#3 ORGANIC-CHEMISTRY

CHEMICAL REACTIONS OF ALKANES

2. SUBSITUTION REACTION -

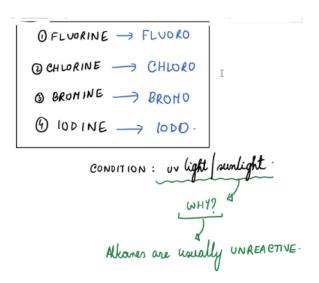
In this reaction, we react a Halogen with an Alkane or a derivative of Alkane. During this reaction, a halogen atom <u>substitutes</u> a hydrogen atom from an alkane or a derivative of alkane.

Condition: UV light / Sunlight

NOTE:

The reaction between $\underline{an\ Alkane\ and\ a\ Halogen}$ is called **Substitution** / **Halogenation** reaction.

The reaction between a derivative of Alkane and a Halogen is called **Substitution** reaction.



EXAMPLE:

0 METHANE + 10 DINE
$$\longrightarrow$$
 10 DO METHANE + HYDROGEN TO DIDE
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_4 + I_2 \longrightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{I} + \text{HI} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{H} - \overset{\text{H}}{\text{C}} + \text{H} + \text{I} - \text{I} \longrightarrow \text{H} - \overset{\text{C}}{\text{C}} - \text{I} + \text{H} - \text{I} \\ \text{H} \end{array}$$
 THE: Substitution / Halogenation reaction CONDITION: UN light / surlight

TIPE: Substitution reaction

CONDITION: UN light / runlight

DI IODOMETHANE + IODINE
$$\longrightarrow$$
 TRI IODOMETHANE + HYDROGEN IODIDE $CH_2I_2+I_2\longrightarrow CHI_3+HI$

TIPE: Substitution reaction

CONDITION: UN light / surlight

TIPE: Substitution reaction

CONDITION: UN light / sunlight

$$C_5H_{12} + \beta r_2 \rightarrow 7$$

$$C_5H_{12}$$
 + Br_2 \longrightarrow $C_5H_{11}B_r$ + HB_r