Overlall themes



- (Our explanations should not sound like excuses)
- (We do not want to project an idea that Cedar is unstable and users should avoid it)
- Our goals are to:
 - ▶ provide as much uptime as possible
 - have all resources (CPUs, GPUs, memory, storage, bandwidth) to be utilized as much as possible
 - minimize gaps in scheduling between jobs
 - minimize turnaround for your jobs
- When hardware/etc problems occur, we want you to know how you can work around them
- We want to show you how certain workflows can lead to system instabilities

Major causes of system instability



- Node failures: a node needs rebooting
- File system problems: distinguish between failures and high traffic?
- Scheduler failures
- Oversubscription of nodes, GPUs
- No software stack synchronization between login and compute nodes
- Networking problems (within or outside our control)

What do you see?



- Sluggish jobs
- Jobs not starting / taking unusually long to start
 - many valid reasons why your job's starting time can be pushed into the future
- Slurm not responding, or producing unusual output
 - e.g. a job will be stuck in 'Prolog' R (running) state for a long time, not producing any output
- Shell not responding to simple commands or very slow
- Output files missing from your working directory
- Inside running jobs see "module not found"
 - typically requires manual intervention
- Cannot log in

What can you do about these instabilities? **WEST**GRID



- Report problems to support@computecanada.ca with details:
 - system you are using
 - ► job IDs of affected jobs
 - detailed description of the problem
 - time/date it was first encountered
- Pay attention to login messages
 - ► terminal output from anything in your ~.bash_profile/.bashrc file (e.g. when loading a module or activating a virtual environment) might force important system messages scroll past the top of the terminal
 - these may contain both system notices and /scratch purge notifications
- Check http://status.computecanada.ca for updates
- Sometimes you could work around a temporary filesystem problem by submitting jobs from another filesystem
 - ▶ on Cedar /scratch,/home files are handled by different servers than /project

What can you do? (cont.)



- Do not delete and resubmit jobs that have been waiting in a queue for a long time until confirming with support@computecanada.ca
 - ► otherwise we can't analyze why a job is waiting, and priority may be lost
- Expect a backlog of jobs after a system problem
 - do not swamp the system with a bunch of new jobs be selective about what is most important to you
 - make sure that job parameters are chosen carefully to match the needs of particular jobs

These workflows will create problems



- Running anything CPU-intensive on the head node
- Submitting large number of jobs
- Excessive and/or "bad" I/O, i.e. anything resulting in high load on Lustre object storage servers (4 on Cedar handling /home and /scratch)
- Complex/unrealistic job dependencies can make Slurm unstable
- Issuing too many requests to the scheduler
 - ► classical example: running watch squeue ...
 - submitting thousands of jobs and then cancelling them
- Not testing first on a small scale (and gradual scaling up)
 - ► large parallel jobs
 - ► many serial jobs and large job arrays
 - ► large computational problems in general
- Assuming perfect parallel scaling
 - ▶ your 64-core job may be slower than 32-core ...

Problematic workflows (cont.)



- Using nested parallelism in black-box pipelines
 - e.g. submitting serial jobs each of which launches multiple threads, sometimes asking for all cores on a node
 - your pipeline should be adapted to the cluster
- Moving files from one filesystem to another (e.g. /home → /scratch) while being near the quota can lead to data loss
 - ▶ use copy instead
- Storing a large number of small files

Other best practices



- Checkpointing to be prepared for system failures
- Break your job into pieces (if possible)
- Be aware that some filesystems are not backed up (e.g. /scratch), and some have a purge policy (/scratch)
- Port your workflow to another CC's general-purpose cluster, to run it there in case of failures
 - data management part may not be so easy, but Globus should help
 - also try to port your workflows (appropriate input data, programs installed, have accounts) on local clusters where available
- If you received a /scratch purge warning, do not wait to transfer data to local systems or other clusters
 - ► an in general pay attention to /scratch purge notices!







