lab 1 Report and Assignment

Environment Setting

using following command to install the tools

```
1. sudo apt install net-tools
```

- 2. sudo apt install openssh-server
- 3. sudo apt install traceroute
- 4. sudo apt install git
- 5. sudo apt-get install -y iperf3
- 6. sudo apt install wireshark

Usage

net-tools

This includes arp, if config, netstat, route.

1. arp command manipulates or displays the the MAC table

```
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK ~> arp
地址 类型 硬件地址 标志 Mask 接口
192.168.31.18 ether 9c:28:f7:96:72:19 C enp4s
0
XiaoQiang ether 50:64:2b:e0:36:92 C enp4s
```

2. **ifconfig** command is used to configure the kernel-resident network interfaces. This command is also used to assign the IP address and netmask to an interface or to enable or disable a given interface.

```
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK
enp4s0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>                            mtu 1500
         inet 192.168.31.27 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.31.255
         inet6 fe80::fbb5:586b:7844:d80d prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 60:45:cb:2e:54:92 txqueuelen 1000 (以太网)
RX packets 1647043 bytes 2278594730 (2.2 GB)
RX errors 0 dropped 3 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 844454 bytes 72300169 (72.3 MB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,L00PBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
         inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
         inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
         loop txqueuelen 1000 (本地环回)
        RX packets 2696113 bytes 2237681290 (2.2 GB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 2696113 bytes 2237681290 (2.2 GB)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
wlp3s0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        ether f4:8c:50:6c:c9:9c txqueuelen 1000 (以太网)
         RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
         TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
         TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

3. **netstat** In computing, **netstat** (*network statistics*) is a command-line network utility that displays network connections for Transmission Control Protocol (both incoming and outgoing), routing tables], and a number of network interface (network interface controller and network protocol statistics.

some useful commands:

```
netstat -natu | grep 'ESTABLISHED'
    # Display all ESTABLISHED TCP connections
    netstat -an | grep 'LISTEN'
   # Displat all listen IP:PORT
   netstat -anlp | grep PID9
   # Port Number used by PID
6
7
   netstat -r
    # Equal to "route" list route table
9
   netstat -i
   # Network interfaces
10
   netstat -c
11
12
   # Continous listening
13
```

```
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK
                  0 127.0.0.1:15490
                                              0.0.0.0:*
           0
tcp
                                              0.0.0.0:*
           0
                  0 127.0.0.53:53
tcp
           0
                  0 0.0.0.0:22
                                              0.0.0.0:*
tcp
tcp
           0
                  0 127.0.0.1:631
                                              0.0.0.0:*
           0
                  0 127.0.0.1:8888
                                              0.0.0.0:*
tcp
           0
                  0 127.0.0.1:1088
                                              0.0.0.0:*
tcp
tcp6
           0
                  0 :::1716
           0
                  0 :::1717
tcp6
tcp6
           0
                  0 :::22
           0
tcp6
                  0::1:631
```

SSH

using ssh -port username@host to establish ssh connection between local and remote host.

Tips:

- 1. The default port for SSH is 22.
- 2. If want to access the computer in dorm. Should set the DMZ service in the router. using JuiceSSH App on Android to access the laptop:

```
下午3:54 👸 🤷 🔼 · · · 4.1K/s 🕸 🔘 💯 🛇   🥱 🗩 100%
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-47-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management:
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support:
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
0 updates can be installed immediately.
O of these updates are security updates.
Your Hardware Enablement Stack (HWE) is supported until April 2025.
Last login: Tue Sep 15 15:53:55 2020 from 192.168.31.18
unicode_start skipped on /dev/pts/2
æ
Welcome to fish, the friendly interactive shell
Type `help` for instructions on how to use fish
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK ~> uname -r
5.4.0-47-generic
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK ~> 📗
```

Traceroute

```
traceroute [options] host_address
```

It will print the route a data packet takes to reach the host address.

eg:

The -I option means using ICMP protocol

```
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK
                                     2]> traceroute -I www.baidu.com
traceroute to www.baidu.com (182.61.200.6), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 XiaoQiang (192.168.31.1) 0.401 ms 0.427 ms
                                                   0.509 ms
2 59.78.20.254 (59.78.20.254) 2.081 ms 2.395 ms
                                                      2.796 ms
  10.21.17.249 (10.21.17.249) 1.350 ms 1.361 ms
                                                      1.489 ms
   10.3.2.5 (10.3.2.5) 2.069 ms 2.639 ms 3.429 ms
   10.255.38.58 (10.255.38.58) 3.621 ms 3.630 ms 3.625 ms 10.255.38.1 (10.255.38.1) 2.426 ms 1.765 ms 1.839 ms
7
    10.255.38.254 (10.255.38.254) 1.216 ms 1.221 ms 1.218 ms
8
9
   101.4.115.105 (101.4.115.105) 2.226 ms 2.243 ms
                                                        2.429 ms
10
   101.4.117.30 (101.4.117.30) 21.041 ms
                                            20.857 ms
                                                        20.867 ms
11
12
   101.4.112.69 (101.4.112.69) 27.366 ms 27.168 ms
                                                        27.653 ms
13
    219.224.103.38 (219.224.103.38) 28.307 ms 28.333 ms 28.558 ms
14
   101.4.130.34 (101.4.130.34) 62.974 ms 67.182 ms 63.297 ms
15
   182.61.252.210 (182.61.252.210) 58.143 ms 59.105 ms 57.915 ms
16
   * * *
17
18
19
    182.61.200.6 (182.61.200.6) 63.790 ms 57.727 ms
                                                        58.024 ms
```

iPerf3

used to test the bandwidth

iperf3 -s -p establish the server with selected port

iperf3 -c hostIP -p connect to the server and running perf

```
austinguish@austinguish-GL502VSK ~>
Connecting to host localhost, port 5201
[ 5] local 127.0.0.1 port 57808 connected to 127.0.0.1 port 5201
 ID] Interval
                                                         Retr Cwnd
                          Transfer
                                        Bitrate
  5]
       0.00-1.00
                    sec 5.89 GBytes
                                        50.6 Gbits/sec
                                                                1.37 MBytes
                                                           0
                          5.90 GBytes
  5]
        1.00-2.00
                                        50.7 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.37 MBytes
                    sec
  5]
       2.00-3.00
                          5.92 GBytes
                                        50.9 Gbits/sec
                                                                1.06 MBytes
                    sec
                                                           4
  5]
                          5.94 GBytes
                                        51.0 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.19 MBytes
       3.00-4.00
                    sec
  5]
       4.00-5.00
                          5.94 GBytes
                                        51.0 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.50 MBytes
                    sec
  5]
                          5.90 GBytes
                                        50.6 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.50 MBytes
       5.00-6.00
                    sec
  5]
       6.00-7.00
                          5.89 GBytes
                                        50.6 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.50 MBytes
                    sec
  51
        7.00-8.00
                          5.87 GBytes
                                        50.4 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.50 MBytes
                    sec
                         5.88 GBytes
  5]
       8.00-9.00
                                        50.5 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.62 MBytes
                    sec
        9.00-10.00 sec
                         5.88 GBytes
  5]
                                        50.5 Gbits/sec
                                                           0
                                                                1.62 MBytes
                                        Bitrate
 ID] Interval
                          Transfer
                                                         Retr
                         59.0 GBytes
  5]
       0.00 - 10.00
                                        50.7 Gbits/sec
                    sec
                                                           4
                                                                           sender
  5]
        0.00-10.00
                    sec 59.0 GBytes
                                        50.7 Gbits/sec
                                                                           receiver
```

Question in lab1

1. What protocol does "ping" and "traceroute" use?

A: ICMP protocol

```
30 7.6070... 192.168.31.27
                                  182.61.200.6
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, se...
31 7.6355... 182.61.200.6
                                  192.168.31.27
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) reply
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
32 8.6088... 192.168.31.27
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) request
                                  182.61.200.6
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
33 8.6369... 182.61.200.6
                                  192.168.31.27
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) reply
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
34 9.6094... 192.168.31.27
                                  182.61.200.6
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) request
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
                                                                                         id=0x0001,
35 9.6378... 182.61.200.6
                                  192.168.31.27
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) reply
36 10.611... 192.168.31.27
                                  182.61.200.6
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, se...
37 10.639... 182.61.200.6
                                  192.168.31.27
                                                          ICMP 98 Echo (ping) reply
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
                                                           ICMP 98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, se...
38 11.612... 192.168.31.27
                                  182.61.200.6
                                                           ICMP 98 Echo (ping) reply
                                  192.168.31.27
                                                                                         id=0x0001, se...
39 11.640... 182.61.200.6
```

2. What is the average round trip time between your laptop and www.baidu.com?

A: using command ping url -c times to measure the RTT

```
100 packets transmitted, 97 received, 3% packet loss, time 99214ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 87.502/95.226/105.022/3.251 ms
```

In the pic, the avg rtt is 95.226ms

3. What is the TCP throughput between your two VMs?

A: Using the iperf3, the throughput is 50.7Gbits/sec

4. What is the IP address of www.sjtu.edu.cn?

A: ping command returns the IP address 202.120.2.119

```
PING www.sjtu.edu.cn (202.120.2.119) 56(84)
64 bytes from 202.120.2.119 (202.120.2.119):
64 bytes from 202.120.2.119 (202.120.2.119):
```

5. Try to find out what protocols are used for WeChat app when sending text and when video/audio chatting?

using Ettercap to set an ARP poison attack on the device in LAN. Captured the wechat app traffic on Android device. Monitored the transportation with Wireshark.

When typing in wechat, it uses TCP and TLS. When video/audio, it uses the UDP protocol.

Mininet Lab

In installation, I found that, if the present directory include 'space', the install script will throw a exception. So the correct way is to remove the space in the directory.

1. sudo mn open the main program of mininet

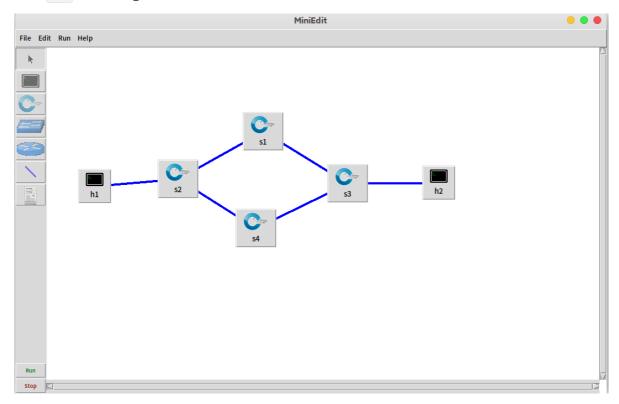
2.001
/~~
pm

the wireshark show the interface of s1 and s2.

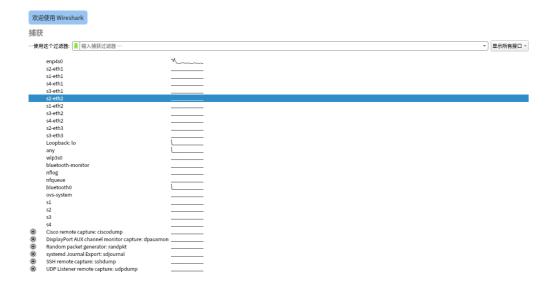
2. use GUI to setup a topology

sudo python ./examples/miniedit.py to start up the window. Just drag and drop and link, we can create a net topology.

Click run to running the emulation.



Monitoring in the wireshark



3. Commands in CLI

help display the CLI commands

nodes disply the available nodes

net show the links between the devices

device_name + command execute the command on specify device.

xterm hostname open the xterm of the divice

4. using Python script to set a topology

to set a topology like the GUI made above.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
1
2
    0.00
3
4
    Simple example of setting network and CPU parameters
5
6
7
8
   from mininet.topo import Topo
9
   from mininet.net import Mininet
10
   from mininet.node import OVSBridge
11
   from mininet.node import CPULimitedHost
    from mininet.link import TCLink
12
    from mininet.util import dumpNodeConnections
13
14
   from mininet.log import setLogLevel, info
   from mininet.cli import CLI
15
16
17
    from sys import argv
18
19
    # It would be nice if we didn't have to do this:
    # pylint: disable=arguments-differ
20
21
22
    class SingleSwitchTopo( Topo ):
23
        def build( self ):
            switch1 = self.addSwitch('s1', stp=True)
24
            switch2 = self.addSwitch('s2', stp=True)
25
            switch3 = self.addSwitch('s3', stp=True)
26
            switch4 = self.addSwitch('s4', stp=True)
27
            host1 = self.addHost('h1', cpu=.25)
28
```

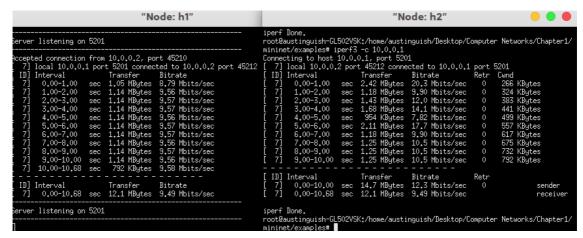
```
29
            host2 = self.addHost('h2', cpu=.25)
30
            self.addLink(host1, switch1, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
    use_htb=True)
31
            self.addLink(host2, switch2, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
    use_htb=True)
            self.addLink(switch1, switch3, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
32
    use_htb=True)
            self.addLink(switch1, switch4, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
33
    use_htb=True)
34
            self.addLink(switch3, switch2, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
    use_htb=True)
            self.addLink(switch4, switch2, bw=10, delay='5ms', loss=0,
35
    use_htb=True)
36
37
    def Test():
        "Create network and run simple performance test"
38
        topo = SingleSwitchTopo()
39
        net = Mininet( topo=topo,
40
                       host=CPULimitedHost, link=TCLink,
41
42
                        autoStaticArp=False )
43
        net.start()
        info( "Dumping host connections\n" )
44
        dumpNodeConnections(net.hosts)
45
        info( "Testing bandwidth between h1 and h4\n" )
46
47
        h1, h2 = net.getNodeByName('h1', 'h2')
        #s1, s2 = net.getNodeByName('s1', 's2')
48
49
        CLI(net)
        net.stop()
50
51
    if __name__ == '__main__':
52
53
        setLogLevel( 'info' )
        # Prevent test_simpleperf from failing due to packet loss
54
55
        Test()
```

Homework

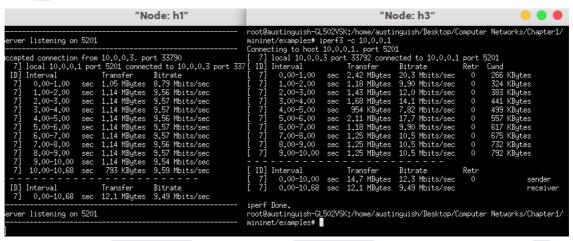
1. Simulate the following topology in Mininet. Set the link bandwidth for (s1,s2) and (s1,s3) as 10Mbps. Use Iperf to test the TCP throughput between every host pair.

```
h1--s1--s2--h2
|
| s3
|
| h3
```

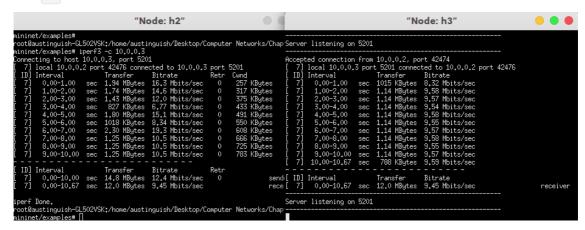
iperf test result:



the bandwidth is 12.3Mbits/s for sender and 9.49Mbits/s for receiver between the h1 and h2



the bandwidth is 12.3Mbits/s for sender and 9.49Mbits/s for receiver between the h1 and h3



the bandwidth is 12.4Mbits/s for sender and 9.45Mbits/s for receiver between the h2 and h3

2. Now let us set the packet loss rate of the link (s1,s2) and (s1,s3) as 5%. Use Iperf to test the TCP throughput again.

the bandwidth is 1.94Mbits/s for sender and 1.85Mbits/s for receiver between the h1 and h2

the bandwidth is 2.08Mbits/s for sender and 1.91Mbits/s for receiver between the h1 and h3

the bandwidth is 1.44Mbits/s for sender and 1.13Mbits/s for receiver between the h2 and h3

3. Let us add another link between s2 and s3. Try pinging h2 from h1. What would happen? How would you solve the problem? (Hint: Use ovs-ofctl command to add flow rules.)

```
h1--s1--s2--h2
| /
s3
|
h3
```

```
mininet> h1 ping -c 4 h2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
^C
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 3066ms
```

The result is all pings missed.

links display the links between the interfaces.

```
mininet> links
n1-eth0<->s1-eth1 (OK OK)
n2-eth0<->s2-eth1 (OK OK)
n3-eth0<->s3-eth1 (OK OK)
s1-eth3<->s2-eth2 (OK OK)
s1-eth2<->s3-eth2 (OK OK)
s2-eth3<->s3-eth3 (OK OK)
```

using sudo ovs-ofctl add-flow to set the flow rules.

```
sudo ovs-ofctl add-flow s2 "in_port=2 actions=output:1"
sudo ovs-ofctl add-flow s2 "in_port=1 actions=output:2"
sudo ovs-ofctl add-flow s1 "in_port=1 actions=output:3"
sudo ovs-ofctl add-flow s1 "in_port=1 actions=output:3"
```

test:

```
mininet> h1 ping -c 4 h2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3004ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 30.178/30.201/30.230/0.019 ms
```

```
mininet> h2 ping -c 4 h1
PING 10.0.0.1 (10.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=30.2 ms
--- 10.0.0.1 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3003ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 30.166/30.192/30.208/0.015 ms
```