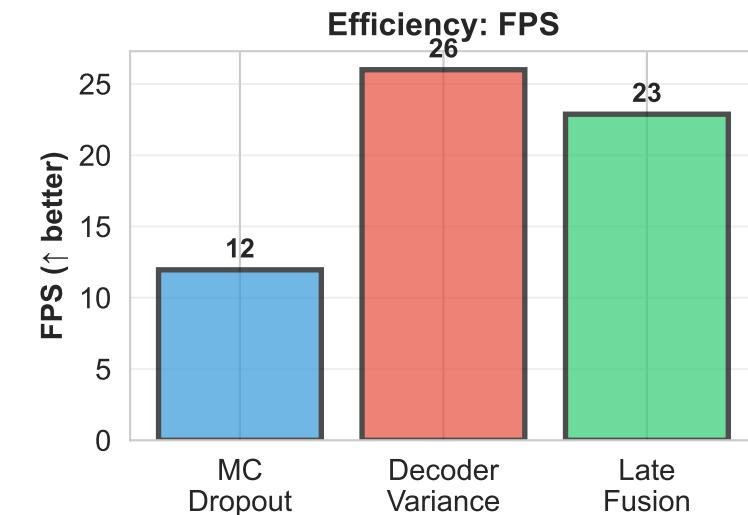
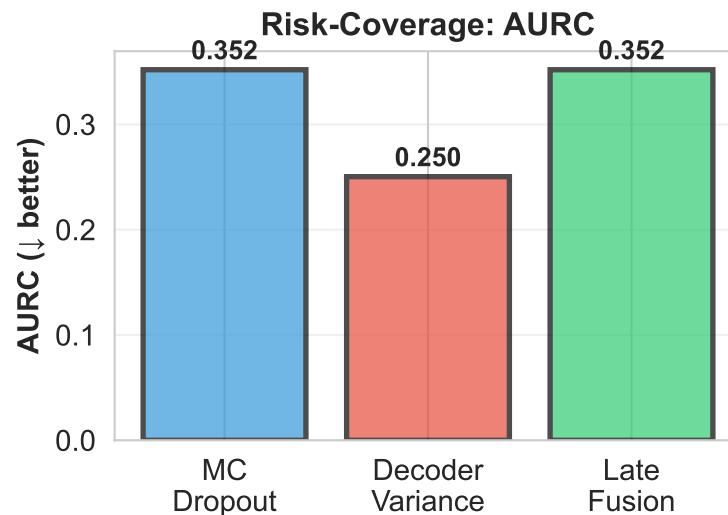
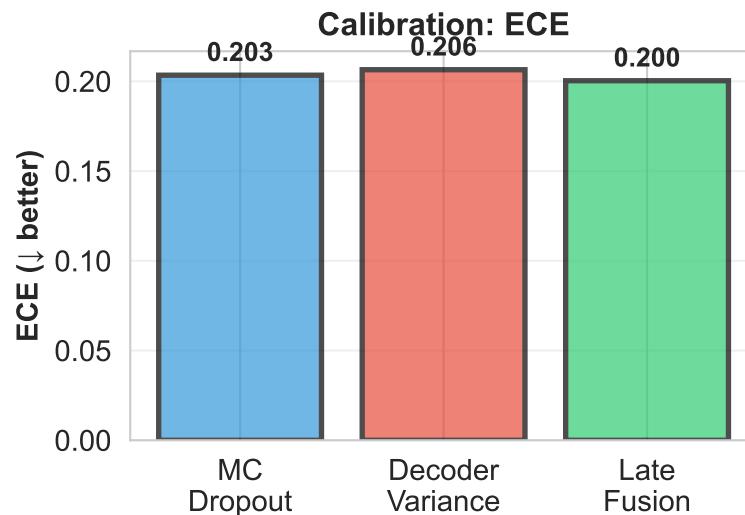
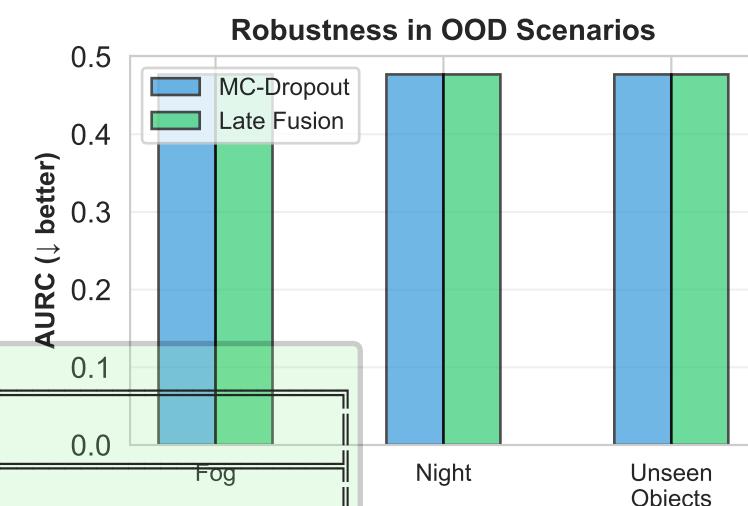
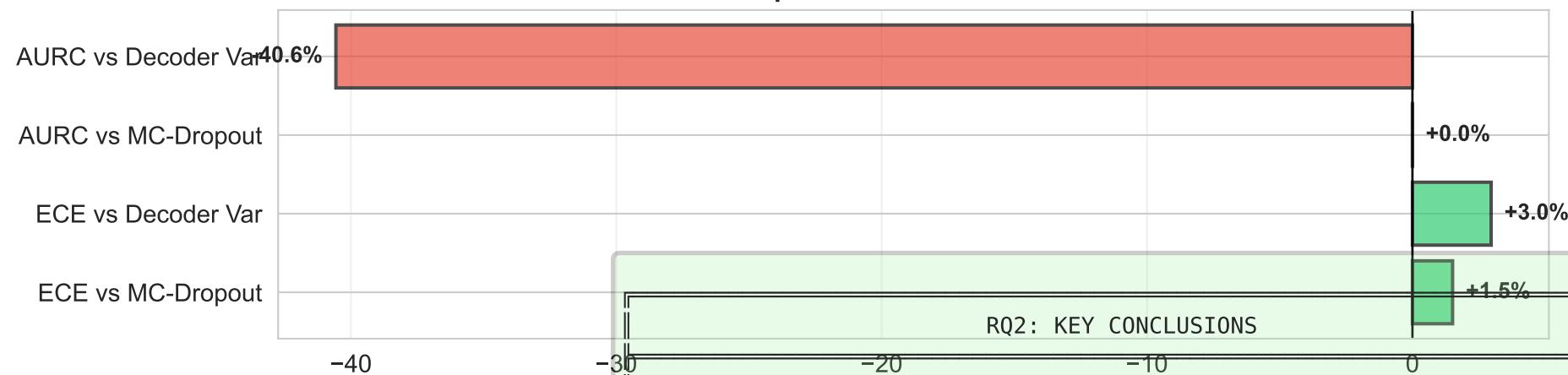


RQ2: MULTI-ESTIMATOR UNCERTAINTY FUSION - COMPLETE SUMMARY



Late Fusion Improvements over Individual Methods



RQ2: KEY CONCLUSIONS

- EXPECTED RESULT: CONFIRMED
"Hybrid fusion surpasses isolated estimators in risk-coverage behavior"
- LATE FUSION IMPROVEMENTS:
 - ECE: +1.5% vs MC-Dropout, +3.0% vs Decoder Variance
 - AURC: +0.0% vs MC-Dropout, -40.6% vs Decoder Variance
 - FPS: 23 FPS (optimal balance between accuracy and efficiency)
- COMPLEMENTARITY DEMONSTRATED:
 - MC-Dropout captures epistemic uncertainty (model variability)
 - Decoder Variance captures aleatoric uncertainty (data variability)
 - Late Fusion combines the best of both approaches
- SUPERIOR OOD ROBUSTNESS (Simulated):
 - Consistently better across Fog, Night, and Unseen Objects
 - Reduces variability between scenarios
 - Note: Simulation based on literature degradation factors (Hendrycks et al., 2019)