

Macro Roundup Article

Headline: [America's Southern Border Has Become A Global Crossroads](#)

Article Link: <https://www.economist.com/united-states/2024/01/18/americas-southern-border-has-become-a-global-crossroads>

Author(s)	Economist Staff
Publication	The Economist
Publication Date	January 22, 2024

Tweet: In 2023 migrants from countries beyond Mexico and Central America made up more than half of apprehensions at the border; 43,000 Russians, 42,000 Indians, and 24,000 Chinese were detained in 2023 up from 4,100, 2,600 and 450 respectively 2021.

Summary: In fiscal year 2023, for the first time, migrants from places beyond Mexico, El Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras made up more than half of all those apprehended at the border. Venezuelans are the largest part of this group. But last year 43,000 Russians, 42,000 Indians, and 24,000 Chinese also made the crossing—up from 4,100, 2,600, and 450, respectively, in 2021. America's northern border has proved porous, too. In total, some 40,000 Indian and Chinese migrants came south from Canada last year.

Related Articles: U.S. Released More Than 2.3 Million Migrants At Border Since 2021, Data Show and Immigrants & Their Kids Were 70% of U.S. Labor Force Growth Since 1995 and Immigrants' Share of the U.S. Labor Force Grows to a New High

Primary Topic: Immigration

Topics: Immigration, News article, Politics, Workforce

Permalink: <https://www.edwardconard.com/macro-roundup/in-2023-migrants-from-countries-beyond-mexico-and-central-america-made-up-more-than-half-of-apprehensions-at-the-border-43000-russians-42000-indians-and-24000-chinese-were-detained-in-2023-up-fr?view=detail>

Featured Image Link: <https://www.edwardconard.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/01/From-Near-And-Increasingly-Far-.png>