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Nome: Werikson Alves 96704

P2 - Máquinas 2 - 816 362 - 15/3/22

Questão 1 | Curva "V"

Letra C ~~X~~ Diminui e o fator de potência diminui

Questão 2 | Curva "V"

Letra B ~~X~~ Diminuiu, mantendo-se capacitiva

Questão 3 |  $P_1 = \frac{V_T E_T \cos(\delta_1)}{x}$      $P_2 = \frac{V_T E_T \cos(\delta_2)}{x}$

Letra D -  $60^\circ$   $\left\{ \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{\cos \delta_1}{\cos \delta_2} \Rightarrow \cos \delta_2 = \cos(\delta_1) \frac{P_1}{P_2} \Rightarrow \delta_2 = \arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = 60^\circ \right.$

Questão 4

Letra B ~~X~~ I, II, III, IV, V, VI

Questão 5

Letra A ~~X~~ - I, II, III, IV

Questão 6

Letra B ~~X~~ - Ajuste a corrente de campo de G2 para se produzir a mesma tensão nominal entre os pontos a', b' e c'.

Questão 7

Letra E ~~X~~ - II e III 5-

Questão 8

Letra ~~6~~ 4 questões verdadeiras



Questão 9) Gerador síncrono:  $3\phi, Y, 22\text{KV}, 5\text{KVA}, \text{FP}=1$ .

$X_d = 1\Omega, X_q = 7\Omega$ , corrente nominal, tensão nominal,  $R_A = 0$ .

$$I_A = \frac{5000}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 22\text{K}} = 0.13122 ; V_t = \frac{22\text{K}}{\sqrt{3}} = 12.701\text{KV} ; \theta = 0^\circ$$

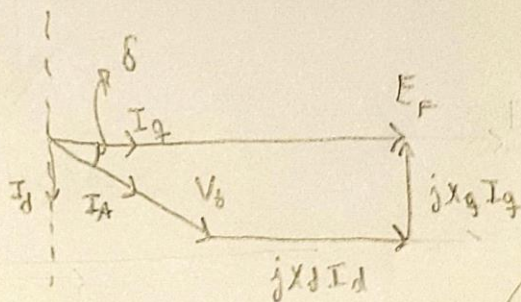
$$\psi = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{V_t \sin(0^\circ) + I_A X_q}{V_t \cos(0^\circ)} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{0.13122 \times 7}{12.701 \cdot 0.9999} \right) = 0.00414^\circ$$

$$\delta = \psi - \theta \Rightarrow \delta = 0.00414^\circ$$

$$I_d = I_A \sin \psi \angle \delta - 90^\circ = 0.00001 \angle -89.996^\circ$$

$$I_q = I_A \cos \psi \angle \delta = 0.13122 \angle 0.00414^\circ$$

$$E_F = V_t \angle 0^\circ + I_d X_d j + I_q X_q j = 12.701 \angle 0.00414^\circ \text{KV}$$





Questão 10 M.S 2300V, 400 HP, 60 Hz, 8 Pólos, Y, FP = 0.85 adelantada

Plena carga:  $\eta = 85\%$ ,  $R_A = 0.4 \Omega$ ,  $X_s = 4.4 \Omega$ .

Encontrar:  $T_{out}$ ,  $P_{in}$ ,  $W$ ,  $E_f$ ,  $I_A$ ,  $P_{des}$

$$P_{out} = 400 \times 745.7 = 298.28 \text{ KW}$$

$$\eta_s = \frac{120f}{P} = 900 \text{ RPM} \Rightarrow T_{out} = \frac{P_{out}}{W} = \frac{298.28 \text{ K}}{900 \cdot \frac{\pi}{30}} = 3164.85 \text{ N.m}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \Rightarrow P_{in} = \frac{298.28 \text{ K}}{0.85} = 350.92 \text{ KW}$$

$$|I_A| = \frac{P_{in}}{\sqrt{3} V_T \text{ FP}} = \frac{350.92}{\sqrt{3} \times 2300 \times 0.85} = 103.633 \text{ A} \Rightarrow |I_A| = 103.633 / 31.79^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$E_f = V_t - (R_A + jX_s) I_A = \frac{2300}{\sqrt{3}} - (0.4 + j4.4) (103.633 / 31.79^\circ) =$$

$$E_f = 1586.62 / -14.96^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{\text{corte}} = 3 R_A I_A^2 = 12887.75843 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{des} = P_{in} - P_{\text{corte}} = 350.92 \text{ K} - 12.887 \text{ K} = 338.0299 \text{ KW}$$



Questão 11 MS 3Ø, Salientez, 100 MVA, 12 kV, 60 Hz,  $X_d = 1 \text{ pu}$ ,  $X_q = 0.7 \text{ pu}$

$R_A = 0$

BI - <sup>observado</sup> 72 MW, FP = 0.9 atrasada.

a)  $E_f$  e  $\delta$ , Diagrama

$V_t = 1 \text{ pu}$

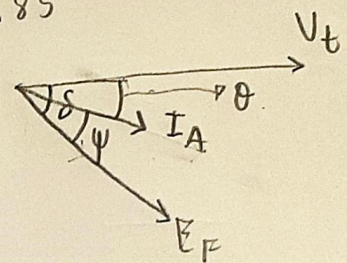
$$I_{\text{Base}} = \frac{100 \text{ M}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 12 \text{ kV}} = 4811.25 \text{ A}$$

$$I_A = \frac{72 \text{ M}}{\sqrt{3} \times 12 \text{ kV} \times 0.9} = 3849.00 \text{ A}$$

$$i_A = \frac{I_A}{I_{\text{Base}}} = 0.8 \text{ pu} \quad \theta = -25.84^\circ$$

$$\delta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{i_A X_q \cos(\theta)}{V_t - X_q I_A \sin(\theta)} \right) = 33.69^\circ \rightarrow \psi = \delta - \theta = 7.85^\circ$$

$\delta = 33.69^\circ \quad \psi = 7.85^\circ$



$$I_d = 0.8 \sin(7.85^\circ) \angle 33.69 - 90^\circ = 0.1093 \angle -56.31^\circ \text{ pu}$$

$$I_q = 0.8 \cos(7.85^\circ) \angle 33.69^\circ = 0.7925 \angle 33.69^\circ \text{ pu}$$

$$E_f = V_t + I_d X_d j + I_q X_q j = 0.9414 \angle 33.69^\circ \Rightarrow E_f = 11.296 \text{ kV} \angle 33.69^\circ$$

b)  $I_f = 0 \Rightarrow E_f = 0$

$$P = \frac{V_t E_f \sin \delta}{X_d} + \frac{V_t^2 (X_d - X_q)}{2 X_d X_q} \sin(2\delta) = \frac{V_t^2 (X_d - X_q) \sin(2\delta)}{2 X_d X_q} \Rightarrow P = \frac{3 \sin(2\delta)}{14}$$

$$\frac{dP}{d\delta} = \frac{6 \cos(2\delta)}{14} = 0 \Rightarrow 2\delta = 90^\circ \Rightarrow P = \frac{3}{14} \sin(90^\circ) = 0.2143 \text{ pu}$$

$$FP = \frac{P_{\text{max}}}{S} = \frac{0.2143}{1} = 0.2143 \Rightarrow \theta_1 = 77.63^\circ$$

$\Delta, \nabla$



Questão 12  $X_s = 1.2 \text{ pu}$ ,  $I_{max} = 2.5 I_F$ ,  $I_F \rightarrow V_F, V_Z$

$E_{f_{max}} = 2.5 \text{ pu}$ ;  $I_a = \frac{V_t - E_F}{jX_s} = \frac{1 - 2.5}{j1.2} = 1.25 \text{ pu}$

$Q_{max} = V_T I_A = 1 \times 1.25 = 1.25 \text{ pu}$