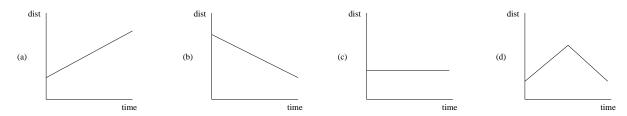
NO CALCULATORS on these, unless you want to use them to CHECK your work. All answers should be **simplified**. **Show all your work.** Attach additional pages if you need more space on any problem. Most of these must be correctin order to receive your ALEKS code and begin your online practice!

Question 1. Choose the graph that best matches the verbal statement: "Mary walked at a steady pace toward the tree." (Note: dist on the vertical axis stands for **distance from the tree**.)



DEFEND your answer:

Question 2. Sketch the graphs of $f(x) = e^{-x}$ and $f(x) = \ln x$.

Question 3. Solve the following equation. (Hint: Start by factoring.)

$$(2x+3)^{-2}(2)(x-1) + (-2)(2x+3)^{-3}(2)(x-1)^2 = 0$$

Question 4

(a) Find all values of x on the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ such that $2\cos x = 1$.

(b) Find all values of x on the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ such that $\sin^2 x = \sin x$.

(c) Solve: $3x^2e^x - x^3e^x = 0$.

Question 5.

(a) If $f(x) = x^2 - 4$, evaluate and simplify $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$.

(b) Find the domain of $g(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2-4}$. Is g(x) a rational function? An algebraic function?

Question 6. Use properties of logarithms to write the following as the sum, difference, and/or multiple of logarithms.

$$\ln\left(\frac{x\tan^2x}{\sqrt{x+2}}\right)$$