

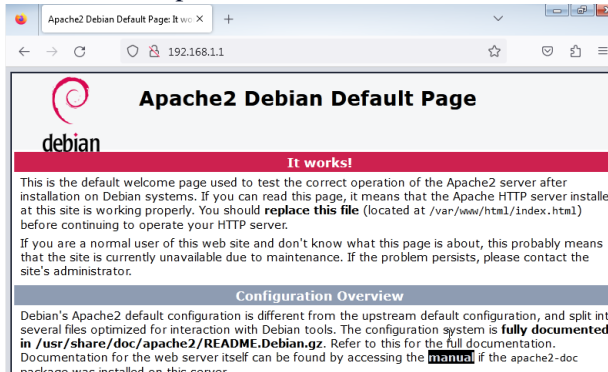
## Secure Socket Layer (SSL)

Disini saya telah mengkonfigurasi dns server dengan domain aril1933.net

1. Masukan iso Debian 8 dvd1, kemudian install paket apache

```
root@aril:~# apt-get install apache2 openssl ssl-cert
```

2. Cek di client apakah web server berhasil di install



3. Ketikkan perintah

```
openssl req -new -x509 -days 365 -nodes -out /etc/apache2/apache2.pem  
-keyout /etc/apache2/apache2.pem
```

```
root@aril:~# openssl req -new -x509 -days 365 -nodes -out /etc/apache2/apache2.pem -keyout /etc/apac  
he2/apache2.pem  
generating a 2048 bit RSA private key  
.....+++  
..+++  
writing new private key to '/etc/apache2/apache2.pem'  
-----  
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated  
into your certificate request.  
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.  
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank  
For some fields there will be a default value,  
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.  
-----  
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:ID  
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:West Java  
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Bekasi  
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:StudyClub  
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:KBM  
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:aril1933.net  
Email Address []:aril@gmail.com
```

\*isi sesuaikan saja dengan kalian atau kalian bisa melewati dengan enter saja

4. Aktifkan SSL

```
root@aril:~# a2enmod ssl  
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:  
Module setenvif already enabled  
Considering dependency mime for ssl:  
Module mime already enabled  
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:  
Enabling module socache_shmcb.  
Enabling module ssl.  
See /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz on how to configure SSL and create self-signed certificates.  
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:  
  service apache2 restart  
root@aril:~#
```

5. Edit file 000-default.conf yg berada di directory /etc/apache2/sites-available

```
root@aril:~# nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf
```

6. Scroll ke paling bawah kemudian tulis perintah berikut, untuk ServerName itu menggunakan domain yg sudah kita daftarkan di dns

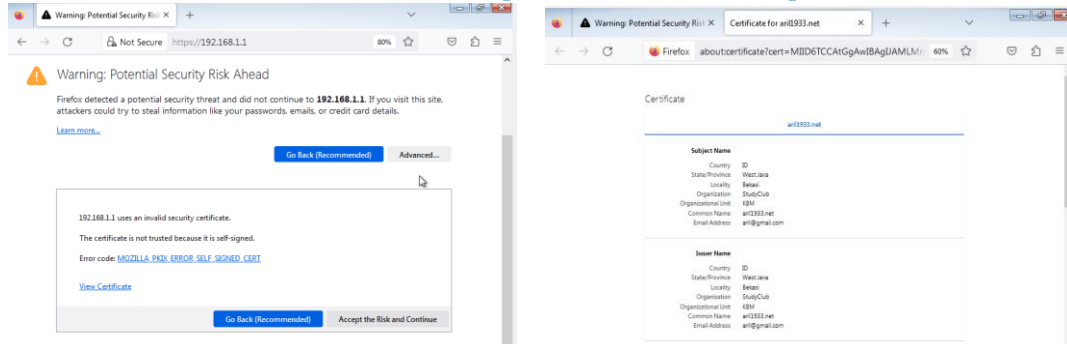
```
<VirtualHost *:443>  
ServerName aril1933.net  
SSLEngine On  
SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/apache2.pem  
</VirtualHost>
```

7. Restart paket apache2

```
root@aril:~# /etc/init.d/apache2 restart
```

## 8. Tes apakah SSL sudah berhasil

Buka web browser di client lalu search <https://aril1933.net> atau <https://192.168.1.1>



## 9. Kita sudah berhasil merubah http menjadi https

