the probability of labor market participation. However, in the linear model, -0.01846614 means that when age increases 1 year, the labor market participation will decrease 0.01846614.

In this question, I calculate the t value. In linear model, it is -381.5322, which is significant at 1% level. In logit model, it is -224.1728, which is significant at 1% level. In probit model, it is -260.0777, which is significant at 1% level.

### For linear model

```
> #3 Interpret and compare the estimated coefficients. How significant are they?
> #5 Interpret and Compare the estimated Coefficie
> #Calculate the standard error to get the T value
> #For linear model
> # Calculate the correlation between Y and X.
> a=rep(1,190296)
b=cbind(a, Append2_2$age, Append2_2$y2006, Append2_2$y2007, Append2_2$y2008, Append2_2$y2009, Append2_2$y2010, Append2_2$y2011, Append2_2$y2011, Append2_2$y2012, Append2_2$y2013, Append2_2$y2014, Append2_2$y2015)
> Y=Append2 2$status
> result=solve(t(X)%*%X)%*%t(X)%*%Y
> result
                      [,1]
a 1.5446069056
-0.0184661429
      0.0021767159
0.0065161169
    0.0075729197
-0.0017816633
     -0.0008924194
      0.0053246825
      0.0035872911
     -0.0022909960
      0.0045556570
      0.0023945445
> df=length(Append2_2$age)-12
> yhdt=result[1,1] + result[2,1]*Append2_2$age+result[3,1]*Append2_2$y2006+result[4,1]*Append2_2$y2007+result
[5,1]*Append2_2$y2008+result[6,1]*Append2_2$y2009+result[7,1]*Append2_2$y2010+result[8,1]*Append2_2$y2011+result
[9,1]*Append2_2$y2012+result[10,1]*Append2_2$y2013+result[11,1]*Append2_2$y2014+result[12,1]*Append2_2$y2015
> error_term=Append2_2$status-yhat)^2/df
> sel=sqrt(theta2*solve(t(X)%*%X)[1,1])
> se2=sqrt(theta2*solve(t(X)%*X)[2,2])
> sel
 > se1
[1] 0.003808214
> se2
[1] 4.839996e-05
> T_linear=result[2,1]/se2
> T_linear
 -381.5322
> #which is significant at 1% level
```

### For logit model

#### For probit model

## Exercise 5 Marginal Effffects

1. Compute the marginal effect of the previous probit and logit models.

```
> #1.Compute the marginal effect of the previous probit and logit models.
> pdf1=mean(dnorm(predict(reg5, type = "link")))
> marginal.effects1=pdf1*reg5$coefficients[2]
> marginal.effects1
Append2_2$age
    -0.01568521
>
> pdf2=mean(dlogis(predict(reg6, type = "link")))
> marginal.effects2-pdf2*reg6$coefficients[2]
> marginal.effects2
Append2_2$age
    -0.01600454
```

The marginal effect of probit model is -0.01568521, and the marginal effect of logit model is -0.01600454.

2. Construct the standard errors of the marginal effects. Hint: Boostrap may be the easiest way.

The standard errors of the marginal effects in probit model is 3.168908\*e^(-5), the standard errors of the marginal effects in logit model is 3.479323\*e^(-5)

For probit model (in the next page)

```
> boot=40
> bootvals <- matrix(rep(NA,boot*12), nrow=boot)</pre>
> set.seed(111)
> set.sead(111)
> for(i in 1:boot){
+ samp1 <- Append2_2[sample(1:dim(Append2_2)[1],replace=T,dim(Append2_2)[1]),]
+ res4=optim(reg5$coefficients,fn=flike,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=5,maxit=100000),x=samp1$age,x1=samp1$y2006,x2=samp1$y2007,x3=samp1$y2008,x4=samp1$y2009,x5=samp1$y2010,x6=samp1$y2011,x7=samp1$y2012,x8=samp1$y2013,x9=samp1$y2014,x10=samp1$y2015,yvar=samp1$status)
+ yhat=res4$par[1] + res4$par[2]*samp1$ge+res4$par[3]*samp1$y2006+res4$par[4]*samp1$y2007+res4$par[5]*samp1$y2008+res4$par[6]*samp1$y2009+res4$par[7]*samp1$y2010+res4$par[8]*samp1$y2011+res4$par[9]*samp1$y2012+res4$par[10]*samp1$y2013+res4$par[11]*samp1$y2014+res4$par[12]*samp1$y2015</pre>
     pdf1=mean(dnorm(yhat))
     bootvals[i,] <- pdf1*res4$par
            . .....
 initial value 80250.121225
 final value 80243.674804
 converged
 initial value 79420.752611
 iter 10 value 79409.518530
iter 10 value 79409.518257
 final value 79409.351308
 converged
 initial value 79485.354861
 iter 10 value 79477.761096
 iter 10 value 79477.760837
 final value 79477.457223
 converged
 initial value 79567.980997
 iter 10 value 79562.464609
 iter 10 value 79562.464609
 iter 10 value 79562.464569
 final value 79562.464569
 converged
 initial value 80087.704563
 iter 10 value 80084.403229
 iter 10 value 80084.403229
 final value 80084.242258
 converged
 initial value 79848.734149
 iter 10 value 79841.609921
 iter 10 value 79841.609846
 iter 10 value 79841.608863
 final value 79841.608863
 converged
 > sd(bootvals[,2] )
```

Γ17 3.168908e-05

## For logit model

```
> #Logit
> boot=40
> bootvals1 <- matrix(rep(NA,boot*12), nrow=boot)</pre>
> set.seed(111)
> for(i in 1:boot){
+ samp2 <- Append2_2[sample(1:dim(Append2_2)[1],replace=T,dim(Append2_2)[1]),]
 + res5=optim(runif(12,min=-0.1,max=0),fn=flike2,method="BFGS",control=list(trace=5,maxit=100000),
1, x7 = samp2 \\ y2012, x8 = samp2 \\ y2013, x9 = samp2 \\ y2014, x10 = samp2 \\ y2015, yvar = samp2 \\ status)
 + yhat=res5$par[1] + res5$par[2]*samp2$age+res5$par[3]*samp2$y2006+res5$par[4]*samp2$y2007+res5$p
r[5]*samp2$y2008+res5$par[6]*samp2$y2009+res5$par[7]*samp2$y2010+res5$par[8]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2010+res5$par[8]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y2011+res5$par[9]*samp2$y201
 *samp2$y2012+res5$par[10]*samp2$y2013+res5$par[11]*samp2$y2014+res5$par[12]*samp2$y2015
+ pdf2=mean(dlogis(yhat))
      bootvals1[i,] = pdf2*res5$par
+ }
initial value 473472.691374
iter 10 value 77762.239990
iter 20 value 77306.615007
iter 20 value 77306.614986
iter 20 value 77306.614986
final value 77306.614986
converged
initial value 157690.682428
iter 10 value 77597.323689
iter 20 value 76408.908183
final value 76408.879545
converged
initial value 191491.421054
iter 10 value 83543.852152
iter 20 value 76439.235504
final value 76439.191808
converged
initial value 234774.808691
iter 10 value 140377.510052
iter 20 value 78178.553796
iter 30 value 76555.296244
final value 76551.285184
converged
initial value 358519.496321
iter 10 value 78612.757700
iter 20 value 77082.533506
iter 20 value 77082.533498
iter 20 value 77082.533311
final value 77082.533311
converged
> sd(bootvals1[,2] )
[1] 3.479323e-05
```