Date:

Patient ID

| Checks | Treatment protocol | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Ventilation | AIMS: SO2 88-92%, pH > 7.15, Pplat < 30cm H20 | Yes | No | | | | |
| Default Ventilator settings | Tidal Volume (Vt): 6-8ml/kg ideal body weight | | | | | | |
| | Mode: SIMV/VC to start. Other modes after expert advice | | | | | | |
| _ | RR: 12-20 | | | | | | |
| | PEEP: See PEEP table on page 2 | | | | | | |
| FiO2 ≤ 50% | No change needed | | | | | | |
| | Consider progression of underling ARDS | | | | | | |
| | • Higher PEEP | | | | | | |
| | Prone positioning early | | | | | | |
| | Cisatracurium infusion for paralysis | | | | | | |
| Oxygen >50% | • Aim for negative fluid balance (see below) | | | | | | |
| | • Recruitment maneuver – after expert advice | | | | | | |
| | Consider secondary pathology | | | | | | |
| | New secondary infection VAP | | | | | | |
| | Pneumothorax/lung collapse/sputum plugging | | | | | | |
| Weaning | Do not back off from mandatory ventilation (SIMV) too soon High rate of relapse | | | | | | |
| Circulation | AIMS: MAP 65 Neutral or negative fluid balance | Yes | No | | | | |
| Rising Norad Dosage: | ECHO to look for acute heart failure | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| EG: > 0.25mcg/kg/min | Find severe LV dysfunction – get expert advice | | | | | | |
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| Positive fluid balance CPR and escalation decisions | Find severe LV dysfunction – get expert advice Find normal LV/RV function Consider new sepsis. Cultures +/- broad spectrum IV antibiotics Consider hydrocortisone. (Max dose 50mg IV 6 hourly) Consider vasopressin (1-2 units/hr) Consider NOT giving more IV fluid Add diuretics or increase current dose Frusemide - intermittent or by infusion (max 100mg/hr) All patients need a Resuscitation Plan Consider "Not for CPR" in all patients > 70 Get expert advice | Yes | No | | | | |
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| Sepsis & treatment of COVID | | Yes | No |
|-----------------------------|---|-----|----|
| COVID-19 Diagnosis | Tracheal aspirate is sufficient for COVID diagnosis | | |
| | Bronchoscopy is not indicated and is a risk | | |
| Treatment | No known effective anti-microbial therapy to date | | |
| | Steroids are not indicated for the acute lung injury | | |
| | Steroids may have a role in COVID-associated myocarditis • Get expert opinion | | |
| Secondary infection | Daily CRP and high index of suspicion for new infection | | |
| Antibiotics | Standard CAP antibiotics are appropriate in the empiric treatment of all new patients | | |
| | Ceftriaxone and azithromycin | | |
| | Consider ceasing when COVID diagnosis proven | | |

| Generic ICU Maintenance | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Feeding Enteral via NG tube as soon as possible TPN only if enteral failed and > 1 week | | | | |
| General Daily Checklist | DVT prophylaxis • Clexane as 1 st choice – 50% dose if GFR < 30 • Pneumatic calf compression stockings as 2 nd line • TEDS (below knee) are not protective | | | | |
| | Glycaemic Control • Aim: BSL 8-12. • Sliding scale for type II, Insulin infusion for type I | | | | |
| | Stress ulcer prophylaxis | | | | |
| | VAP prevention • 30 degrees head up (if not prone) | | | | |
| Imaging | Daily CXR? • Consider fewer CXR's if patient is stable | | | | |
| | CT scans Not indicated as routine. Discuss with expert prior | | | | |
| Labs | Daily standard tests | | | | |
| Family | Daily update of family Restricted visiting No physical contact | | | | |

<u>PEEP Table</u>

| FiO2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 |
|----------------|--------|---------|---------|-----|---------|-----|-----|----|
| High PEEP | 5 - 12 | 14 - 16 | 16 - 18 | 18 | 18 - 20 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| Middle PEEP | 5 - 10 | 10 - 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 20 |

2 PEEP regimes. High PEEP for the most severe cases