



Techtronic Industries



Annual Report 2013

► POWERFUL BRANDS ► INNOVATIVE PRODUCTS ► EXCEPTIONAL PEOPLE ► OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

Contents

- 1 Financial Highlights
- 4 Chairman's Statement
- 6 Chief Executive Officer's Strategic Review
- 8 Power Equipment, Accessories and Hand Tools Overview
- 10 Power Equipment, Accessories and Hand Tools
- 26 Floor Care and Appliances Overview
- 28 Floor Care and Appliances
- 36 Board of Directors
- 40 Management's Discussion and Analysis
- 46 Corporate Governance Report
- 55 Report of the Directors
- 63 Independent Auditor's Report
- 64 Consolidated Financial Statements
- 71 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- 155 Financial Summary
- 156 Corporate Information



Record Sales

Record Profits

Techtronic Industries Company Limited (the “Company” or “TTI”) is a world-class leader in design, manufacturing and marketing of Power Tools, Outdoor Power Equipment, and Floor Care and Appliances for consumers, professional and industrial users in the home improvement, repair and construction industries. Our unrelenting strategic focus on Powerful Brands, Innovative Products, Operational Excellence and Exceptional People drives our culture.

Our brands and products are recognized worldwide for their deep heritage, superior quality, outstanding performance and compelling innovation. Through a company-wide commitment to innovation and strong customer partnerships, we consistently deliver new products that enhance customer satisfaction and productivity. This focus and drive provides TTI with a powerful platform for sustainable leadership and strong growth.

Founded in 1985 in Hong Kong, TTI has a portfolio of industry leading brands, a worldwide customer reach, and over 18,000 staff. TTI is listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong and in 2013 had worldwide annual sales of USD4.3 billion.

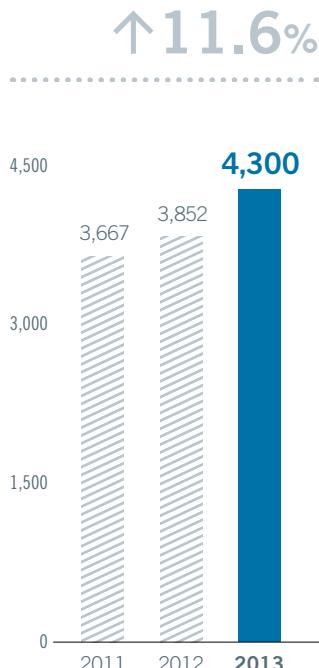
Financial Highlights

	2013 USDm	2012 USDm	Changes
Turnover	4,300	3,852	+11.6%
Gross profit margin	34.2%	33.5%	+70 bpt
EBIT	304	260	+16.9%
Profit attributable to Owners of the Company	250	201	+24.5%
Basic earnings per share (US cents)	13.68	11.42	+19.8%
Dividend per share (approx. US cents)	3.06	2.25	+35.7%

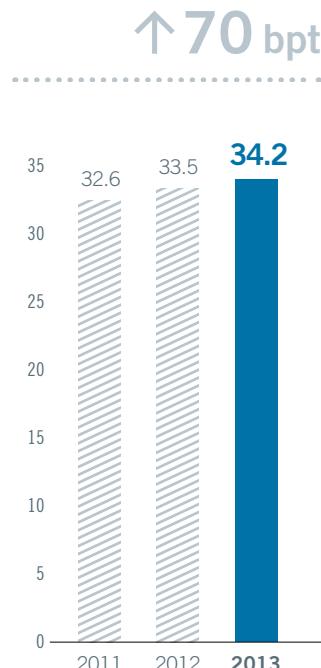
Record Free Cash Flow

- Sales grew 11.6% to a record USD4.3 billion
- Gross profit expanded 14.2% with a record margin of 34.2%

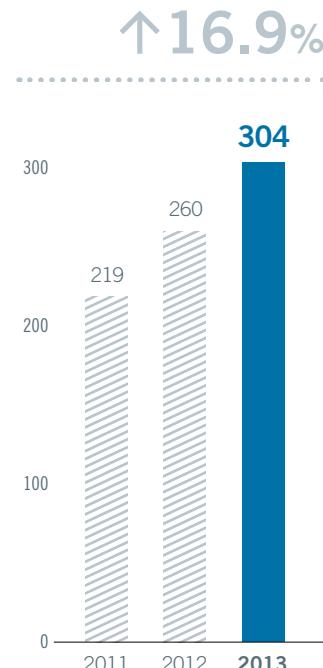
Turnover
USDm



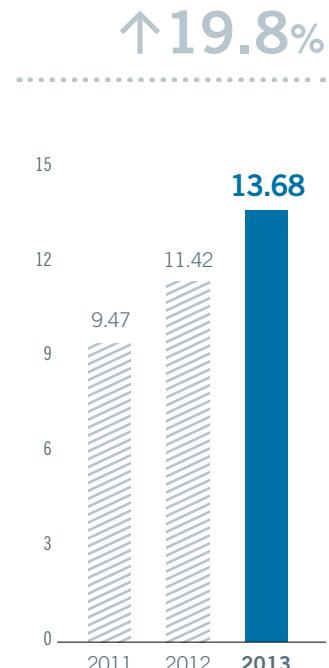
Gross Profit Margin
%



EBIT
USDm



Basic Earnings per Share
US cents



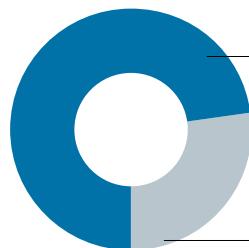
Financial Highlights



Record Sales

Record Profits

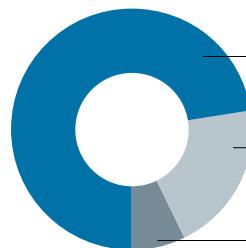
Sales by Business



Power Equipment,
Accessories and
Hand Tools

73.1%
26.9%

Sales by Location



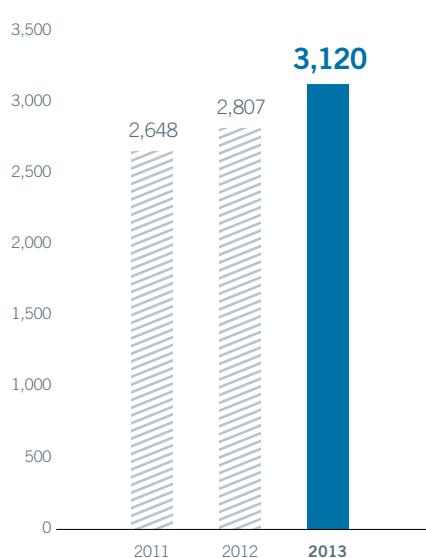
72.6% North America
20.2% Europe
7.2% Rest of the World

Turnover from Customers

North America

USDm

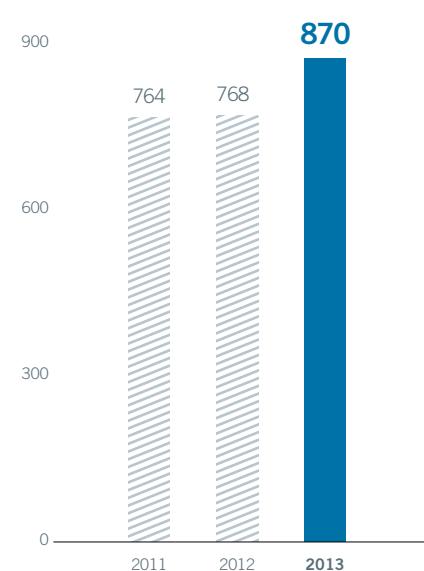
↑11.2%



Europe

USDm

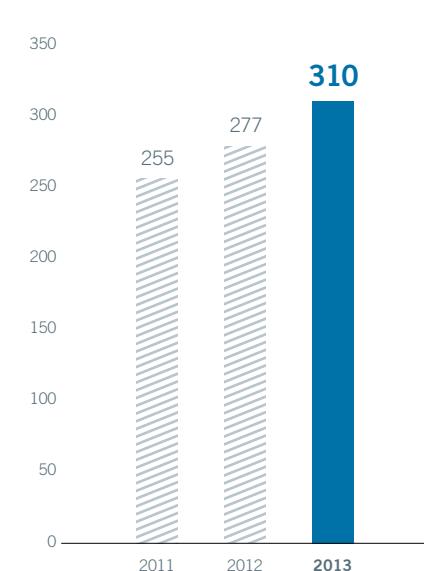
↑13.3%



Rest of the World

USDm

↑11.5%



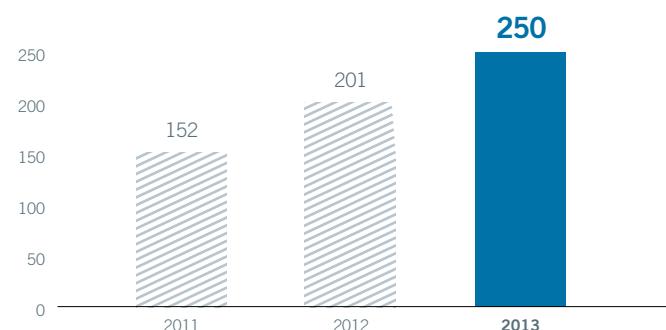
Record Free Cash Flow

- Net profit increased to USD250 million, growing 24.5%
- Another strong year delivering free cash flow of USD332 million
- Working capital improved to 13.9% of sales
- Gearing improved and was lowered from 25.8% to 10.6%

➤ Profit

USDm

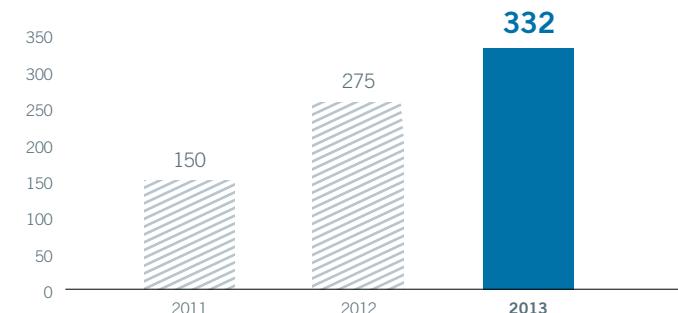
↑ 24.5%



➤ Free Cash Flow

USDm

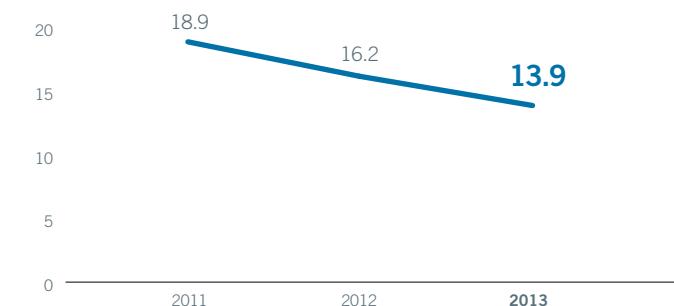
↑ 20.7%



➤ Working Capital as % of sales

%

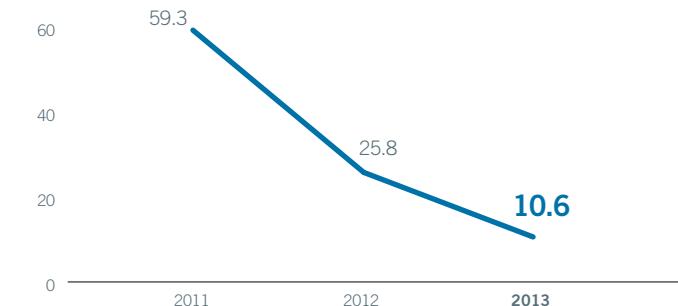
13.9%



➤ Gearing Ratio

%

10.6%



Chairman's Statement



"TTI delivered another record year for sales, gross margin and profit in 2013. We are excited about our positive momentum and are well positioned to build on our record financial performance through our continued commitment to innovation and superior products. , ,

I am pleased to announce that TTI delivered another year of record sales, gross margin, and profit in 2013, building on our strong 2012 performance. We achieved a number of financial milestones:

- Sales grew 11.6% to a record USD4.3 billion
- All business segments and geographic regions delivered strong growth
- Gross profit expanded 14.2% with a record margin of 34.2%
- Net profit increased to USD250 million, growing 24.5%
- Working capital improved to 13.9% of sales
- Another strong year delivering free cash flow of USD332 million

A disciplined focus on our key strategic drivers is reflected in our financial performance and validates that our strategy is working. These four strategic drivers, having powerful brands, developing innovative products, building a strong company culture through exceptional people, and pursuing operational excellence, are precisely what we will do to continue delivering outstanding results.

Record Financial Performance

Sales for the year ended December 31, 2013 increased 11.6% over 2012 to USD4.3 billion as we continued investing in new products and driving organic growth. Sales of our largest business segments, Power Equipment, rose by 9.8% to USD3.1 billion, accounting for 73.1% of total sales, against 74.4% in 2012. Floor Care and Appliance had a strong year on sales growth of 17.0% over 2012 to USD1.2 billion. We delivered double digit sales growth in all geographic regions. The acquisition of the powerful ORECK® brand in the second half of 2013 further strengthened our global floor care portfolio and expanded our offering in the commercial and premium market segments.

Our gross profit margin improved for the fifth consecutive year to 34.2% from 33.5% last year through the introduction of new products coupled with further productivity gains in our operations and sourcing. Cost improvement programs across our global operations delivered significant savings in purchasing, supply chain, value engineering, and manufacturing. In addition, we continue to invest in automation and lean manufacturing initiatives to improve both labor efficiency and overall productivity.

Earnings in 2013, before interest and taxes, increased by 16.9% to USD304 million, with the margin improving by 30 basis points to 7.1%. We increased our strategic spending on research and development (R&D) to deliver our innovative new product road map across all categories and on marketing to successfully launch the new products. Our solid operational performance drove shareholders' profits to rise by 24.5% to USD250 million, with earnings per share increasing by 19.8% over 2012 to US13.68 cents. The higher sales and operational efficiency drove positive free cash flow to a record USD332 million. We continued to improve the management of our working capital and lowered our gearing, reducing it from 25.8% at the end of 2012, to 10.6% in 2013.

Powerful Brands & Innovative Products

We have the best brand portfolio in our industries with market leading brands like MILWAUKEE®, RYOBI®, HOMELITE®, AEG®, HOOVER®, DIRT DEVIL®, VAX®, and recently acquired ORECK®. The centerpiece of our growth strategy is the sustainable development of innovative new products bringing break-through technology, Lithium cordless platforms, and broad-based new product ranges to end-users. Our continuing success

DELIVERING OUTSTANDING PERFORMANCE

flows from our ability to develop and produce innovative products, with about one third of our 2013 sales coming from new products.

Another strategic initiative driving our industry leading position is the expansion of our presence in under-represented geographic markets. We have worked to grow our business in high potential markets around the world, seizing opportunities to drive the strategic deployment of our brands. We are expanding globally and our products are employing even more advanced technology as we continue investing in R&D.

Operational Excellence & Exceptional People

The performance in 2013 confirms that our continuous improvement initiatives, world class manufacturing, global purchasing, and value engineering programs are delivering efficiencies and driving innovation. We continue to increase our productivity levels to adapt to the growth in demand while offsetting inflationary pressures. Our lean production is driven by our efforts to reduce waste with programs like Kaizen events and cellular manufacturing. This lean focus coupled with intelligent use of automation frees resources for the most efficient production possible. Our commitment to operational excellence and continuous improvement is driven by well-established processes and dedicated employees and has permeated all of our business units.

The strength of our management team is an important driver of our successes. Recruiting, developing, and retaining great talent has become part of our culture. Each of our business units is building and fostering an outstanding team of current and future leaders. As our results demonstrate, TTI's management keeps the Company on the leading edge of the industry.

A Bright Outlook

TTI is revolutionizing the way professionals and consumers tackle projects at home and on the job site. We are doing this through our commitment to innovation, continually engineering superior products that make life easier for consumers and work easier for professionals. The result is powerful growth and the delivery of excellent year-over-year financial results. But this is just the beginning.

In the years to come we will continue to innovate and respond to the evolving needs of our consumers, positioning TTI for continued strong financial performance over the long term. We are excited about our positive momentum and are well positioned to build on our record financial performance.

I would like to thank our loyal customers and business partners for their ongoing support, our dedicated and passionate employees whose hard work helps us realize our vision each year, our shareholders for their commitment to TTI, and our board of directors for its ongoing strategic contributions. Our shared success is the result of a true team effort.



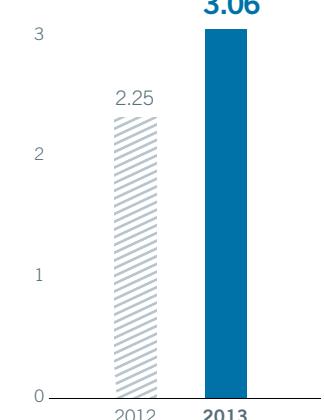
Horst Julius Pudwill

Chairman
March 19, 2014

Dividend per Share

US cents

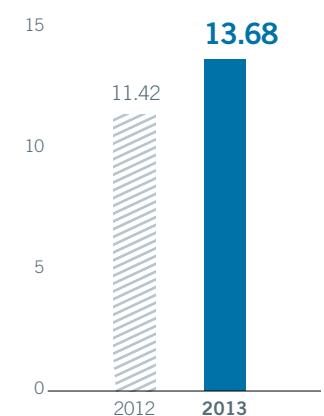
↑35.7%



Basic Earnings per Share

US cents

↑19.8%



Chief Executive Officer's Strategic Review



STRATEGIC DRIVERS

- Powerful Brands
- Innovative Products
- Exceptional People
- Operational Excellence

STRATEGIC ROADMAP

- Drive Sales Growth
- Gross Margin Enhancement
- Organizational Development
- Operating Cycle Development
- Generate Free Cash Flow

At TTI we are highly focused on our strategic drivers: powerful brands, innovative products, exceptional people, and operational excellence. These are the keys to our continued growth and success. This strategic foundation is driving our business to record levels by empowering our people to create cutting edge products. It is our innovative technology in breakthrough new products like the MILWAUKEE® FUEL® line that are transforming the power tool industry. Our relentless focus on applying Lithium cordless technology to new categories in power tools, outdoor products, and floor care are revolutionizing these businesses. Our management team is committed to continue to tap the full potential of our business. We refuse to settle for anything less than being the best.

New Product Machine

Our new product development system is a rigorous process that ensures high quality, game changing, and innovative products. We are producing a continuous stream of new products that excite end-users, overwhelm the competition, and change the respective industries. TTI invests heavily in product development and 2013 was no exception with research and development (R&D) spending up 34.7% to 2.5% of sales, a very sustainable level for us.

Our new product development system is central to our growth:

Commitment to the end-user: We work closely with our end-users to understand their needs, lifestyles, habits, and frustrations in search of product solutions. We intensely study our users, our industries, and our competitors in search of opportunities to deliver better products.

Innovation: We convert end-user frustrations and problems into demonstrative solutions with our innovative, high performance products. We often make bold decisions to re-invent our products to deliver better solutions to our users. We are pioneering new technology applications through our R&D efforts across our product categories and continuing to innovate across all categories. We are investing strategically in our engineering capabilities to integrate our advanced technologies into our products.

Speed-to-market: We have created a powerful, streamlined, fast paced, and comprehensive product development process. TTI has a number of brand focused innovation centers in key markets dedicated to research, design, engineering technologies, and developing new products. Across our brands and innovation centers we drive product development through our high speed process to bring a broad range of breakthrough, value added, margin enhancing products to market.

We are striving to change our industries through innovation and are delivering on that.

Developing Great People

TTI has assembled an outstanding team of people. Our business unit leaders are industry veterans with exceptional track records and a passion for serving our customers. Across the organization we have the best people in our industries, with a good blend of company veterans and emerging young talent with fresh ideas. We will continue to develop our employees worldwide to support our growth goals.

A BOLD VISION OF GROWTH

Growth initiatives that will capture opportunities generated by our business across the globe

Our Leadership Development Program (LDP) is thriving. For this program we recruit high-potential graduates from top universities and focus on training, mentoring, and promoting them. We have hired more than 1,000 LDPs with many becoming leaders within the organization and a number serving in international positions. We are committed to hiring the best and promoting them from within. The program is highly successful and has been expanded from North America into Europe, Asia, Latin America, and Australia. This international group of future TTI leaders is flourishing in sales, marketing, product management, supply chain management, engineering, and other important positions. Our commitment to the LDP enables TTI to develop exceptional leaders to support our business goals.

TTI strives to have a universal culture of empowerment and creativity that motivates people to achieve their goals and reach their potential quickly. We provide a focused, strategic road map, strong financial backing, clear leadership direction, and a high energy environment that allows our employees to learn, contribute, and grow. We place people in positions that expand their scope of responsibility, positioning them to succeed and deliver results. TTI's employees are driven and are rewarded with an exciting career if they are passionate about achieving results and being part of a successful team.

With such an array of focused, motivated, and outstanding people, TTI will continue to outperform the competition and change our industries.

- Deliver Break-Through, Disruptive Technology
- Lithium ion Cordless Leadership
- Broad-Based Innovative Products
- Aggressive Marketing, Demand Creation
- Target Geographic Expansion
- Floor Care Transformation
- Drive Operational Productivity
- Global Organizational Development

Success and leadership are driven by great products and great people. We prove that every day at TTI. They are truly a powerful combination.

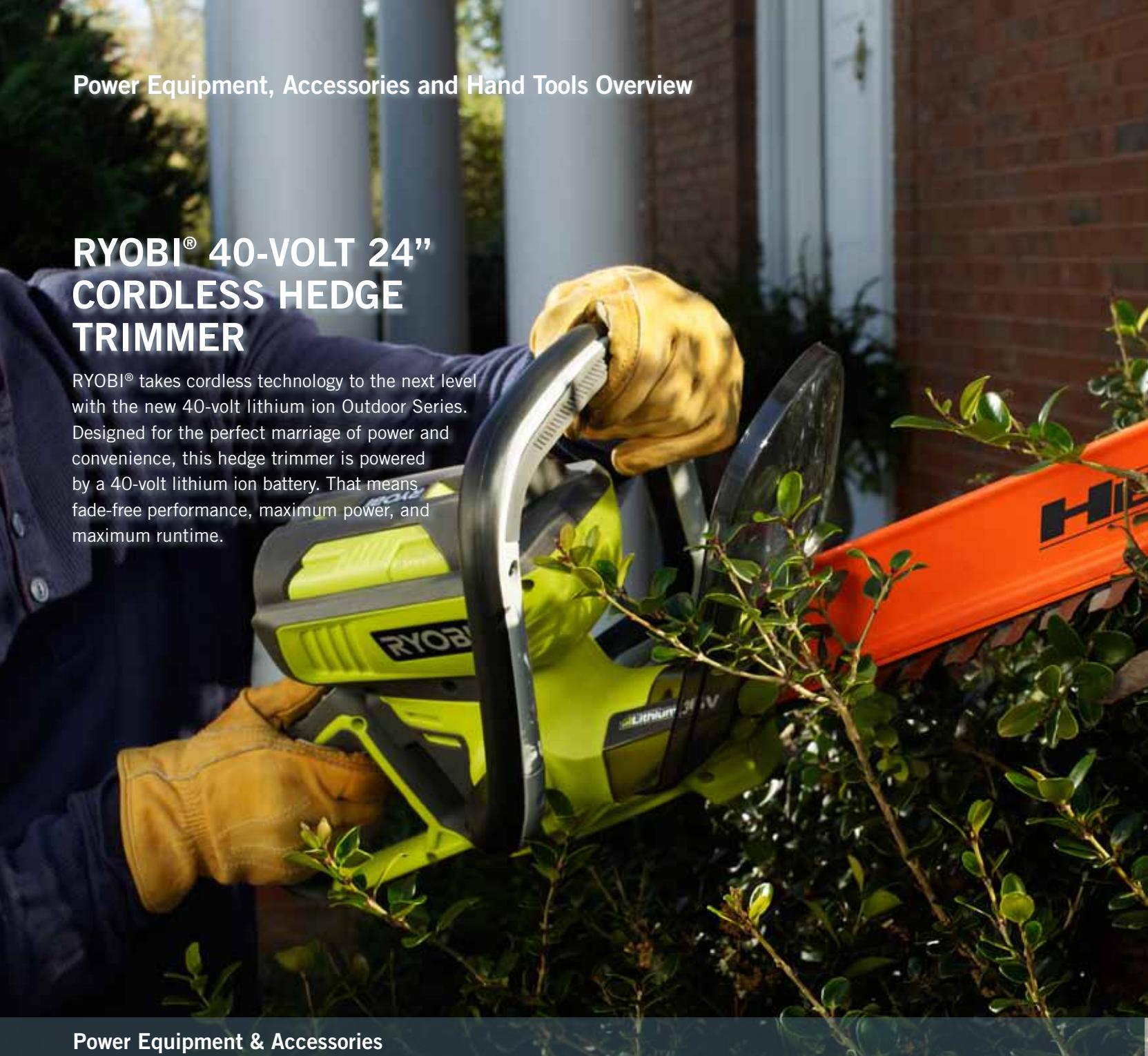
In closing, I would like to thank our visionary Chairman, Horst Pudwill, for his tremendous mentorship, support, and guidance throughout our record breaking 2013 year. Horst's powerful presence is extremely motivating to me and is critical to our company's success.



Joseph Galli Jr
Chief Executive Officer
March 19, 2014

RYOBI® 40-VOLT 24" CORDLESS HEDGE TRIMMER

RYOBI® takes cordless technology to the next level with the new 40-volt lithium ion Outdoor Series. Designed for the perfect marriage of power and convenience, this hedge trimmer is powered by a 40-volt lithium ion battery. That means fade-free performance, maximum power, and maximum runtime.



Power Equipment & Accessories

Industrial



Professional



Consumer & Trade





Sales by Business



Power Equipment,
Accessories and
Hand Tools

Floor Care and
Appliances

The Power Equipment business is our largest division and consists of power tools, hand tools, outdoor products and accessories. In 2013, sales in this business rose by 9.8% to a record USD3.1 billion. We delivered growth in all geographic markets and reported strong results in our industrial division. The business accounted for 73.1% of Group turnover, against 74.4% in 2012. Earnings grew 14.2% to USD261 million on new products, operational efficiency, and supply chain productivity.

Hand Tools



Outdoor



Industrial Power Tools



M18 FUEL™

Delivering unmatched performance, the M18 FUEL™ line features three MILWAUKEE®-exclusive innovations: the POWERSTATE™ Brushless Motor, REDLITHIUM™ Battery Pack and REDLINK PLUS™ Intelligence Hardware and Software. The result is cordless tools with unrivaled power, run-time and durability.



Our mission in cordless design is to introduce new solutions that make tradesmen on the jobsite more productive. Working side-by-side with users during the design and testing process gives us the ability to deliver game-changing solutions.

Products and Technology

Products

- Cordless Power Tools, Corded Power Tools, Test & Measurement diagnostic equipment

Cordless Platforms

- Lithium-Ion batteries M12®, M18®, M28® REDLITHIUM™

Technology

- State-of-the-art motor technology – POWERSTATE™ Brushless Motor
- Advanced electronics – REDLINK PLUS™ Intelligence
- Up to 2X more run-time, 20% more power, and 2X more recharges – REDLITHIUM™ Batteries

End-Users

- Mechanical, electrical, plumbing, remodeling and maintenance repair professionals

Distribution

- Home Center channels, Hardware, Industrial MRO, Plumbing, Electrical, Farm and Agriculture, Construction and Automotive channels

M18® 2-SPEED GREASE GUN

Delivering maximum performance and unmatched precision, this new Grease Gun delivers up to 10,000psi operating pressure and features a new-to-world pre-set grease counter to dispense exact amounts of grease.



M18® LED FLOOD LIGHT

Delivering best-in-class light output, functionality and durability, the new light features eight powerful LEDs to provide 30% brighter light output and better illuminate large work spaces for maximum productivity.



M12® M18®

NEXT GENERATION DRILLING & FASTENING TOOLS

MILWAUKEE® continues to deliver best-in-class solutions with upgrades to key products. New models introduced this year will feature improved ergonomics and increased performance.



North America

International

M18® JOBSITE RADIO/CHARGER

The M18® Jobsite Radio/Charger is the first charging radio to bring the power of Bluetooth®* to the jobsite. Delivering the industry's best reception and sound, it lets you stream wireless audio from over 100 feet away. Equipped with a reinforced roll cage to protect against harsh conditions, this radio allows you to charge your M18® batteries, or any other devices you need via USB port.



* BLUETOOTH is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

Accessories

**High Performance.
Breakthrough Productivity.**



Our mission for Power Tool Accessories is to deliver breakthrough innovations that solve jobsite problems and make our core users more productive. We are committed to pushing the limits of performance through investments in disruptive manufacturing technologies and creative designs. Our new product efforts produce visually differentiated attributes that reinforce a demonstrable performance advantage vs. our competition.

Products and Technology

Products

- Saw blades and hole saws
- Masonry drilling and demolition
- Metal drill bits and cutters
- Fastening accessories
- Wood boring bits

Technologies

- Engineered sawing tooth forms including Nail Guard™ and Double Duty™
- Shockwave™ Impact Duty driving technologies
- Switchblade™ wood boring replacement blade system
- Proprietary high speed steel heat treating including Ice Hardened™



DIAMOND PLUS™ HOLE SAWS

Engineered to stand up to the hardest, most abrasive materials on the jobsite. The new diamond grit hole saw utilizes a higher grade of diamonds and heat-resistant braze to deliver best-in-class performance of up to 10X longer life.

JAM-FREE PERFORMANCE

STEP BITS

Optimized for cordless drills running at high speeds, Step Bits offer jam-free performance and up to 4X longer life.



UP TO **4X LIFE**

DOUBLE DUTY UPGRADE™

DOUBLE DUTY UPGRADE™ THIN KERF

These blades are ideal for making fast, flexible cuts. Maintaining a short profile and thin body, these blades feature a special tooth form optimized for long life and speed.



DOUBLE DUTY UPGRADE™ THE TORCH™

These blades are ideal for tough, straight cuts. The teeth are optimized for maximum life and durability. The Grid Iron™ honeycomb pattern greatly increases the blade's rigidity, making it the stiffest metal cutting SAWZALL® on the market.

**DOUBLE
DUTY
UPGRADE™**

LONGEST*
LIFE OF ANY SAWZALL®
BLADE EVER

**2X
LIFE**

STRONGEST*
SAWZALL® TANG
FOR INCREASED
DURABILITY

**TOUGH
NECK™**

STIFFEST
HONEYCOMB
STRUCTURE FOR
RIGIDITY

**GRID
IRON™**
**THE
TORCH™**

SHOCKWAVE™ EXPAND

This unique line helps users boost their productivity while lightening their load. With SHOCKWAVE™ Expand users can pair Insert Bits and Bit Holders with their tools to create 100's of different impact combinations.

SHOCKWAVE
IMPACT DUTY



Hand Tools

**Ultimate Productivity.
Superior Performance.**



With over 100 new tools in 2013, we're continuously expanding our Hand Tool line. Dedicated to delivering solutions to increase productivity, the Hand Tool group focuses on providing application-specific features to the electrical, mechanical, HVAC, MRO and remodeling trades.

Products and Technology

Products

- Cutting and Fastening
- Layout
- Screwdriving
- Knives
- Tape Measures
- Blades
- Saws

Platforms

- FASTBACK™, FASTBACK™ Utility Knives, Hollow-Core Nut Drivers, INKZALL™ Jobsite Markers, Torque Locking Pliers

Technologies

- Tape measure nylon bond blade protection for up to 10X longer life
- Micro carbide dispersed metal utility blades for up to 3X longer life
- Jobsite Stylist Marker





MAGNETIC TAPE MEASURES

This innovative tool features 10X the life of leading competitors. Each Tape Measure is outfitted with user-inspired enhancements like a finger stop for protection during blade retraction, as well as dual magnets that prevent rollover when measuring.

1000-VOLT INSULATED SCREWDRIVERS

Our UL®* Classified Screwdrivers are 1000-volt rated, providing best-in-class safety for users working on energized and high-voltage equipment.



HAND CLAMPS

Featuring a revolutionary smooth action clamp and release mechanism, it offers up to 2X the clamping force of other ratcheting hand clamps.



FASTBACK™ KNIVES

Designed to activate 3X faster than two-handed opening, FASTBACK™ knives open easily with the press of a button and a flip of the wrist.

* UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories Inc.



LOCKING PLIERS

This tool was inspired by our customers. Using a screwdriver, workers are able to turn the Torque Lock™ key to fix the pliers into place, with the desired torque.



INKZALL™ JOBSITE MARKERS

Features a clog-resistant tip that will write on dusty, oily or wet surfaces, or a stylus tip for use with mobile devices.



Hand Tools



STILETTO® HAMMERS

With exceptional design and best-in-class materials, STILETTO® Hammers are the lightest, most innovative high-performance hammers available today.

STILETTO® FIBERGLASS HAMMERS

With an 18" Poly/Fiberglass handle and 14oz Titanium Head, the STILETTO® Fiberglass Hammer provides increased strength and the driving power of a 24oz Steel Hammer. The straight claw design and magnetic nail starter allow for better nail pulling and one handed, easy start nails.



STILETTO® PRY BARS

The multi-f fulcrum design of STILETTO® Pry Bars provides maximum leverage during prying applications.

STILETTO® NAIL PULLERS

STILETTO® Nail Pullers feature an innovative dimpler which allows for the clean removal of nails without splitting the wood grain.

STILETTO® sets the standard with premium Titanium hand tools and hammers that are 45% lighter than steel, while providing the same striking force and strength. In addition, Titanium tools produce 10X less recoil shock, which means less down time due to injury, more productivity and most importantly less pain while getting the job done.



Products and Technology

Products

- Hammers, Lath & Drywall Axes, Nail Pullers, Pry Bars and Air Grips

Technology

- Patented: Titanium Construction, 180 Degree Side Nail Pullers, Replaceable Faces, Staple Pullers and Dimplers

End-Users

- A variety of tradesmen including carpenters, masons, demolition workers and remodelers

Distribution

- Home centers, hardware stores and lumber yards





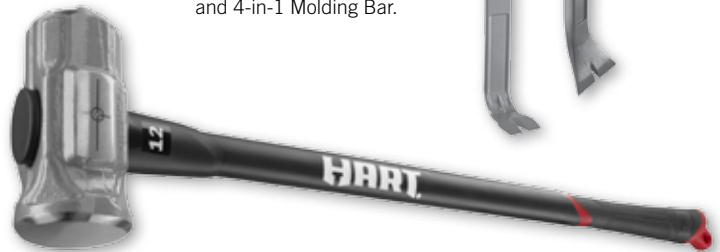
HART® HAMMERS

Preferred choice of framing contractors because of the many Signature features such as the magnetic nail set and the angled drive face.



HART® 3.5lbs AXE

The HART® 3.5lbs Axe is equipped with an arsenal of Signature Features including Face Cutouts, a Forged Head, SureGrip™ overmold, and much more.



HART® 12lbs SLEDGE HAMMER

Power through demolition 44% more efficiently with the patented PowerStrike™ face Signature Feature.



HART® PRY AND MOLDING BARS

Make nail and molding removal easy with the forged 15" Pry Bar and 4-in-1 Molding Bar.

HART® products focus on delivering innovative Signature Features such as exceptional weight balance ratio, polished hammer heads, progressive angled face hammer designs, side nail pulls, forged heads and PowerStrike™ faces. In addition, HART® Tools are designed and built to withstand the rigors of a Professional Jobsite. HART®'s line of innovative products assure you that NOTHING HITS HARDER™.



Products and Technology

Products

- Hammers, Sledges, Mattocks, Wedges, Pry Bars, Chisels, Axes and Mauls

Technology

- Hammer Side Nail Pull, Angled Strike Face and Magnetic Nail Set
- Sledge Hammer PowerStrike™ Face
- Mattocks PowerFin Design

End-Users

- Professionals and Do-It-Yourselfers

Distribution

- Home Centers and Hardware Stores



Professional Power Tools

AEG® 18-VOLT LITHIUM ION HAMMER

The AEG® 18-volt lithium ion compact hammer drill has a new powerful new frameless motor that delivers 70Nm maximum torque with a 24 stage torque adjustment for complete control and a 3 mode selector of ease of control between applications. It is powered by AEG® PRO LITHIUM ION™ battery technology with overload protection for maximum durability of battery and tool.



AEG POWERTOOLS

The AEG® power tools brand has been delivering high-performance tools since 1898. 115 years later and nothing has changed, AEG® Power Tools continues to push boundaries and innovate with a current focus on the cordless sector, harnessing lithium ion power as well a myriad of traditional but highly innovative corded tools.

Products and Technology

Products

- Cordless and Cored Power Tools

Cordless Platforms

- PRO LITHIUM ION™ Cordless System 12-volt 14.4-volt and 18-volt
- OMNIPRO® MULTITOOL system with interchangeable heads
- Cordless and Cored Power Tools, and support accessories

End-Users

- Professional tradesmen, Contractors

Distribution

- Professional / Traditional trade and wholesale distribution
- Professional section of Modern channels and Home Centers



18-VOLT LITHIUM ION POWER TOOLS

AEG®'s cordless 18-volt offering continues to expand, with a particular focus on PRO LITHIUM ION™ cordless battery technology delivering improved power output and run-time.



PRO LiTHIUM™

LATEST BATTERY TECHNOLOGY

The second generation cordless technology of AEG® PRO LITHIUM ION™ technology, guarantees users receive more run-time, longer life and overall more productivity. The triple protection system protects the battery cells from over-heating, over loading, and over/under charging, offering optimum performance at all levels. The new 2Ah & 4Ah batteries are available in 12V and 18V versions.



TRADESMAN

The tradesman drill drivers and hammer drill drivers have all the features required for todays professional end users. Across 12-volt, 14.4-volt and 18-volt platforms.



MASTER OF ALL TRADES

OMNIPRO® is a revolutionary system allowing users to tailor their system depending on application. The system comes with a wide variety of heads ready to tackle almost any challenge. The body comes in three different versions, 12V – designed for ergonomics, 18V – for power & control and an AC version – ideal for long run times.

Consumer and Trade Power Tools



RYOBI® 18-VOLT NAILER

Cordless convenience featuring AIRSTRIKE™ Technology, which eliminates the need for noisy compressors, bulky hoses or expensive gas cartridges.

RYOBI®

RYOBI® offers the most extensive award winning and innovative line of consumer focused products and accessories for worldwide use. The RYOBI® power tool range is anchored by the 18-volt ONE+ SYSTEM® of over 50 products, ranging from drills, drivers, saws and trimmers to sanders.

Products and Technology

Products

- Cordless and Cored Power Tools
- Power Tool Accessories

Technology

- 18-volt ONE+ SYSTEM®
- Lithium ion & LITHIUM+®
- AIRSTRIKE™

Accessory Technology

- SPEEDLOAD+®
- Universal Shank Jig Saw Blades

End-Users

- Do-It-Yourself and Cost Conscious Professionals

Distribution

- Home Centers and Hardware stores



RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® AIRSTRIKE™

The ONE+® Brad Nailer, Finish Nailer and Narrow Crown Stapler features AIRSTRIKE™ Technology, which eliminates the need for noisy compressors, bulky hoses or expensive gas cartridges. This means faster setup and easier maneuvering on the job site or at home.



RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+ SYSTEM®

of over 50+ tools lets you buy 18-volt cordless tools, batteries and chargers individually, in any combination and order you choose.

RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® LITHIUM+® HIGH CAPACITY BATTERY

Next generation LITHIUM+® technology provides the end user with the best value and performance proposition in the marketplace.



RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® 6PC LITHIUM+® ULTIMATE COMBO KIT

The ultimate power tool collection, powered by the next generation of lithium ion performance.



RYOBI® JIG SAW BLADES

The Universal Shank Jig Saw Blades are the first of a kind market innovation. The blades are designed with U and T shank capability which takes the guesswork out of jig saw blade selection.



North America



Europe



Australia & New Zealand



RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® ORBITAL JIG SAW

The ONE+® Orbital Jig Saw provides the user with corded like performance and features the patented BLADESAVER™ technology. BLADESAVERTM, a first-to-market innovation, features a drop base design that allows users to adjust the base to utilize unused teeth, resulting in optimal blade use.

Power Equipment, Accessories and Hand Tools

Outdoor Products



RYOBI® 40-VOLT LITHIUM ION SYSTEM

The RYOBI® 40-volt lithium ion system introduced four new tools providing Gas-Like Power. The 40-volt System powers nine tools using the same 40-volt battery. The lithium ion battery delivers powerful performance and is quiet and convenient.



RYOBI® 40-VOLT LITHIUM ION BATTERY

The first to take lithium ion outdoors, RYOBI® introduced its most powerful battery ever with the 40-volt lithium ion. It delivers fade-free power and longer run time to over nine 40-volt tools.



RYOBI®

RYOBI® brand has invested years of research into bringing the high-performance 36-volt and 40-volt lithium ion cordless tools to the market. The 36-volt and 40-volt lines include string trimmers, hedge trimmers, edgers, blowers, chain saws, and mowers.

Products and Technology

Products

- Gas and Electric Powered Trimmers, Blowers, Chainsaws, Hedge Trimmers, Lawn Mowers, Pressure Washers and Generators

Cordless Technology

- 4-volt, 18-volt, 36-volt & 40-volt lithium ion Systems, Brushless Motor Technology increases efficiency and optimizes performance of the tool

Accessory Technology

- EXPAND-IT® Attachments

End-Users

- Do-It-Yourself home owners and garden enthusiasts

Distribution

- Home Centers, Garden Centers and Hardware Stores



RYOBI® 18-VOLT LITHIUM ION SYSTEM

There are more than 50 great items in the 18-volt ONE+® SYSTEM® since 1996. All work with any RYOBI® 18-volt tool and are compatible with any RYOBI® 18-volt battery.



RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® HEDGE TRIMMER

Lightweight and easy to operate, the 18-volt ONE+® Hedge Trimmer features a dual-action blade, for less vibration and increased user comfort.



RYOBI® 18-VOLT LITHIUM ION BATTERIES

RYOBI® 18-volt lithium ion batteries are lighter, have up to 4 times longer run times than NiCad batteries, Eco Options certified and work in over 50 RYOBI® 18-volt ONE+® tools.

RYOBI® 18-VOLT ONE+® HYBRID TOOLS

RYOBI® introduces a revolution in outdoor power – the only one in the marketplace offering Hybrid technology. Dual-power with a battery or corded connection for limitless power and mobility.



Power Equipment, Accessories and Hand Tools

Outdoor Products

RYOBI® INVERTER GENERATOR

When you need power at the job-site the RYOBI® 2200W Quiet Inverter Generator is ready with clean, quiet power that won't harm sensitive electronics.



RYOBI® GAS PRODUCTS

The RYOBI® line of 2-cycle and 4-cycle gas hand-held products deliver power and versatility.



RYOBI® PRESSURE WASHERS

RYOBI® pressure washers are designed with one goal in mind – to help our consumers clean better and clean faster.



RYOBI® gas products deliver powerful performance technology across its 2-cycle and 4-cycle platforms. Products include string trimmers, hedge trimmers, blowers, chainsaws, wheeled trimmers, pressure washers and generators.

Products and Technology

Products

- Gas Trimmers, Blowers, Chainsaws, Hedge Trimmers, Lawn Mowers, Log Splitters, Pressure Washers and Generators

Gas Technology

- 2-Cycle & 4-Cycle

Accessory Technology

- EXPAND-IT® Attachments

End-Users

- Do-It-Yourself home owners and garden enthusiasts

Distribution

- Home Centers, Garden Centers and Hardware Stores

HOMELITE® CHAINSAWS

HOMELITE® offers a value-driven selection of homeowner chainsaws that weigh in at less than 10lbs, but still carry a big bite.



HOMELITE® ELECTRICS

The full range of HOMELITE® electric outdoor tools deliver simple, dependable performance.



HOMELITE® PRESSURE WASHERS

HOMELITE®'s line of entry level gas pressure washers deliver maximum power and incredible reliability at reasonable prices.



Homelite®

HOMELITE® Consumer Products manufactures a full line of Outdoor Power Equipment including string trimmers, blowers, chainsaws, hedge trimmers, pressure washers, generators and outdoor accessories for the consumer, do-it-yourself and garden enthusiast.



Products and Technology

Products

- Gas and Electric Powered Trimmers, Blowers, Chainsaws, Hedge Trimmers, Lawn Mowers, Log Splitters, Pressure Washers, Generators

Technology

- HOMELITE® products are designed to provide consumers great performance at an incredible value.

End-Users

- Home owners and garden enthusiasts

Distribution

- Home Centers, Garden Centers and Hardware Stores

WE REMOVED THE CORD BUT KEPT EVERYTHING ELSE.

It's a simple change that changes everything. LITHIUMLIFE™ battery technology provides 50 minutes* of runtime with no plugs required. Now get the power of a HOOVER® upright – set free.



air
cordless

* on average on carpet and hard floors using two batteries

Premium Cleaning



Commercial



ORECK®

Sales by Business



Floor Care and Appliances had a successful year. The business realigned its cost base to increase efficiencies, and invested significantly in product development and marketing. The result was a significant increase in sales and margin improvement. We generated sales growth of 17.0% over 2012 to USD1.2 billion with double digit growth in all geographic markets. Profitability moved higher on positive contributions from new product launches, the reorganization of our operations, and cost improvements. The business accounted for 26.9% of group turnover against 25.6% in 2012.



High-Performance



Consumer



AIR® CORDLESS

Finally, a full-size cordless vacuum that can clean your whole home. Built on the strong foundation of the AIR® range of products and powered by LITHIUMLIFE™ batteries, AIR® Cordless provides full upright power and capacity, with a 50-minute* runtime and an ultra-light 9.9lbs frame.



Lift deep down messes. Three channels of suction lift and remove surface debris and deep down embedded dirt. Vacuums without WINDTUNNEL® Technology rely on only one channel of suction.



* on average on carpet and hard floors using two batteries



HOOVER® is creating the future of Floor Care. We recognize that people's homes and lives are constantly evolving, and we're changing with them. We are proud that each of the 700 patents we currently hold represents a challenge we've overcome in our drive to make new, powerful and desirable cleaning products. We want to be recognized for making people's lives easier and so we make those that do the cleaning the focus of everything we do.

Products and Technology

Products

- Upright – Bagged and Bagless
- Canister – Bagged and Bagless
- Stick
- Lithium ion Cordless
- Handheld Vacuums
- Carpet Washers and Solutions
- Hard Floor Cleaners and Solutions

- Steam Cleaners and Cleaning Solutions
- Specialty Garage Utility
- Cleaning Systems and Air Purification

Technology

- WINDTUNNEL® and WINDTUNNEL® MAX™, Multipurpose SPINSCRUB®, Max Extract®, Max Extract® Pressure Pro, Bagged, Bagless Cyclonic, WIDE PATH™ Nozzle suction, DUAL V® Twin Air Path Suction, Dual Tank Water Filtration and lithium ion cordless

Distribution

- Leading Home Centers, Mass Merchants, Catalogue, TV Shopping, Online Retailers

FLOORMATE® DELUXE

A powerful cleaner that is lightweight and maneuverable, the FLOORMATE® Deluxe is designed to deliver the best clean while gently and safely scrubbing hard floors in a snap. Dual tanks are easy to fill and empty ensuring clean water is all that touches the floor. Dirt is scrubbed away with SPINSCRUB® technology that replaces the bucket, mop and scrub brush.



AIR® STEERABLE

Powerful. Steerable. Lightweight. Another innovative addition to the AIR® range of products, the highly-maneuverable AIR® Steerable twists and turns with a flick of the wrist while delivering confident, whole-home cleaning.



DUAL POWER™ CARPET WASHER

Deep cleans on the double. The DUAL POWER™ Carpet Washer lifts tough deep down dirt up and out of carpet with innovative DUALSPIN™ PowerBrushes that scrub and groom. The addition of above floor cleaning makes it a whole-home cleaner for both carpet and upholstery.



MAGNESIUM® RS

At 7.7 pounds the MAGNESIUM® RS is the lightest ORECK® to date, easily lifted with one finger, thanks to its magnesium-steel alloy frame, which also makes it incredibly durable. Architectural, fashion forward, futuristic, it's a cleaner that fits in even the most modern homes but finds function in form with easy swiveling vacuum head and a lay-flat, low profile which allows it to slip easily under couches and around furniture.



ORECK®

ORECK® has earned its reputation for making the finest vacuums available and providing premium service. Originally a manufacturer of vacuums for the hotel industry, ORECK® is driven by a singular, consumer-satisfying goal: to provide easy-to-use, lightweight, and durable vacuums and other cleaning tools — each with exceptional power — for every room in the house.

Products and Technology

Products

- Upright – Bagged and Bagless
- Canister – Bagged and Bagless
- Stick
- Handheld Vacuums
- Carpet Washers and Solutions
- Hard Floor Cleaners and Solutions
- Steam Cleaners and Cleaning Solutions

- Cleaning Systems and Air Purification
- Cleaning Solutions

Technology

- Saniseal® bag system, QuickSwitch®, SlimSwivel™, HEPA media, Easy Snap Cord Clip, Truman Cell® Technology, PATH™ filtration system

Distribution

- 387 Exclusive and authorized stores in major US Metropolitan Areas, National Commercial Accounts, Catalogue, QVC, Amazon & Oreck.com online, Axe Houghton in Canada

COMMERCIAL ORBITER®

One of the most versatile machines for commercial use, the durable ORECK® ORBITER® can safely deep clean nearly any surface found in a commercial setting. Orbital drive and the ability to add a variety of cleaning pads allows the unique cleaner to take on carpet, wood, vinyl, ceramic, marble and concrete flooring.



COMMERCIAL XL® UPRIGHT WITH PERMANENT BELT

The XL® Permanent Belt model offers the same light weight and ergonomic handle, but goes even further in ease of use. Advanced circuitry protects from jams and broken belts, its 40-foot cord is easily replaced, a lay-flat design allows access to hard-to-reach places, and a high-speed double helix brushes pairs with a wide cleaning path for ultimate efficiency.



For decades, the ORECK® family of consumers has expressed their affinity for the benefits of owning an ORECK®. That's why ORECK® is committed to making products, including lightweight upright vacuums, bagless vacuums, convenient hand-held models, versatile steam mops and a family of air purifiers, which make cleaning just a little bit easier for all its customers.



COMMERCIAL XL® 8LB UPRIGHT

Because they are the original inspiration to the brand, ORECK® continues to innovate for commercial users. The XL® is no exception, allowing workers to work smarter, not harder, because it weighs just under 8lbs. An ergonomic handle that received the Ease-of-Use Commendation from the Arthritis Foundation®* also helps ease the workload.



* ARTHRITIS FOUNDATION is a registered trademark of Arthritis Foundation, Incorporated

AIR® COMPACT

The VAX® AIR3® Compact is the lightest compact multi-cyclonic upright vacuum cleaner in the world, weighing just 4kg. Air Motion Technology provides effortless manuevrability while multi-cyclonic technology provides constant powerful suction, all in a compact design for easy carrying and storage.



VAX® is the UK's bestselling Floor Care brand. And the only company in the UK to offer cleaning products in every category.

From carpet cleaners, upright and cylinder vacuum cleaners, steam, cordless, and hard floor cleaners – we listen carefully to those who are using our products, so that we can design with their needs in mind.

Products and Technology

Products

- Carpet Cleaners – Rapide®, DUAL V®
- Upright/Cylinder Vacuums – AIR®, Power™
- Hard Floor Cleaners – Bare Floor Pro, Floormate®
- Lithium ion Cordless – Life®
- VAX® Cleaning Solutions
- VAX® CLEAN WITH NO MACHINE™ solutions

Technology

- Heated Cleaning, Single Cyclonic, Multi-cyclonic, DUAL V® Twin Air Path Suction, SPINSCRUB® deep cleaning, HEPA H12 Filtration

End-Users

- Domestic and commercial cleaners who are looking for high-performing products that meet quality, service, range and price criteria

Distribution

- Mass Merchandisers, Electrical Multiples, Grocery Retailers, Do-It-Yourself Retailers, TV Shopping, Online Retailers and Direct



STEAM FRESH COMBI

The VAX® Steam Fresh Combo offers two distinct ways to disinfect a variety of surfaces in the home, both as a conventional steam mop and a convenient handheld. A 15 piece tool kit offers over 15 different uses, penetrating deep into stubborn grime, breaking down stains more quickly and eliminating 99.9% of harmful germs and bacteria for up to 7 days.



DUAL POWER™ CARPET WASHER

The VAX® DUAL POWER™ carpet washer is a powerful and quick cleaning carpet cleaner with double the cleaning action thanks to its dual rotating brushbar, which lifts stubborn, deep down dirt from carpets. The carpet cleaner is lightweight, easy to carry and simple to fill up, empty and use. It also features 30cm wide cleaning nozzle enables you to clean larger areas quickly.





LIFT&GO™

The first lift-away from DIRT DEVIL® provides a perfect solution for anything above floor, including stairs and bookcases and anything in-between. With its own Vac+Dust floor tool and 10ft. extended hose, LIFT&GO™ can get into every corner of the home.



DIRT DEVIL® is a vibrant and contemporary brand that addresses every floor care need in one great value, convenient and easy to use package.

Each product is engineered to get a job done well and efficiently. From quick clean-ups to full house cleaning, DIRT DEVIL® has the answer – so busy people can clean up fast and with style.

Products and Technology

Products

- Uprights – Bagged and Bagless
- Canisters – Bagged and Bagless
- Stick Vacs
- Hand Vacs
- Steam Cleaners
- Pressure Washers
- Robotic Vacuums and Accessories

Technology

- Bagged, Bagless, Cyclonic, Corded & Cordless

Distribution

- Leading Home Centres, Mass Merchants, Catalogue, TV Shopping, Online Retailers



DASH™

A powerful whole-home upright vacuum cleaner featuring the first ever Vac+Dust floor tool that connects to an on-demand wand for ultimate hard-floor cleaning. Paired with dual cyclonic power and adjustable height, DASH™ is the most convenient cleaner for any busy home.



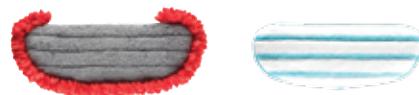
REBEL™ 50 WHITE

Silent. Powerful. Futuristic. The REBEL™ finds its own path with Smart Air Technology that provides an optimized air flow thanks to perfect shaping and a casing sealing. The air flow stays concentrated and powerful on its whole way from the nozzle through the filter system to the air outlet.



SPRAY+MOP & VAC+DUST

The new Spray+Mop and Vac+Dust quick clean products offer versatility in hard floor cleaning with SWIPESTM reusable pads. Paired with a powerful cleaning solution or corded and cordless suction, dust and grime have no place to hide on tile, hardwood or linoleum.



Board of Directors

Group Executive Directors



Horst Julius Pudwill MSc

Chairman

Mr Horst Julius Pudwill, aged 69, is Chairman of TTI, a position he has held since he jointly founded the Group in 1985. Until 2008, he also served as Chief Executive Officer. As Chairman, Mr Pudwill focuses on the strategic planning and development of the Group and continues to have oversight of the operations, with the Chief Executive Officer reporting directly to him. Mr Pudwill has extensive experience in international trade, business and commerce. Mr Pudwill is also a director of Sunning Inc. which has an interest in the equity of the Company.

Mr Pudwill holds a Master of Science Degree in Engineering and a General Commercial Degree.

Mr Pudwill is the father of Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill, Group Executive Director and President of Strategic Planning.



Joseph Galli Jr BSBA, MBA

Chief Executive Officer

Mr Joseph Galli Jr, aged 55, joined the Group in 2006 as the Chief Executive Officer of Techtronic Appliances and was appointed as Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of TTI effective February 1, 2008. He is responsible for integrating acquisitions in North America and Europe, and enhancing the global sales potential of the Group's strong brand portfolio. He is also responsible for leading the management team in the Group's daily operation.

Mr Galli joined Black & Decker in 1980 where he worked for over 19 years and held various high level management positions, rising to the position of President of Worldwide Power Tools and Accessories. During his tenure at Black & Decker, he was responsible for highly successful launch of the "DeWalt®" Brand heavy duty power tools in 1992. After leaving Black & Decker, Mr Galli joined Amazon.com where he was President and Chief Operating Officer from 1999 to 2000. From 2001 to 2005, he was a Director and Chief Executive Officer of Newell Rubbermaid Inc.

Mr Galli graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1980 with a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration. In 1987, he obtained an MBA from Loyola College in Baltimore, Maryland.



Patrick Kin Wah Chan FCCA, FCPA

Operations Director

Mr Patrick Kin Wah Chan, aged 54, joined the Group in 1988 and was appointed as Executive Director in 1990. He is now in charge of the manufacturing operations of the Group.

Mr Chan is currently the Vice-Chairman of the Dongguan City Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment, the Chairman of Houjie Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment. He is also the Vice-Director of Electric Tool Sub-Association of China Electrical Equipment Industrial Association.

Mr Chan is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**Frank Chi Chung Chan** ACA, FCCA, FCPA, CPA (Practising)*Group Chief Financial Officer*

Mr Frank Chi Chung Chan, aged 60, joined the Group in 1991 and was appointed as Executive Director in 1992. He is now responsible for corporate affairs and financial management of the Group.

Mr Chan is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, an associate of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and qualified to practise as a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong.

Mr Chan is currently an Independent Non-executive Director of Gold Peak Industries (Holdings) Limited which is listed on the stock exchange of Hong Kong.

**Stephan Horst Pudwill***President of Strategic Planning*

Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill, aged 37, joined the Group in 2004 and was appointed as Executive Director in 2006. He is mainly responsible for managing, improving and monitoring internal operations and identifying synergistic business opportunities within the Group.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr Pudwill held managerial positions at Daimler Chrysler AG that included product marketing and strategic planning for the Mercedes-Benz car group.

Mr Pudwill holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from the University of British Columbia and is Mr Horst Julius Pudwill's son.

Non-executive Director



Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS, JP

Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP, aged 61, is a Co-founder of TTI. Prof Chung, previously the Group Managing Director since 1985, was appointed as the Group Vice Chairman and Executive Director of the Company on April 18, 2007. He has been re-designated to Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from July 1, 2011.

Prof Chung holds a Doctor of Engineering Degree from the University of Warwick, United Kingdom and Doctor of Business Administration Degree from City University of Macau. He was appointed as an Industrial Professor by the University of Warwick, United Kingdom in December 2010. He was awarded an Honorary Doctor of Business Administration by the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2007 and awarded an Honorary Doctorate Degree by the University of Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia in 2006. He was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) Medal by the Hong Kong SAR Government on July 1, 2011. He was also appointed as Justice of Peace by the Hong Kong SAR Government on July 1, 2005 and won the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Award in 1997.

Prof Chung is highly dedicated to the advancement of industry and was the Chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries until July 5, 2013. In addition, Prof Chung holds positions on a number of Hong Kong SAR Government advisory committees and is also an active member of many social committees and associations.

Prof Chung is also an Independent Non-executive Director of Kin Yat Holdings Limited, KFM Kingdom Holdings Limited and TK Group (Holdings) Limited (with effective from November 27, 2013).

Independent Non-executive Directors



Joel Arthur Schleicher CPA, BSB

Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher, aged 62, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 1998. He has over 28 years of management experience in the manufacturing and technology/telecom services sectors.

Mr Schleicher is currently working on several initiatives in the Cyber Security arena while also serving as a Managing Director for MWB Investments, LLC.

Previously Mr Schleicher was the Founder, Chairman and CEO of Presidio, Inc. (2004-2011) the foremost professional and managed services provider in North America, at the forefront of Virtualization/Data Center; Collaboration and other advanced IT infrastructure solutions. Prior he has worked with private equity firms as a consultant, advisor, board member and held portfolio management roles including as Chairman and CEO for Interpath Communications, Inc.; CEO of Expanets, Inc. and President and COO for Nextel Communications, Inc. In the past, he has served on the board of directors of various North American domestic and international companies – both public and private.



Christopher Patrick Langley OBE

Mr Christopher Patrick Langley, aged 69, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in May 2001. He was formerly an Executive Director of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. Mr Langley maintains close ties with the business community in Hong Kong. He is currently an Independent Non-executive Director of Dickson Concepts (International) Limited, listed on the stock exchange of Hong Kong, and a Non-executive Director of Lei Shing Hong Limited which has been delisted from the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on March 17, 2008. Mr Langley resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director of Winsor Properties Holdings Limited (now renamed as Vanke Property (Overseas) Limited), which is listed on the stock exchange of Hong Kong, with effective from September 1, 2012.



Manfred Kuhlmann

Mr Manfred Kuhlmann, aged 69, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2004. He was General Manager of Dresdner Bank AG Hong Kong Branch between 1994 and 1998 and General Manager of Dresdner Bank AG Dubai before he retired in August 2004. Mr Kuhlmann is a graduate of the Banking Academy, Hamburg and has extensive experience in the finance and banking industry. Since 2005 he served as "Hamburg Ambassador" in the UAE to support the economic ties between Hamburg, Germany and the UAE. He retired from that position in May 2013 as he had moved his residence to Cyprus. Since July 2009 Mr Kuhlmann was a Non-executive Director and member of the Board of Avicenna Pharma Development FZLLC in Dubai, he retired from that position on December 31, 2010.



Peter David Sullivan BS

Mr Peter David Sullivan, aged 66, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director effective February 1, 2008. He was an Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited. Mr Sullivan held governance responsibility for franchises of the Standard Chartered Group in Japan, Australia, the Philippines and Bohai Bank in Tianjin, China. He also held a number of other major appointments, including as the Chairman of the Hong Kong Association of Banks and the British Chamber of Commerce.

Mr Sullivan has been appointed as a Non-executive director to the boards of Standard Bank Group and The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited with effect from January 15, 2013. He is the Chairman and Non-executive director of Healthcare Locums plc, and a Non-executive director of Winton Capital plc. Mr Sullivan was an Independent Non-executive director of SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited, a Non-executive director of AXA Asia Pacific Holdings Limited that is listed on the Australian and New Zealand stock exchanges, and the Chairman and Non-executive director of Cenkos Securities plc listed on AIM.

Mr Sullivan holds a Bachelor of Science Degree from the University of New South Wales.



Vincent Ting Kau Cheung

Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung, aged 72, was appointed as a Director in 1991 and was re-designated as an Independent Non-executive Director on March 30, 2012. He is a Non-executive Director of Gold Peak Industries (Holdings) Limited, listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr Cheung is a graduate in law from University College London and has been a practising solicitor since 1970. He is qualified to practice law in Hong Kong and England and Wales and he is now a Consultant of Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co. He is also a Fellow of University College London and a Commandeur de l'Ordre du Mérite Agricole from France.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Review

Financial Results

Result Analysis

The Group's turnover for the year amounted to USD4.3 billion, an increase of 11.6% as compared to USD3.9 billion in 2012. Profit attributable to Owners of the Company amounted to USD250 million as compared to USD201 million in 2012, an increase of 24.5%. Basic earnings per share for the year improved to US13.68 cents as compared to US11.42 cents in 2012.

EBITDA amounted to USD443 million, an increase of 13.7% as compared to USD389 million in 2012.

EBIT amounted to USD304 million, an increase of 16.9% as compared to USD260 million in 2012.

Gross Margin

Gross margin improved to 34.2% as compared to 33.5% last year. The margin improvement was the result of new product introduction, category expansion, efficient production amongst various production facilities, effective supply chain management and volume leverage on our economies of scale.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses for the year amounted to USD1,175 million as compared to USD1,033 million in 2012, representing 27.3% of turnover (2012: 26.8%).

Investments in product design and development amounted to USD107 million, representing 2.5% of turnover (2012: 2.1%) reflecting our continuous strive for innovation. We will continue to invest in design and development as new products and category expansions are most critical not only to maintain sales growth momentum but also margin expansions.

Net interest expenses for the year amounted to USD25 million as compared to USD37 million in 2012. Interest coverage, expressed as a multiple of EBITDA to total interest was 12.4 times (2012: 8.7 times).

The effective tax rate, being tax charged for the year to before tax profits was at 10.5%. The Group will continue to leverage its global operations to sustain the overall tax efficiencies.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Shareholders' Funds

Total shareholders' funds amounted to USD1.7 billion as compared to USD1.5 billion in 2012. Book value per share was at USD0.95 as compared to USD0.85 last year, an increase of 11.8%.

Financial Position

The Group continued to maintain a strong financial position. As at December 31, 2013, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to USD698 million (2012: USD618 million), of which 49.2%, 25.5%, 13.6%, 3.7%, 3.6% and 4.4% were denominated in RMB, USD, EUR, AUD, HKD and other currencies respectively.

The Group's net gearing, expressed as a percentage of total net borrowing (excluding bank advance from factored trade receivables which are without recourse in nature) to equity attributable to Owners of the Company, improved to 10.6% as compared to 25.8% last year. The gearing improvement is the result of very disciplined and focused management over working capital and free cash flow from operations applied to debt repayment. The Group remains confident that gearing can further improve going forward.

Bank Borrowings

Long term borrowings accounted for 42.4% of total debts (2012 : 34.3%).

The Group's major borrowings continued to be in US Dollars and in HK Dollars. Borrowings are predominantly LIBOR or Hong Kong best lending rates based. There is a natural hedge mechanism in place as the Group's major revenues are in US Dollars and currency exposure therefore is low. Currency, interest rate exposures, and cash management functions are all being closely monitored and managed by the Group's treasury team.

During the year, the Group repaid USD39 million of fixed interest rate notes, refinanced by other bank facilities with lower interest rates. This refinancing arrangement will lower our interest cost in future periods.

Working Capital

Total inventory was at USD884 million as compared to USD689 million in 2012. Days inventory increased by 10 days from 65 days to 75 days. Part of the increase in inventory at year end was a result of pre-build of products before the Chinese New Year in January to prepare for the sales in February and to ensure the service quality level to customers will not be jeopardized having taken into consideration of our sales momentum. The Group will continue to focus in managing the inventory level and improve inventory turns.

Trade receivable turnover days were at 64 days as compared to 61 days last year. Excluding the gross up of the receivables factored which is without recourse in nature, receivable turnover days were at 57 days as compared to 54 days last year. The Group is comfortable with the quality of the receivables and will continue to exercise due care in managing the credit exposure.

Trade payable days were extended by 21 days from 67 days in 2012 to 88 days in 2013, partially offsetting the increase in inventory.

Working capital as a percentage of sales was at 13.9% as compared to 16.2% last year.

Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditures for the year amounted to USD105 million (2012: USD103 million).

Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

As at December 31, 2013, total capital commitments amounted to USD19 million (2012: USD18 million) and there were no material contingent liabilities or off balance sheet obligations.

Charge

None of the Group's assets are charged or subject to encumbrance.

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended December 31, 2013

- (i) the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for approximately 37.7% and 51.3% respectively of the Group's total turnover; and
- (ii) the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 4.6% and 17.0% respectively of the Group's total purchases (not including purchases of items which are of a capital nature).

As far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders who owned more than 5% of TTI's share capital had any interest in the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group.

Human Resources

The Group employed a total of 18,746 employees as at December 31, 2013 (2012: 18,068) in Hong Kong and overseas. Total staff cost for the year under review amounted to USD601 million (2012: USD538 million).

The Group regards human capital as vital for the Group's continuous growth and profitability and remains committed to improving the quality, competence and skills of all employees. It provides job-related training and leadership development programs throughout the organization. The Group continues to offer competitive remuneration packages, discretionary share options and bonuses to eligible staff, based on the performance of the Group and the individual employee.

Corporate Strategy and Business Model

The Group is a world-class leader in design, manufacturing and marketing of power tools, outdoor power equipment and floor care for consumers, professional and industrial users in the home improvement, infrastructure and construction industries. We are committed to implementing our long term strategic plan that focuses on "Powerful brands, Innovative Products, Operational Excellence and Exceptional People".

We continue to strengthen our portfolio of powerful brands with a focused marketing approach. Brands extension into new product categories and under-represented markets enable us to generate outstanding growth. Geographic expansion will be a highlight of TTI's future, our long term strategy is to aggressively build our business outside the U.S. and we have spent relentless efforts to expand or establish presence in high potential markets around the world.

Introducing innovative new products is the centerpiece of our long term strategy. We continue to invest in building a high-speed product development process, enabling us to respond faster to customer requests and emerging opportunities, giving us a vigorous competitive advantage.

Our strategy in operational excellence will continue, we will drive further gains in efficiency across our manufacturing operations, supporting further margin improvement.

We continue to deploy our Leadership Development Program (LDP) to develop our pool of talent for the future. The LDP initiative is successfully feeding talent into key positions throughout the company.



Power Equipment, Accessories and Hand Tools USD3.1 billion – 73.1% of the total turnover

Review Of Operations

TTI delivered another strong year on very good results across our business segments, brands, and geographic locations. North America grew 11.2%, Europe expanded 13.3% and rest of world increased 11.5%. The progress we are making in product development to deliver new and innovative products with advanced technologies and the expansion of our Lithium cordless platforms are driving our growth. We are focused on continuing our success in expanding our market share in Canada, Western Europe, Australia, and New Zealand, as well as the United States. Additionally, we strengthened our distribution footholds across Eastern Europe, Latin America, the Middle East, Africa, and Asia. Our MILWAUKEE® business had a stellar year in all markets as we continued to drive global expansion and made great strides in our Floor Care business. We made significant gains in channel

penetration programs, while deepening strategic customer partnerships.

All business segments delivered record sales and profit this year. Our profit margins expanded, showing the strength of the businesses. We achieved significant cost improvements from our continued focus on value engineering, lean production, and supplier productivity. Our investments in automation are driving efficiency and increasing the quality in our manufacturing. The streamlining of our Floor Care operations boosted productivity and lowered costs. Working capital remained solid with the business generating positive free cash flow.

Power Equipment

The Power Equipment business is our largest division and consists of power tools, hand tools, outdoor products and accessories. In 2013, sales in this business rose by 9.8% to a record USD3.1 billion. We delivered growth in all geographic markets and reported strong results in our industrial division. The business accounted for 73.1% of Group turnover, against 74.4% in 2012. Earnings grew 14.2% to USD261 million on new products, operational efficiency, and supply chain productivity.

Industrial

Our industrial division delivered another year of double digit growth with MILWAUKEE® expanding in key product categories. Our innovation and industry leadership is evident across our power tool, accessory, and hand tool businesses. We continued our solid growth through robust sales of new and innovative products and the ongoing performance of M12® and M18® cordless platforms, coupled with marketing support across all channels. New category expansion and key market initiatives were significant contributors to growth, resulting in substantial market penetration gains across major business segments.

We continued to advance our industry leading M12® and M18® cordless ranges as we introduced M12 FUEL™ Cordless Drilling and Fastening Solutions and the M12 FUEL™ SDS+ Rotary Hammer, delivering cutting edge innovation that separates us from our competitors in the compact 12V cordless space. M18

Brand	Market Segment	Major Market
Milwaukee	Industrial	Global
AEG POWERTOOLS	Professional	Global
RYOBI	Consumer ► Power Tools & Accessories Garden Enthusiasts ► Outdoor Products & Accessories	North America, Europe, Australasia
Homelite®	Consumer ► Outdoor Products & Accessories	Global

Sales by Business



73.1%
Power Equipment,
Accessories and
Hand Tools

26.9%
Floor Care and
Appliances

FUEL™ Drilling and Fastening continued to draw new users into the M18® system while the expansion of the new M18 FUEL™ SAWZALL® Reciprocating Saw, High Torque Impact Wrenches, Circular Saw, and Grinders increased momentum for the FUEL® range globally.

The MILWAUKEE® brand has established itself as a preeminent player in the power tool accessories industry by addressing user challenges through innovative design and groundbreaking technology. MILWAUKEE® expanded the leading SAWZALL® blade program with the introduction of DOUBLE DUTY™ Metal Blades and moved into a new drilling segment with the introduction of JAM FREE™ Step Bits. Both of these accessories have proven to increase productivity and efficiency for the end users. The introduction of SHOCKWAVE® Expand to support the SHOCKWAVE® range of Impact Duty driver bits offers key productivity enhancement, allowing users to cover hundreds of applications with a handful of items.

MILWAUKEE® is striving to become the leader in productivity solutions in the industrial hand tool market. Overwhelming acceptance of MILWAUKEE® hand tools by our core users has come from a focus on innovation within key categories such as fastening, cutting, and layout. Our dedication to unveiling new products, such as the innovative HOLLOWCORE™ Nut Drivers and new line of FASTBACK™ Utility Knives, will continue to be a core part of the growth strategy.

Consumer and Professional

We continue to expand our leading North American consumer power tool brand, RYOBI®, driven in large part by the innovative new 18V ONE+® product introductions that utilise the ONE+® Lithium ion battery platform, as well as increased marketing activities. RYOBI® ONE+® continues to add more than one million new customers each year through new product launches and promotional marketing campaigns. The launch of the RYOBI® 18V ONE+® AIRSTRIKE™ Brad Nailer has expanded our ONE+® system and has broadened our professional customer base. AIRSTRIKE™ eliminates the need for a compressor, hose, or gas cartridges and the 18V battery allows users to drive over 700 nails per charge. We are expanding the AIRSTRIKE™ technology with

the introduction of the 18V ONE+® AIRSTRIKE™ Narrow Crown Stapler, another innovative category expansion.

Our professional business grew in all geographic markets with AEG® brand expanding in its core Europe and rest of world geographies. We have a focused distribution strategy in key markets and have nurtured strong distribution partnerships. Growth is being driven by the introduction of innovative new products, strong Lithium cordless platforms, and marketing support programs.

Outdoor Products

Outdoor Products grew in all geographic regions. We increased profitability with new products, enhanced quality systems, operational efficiency, and supply chain productivity. Our cordless categories have shown tremendous growth over the past few years and 2013 was no exception. The growth came through the ongoing success of the RYOBI® 18V ONE+® program, expansion into higher voltages like RYOBI® 40V, and introducing innovations like the ONE+® Hybrid. The RYOBI® 40V range grew tremendously as users discovered that the run time is comparable to gas powered equipment. The uniqueness of the RYOBI® Hybrid is the dual power source, providing the user with the ability to choose between the powerful Lithium ONE+® battery and an extension cord.

In addition, we maintained our flow of new product innovations in our core gas product categories.



Floor Care and Appliances USD1.2 billion – 26.9% of the total turnover

Floor Care and Appliances

Floor Care and Appliances had a successful year. The business realigned its cost base to increase efficiencies, and invested significantly in product development and marketing. The result was a significant increase in sales and margin improvement. We generated sales growth of 17.0% over 2012 to USD1.2 billion with double digit growth in all geographic markets. Profitability moved higher on positive contributions from new product launches, the reorganization of our operations, and cost improvements. The business accounted for 26.9% of group turnover against 25.6% in 2012. During the year we acquired the ORECK® business which strengthens and expands our market penetration in independent and commercial channels.

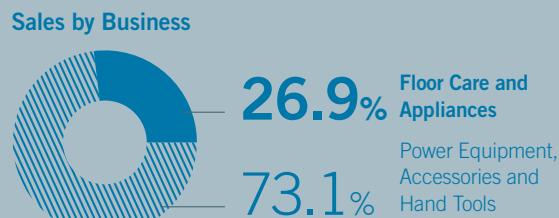
Brand	Market Segment	Major Market
	Premium Cleaning	North America, Asia, Middle East & Africa
	Commercial	North America
	High-Performance	Global
	Consumer	Global

North America delivered double digit sales growth and improved margins driven by an increased investment in marketing and successful new product launches, backed by operational productivity. The HOOVER® FLOORMATE® family of hard floor washers experienced strong growth and the launch of the new HOOVER® AIR® range of lightweight, powerful upright vacuum cleaners was a success in an important product category. We initiated the expansion of our range and distribution of carpet cleaners with the HOOVER® DUAL POWER™ Carpet Washer, a new and innovative lightweight twin brushbar carpet washer. We are pleased with the performance of a new range of innovative DIRT DEVIL® quick clean products for everyday household cleaning, which is helping to revitalise the brand.

We delivered double digit sales growth in Europe and rest of the world from new products and marketing investments. Our VAX® business in Europe had another highly successful year with double digit expansion in the United Kingdom, Eastern Europe and Russia. In addition to delivering innovative new products supported by strategic marketing, we integrated the global supply chain and product development processes, and maintained our cost reduction programs and improved our working capital.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares

A total of 3,300,000 ordinary shares of the Company were cancelled by the Company during the year. Among these cancelled shares, 2,000,000 shares were bought back and settled during the year at prices ranging from HKD17.74 to HKD19.16 and 1,300,000 shares were bought back in December 2012 and cancelled in January 2013 at prices ranging from HKD14.34 to HKD14.68. The aggregate amount paid by the Company for such buy-backs cancelled during 2013 amounting to USD7,158,000 was charged to the retained earnings. The issued share capital and the capital redemption reserve of the Company was reduced and increased respectively.



The buy-back of the Company's shares during the year were effected by the Directors pursuant to the mandate received from shareholders at the previous annual general meeting, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Company.

Except as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

Review of Financial Information

The Audit Committee has reviewed with senior management of the Group and Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and has discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters, including the review of Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the accounts of the Group.

Dividend

The Directors have recommended a final dividend of HK13.75 cents (approximately US1.77 cents) per share with a total of approximately USD32,382,000 for the year ended December 31, 2013 (2012: HK10.75 cents (approximately US1.38 cents) payable to the Company's shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on May 30, 2014. Subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the proposed final dividend is expected to be paid on or about June 27, 2014. This payment, together with the interim dividend of HK10.00 cents (approximately US1.29 cents) per share (2012: HK6.75 cents (approximately US0.87 cent)) paid on September 27, 2013, makes a total payment of HK23.75 cents (approximately US3.06 cents) per share for 2013 (2012: HK17.50 cents (approximately US2.25 cents)).

Closure of Register of Members

The register of members of the Company will be closed for the following periods:

To ascertain members' eligibility to attend and vote at the 2014 Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from May 22, 2014 to May 23, 2014, both days inclusive, during which period no transfers of shares will be effected. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the 2014 Annual General Meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong (which will be relocated to Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong with effect from March 31, 2014) for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on May 21, 2014.

To ascertain members' entitlement to the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from May 29, 2014 to May 30, 2014, both days inclusive, during which period no transfers of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrars, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong (which will be relocated to Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong with effect from March 31, 2014) for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on May 28, 2014.

Corporate Governance Report

To enhance shareholders' interests and promote sustainable development, the Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The Company emphasizes a quality board of directors (the "Board") for leadership and effective internal controls, transparency and accountability to all shareholders. The codes and practices of corporate governance and the disclosure of this Corporate Governance Report are reviewed from time to time to improve the Company's corporate governance practices with regards to the latest developments on all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") (the "Corporate Governance Code") throughout the year ended December 31, 2013, save that:

1. none of the Directors are appointed for a specific term since they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. Under Article 103 of the Articles of Association of the Company, one-third of the Board must retire by rotation at each general meeting of the Company and if eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
2. Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE (an Independent Non-executive Director) and Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher (an Independent Non-executive Director) were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on May 24, 2013 due to prior engagements.
3. the Board is provided with quarterly updates instead of monthly updates. The Board agreed that quarterly updates give a balanced and understandable assessment of the performance, position and prospects of the Company in supporting the Directors to discharge their responsibilities.

The Company also voluntarily complied with a number of recommended best practices set out in the Corporate Governance Code, which is aimed for further enhancement of the Company's corporate governance standard and promote the best interests of the Company and shareholders as a whole.

Corporate Governance Policy

The Board develops and reviews the corporate governance policies and practices to ensure compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and the laws, rules and regulatory requirements governing the Group. The Board performed the corporate governance function by, but not limited to, the following:

- review the compliance of the Corporate Governance Code and the disclosure set out in this Corporate Governance Report.
- review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management.
- review and monitor the compliance of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors, the Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees and other codes of conduct of the Company.

Board of Directors

Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for leading, directing and supervising the Group affairs collectively with an effective corporate governance framework for the long term success of the Company. Principal responsibilities of the Board including, but are not limited to, the following:

- formulate overall mid-term and long-term strategy and direction of the Company.
- consider matters covering major acquisitions and disposals, appointment of Directors, senior management and external auditors, and other significant operational matters.
- develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.
- oversee and control the Company's operations and financial performance through the determination of the annual budget and continuous review of performance results.
- monitor risks and changes in local and international business community in order to enhance shareholders' value.

Written procedures have been formally adopted and reviewed regularly in order to govern the delegation of daily management responsibilities to the senior management of the Group and the reservation to the Board of specifically identified matters.

Board Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board consists of five Group Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director and five Independent Non-executive Directors. An analysis of the current composition of the Board of the Company is set out below:

Group Executive Directors (“ED”)

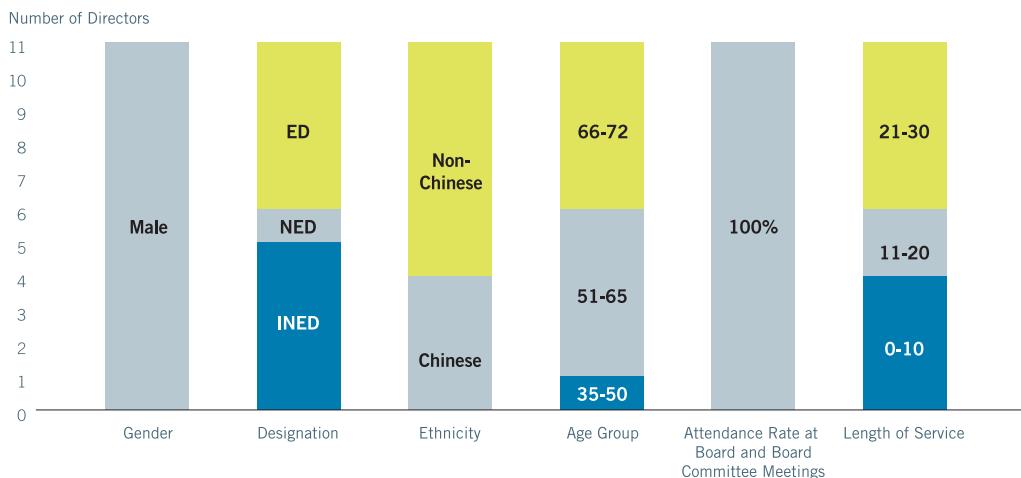
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill (Chairman)
Mr Joseph Galli Jr (Chief Executive Officer)
Mr Kin Wah Chan (Operations Director)
Mr Chi Chung Chan (Group Chief Financial Officer)
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill (President of Strategic Planning)

Non-executive Director (“NED”)

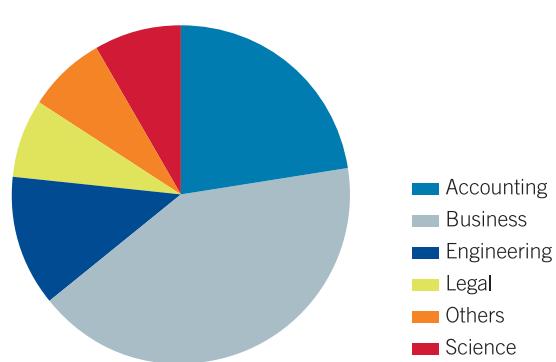
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP

Independent Non-executive Directors (“INED”)

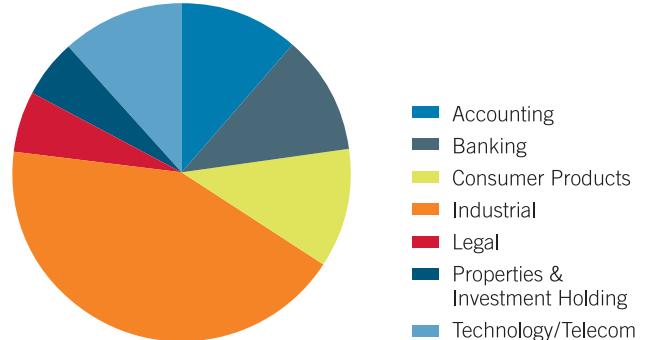
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann
Mr Peter David Sullivan
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung



Educational Background



Professional Experience



A list of Directors and their roles and functions are published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com) and the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk). Their biographical details and relevant relationships are set out on pages 36 to 39 of this annual report.

Corporate Governance Report

To promote balance of power and authority, the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company have been segregated and clearly distinguished.

The roles of Chairman comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

- lead the Board to ensure it works effectively and acts in the best interests of the Company.
- ensure good corporate governance practices and procedures are established.
- ensure all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive accurate, timely and reliable information.
- encourage all Directors to make full and active contributions to the Board's affairs.
- ensure appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholders and that views of shareholders are communicated to the Board as a whole.

The roles of Chief Executive Officer comprise, but are not limited to, the following:

- enhance the global sales potential of our strong brand portfolio.
- provide leadership for the global management team in the Group's daily operations.
- facilitate the integrating acquisitions in North America and Europe.

Before accepting appointment as a director, every Director is aware that he must be able to contribute sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. Orientation which details the duties and responsibilities of directors under the Listing Rules, the Company's Articles of Association, related ordinances and relevant regulatory requirements of Hong Kong is provided for every newly appointed director. Presentations are given by senior executives of the Company and external professionals to ensure a proper understanding of the Company's business and operations.

Appropriate Directors' and Officers' liability insurance cover has been arranged to indemnify the Directors and Officers of the Group for liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Listing Rules, directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Any Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy would be subject to election by shareholders at the next annual general meeting after their appointment. As at the date of this report, Independent Non-executive Directors and Non-executive Director form majority of the Board, and the Independent Non-executive Directors represent over one-third of the Board. Furthermore, each of the Independent Non-executive Directors possesses professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. All the Independent Non-executive Directors meet the guidelines for assessing independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Annual confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has been received by the Company and they are still considered to be independent.

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

All Directors are provided with regular training, updates and written materials on relevant laws, rules and regulations to ensure that Directors are aware of the latest changes in the commercial and regulatory environment in which the Company conducts its business. To ensure that the Directors' contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant, the Directors are encouraged to participate in various professional development programmes especially in relation to latest updates on relevant rules, regulations and compliance requirements to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

All Directors participated in continuous professional development as set out in code provision A.6.5 of the Corporate Governance Code. According to the records of training provided by each Director to the Company, training received by all Directors in 2013 is summarized in the following table:

	Type of Continuous Professional Development Programme		
	Updates on business operations, laws, rules and regulations or corporate governance matters	Updates on directors' roles, functions and duties	Updates on accounting, financial or other professional skills
Group Executive Directors			
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	√	√	
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	√	√	
Mr Kin Wah Chan	√	√	√
Mr Chi Chung Chan	√	√	√
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	√	√	
Non-executive Director			
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	√	√	√
Independent Non-executive Directors			
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	√	√	
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	√	√	
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	√	√	
Mr Peter David Sullivan	√	√	
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	√	√	√

Compliance with the Codes for Securities Transactions

The Board has adopted the provisions of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Specific enquiries have been made with all Directors who have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the year ended December 31, 2013.

Another code of conduct on terms no less onerous than the Model Code that applies to securities transactions of all relevant employees who may be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company (the "Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees") has also been adopted. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during the year.

Both the Model Code and the Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees have been published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com).

Corporate Governance Report

Board Meetings

To facilitate the effectiveness of the Board, there are at least four scheduled Board meetings in a year and will meet more frequently as and when required. All Directors are provided with timely, complete and reliable information on the affairs of the Group, and have access to all related materials in relation to the Board's issues to enable informed decisions with sufficient details. Directors receive support from and access to the Company Secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") to ensure Board procedures and all applicable law, rules and regulations are followed. Each Director can access to senior management of the Group on their requests and to independent professional advice on performing their duties at the Company's expenses. All Directors receive briefings and professional development training as necessary to ensure a proper understanding of the business of the Group and their responsibilities under statute and at common law.

Six Board meetings were held in 2013. Attendance records of each Director are set out in the section "Board, Board Committee and General Meetings in 2013" at the end of this report. The meeting agenda is set by the Chairman in consultation with members of the Board to include any other matters raised by Directors in advance. Minutes of the Board and Board Committee meetings with sufficient details of matters and concerns discussed are kept in safe custody by the Company Secretary, are sent to the Directors for comment and records and are open for inspection by the Directors. To facilitate maximum attendance of Directors, Board meeting, Board Committee meeting and Annual General Meeting dates for 2014 have been agreed at the Board meeting held in August 2013.

Board Committees

The Board has delegated various responsibilities to three Board committees which have been set up, namely the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Each of these Board Committees has specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties and have been published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com) and the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk).

Independent Non-executive Directors form the majority of all Board Committees with regular attendance and active participation to ensure independent views and opinions contributed and expressed at the Board Committee meetings. The Board monitors and oversees the delegated authority and responsibilities through regular reporting by the Board Committees in relation to their activities involved and recommendations and decisions made. Attendance records of each Board Committee are set out in the section "Board, Board Committee and General Meetings in 2013".

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr Peter David Sullivan with other members being Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher and Mr Manfred Kuhlmann. All members of the Audit Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors and each of them has professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee aims to ensure the effectiveness of internal control system and compliance with the Group's obligations under the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations and to oversee the integrity of the financial statements of the Company. The Audit Committee is also directly responsible on behalf of the Board for the assessment of the independence and qualifications of the external auditors; the selection, oversight and remuneration of the Company's external auditors; the maintenance of an appropriate relationship with the external auditors and the oversight of the performance of the Company's external auditors.

The Audit Committee held four meetings in 2013 and performed duties summarized below:

- review the Group's accounting principles and practices, significant financial matters, internal controls and financial reporting matters.
- recommend the re-appointment of the external auditors and review the audit and non-audit services provided by the external auditors.
- review the interim and annual financial statements of the Group before submission to the Board.
- perform regular update and review on internal audit of the Group.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr Horst Julius Pudwill (Chairman of the Board) with other members being Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung, Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE and Mr Manfred Kuhlmann. All members except Mr Horst Julius Pudwill are Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee aims to ensure a fair and transparent process of Board appointments, and in particular to assist the Board to identify suitably qualified candidates and make recommendations for consideration of the Board and shareholders. The Nomination Committee would consider, but not limited to, professional knowledge, industry experience, personal skills, ethics and integrity as well as the ability to contribute sufficient time and attention to the Board when considering suitable candidates of directors.

The Nomination Committee held two meetings in 2013. The work performed by the Nomination Committee in 2013, with sufficient resources provided by the Company and/or independent professional advice if necessary, included:

- review of the structure, size and composition of the Board and the existing Nomination Policy on a regular basis.
- review and make recommendations to the Board on the Board Diversity Policy.
- assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.
- make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the retirement and re-election of the Directors at the 2013 Annual General Meeting.

The Board adopted the Board Diversity Policy with recommendation from the Nomination Committee in August 2013, which is published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com).

The Company recognizes that widening diversity at the Board level is essential for sustainable development of the Group. While reviewing the composition of the Board, the Nomination Committee would consider various perspectives, including, but not limited to, age, gender, cultural and educational background, professional experience and length of service. An analysis of the current Board composition based on these objective criteria is set out on page 47 of this report.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung with the other members being Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE, Mr Manfred Kuhlmann, Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher and Mr Peter David Sullivan. All members of the Remuneration Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Remuneration Committee aims to assist the Board in developing and administering a fair and transparent procedure for setting policy on the overall human resources strategy of the Group as well as the remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Group, and for determining their remuneration packages, on the basis of their merit, qualifications, and competence, and having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance, and comparable market statistics. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of Executive Directors and senior management, including, without limitation, base salaries, bonuses, benefits in kind and compensation payments. The Remuneration Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee reports directly to the Board on its decisions or recommendations, and consults the Chairman and/or Chief Executive Officer for the proposals of other Executive Directors' remuneration packages with access to sufficient resources and professional advices if necessary.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings in 2013 and performed, among other things, the following:

- review and make recommendations on the existing remuneration policy for directors and senior management.
- assess the performance and remuneration package of Executive Directors.

Company Secretary

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and for facilitating information flows and communications among Directors as well as with Shareholders and management of the Company. The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and is appointed by the Board. During 2013, the Company Secretary undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

Accountability and Audit

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for overseeing the preparation of the accounts of the Group which give a true and fair view of the Group's state of affairs, results and cash flows for the year.

The Board will present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, other price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, and reports to the regulators as well as information required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

Internal Controls

The Board aims to maintain a sound and effective internal control system and is responsible for approving and reviewing key internal control policies which include delegated authorities, policy on market disclosure, investor and media relations, non-audit services and treasury management policy. The Board conducts an annual review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company. An internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that material misstatement or loss can be avoided, and to manage and minimize risks of failure in operational systems.

The Board, and in particular the Audit Committee, conducts a continuous review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system that has been put in place. The reviews covering financial, operational, compliance controls and risk management performed in 2013 included:

- the strategic and annual operating plan.
- the effectiveness of the Company's procedures relating to statutory and regulatory compliance.
- the organization structure and delegated authorities.
- the risk management process including formal risk assessment at the enterprise level upon discussions with senior management responsible for day-to-day management of significant risks.
- the performance and adequacy of accounting and financial reporting functions.
- the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and system of internal control.

External Auditors

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the external auditors of the Group, provided the following audit and non-audit services to the Group in 2013:

Nature of Services	Amount (USD million)
External Audit Services	2.6
Taxation Services	0.1
Other Services	0.1

The other services provided by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu comprised professional services conducted under the terms of specified engagements.

The nature and ratio of annual fees to external auditors for audit services and non-audit services are subject to scrutiny by the Audit Committee to ensure the independence of the external auditors. All non-audit services from external auditors are regulated by a Policy on Non-Audit Services published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com).

The members of the Audit Committee and the external auditors of the Group meet without the presence of the management of the Group twice a year to enhance independent reporting by external auditors of the Group. In order to maintain effective communication with shareholders, the external auditors attended the 2013 Annual General Meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

Investor Relations and Shareholder Communications

The Company aims to maintain effective communication and on-going dialogue with its shareholders and investors particularly through the following major means:

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Shareholders' Communication Policy, which primarily covered the current practices for communicating with the shareholders and published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com), has been adopted by the Board on March 22, 2012. All the Company's circulars, announcements, notices and results of general meetings, annual and interim reports, and webcasts of results presentations conducted at press conferences, which published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com), provide timely, efficient and accurate information to the shareholders and investors. Essential information is communicated to the shareholders mainly through the Company's financial reports, general meetings and the information published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com) and the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk). In addition, the Company holds regular meetings with institutional shareholders and analysts and encourages shareholders to attend annual general meetings to communicate with Directors and management of the Company directly.

A Policy on Market Disclosure, Investor and Media Relations, published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com), ensures that the Company complies with its disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations, and that all shareholders and potential investors have an equal opportunity to receive and obtain externally available information issued by the Company.

Shareholders' Rights

Convening of extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Pursuant to Article 66 of the Articles of Association of the Company and Sections 566-568 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong), shareholders holding at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings of the Company (the "Requisitionists"), may request the Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM"). The written requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the EGM and must be signed by the Requisitionists and sent to the registered office of the Company which is currently located at 24/F., CDW Building, 388 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the EGM.

If the Directors do not within 21 days after the date on which they become subject to the requirement proceed duly to convene an EGM for a day not more than 28 days after the date of the notice convening the EGM, the Requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene an EGM. The EGM must be called for a date not more than 3 months after the date on which the Directors become subject to the requirement to call an EGM. Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Directors duly to convene an EGM shall be repaid to the Requisitionists by the Company.

Procedure for nominating a person for election as a Director

For the detailed procedure for shareholders to nominate a person to stand for election as a director, please refer to the written procedure named "Nomination of Directors by Shareholder" which was published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com).

Procedure for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

The Company values feedback from shareholders on its efforts to promote transparency and foster investor relationships. Shareholders may address their comments, suggestions and/or enquires to the Board in writing through Investor Relations and Communication, contact details are set out in the section "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

Procedure for putting forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong), shareholders may submit a written requisition to circulate a resolution at an annual general meeting ("AGM") if they (a) represent at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM to which the request relates; or (b) are at least 50 shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM to which the request relates.

The written requisition must (a) identify the resolution of which notice is to be given, (b) be signed by the requisitionists; (c) be sent to the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary; and (d) be received by the Company not later than 6 weeks before the AGM to which the request relates or if later, the time at which notice is given of that AGM. Shareholders are requested to refer to Section 580 and 615 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) for further details.

Constitutional Document

No change has been made to the Company's constitutional document during 2013. The constitutional document of the Company was published on the Company's website (www.ttigroup.com) and the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk).

Corporate Governance Report

Board, Board Committee and General Meetings in 2013

A summary of attendance of Board, Board Committee and general meetings in 2013 are detailed in the following table:

	Meetings attended/Held in 2013				
	Board	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee	General Meeting
Number of meeting(s) held during the year	6	4	2	2	1
Group Executive Directors					
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	6/6		2/2		1/1
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	6/6				1/1
Mr Kin Wah Chan	6/6				1/1
Mr Chi Chung Chan	6/6				1/1
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	6/6				1/1
Non-executive Director					
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	6/6				1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors					
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	6/6	4/4		2/2	0/1 ⁽¹⁾
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	6/6		2/2	2/2	0/1 ⁽²⁾
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	6/6	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1
Mr Peter David Sullivan	6/6	4/4		2/2	1/1
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	6/6		2/2	2/2	1/1
Date(s) of meeting(s)	January 25, 2013	January 25, 2013	March 20, 2013	March 20, 2013	May 24, 2013
	March 21, 2013	March 19, 2013	August 20, 2013	May 24, 2013	
	May 23, 2013	May 23, 2013			
	August 21, 2013	August 20, 2013			
	November 19, 2013				
	December 30, 2013				

Notes:

(1) Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher (an Independent Non-executive Director) was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on May 24, 2013 (the "2013 Annual General Meeting") due to prior engagements.

(2) Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE (an Independent Non-executive Director) was unable to attend the 2013 Annual General Meeting due to prior engagements.

Report of the Directors

The directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Principal Activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company.

The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in Notes 52 and 53 to the financial statements, respectively.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2013 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 64.

An interim dividend of HK10.00 cents (approximately US1.29 cents) per share amounting to approximately USD23,554,000 was paid to the shareholders during the year.

The directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK13.75 cents (approximately US1.77 cents) per share to the shareholders on the register of members on May 30, 2014, amounting to approximately USD32,382,000.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The Group continued to expand its business and during the year spent approximately USD7,879,000 on moulds and tooling and acquired office equipment, furniture and fixtures for approximately USD7,635,000 and plant and machinery for approximately USD9,699,000. Details of these and other movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 41 to the financial statements.

A total of 3,300,000 ordinary shares of the Company were cancelled by the Company during the year. Among these cancelled shares, 2,000,000 shares were bought back and settled during the year at prices ranging from HKD17.74 to HKD19.16 and 1,300,000 shares were bought back in December 2012 and cancelled in January 2013 at prices ranging from HKD14.34 to HKD14.68. The aggregate amount paid by the Company for such buy-backs cancelled during 2013 amounting to USD7,158,000 was charged to the retained earnings. The issued share capital and the capital redemption reserve of the Company was reduced and increased respectively.

The buy-back of the Company's shares during the year were effected by the Directors pursuant to the mandate received from shareholders at the previous annual general meeting, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Company.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Group Executive Directors:

Mr Horst Julius Pudwill, *Chairman*
Mr Joseph Galli Jr, *Chief Executive Officer*
Mr Kin Wah Chan
Mr Chi Chung Chan
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill

Non-executive Director:

Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann
Mr Peter David Sullivan
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung

In accordance with Article 103 of the Company's Articles of Association, Messrs. Horst Julius Pudwill, Joseph Galli Jr, Manfred Kuhlmann and Peter David Sullivan will retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Terms of Office of Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors

The term of office for each of the Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors is the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with Article 103 of the Company's Articles of Association.

Report of the Directors

Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests

As at December 31, 2013, the interests and short positions of the directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which have been notified to the Company pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which any such director or chief executive was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and as adopted by the Company, were as follows:

Name of directors	Capacity/Nature of interests	Interests in shares (other than pursuant to equity derivatives) ⁽¹⁾	Interests in underlying shares pursuant to equity derivatives ⁽¹⁾	Total interests in shares/underlying shares	Approximate aggregate percentage of interests
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	Beneficial owner	145,361,000	1,770,000	364,050,794	19.89%
	Interests of spouse	760,000	—	—	—
	Interests of controlled corporation	216,159,794 ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	Beneficial owner	867,000	1,000,000	1,867,000	0.10%
Mr Kin Wah Chan	Beneficial owner	—	—	—	0.00%
Mr Chi Chung Chan	Beneficial owner	300,000	—	300,000	0.02%
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	Beneficial owner	4,859,500	1,000,000	42,859,500	2.34%
	Beneficiary of a trust	37,000,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	—
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	Beneficial owner	50,005,948	—	87,080,978	4.76%
	Interests of controlled corporation	37,075,030 ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	—
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	Beneficial owner	107,000	850,000	957,000	0.05%
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	Beneficial owner	1,000,000	250,000	1,250,000	0.07%
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	Beneficial owner	—	350,000	350,000	0.02%
Mr Peter David Sullivan	Beneficial owner	—	650,000	650,000	0.04%
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	Beneficial owner	2,920,000	850,000	3,770,000	0.21%

Notes:

- (1) Interests in shares and underlying shares stated above represent long positions of the Company.

The interests of the directors of the Company in the underlying shares pursuant to equity derivatives, which were held as beneficial owner, represent share options granted to them respectively pursuant to the share option schemes adopted by the Company, details of which are separately disclosed in the section headed "Share Options" below. These share options are physically settled and unlisted.

- (2) These shares were held by the following companies in which Mr Horst Julius Pudwill has a beneficial interest:

	No. of shares
Sunning Inc.	179,084,764
Cordless Industries Company Limited *	37,075,030
	216,159,794

- (3) These shares were held by a trust of which Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill is one of the beneficiaries.
- (4) These shares were held by Cordless Industries Company Limited* in which Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP has a beneficial interest.

* Cordless Industries Company Limited is owned as to 70% by Mr Horst Julius Pudwill and as to 30% by Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors and the chief executive of the Company was interested or had any short position in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as at December 31, 2013.

- (i) employees; or
- (ii) Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors or Officers); or
- (iii) secondees; or
- (iv) business partners, agents, consultants; or
- (v) suppliers or customers; or
- (vi) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support; or
- (vii) shareholders.

Share options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HKD1.00 in cash by way of consideration for the grant thereof. Share options may be exercised at any time, subject to vesting conditions from the date of grant to the tenth anniversary thereof. The subscription price is set at the highest of: the closing price of the shares on the date of offer of the share option; or the average closing price of shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; or the nominal value of shares on the date of offer.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which share options may be granted under Scheme D is not permitted to exceed 30.0% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time or 10.0% of shares in issue as at the adoption date of Scheme D. No person shall be granted an option which exceeds 1.0% of the shares in issue as at the date of offer in any 12-month period up to the date thereof.

Share Options

Scheme adopted on May 29, 2007 ("Scheme D")

Following the termination of Scheme C, a new share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on May 29, 2007 for recognition of the contribution to the development and growth of the Group by the eligible persons. This scheme will expire on May 28, 2017. Under Scheme D, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant share options to the following eligible persons (and their wholly owned companies) of the Company, its subsidiaries and any companies in which the Group holds any equity interest, to subscribe for shares in the Company:

Report of the Directors

Share Options *(continued)*

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options during the year:

Share option holders	Date of share options granted	Share option scheme	Outstanding category at beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at end of the year	Subscription price HKD	Exercise period
Directors									
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	16.11.2009	D	600,000	—	—	—	600,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	26.11.2010	D	600,000	—	—	—	600,000	8.310	26.11.2010 - 25.11.2020
	21.5.2012	D	570,000	—	—	—	570,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	16.11.2009	D	1,000,000	—	—	—	1,000,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Kin Wah Chan	16.11.2009	D	1,000,000	—	(1,000,000)	—	—	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	21.5.2012	D	1,000,000	—	—	—	1,000,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	16.11.2009	D	600,000	—	(600,000)	—	—	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	—	—	400,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	(200,000)	—	—	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	23.5.2011	D	100,000	—	—	—	100,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Peter David Sullivan	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	(200,000)	—	200,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	—	—	400,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Total for directors			8,720,000		— (2,000,000)		6,720,000		

Share option holders	Date of share options granted	Share option scheme category	Outstanding at beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at end of the year	Subscription price HKD	Exercise period
Employees	24.8.2007	D	1,180,000	—	(200,000)	—	980,000	8.390	24.8.2007 - 23.8.2017
	16.10.2007	D	75,000	—	(15,000)	—	60,000	8.810	16.10.2007 - 15.10.2017
	7.11.2007	D	40,000	—	—	—	40,000	8.088	7.11.2007 - 6.11.2017
	14.1.2008	D	605,000	—	(87,000)	—	518,000	7.566	14.1.2008 - 13.1.2018
	17.4.2008	D	775,000	—	(175,000)	(25,000)	575,000	7.780	17.4.2008 - 16.4.2018
	14.5.2008	D	40,000	—	—	—	40,000	7.500	14.5.2008 - 13.5.2018
	30.5.2008	D	426,000	—	(76,000)	—	350,000	7.546	30.5.2008 - 29.5.2018
	11.9.2008	D	50,000	—	(50,000)	—	—	7.430	11.9.2008 - 10.9.2018
	1.12.2008	D	100,000	—	(100,000)	—	—	2.340	1.12.2008 - 30.11.2018
	16.11.2009	D	3,570,000	—	(1,350,000)	—	2,220,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	7.12.2009	D	100,000	—	—	—	100,000	6.790	7.12.2009 - 6.12.2019
	21.12.2009	D	50,000	—	(50,000)	—	—	6.350	21.12.2009 - 20.12.2019
	28.12.2009	D	30,000	—	—	—	30,000	6.390	28.12.2009 - 27.12.2019
	13.9.2010	D	500,000	—	—	—	500,000	7.390	13.9.2010 - 12.9.2020
	17.1.2011	D	20,000	—	—	—	20,000	10.436	17.1.2011 - 16.1.2021
Total for employees			7,561,000	—	(2,103,000)	(25,000)	5,433,000		
Total for all categories			16,281,000	—	(4,103,000)	(25,000)	12,153,000		

The weighted average closing prices of shares immediately before the options grant date during 2012 was HKD8.65.

The closing price of the Company's shares immediately before the date of grant was HKD8.65 in 2012.

The weighted average closing prices of the Company's shares immediately before various dates during 2013 and 2012 on which the share options were exercised were HKD18.22 and HKD14.12 respectively.

The fair values of the share options granted in 2012 measured at the date of grant was HKD2.11 per option.

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

Other than as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and neither the directors or the chief executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

Director's Interests in Contracts of Significance

No contract of significance, to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Report of the Directors

Substantial Shareholders' Interests

As at December 31, 2013, the interests and short positions of the following persons, other than directors and chief executive of the Company, in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which have been disclosed to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO have been recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

Name	Total interests in shares (L/S/LP)*	Approximate aggregate percentage of interests
FIL Limited ⁽¹⁾	130,805,000 (L)	7.15%
JPMorgan Chase & Co. ⁽²⁾	143,311,585 (L) 73,000 (S) 119,633,184 (LP)	7.83% 0.00% 6.54%
Schroders Plc ⁽³⁾	110,739,500 (L)	6.05%
The Capital Group Companies, Inc. ⁽⁴⁾	97,062,500 (L)	5.30%

* (L/S/LP) represents (Long position/Short position/Lending Pool)

Notes:

- (1) The capacity of FIL Limited in holding the 130,805,000 shares was as investment manager.
- (2) The following is a breakdown of the interests in shares in the Company held by JPMorgan Chase & Co.:

Name	Remarks	Total interests in shares				Approximate percentage of interests
		Direct interests	(L/S)	Deemed interests	(L/S/LP)	
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	(2a)	—	—	143,311,585	(L)	7.83%
		—	—	73,000	(S)	0.00%
		—	—	119,633,184	(LP)	6.54%
JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	(2b)	119,633,184	(L)	—	—	6.54%
J.P. Morgan Whitefriars Inc.	(2b)	44,401	(L)	—	—	0.00%
J.P. Morgan Overseas Capital Corporation	(2b)	—	—	44,401	(L)	0.00%
J.P. Morgan International Finance Limited	(2b)	—	—	44,401	(L)	0.00%
Bank One International Holdings Corporation	(2b)	—	—	44,401	(L)	0.00%
J.P. Morgan International Inc.	(2b)	—	—	44,401	(L)	0.00%
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	(2b)	—	—	44,401	(L)	0.00%
JF International Management Inc.	(2b)	551,500	(L)	—	—	0.03%
JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia) Inc.	(2b)	—	—	23,561,000	(L)	1.29%
JPMorgan Asset Management Holdings Inc.	(2b)	—	—	23,561,000	(L)	1.29%
JPMorgan Asset Management (Taiwan) Limited	(2b)	625,000	(L)	—	—	0.03%
J.P. Morgan Clearing Corp	(2b)	73,000	(L)	—	—	0.00%
		73,000	(S)	—	—	0.00%
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	(2b)	—	—	73,000	(L)	0.00%
		—	—	73,000	(S)	0.00%
J.P. Morgan Broker-Dealer Holdings Inc	(2b)	—	—	73,000	(L)	0.00%
		—	—	73,000	(S)	0.00%
JF Asset Management Limited	(2b)	22,384,500	(L)	—	—	1.22%

Notes: (continued)

Remarks:

- (2a) JPMorgan Chase & Co. is listed on New York Stock Exchange. The capacity of JPMorgan Chase & Co. in holding the 143,311,585 shares of long position, 73,000 shares of short position and 119,633,184 shares of lending pool respectively was as controlled corporation.
 - (2b) JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., J.P. Morgan Whitefriars Inc., J.P. Morgan Overseas Capital Corporation, J.P. Morgan International Finance Limited, Bank One International Holdings Corporation, J.P. Morgan International Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, JF International Management Inc., JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia) Inc., JPMorgan Asset Management Holdings Inc., JPMorgan Asset Management (Taiwan) Limited, J.P. Morgan Clearing Corp, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, J.P. Morgan Broker-Dealer Holdings Inc and JF Asset Management Limited were all direct or indirect owned by JPMorgan Chase & Co. and by virtue of the SFO, JPMorgan Chase & Co. was deemed to be interested in the shares held by these subsidiaries.
- (3) The following is a breakdown of the interests in shares in the Company held by Schroders Plc.:

Name	Remarks	Total interests in shares			(L/S)	Approximate percentage of interests
		Direct interests	(L/S)	Deemed interests		
Schroders Plc	(3a)	—	—	110,739,500	(L)	6.05%
Schroder Administration Limited	(3b)	—	—	110,739,500	(L)	6.05%
Schroder International Holdings Limited	(3b)	—	—	82,683,500	(L)	4.52%
Schroder Holdings (Bermuda) Limited	(3b)	—	—	82,683,500	(L)	4.52%
Schroder International Holdings (Bermuda) Limited	(3b)	—	—	82,683,500	(L)	4.52%
Schroder Investment Management Limited	(3b)	12,644,500	(L)	—	—	0.69%
Schroder & Co Limited	(3b)	142,000	(L)	—	—	0.00%
Schroder Investment Management Limited	(3b)	—	—	15,064,500	(L)	0.82%
Schroder Investment Management North America Limited	(3b)	15,064,500	(L)	—	—	0.82%
Schroder Investment Management (Guernsey) Limited	(3b)	205,000	(L)	—	—	0.01%
Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited	(3b)	42,307,000	(L)	—	—	2.31%
Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited	(3b)	40,376,500	(L)	—	—	2.21%

Remarks:

- (3a) Schroders Plc is listed on London Stock Exchange. The capacity of Schroders Plc in holding the 110,739,500 shares of long position was as investment manager.
- (3b) Schroder Administration Limited, Schroder International Holdings Limited, Schroder Holdings (Bermuda) Limited, Schroder International Holdings (Bermuda) Limited, Schroder Investment Management Limited, Schroder & Co Limited, Schroder Investment Management Limited, Schroder Investment Management North America Limited, Schroder Investment Management (Guernsey) Limited, Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited and Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited were all direct or indirect owned by Schroders Plc and by virtue of the SFO, Schroders Plc was deemed to be interested in the shares held by these subsidiaries.

Report of the Directors

Substantial Shareholders' Interests (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (4) The following is a breakdown of the interest in the shares in the Company held by The Capital Group Companies, Inc.:

Name	Remarks	Total interests in shares				Approximate percentage of interests
		Direct interests	(L/S)	Deemed interests	(L/S)	
The Capital Group Companies, Inc.	(4a)	—	—	97,062,500	(L)	5.30%
Capital Research and Management Company	(4b)	97,062,500	(L)	—	—	5.30%

Remarks:

(4a) The capacity of The Capital Group Companies, Inc. in holding the 97,062,500 shares of long position was as controlled corporation.

(4b) Capital Research and Management Company was direct owned by The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and by virtue of the SFO, The Capital Group Companies, Inc. was deemed to be interested in the shares held by the subsidiary.

Save as disclosed, no other person was interested in or had a short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of the Part XV of the SFO as at December 31, 2013.

Sufficiency of Public Float

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended December 31, 2013.

Donations

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations totalling USD566,000.

Auditor

A resolution will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Horst Julius Pudwill

Chairman

Hong Kong

March 19, 2014

Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF TECHTRONIC INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED

創科實業有限公司

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Techtronic Industries Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 64 to 154, which comprise the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at December 31, 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at December 31, 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

March 19, 2014

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Notes	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Turnover	6	4,299,755	3,852,418
Cost of sales		(2,827,445)	(2,563,176)
Gross profit		1,472,310	1,289,242
Other income	7	4,242	3,391
Interest income	8	11,836	8,629
Selling, distribution, advertising and warranty expenses		(562,835)	(532,534)
Administrative expenses		(505,394)	(421,340)
Research and development costs		(107,079)	(79,515)
Finance costs	9	(36,682)	(45,627)
Profit before taxation		276,398	222,246
Taxation charge	10	(29,036)	(22,139)
Profit for the year	11	247,362	200,107
Other comprehensive loss:			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		(9,143)	(9,629)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Fair value gain (loss) on foreign currency forward contracts in hedge accounting		101	(1,254)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(740)	4,209
Other comprehensive loss for the year		(9,782)	(6,674)
Total comprehensive income for the year		237,580	193,433
Profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		250,284	200,991
Non-controlling interests		(2,922)	(884)
		247,362	200,107
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		240,502	194,340
Non-controlling interests		(2,922)	(907)
		237,580	193,433
Earnings per share (US cents)	15		
Basic		13.68	11.42
Diluted		13.62	11.26

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2013

	Notes	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	383,949	384,154
Lease prepayments	17	36,364	36,133
Goodwill	18	532,488	531,160
Intangible assets	19	459,440	399,067
Interests in associates	22	15,766	17,724
Available-for-sale investments	23	520	1,270
Derivative financial instruments	29	12,647	—
Deferred tax assets	44	79,064	73,892
		1,520,238	1,443,400
Current assets			
Inventories	24	884,230	688,576
Trade and other receivables	25	783,795	688,923
Deposits and prepayments		76,057	73,621
Bills receivable	26	26,054	48,644
Tax recoverable		15,375	8,534
Trade receivables from an associate	28	2,590	46
Derivative financial instruments	29	5,073	5,706
Held-for-trading investments	30	1,000	5,980
Bank balances, deposits and cash	31	698,147	617,648
		2,492,321	2,137,678
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	32	1,039,923	710,491
Bills payable	33	40,613	39,222
Warranty provision	34	52,628	42,395
Tax payable		50,197	18,698
Derivative financial instruments	29	13,082	11,697
Restructuring provision	35	—	527
Obligations under finance leases - due within one year	36	977	1,154
Discounted bills with recourse	37	116,704	432,633
Unsecured borrowings - due within one year	40	454,624	298,890
Bank overdrafts	31	7,887	7,087
		1,776,635	1,562,794
Net current assets		715,686	574,884
Total assets less current liabilities		2,235,924	2,018,284

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2013

	Notes	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	41	23,471	23,461
Reserves		1,717,242	1,525,416
Equity attributable to Owners of the Company		1,740,713	1,548,877
Non-controlling interests		4,723	7,645
Total equity		1,745,436	1,556,522
Non-current Liabilities			
Obligations under finance leases - due after one year	36	3,173	4,071
Unsecured borrowings - due after one year	40	374,744	348,692
Retirement benefit obligations	43	106,296	93,322
Deferred tax liabilities	44	6,275	15,677
		490,488	461,762
Total equity and non-current liabilities		2,235,924	2,018,284

The financial statements on pages 64 to 154 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on March 19, 2014 and are signed on its behalf by:

Chi Chung Chan
Group Executive Director

Stephan Horst Pudwill
Group Executive Director

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2013

	Notes	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	1,431	2,122
Intangible assets	19	—	5,909
Investments in subsidiaries	21	412,256	404,481
Loans to subsidiaries	21	560,129	546,422
Interests in associates	22	14,478	16,436
Available-for-sale investments	23	196	218
		988,490	975,588
Current assets			
Inventories	24	—	573
Other receivables	25	6,207	8,005
Deposits and prepayments		5,385	3,803
Amounts due from subsidiaries	27	1,241,483	961,475
Derivative financial instruments	29	653	49
Held-for-trading investments	30	1,000	5,980
Bank balances, deposits and cash	31	52,462	44,978
		1,307,190	1,024,863
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	32	26,403	20,966
Tax payable		2,700	—
Derivative financial instruments	29	7,578	5,970
Amounts due to subsidiaries	27	579,524	513,587
Unsecured borrowings - due within one year	40	371,072	118,023
		987,277	658,546
Net current assets		319,913	366,317
Total assets less current liabilities		1,308,403	1,341,905
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	41	23,471	23,461
Reserves	42	1,005,509	1,064,695
		1,028,980	1,088,156
Non-current Liabilities			
Unsecured borrowings - due after one year	40	279,423	253,749
Total equity and non-current liabilities		1,308,403	1,341,905

Chi Chung Chan
Group Executive Director

Stephan Horst Pudwill
Group Executive Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Attributable to Owners of the Company									Attributable to non-controlling Interests		
	Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Convertible bonds equity	Translation reserve	Employee share-based compensation	Obligations remeasurement	Hedging reserve	Retained profits	Total	Share of net assets of subsidiaries	Total
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
At January 1, 2012	20,533	460,372	127	8,833	(3,113)	6,608	13,841	—	738,375	1,245,576	8,552	1,254,128
Profit (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	200,991	200,991	(884)	200,107
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,629)	—	—	(9,629)	—	(9,629)
Fair value loss on foreign currency forward contracts in hedge accounting	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,254)	—	(1,254)	—	(1,254)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	—	—	—	—	4,232	—	—	—	—	4,232	(23)	4,209
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	4,232	—	(9,629)	(1,254)	—	(6,651)	(23)	(6,674)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	4,232	—	(9,629)	(1,254)	200,991	194,340	(907)	193,433
Shares issued at premium on exercise of options	107	9,388	—	—	—	(1,772)	—	—	—	7,723	—	7,723
Buy-back of shares	(56)	—	56	—	—	—	—	—	(5,653)	(5,653)	—	(5,653)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	—	—	—	—	—	578	—	—	—	578	—	578
Lapse of share options	—	—	—	—	—	(2,201)	—	—	2,201	—	—	—
Deferred tax liability on remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,962	—	—	2,962	—	2,962
Conversion of convertible bonds	2,877	143,330	—	(8,833)	—	—	—	—	—	137,374	—	137,374
Final dividend - 2011	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,185)	(18,185)	—	(18,185)
Interim dividend - 2012	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(15,838)	(15,838)	—	(15,838)
At December 31, 2012	23,461	613,090	183	—	1,119	3,213	7,174	(1,254)	901,891	1,548,877	7,645	1,556,522
Profit (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	250,284	250,284	(2,922)	247,362
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,143)	—	—	(9,143)	—	(9,143)
Fair value gain on foreign currency forward contracts in hedge accounting	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	101	—	101	—	101
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	—	—	—	—	(740)	—	—	—	—	(740)	—	(740)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	(740)	—	(9,143)	101	—	(9,782)	—	(9,782)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	—	—	—	—	(740)	—	(9,143)	101	250,284	240,502	(2,922)	237,580
Shares issued at premium on exercise of options	52	4,473	—	—	—	(840)	—	—	—	3,685	—	3,685
Buy-back of shares	(42)	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	(7,158)	(7,158)	—	(7,158)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	—	—	—	—	—	366	—	—	—	366	—	366
Lapse of share options	—	—	—	—	—	(6)	—	—	6	—	—	—
Deferred tax liability on remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,325	—	—	3,325	—	3,325
Final dividend - 2012	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(25,330)	(25,330)	—	(25,330)
Interim dividend - 2013	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(23,554)	(23,554)	—	(23,554)
At December 31, 2013	23,471	617,563	225	—	379	2,733	1,356	(1,153)	1,096,139	1,740,713	4,723	1,745,436

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Note	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Operating Activities			
Profit before taxation		276,398	222,246
Adjustments for:			
Amortisation/write-off of intangible assets		66,972	56,690
Amortisation of lease prepayments		804	783
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		74,232	73,115
Gain on a bargain purchase		(38,319)	—
Employee share-based expense		366	578
Fair value gain on interest rate swap		(1,465)	(101)
Fair value loss on a warrant		—	222
Fair value loss on foreign currency forward contracts		1,081	4,481
Fair value loss on held-for-trading investments		4,324	2,308
Finance costs		36,682	45,627
Gain on disposal of an associate		—	(1,149)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments		723	—
Impairment loss on held-for-trading investments		1,402	—
Impairment loss on trade receivables		3,923	3,428
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		19,344	—
Impairment of goodwill		3,390	—
Interest income		(11,836)	(8,629)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		10,114	4,392
Write down of inventories		30,532	15,280
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		478,667	419,271
Increase in inventories		(215,765)	(3,092)
Increase in trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments		(99,414)	(24,143)
Decrease (increase) in bills receivable		22,725	(12,492)
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables from an associate		(2,544)	159
Increase in trade and other payables		326,292	95,635
Increase (decrease) in bills payable		1,390	(3,765)
Decrease in restructuring provision		(531)	(3,202)
Increase (decrease) in warranty provision		5,908	(2,709)
Decrease in trade payable to an associate		—	(4,037)
Increase in retirement benefit obligations		3,831	598
Cash generated from operations		520,559	462,223
Interest paid		(36,682)	(44,982)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		(1,410)	(7,406)
Overseas tax paid		(24,343)	(22,448)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded		716	6,491
Overseas tax refunded		5,222	7,092
Net Cash from Operating Activities		464,062	400,970

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Note	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Investing Activities			
Acquisition of businesses	45	(21,823)	—
Additions to intangible assets		(89,109)	(84,482)
Increase in held-for-trading investments		(1,000)	—
Interest received		11,836	8,629
Proceeds from disposal of an associate		—	2,000
Proceeds from disposal of held-for-trading investments		253	—
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		6,386	4,231
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(104,615)	(102,427)
Repayment from associates		1,957	1,635
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(196,115)	(170,414)
Financing Activities			
Decrease in discounted bills with recourse		(317,097)	(86,211)
Decrease in trust receipt loans		(1,050)	(2,828)
Dividends paid		(48,884)	(34,023)
New bank loans obtained		1,111,936	792,931
Proceeds from issue of shares		3,685	7,723
Repayment of bank loans		(890,039)	(703,842)
Repayment of fixed interest rate notes		(39,375)	(30,000)
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(1,198)	(1,773)
Buy-back of shares		(7,158)	(5,653)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(189,180)	(63,676)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		78,767	166,880
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		610,561	439,678
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes		932	4,003
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year		690,260	610,561
Analysis of the Balances of Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Represented by:			
Bank balances, deposits and cash		698,147	617,648
Bank overdrafts		(7,887)	(7,087)
		690,260	610,561

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

1. General

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is 24/F., CDW Building, 388 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacturing and trading of electrical and electronic products.

The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group and the Company have applied the following revised and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"):

Amendments to HKFRS	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 Cycle
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKFRS 10,	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12	and Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
HK (IFRIC)-Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Except as described below, the application of the revised and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's and the Company's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements. Besides, the Group has early applied HKAS 19 *Retirement Benefits* in 2012 in advance of its effective date and consistently reported for both years.

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The Group has applied HKFRS 13 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for, and disclosures about, fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad: the fair value measurement requirements of HKFRS 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 *Share-based Payment*, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 *Leases*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).

HKFRS 13 defines the fair value of an asset as the price that would be received to sell an asset (or paid to transfer a liability, in the case of determining the fair value of a liability) in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under HKFRS 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, HKFRS 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

HKFRS 13 requires prospective application. In accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 13, the Group has not made any new disclosures required by HKFRS 13 for the 2012 comparative period (please see note 39.3 for 2013 disclosures). The application of HKFRS 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 1 *Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income*. Upon the adoption of the amendments to HKAS 1, the Group’s ‘statement of comprehensive income’ is renamed as the ‘statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income’. Furthermore, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes.

Other than the above mentioned presentation changes, the application of the amendments to HKAS 1 does not result in any impact on profit or loss, other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income.

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective

The Group have not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective as at January 1, 2013:

Amendments to HKAS 19	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle ³
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle ⁴
HKFRS 9	Financial Instrument ²
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment Entities ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Contribution of Hedge Accounting ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 21	Levies ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

² Available for application – the mandatory effective date will be determined when the outstanding phase of HKFRS 9 are finalised.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014, with limited exceptions.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle

The “Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle” include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 2 (i) change the definitions of ‘vesting condition’ and ‘market condition’; and (ii) add definitions for ‘performance condition’ and ‘service condition’ which were previously included within the definition of ‘vesting condition’. The amendments to HKFRS 2 are effective for share-based payment transactions for which the grant date is on or after July 1, 2014.

The amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify that contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability should be measured at fair value at each reporting date, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of HKFRS 9 or HKAS 39 or a non-financial asset or liability. Changes in fair value (other than measurement period adjustments) should be recognised in profit and loss. The amendments to HKFRS 3 are effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after July 1, 2014.

The amendments to the basis for conclusions of HKFRS 13 clarify that the issue of HKFRS 13 and consequential amendments to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 9 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 remove perceived inconsistencies in the accounting for accumulated depreciation/amortisation when an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset is revalued. The amended standards clarify that the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and that accumulated depreciation/amortisation is the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

The amendments to HAKS 24 clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel services to a reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity. Consequently, the reporting entity should disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

The directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments included in the “Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle” will have a material effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The “Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle” include a number of amendments to various HKFRSs, which are summarised below.

The amendments to HKFRS 13 clarify that the scope of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, HKAS 39 or HKFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within HKAS 32.

The directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments included in the “Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle” will have a material effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) *(continued)*

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for hedge accounting.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

- With regards to financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding, are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss. The adoption of HKFRS 9 will require the Group's and the Company's available-for-sale investments that are currently measured at cost less impairment to be measured at fair value instead of being measured at cost.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an ‘economic relationship’. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have an impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

The amendments to HKAS 19 clarify how an entity should account for contributions made by employees or third parties to defined benefit plans, based on whether those contributions are dependent on the number of years of service provided by the employee.

For contributions that are independent of the number of years of service, the entity may either recognise the contributions as a reduction in the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered, or to attribute them to the employees' periods of service using the projected unit credit method; whereas for contributions that are dependent on the number of years of service, the entity is required to attribute them to the employees' periods of service.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 19 will have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify existing application issues relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities requirements. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of ‘currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off’ and ‘simultaneous realisation and settlement’.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 32 will have a significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any material financial assets and financial liabilities that qualify for offset.

Amendments to HKAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

The amendments to HKAS 36 remove the requirement to disclose the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit (CGU) to which goodwill or other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives had been allocated when there has been no impairment or reversal of impairment of the related CGU. Furthermore, the amendments introduce additional disclosure requirements regarding the fair value hierarchy, key assumptions and valuation techniques used when the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU was determined based on its fair value less costs of disposal.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 36 will have a significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from the requirement to discontinue hedge accounting when a derivative hedging instrument is novated under certain circumstances. The amendments also clarify that any change to the fair value of the derivative hedging instrument arising from the novation should be included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 39 will have any material effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any derivatives that are subject to novation.

HK (IFRIC) – Int 21 Levies

HK (IFRIC) – Int 21 Levies addresses the issue of when to recognise a liability to pay a levy. The Interpretation defines a levy, and specifies that the obligating event that gives rise to the liability is the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by legislation. The Interpretation provides guidance on how different levy arrangements should be accounted for, in particular, it clarifies that neither economic compulsion nor the going concern basis of financial statements preparation implies that an entity has a present obligation to pay a levy that will be triggered by operating in a future period.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HK (IFRIC) – Int 21 will have no effect on the Group’s consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any material levy arrangements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has the power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Basis of Consolidation *(continued)*

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Allocation of total comprehensive income to non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance (effective from January 1, 2010 onwards).

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Business Combinations *(continued)*

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another standard.

Where the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and considered as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units (or groups of cash generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period.

If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the cash generating unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Investments in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Interests in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately and with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially measured at their fair value at the acquisition date. The cost of such intangible assets is their fair value at the acquisition date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

Research and Development Expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised only if all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for an internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria. Where no internally generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, an internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group and the Company as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group and the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidation statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and a reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy below).

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefits of incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group and the Company assess the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group or the Company, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, other than construction in progress, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land and construction in progress, over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and defined depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Construction in progress includes property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for its intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Property, Plant and Equipment *(continued)*

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Impairment Losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company review the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or a cash generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Financial Assets

The Group's and the Company's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL, of which interest income is included in net gains or losses.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates, bills receivable, trade receivables from an associate, loans to subsidiaries, amounts due from subsidiaries and bank balances, deposits and cash) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Financial Assets *(continued)*

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables and trade receivables from an associate, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 to 120 days, or observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables and trade receivables from an associate, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the impairment takes place.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Financial Assets *(continued)*

Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed through profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group and the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Buy-back of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including unsecured borrowings, trade and other payables, bills payable, discounted bills with recourse, bank overdrafts and amounts due to subsidiaries) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derivative financial instruments and hedging

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Hedge accounting

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedges of highly probable forecast transactions for foreign currency exposure (cash flow hedges).

At the inception of the hedging relationship the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group documents whether the hedging instrument that is used in a hedging relationship is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and the Company and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policy.

Derecognition

The Group and the Company derecognise a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group and the Company neither transfer nor retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group and the Company continue to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group and the Company retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group and the Company continue to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Group and the Company will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

A provision for warranties is recognised at the time the products are sold based on the estimated cost using historical data for the level of repairs and replacements.

A provision for restructuring is recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position on condition that the Group has a detailed formal plan and has raised a valid expectation to those affected that the plan will be carried out, either by starting to implement that plan or by announcing its main features to those affected.

For a provision in relation to employee termination benefits, the liability and expenses are recognised when the Group committed to terminate the employment of an employee or group of employees before their normal retirement date or provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

Revenue Recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold by the Group and the Company to outside customers in the normal course of business, less returns and allowances, and commission income and royalty income received.

Turnover from sales of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Commission income is recognised when services are provided.

Royalty income is recognised on a time proportion basis in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment have been established.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's and the Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group and the Company expect, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Foreign Currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rates at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that form part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity and will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. United States dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after January 1, 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting date. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the translation reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on acquisitions of foreign operations before January 1, 2005 are treated as non-monetary foreign currency items of the acquirer and reported using the historical exchange rate prevailing at the date of the acquisition.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Equity-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve).

At the end of each reporting period, the Group and the Company revise its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, such that the cumulative expenses reflecting the revised estimate, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to employee share-based compensation reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in employee share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the employee share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

Retirement Benefit Schemes

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are charged as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefits plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement.

The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

4. Key Sources of Accounting Estimates

In the application of the Group's and the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The following are key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Estimated Impairment of Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives

Determining whether goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. As at December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are approximately USD532,488,000 (2012: USD531,160,000) and approximately USD213,934,000 (2012: USD177,555,000) respectively. Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in Note 20.

Useful Lives and Estimated Impairment of Deferred Development Costs

As at December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of deferred development costs of the Group and the Company is USD207,977,000 (2012: USD182,571,000) and Nil (2012: USD5,909,000) respectively. The estimation of their useful lives impacts the level of annual amortisation recorded. The estimation of their useful lives reflects the directors' best estimate of the periods that future economic benefits will be received through the use of the assets. In determining whether the deferred development costs are impaired, the management takes into consideration the anticipated revenues and estimated future cash flows from the underlying projects, and the progress of these projects. When the actual revenues and future cash flows are less than expected, a material loss may arise. Management is confident that the carrying amount of the assets will be recovered in full. This situation will be closely monitored, and adjustments will be made in future periods, if future market activity indicates that such adjustments are appropriate.

Useful Lives and Impairment Assessment of Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment losses. As at December 31, 2013, the Group's and the Company's carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are USD383,949,000 (2012: USD384,154,000) and USD1,431,000 (2012: USD2,122,000) respectively. The estimation of their useful lives impacts the level of annual depreciation expense recorded. The estimated useful life that the Group and the Company place the equipment into production reflects the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group and the Company intend to derive future economic benefits from the use of the Group's and the Company's property, plant and equipment. Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for possible impairment on a specific asset basis or in groups of similar assets, as applicable. This process requires management's estimate of future cash flows generated by each asset or group of assets. For any instance where this evaluation process indicates impairment, the appropriate assets' carrying values are written down to the recoverable amount and the amount of the write-down is charged against the results of operations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

4. Key Sources of Accounting Estimates *(continued)*

Income Taxes

As at December 31, 2013, a deferred tax asset of approximately USD39,747,000 (2012: USD53,704,000) in relation to unused tax losses and approximately USD32,860,000 (2012: USD25,242,000) in relation to employee related provisions has been recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient taxable profits, or taxable temporary differences, will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future taxable profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of the deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal takes place. During the year, deferred tax assets of approximately USD7,913,000 (2012: USD10,109,000) in relation to unused tax losses were utilised.

Estimated Impairment of Trade and Other Receivables, Bills Receivable and Trade Receivables from an Associate

When there is objective evidence of an impairment loss, the Group and the Company take into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). When the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at December 31, 2013, the Group's and the Company's carrying amount of trade and other receivables, bills receivable and trade receivables/amounts due from associates is USD828,205,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of USD18,168,000) (2012: USD755,337,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of USD13,987,000)) and USD20,685,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of nil) (2012: USD24,441,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of nil)).

5. Segment Information

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers, for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods sold.

The principal categories of goods supplied are “Power Equipment” and “Floor Care and Appliances”. The Group’s operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

1. Power Equipment – sales of power tools, power tool accessories, outdoor products, and outdoor product accessories for consumer, trade, professional and industrial users. The products are available under the MILWAUKEE®, AEG®, RYOBI® and HOMELITE® brands plus original equipment manufacturer (“OEM”) customers.
2. Floor Care and Appliances – sales of floor care products and floor care accessories under the HOOVER®, DIRT DEVIL®, VAX® brand and ORECK® plus OEM customers.

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

Segment turnover and results

The following is an analysis of the Group’s turnover and results by reportable and operating segments for the year under review:

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Power Equipment USD'000	Floor Care and Appliances USD'000	Eliminations USD'000	Consolidated USD'000
Segment turnover				
External sales	3,143,915	1,155,840	—	4,299,755
Inter-segment sales	—	2,384	(2,384)	—
Total segment turnover	3,143,915	1,158,224	(2,384)	4,299,755

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

Result	261,340	51,740	—	313,080 (36,682)
Segment results before finance costs				
Finance costs				
Profit before taxation				276,398 (29,036)
Taxation charge				
Profit for the year				247,362

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group’s accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of finance costs. This is the measure reported to the executive directors of the Company for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

No analysis of the Group’s assets and liabilities by operating segment is disclosed as they are not regularly provided to the chief operating decision makers for review.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

5. Segment Information *(continued)*

Other segment information

For the year ended December 31, 2013

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:

	Power Equipment USD'000	Floor Care and Appliances USD'000	Consolidated USD'000
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	9,281	833	10,114
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	—	19,344	19,344
Write down of inventories	11,572	18,960	30,532
Impairment loss on trade receivables	3,557	366	3,923
Depreciation and amortisation	94,288	44,163	138,451

Segment turnover and results

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Power Equipment USD'000	Floor Care and Appliances USD'000	Eliminations USD'000	Consolidated USD'000
Segment turnover				
External sales	2,864,586	987,832	—	3,852,418
Inter-segment sales	13,977	854	(14,831)	—
Total segment turnover	2,878,563	988,686	(14,831)	3,852,418

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

Result

Segment results before finance costs	228,783	39,090	—	267,873
Finance costs			(45,627)	
Profit before taxation				222,246
Taxation charge			(22,139)	
Profit for the year				200,107

5. Segment Information (continued)

Other segment information

For the year ended December 31, 2012

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:

	Power Equipment USD'000	Floor Care and Appliances USD'000	Consolidated USD'000
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,428	964	4,392
Write down of inventories	12,354	2,926	15,280
Impairment loss on trade receivables	1,773	1,655	3,428
Depreciation and amortisation	89,971	39,115	129,086

Turnover from major products

The following is an analysis of the Group's turnover from its major products:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Power Equipment	3,143,915	2,864,586
Floor Care and Appliances	1,155,840	987,832
Total	4,299,755	3,852,418

Geographical information

The Group's turnover from external customers by geographical location, determined based on the location of the customer and information about its non-current assets by geographical location, determined based on the location of the group entity owning the assets are detailed below:

	Turnover from external customers		Non-Current Assets*	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
North America	3,120,251	2,806,909	805,065	775,165
Europe	870,119	767,967	93,726	87,962
Other countries	309,385	277,542	513,450	487,387
Total	4,299,755	3,852,418	1,412,241	1,350,514

* Non-current assets exclude financial instruments, deferred tax assets and interests in associates.

Information about major customer

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Group's largest customer contributed total turnover of USD1,622,819,000 (2012: USD1,459,450,000), of which USD1,568,856,000 (2012: USD1,425,259,000) was under the Power Equipment segment and USD53,963,000 (2012: USD34,191,000) was under the Floor Care and Appliances segment. There is no other customer contributing more than 10% of total turnover.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

6. Turnover

Turnover represents the fair value of the net amounts received and receivable for goods sold by the Group to outside customers, less returns and allowances, and commission and royalty income received during the year and is analysed as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Sale of goods	4,287,773	3,843,411
Commission and royalty income	11,982	9,007
	4,299,755	3,852,418

7. Other Income

Other income in 2013 mainly comprises the net of gain on a bargain purchase of USD38,319,000, sales of scrap materials, claims and reimbursements from customers and vendors, impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and inventories and other costs arising from the integration of floor care and appliances manufacturing operations of USD34,659,000 and goodwill impairment of USD3,390,000.

Other income in 2012 mainly comprises of the gain on disposal of an associate, sales of scrap materials and claims and reimbursements from customers and vendors.

8. Interest Income

Interest income represents interest earned on bank deposits.

9. Finance Costs

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Interest on:		
Bank borrowings and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years	27,290	28,973
Obligations under finance leases	355	449
Fixed interest rate notes	9,037	10,867
Effective interest expense on convertible bonds	—	5,338
	36,682	45,627

10. Taxation Charge

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong profits tax	(909)	(440)
Underprovision in prior years	(3,403)	(305)
	(4,312)	(745)
Overseas taxation	(16,057)	(14,059)
Underprovision in prior years	(23,512)	(13,117)
	(39,569)	(27,176)
Deferred tax (Note 44):		
Current year	14,845	5,782
	(29,036)	(22,139)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

Underprovision of income tax in prior periods includes provisions for estimated tax exposures in respect of ongoing tax audits. Given the tax provided, no provision for additional income tax, if any, arising from the ongoing tax audits has been recognised as such amounts cannot be reliably estimated at this stage.

The tax charges for the year are reconciled as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2013 %	2012 USD'000	2012 %
Profit before taxation	276,398		222,246	
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate	(45,606)	16.5%	(36,671)	16.5%
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	48,259	(17.5%)	36,564	(16.4%)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(7,114)	2.6%	(5,474)	2.5%
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	13,846	(5.0%)	7,994	(3.6%)
Tax effect of tax losses and deductible temporary differences not recognised	(9,099)	3.3%	(9,781)	4.4%
Underprovision in respect of prior years	(26,915)	9.7%	(13,422)	6.0%
Others	(2,407)	0.9%	(1,349)	0.6%
Tax charge for the year	(29,036)	10.5%	(22,139)	10.0%

Details of deferred tax are set out in Note 44.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

11. Profit for the Year

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Amortisation of intangible assets	63,415	55,188
Amortisation of lease prepayments	804	783
Auditors' remuneration	3,251	3,027
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	2,827,445	2,563,176
Depreciation and amortisation on property, plant and equipment		
Owned assets	73,185	71,474
Assets held under finance leases	1,047	1,641
Fair value gain on interest rate swap	(1,465)	(101)
Fair value loss on a warrant	—	222
Fair value loss on foreign currency forward contracts	1,081	4,481
Fair value loss on held-for-trading investments	4,324	2,308
Gain on disposal of an associate	—	(1,149)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	723	—
Impairment loss on held-for-trading investments	1,402	—
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	19,344	—
Impairment loss on trade receivables	3,923	3,428
Impairment of goodwill	3,390	—
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	10,114	4,392
Net exchange (gain) loss	(14,951)	3,360
Operating lease expenses recognised in respect of:		
Motor vehicles	14,588	13,589
Plant and machinery	6,115	4,700
Premises	29,704	26,700
Other assets	2,740	2,516
Unconditional government grants	(70)	(43)
Write off of intangible assets	3,557	1,502
Write down of inventories	30,532	15,280
Staff costs		
Directors' remuneration	234	216
Fees	22,313	18,558
Other emoluments	22,547	18,774
Other staff costs	483,940	433,127
Retirement benefits scheme contributions (other than those included in the Directors' emoluments)		
Defined contribution plans	2,506	4,733
Defined benefit plans (Note 43)	3,724	4,142
	512,717	460,776

Staff costs disclosed above do not include an amount of USD87,871,000 (2012: USD77,584,000) relating to research and development activities.

12. Director's Emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eleven (2012: eleven) directors were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	Other emoluments					
	Fees USD'000	Basic salaries and allowances USD'000	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes USD'000		Bonus paid USD'000	Share-based payments USD'000
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	—	1,602	2	3,849	68	5,521
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	—	1,505	2	11,344	—	12,851
Mr Kin Wah Chan	—	688	2	666	—	1,356
Mr Chi Chung Chan	—	686	2	707	—	1,395
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	—	327	2	379	120	828
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	39	8	—	—	—	47
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	39	39	—	—	36	114
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	39	21	—	—	36	96
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	39	45	—	—	33	117
Mr Peter David Sullivan	39	48	—	—	36	123
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	39	24	—	—	36	99
Total	234	4,993	10	16,945	365	22,547

For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Other emoluments					
	Fees USD'000	Basic salaries and allowances USD'000	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes USD'000		Bonus paid USD'000	Share-based payments USD'000
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	—	1,557	2	2,941	108	4,608
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	—	1,200	2	9,298	—	10,500
Mr Kin Wah Chan	—	660	2	466	—	1,128
Mr Chi Chung Chan	—	660	2	500	—	1,162
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	—	316	2	245	125	688
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	36	6	—	—	—	42
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	36	38	—	—	59	133
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	36	21	—	—	59	116
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	36	45	—	—	54	135
Mr Peter David Sullivan	36	48	—	—	59	143
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	36	24	—	—	59	119
Total	216	4,575	10	13,450	523	18,774

The bonuses paid were based on performance of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

13. Employees' Emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2012: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in Note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining one (2012: two) individual for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Basic salaries and allowances	590	1,056
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	9	80
Bonus paid	885	1,323
Other benefit	28	14
Share-based payments	—	11
	1,512	2,484

The emoluments of this one (2012: two) highest paid individual for the year ended December 31, 2013 was within the following bands:

	No. of persons	
	2013	2012
USD	—	2
1,000,001 to 1,500,000	—	—
1,500,001 to 2,000,000	1	—

During each of the two years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No director has waived any emoluments during those years.

14. Dividends

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Dividends recognised as distributions during the year:		
Final dividend paid:		
2012: HK10.75 cents (approximately US1.38 cents)		
(2011: HK7.75 cents (approximately US1.00 cent)) per share	25,330	18,185
Interim dividend paid:		
2013: HK10.00 cents (approximately US1.29 cents)		
(2012: HK6.75 cents (approximately US0.87 cent)) per share	23,554	15,838
	48,884	34,023

The final dividend of HK13.75 cents (approximately US1.77 cents) per share with a total of approximately USD32,382,000 in respect of the year ended December 31, 2013 (2012: final dividend of HK10.75 cents (approximately US1.38 cents) per share in respect of the year ended December 31, 2012) has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

15. Earnings per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to Owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share:		
Profit for the year attributable to Owners of the Company	250,284	200,991
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
Effective interest on convertible bonds	—	5,128
Earnings for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	250,284	206,119
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	1,829,954,083	1,760,169,540
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
Share options	7,168,529	5,390,842
Convertible bonds	—	64,489,800
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	1,837,122,612	1,830,050,182

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

16. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Freehold land and buildings outside Hong Kong (Note)	Leasehold improvements USD'000	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures USD'000	Plant and machinery USD'000	Motor vehicles USD'000	Moulds and tooling USD'000	Vessels USD'000	Construction in progress USD'000	Total USD'000
The Group									
Cost									
At January 1, 2012	142,662	51,966	144,433	196,450	4,674	213,436	2,298	61,574	817,493
Currency realignment	912	488	1,448	1,363	5	606	—	260	5,082
Additions	45	1,192	7,944	8,549	625	15,681	—	68,928	102,964
Disposals	(4,897)	(473)	(4,383)	(2,625)	(498)	(38,532)	—	(3,707)	(55,115)
Reclassification	8,723	11,117	5,313	4,247	162	39,265	—	(68,827)	—
At December 31, 2012	147,445	64,290	154,755	207,984	4,968	230,456	2,298	58,228	870,424
Currency realignment	1,142	888	821	1,905	(75)	1,060	—	494	6,235
Additions	2,060	1,166	7,635	9,699	493	7,879	—	75,683	104,615
Acquisition of businesses	—	—	95	760	—	—	—	—	855
Disposals	(12,610)	(6,575)	(11,711)	(19,730)	(484)	(61,564)	—	(2,985)	(115,659)
Impairment	(15,362)	—	(4,056)	(23,005)	(161)	(20,585)	—	—	(63,169)
Reclassification	2,061	441	5,994	9,963	464	29,884	—	(48,807)	—
At December 31, 2013	124,736	60,210	153,533	187,576	5,205	187,130	2,298	82,613	803,301
Depreciation and impairment									
At January 1, 2012	39,776	19,161	113,590	120,127	3,375	160,656	726	—	457,411
Currency realignment	247	203	948	583	19	236	—	—	2,236
Provided for the year	5,815	4,022	12,109	16,006	423	34,280	460	—	73,115
Eliminated on disposals	(2,592)	(395)	(3,697)	(2,279)	(439)	(37,090)	—	—	(46,492)
At December 31, 2012	43,246	22,991	122,950	134,437	3,378	158,082	1,186	—	486,270
Currency realignment	115	187	366	719	(16)	463	—	—	1,834
Provided for the year	6,699	4,316	12,450	15,425	517	34,365	460	—	74,232
Eliminated on disposals	(6,904)	(5,770)	(10,746)	(18,787)	(344)	(56,608)	—	—	(99,159)
Impairment	(6,020)	—	(3,541)	(17,968)	(137)	(16,159)	—	—	(43,825)
At December 31, 2013	37,136	21,724	121,479	113,826	3,398	120,143	1,646	—	419,352
Carrying amounts									
At December 31, 2013	87,600	38,486	32,054	73,750	1,807	66,987	652	82,613	383,949
At December 31, 2012	104,199	41,299	31,805	73,547	1,590	72,374	1,112	58,228	384,154

Note: Buildings with a carrying amount of USD23,474,000 (2012: USD23,599,000) are erected on leasehold land that is presented as lease prepayments on the consolidated statement of financial position.

16. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

	Buildings outside Hong Kong USD'000	Leasehold improvements USD'000	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures USD'000	Plant and machinery USD'000	Motor vehicles USD'000	Moulds and tooling USD'000	Total USD'000
The Company Cost							
At January 1, 2012							
Additions	—	139	1,017	—	195	—	1,351
Disposals	(3,998)	(293)	(1,252)	(164)	(96)	(408)	(6,211)
At December 31, 2012	—	2,754	12,306	3,190	746	4,843	23,839
Additions	—	—	242	—	—	—	242
Disposals	—	(2,682)	(5,438)	(3,190)	—	(3,681)	(14,991)
Transfer to subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	(1,162)	(1,162)
At December 31, 2013	—	72	7,110	—	746	—	7,928
Depreciation							
At January 1, 2012	2,111	2,868	11,044	3,004	647	5,251	24,925
Provided for the year	134	33	724	341	16	—	1,248
Eliminated on disposals	(2,245)	(293)	(1,250)	(164)	(96)	(408)	(4,456)
At December 31, 2012	—	2,608	10,518	3,181	567	4,843	21,717
Provided for the year	—	46	735	9	49	—	839
Eliminated on disposals	—	(2,614)	(5,412)	(3,190)	—	(3,681)	(14,897)
Transfer to subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	(1,162)	(1,162)
At December 31, 2013	—	40	5,841	—	616	—	6,497
Carrying amounts							
At December 31, 2013	—	32	1,269	—	130	—	1,431
At December 31, 2012	—	146	1,788	9	179	—	2,122

The above property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis, at the following rates per annum:

Freehold land	Nil
Buildings	2 ¹ / ₅ % - 6 ² / ₃ %
Leasehold improvements	6 ² / ₃ % - 25%
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	10% - 33 ¹ / ₃ %
Plant and machinery	9% - 33%
Motor vehicles	10% - 33%
Moulds and tooling	18% - 33 ¹ / ₃ %
Vessels	20%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

16. Property, Plant and Equipment *(continued)*

The net book values of properties shown above comprise:

	The Group	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Land and buildings are situated outside Hong Kong and are analysed as follows:		
Freehold	64,126	80,600
Medium-term lease	23,474	23,599
	87,600	104,199

The net book values of the Group's property, plant and equipment include amounts of approximately USD3,416,000 (2012: USD4,790,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

The gross carrying amount of the Group's and the Company's property, plant and equipment include amounts of approximately USD217,407,000 and USD4,752,000 (2012: USD274,410,000 and USD20,269,000) respectively in respect of fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that are still in use.

17. Lease Prepayments

	The Group USD'000
Cost	
At January 1, 2012	39,148
Currency realignment	530
At December 31, 2012	39,678
Currency realignment	1,149
At December 31, 2013	40,827
Amortisation	
At January 1, 2012	2,716
Currency realignment	46
Provided for the year	783
At December 31, 2012	3,545
Currency realignment	114
Provided for the year	804
At December 31, 2013	4,463
Carrying amounts	
At December 31, 2013	36,364
At December 31, 2012	36,133

All lease prepayments are medium-term leases outside Hong Kong.

18. Goodwill

	The Group USD'000
At January 1, 2012	530,856
Currency realignment	304
At December 31, 2012	531,160
Currency realignment	857
Arising on acquisition of a business (Note 45)	3,861
Goodwill impairment	(3,390)
At December 31, 2013	532,488

Particulars regarding impairment testing of goodwill are disclosed in Note 20.

19. Intangible Assets

	Deferred development costs USD'000	Patents USD'000	Trademarks USD'000	Manufacturing know-how USD'000	Retailer and service relationships USD'000	Non compete agreement USD'000	Total USD'000
The Group							
Cost							
At January 1, 2012	315,736	43,275	192,370	453	6,500	—	558,334
Currency realignment	15	(1)	1	—	—	—	15
Additions	69,631	4,214	3	—	—	10,634	84,482
Written off in the year	(4,175)	(25)	(10)	—	—	—	(4,210)
At December 31, 2012	381,207	47,463	192,364	453	6,500	10,634	638,621
Currency realignment	67	—	—	—	—	—	67
Additions	83,691	5,418	—	—	—	—	89,109
Acquisition of businesses	—	1,857	36,379	—	—	—	38,236
Written off in the year	(12,120)	(28)	—	—	—	—	(12,148)
At December 31, 2013	452,845	54,710	228,743	453	6,500	10,634	753,885
Amortisation							
At January 1, 2012	153,404	23,905	7,997	453	1,300	—	187,059
Currency realignment	18	(1)	(2)	—	—	—	15
Provided for the year	47,887	4,611	1,124	—	325	1,241	55,188
Eliminated on write off	(2,673)	(25)	(10)	—	—	—	(2,708)
At December 31, 2012	198,636	28,490	9,109	453	1,625	1,241	239,554
Currency realignment	67	—	—	—	—	—	67
Provided for the year	54,728	5,111	1,124	—	325	2,127	63,415
Eliminated on write off	(8,563)	(28)	—	—	—	—	(8,591)
At December 31, 2013	244,868	33,573	10,233	453	1,950	3,368	294,445
Carrying Amounts							
At December 31, 2013	207,977	21,137	218,510	—	4,550	7,266	459,440
At December 31, 2012	182,571	18,973	183,255	—	4,875	9,393	399,067

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

19. Intangible Assets *(continued)*

	Deferred development costs USD'000	Patents USD'000	Total USD'000
The Company			
Cost			
At January 1, 2012	70,808	6,700	77,508
At December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2013	70,808	6,700	77,508
Amortisation			
At January 1, 2012	56,100	6,698	62,798
Provided for the year	8,799	2	8,801
At December 31, 2012	64,899	6,700	71,599
Provided for the year	5,909	—	5,909
At December 31, 2013	70,808	6,700	77,508
Carrying Amounts			
At December 31, 2013	—	—	—
At December 31, 2012	5,909	—	5,909

The retailer and service relationships were acquired through business combinations which related to the relationships with retailers and service centres.

Deferred development costs are internally generated.

Included in trademarks of the Group, USD213,934,000 (2012: USD177,555,000) are trademarks with indefinite useful lives as considered by the management of the Group as having an indefinite useful life because they are expected to contribute to net cash inflows indefinitely. The trademarks will not be amortised until their useful lives are determined to be finite. Instead they will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. Particulars of the impairment testing are disclosed in Note 20.

The above intangible assets, other than trademarks with indefinite useful lives, are amortised on a straight-line basis, at the following rates per annum:

Deferred development costs	20% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Patents	10% - 25%
Trademarks with finite useful lives	6 $\frac{2}{3}$ % - 10%
Retailer and service relationships	5%
Non compete agreement	20%

20. Impairment Testing on Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives

As explained in Note 5, the Group uses the types of goods sold for operating segment information. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill and trademarks with indefinite useful lives set out in Notes 18 and 19 have been allocated to five major individual cash generating units (CGUs), including four units in the Power Equipment segment and one unit in the Floor Care and Appliances segment. The carrying amounts of goodwill and trademarks as at December 31, 2013 allocated to these units are as follows:

	Goodwill		Trademarks	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Power Equipment – MET	402,424	402,424	115,907	115,907
Power Equipment – HCP	7,492	7,492	30,648	30,648
Power Equipment – Drebo	25,483	24,626	—	—
Power Equipment – Baja	9,017	9,017	3,200	3,200
Floor Care and Appliances – RAM/Hoover/VAX	75,748	75,748	64,179	27,800
Others	12,324	11,853	—	—
	532,488	531,160	213,934	177,555

During the year ended December 31, 2013, management of the Group determined to impair goodwill which originally generated from a CGU under "Others" amounting to USD3,390,000. No goodwill impairment has been recognised for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The basis of the recoverable amounts of the above CGUs and their major underlying assumptions are summarised below:

Power Equipment - MET ("MET")

The recoverable amount of MET's goodwill and intangibles has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and a discount rate of 11.5% (2012: 11.5%) per annum.

Cash flow projections during the budget period for MET are based on management's estimation of cash inflows/outflows including sales, gross margin, operating expenses and working capital requirements. The assumptions and estimation are based on MET's past performance, management's expectations of the market development, the success in new products launched, the success in reducing the working capital requirements and the success of the cost cutting strategy implemented by the Group. Cash flow projections beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 3.0% (2012: 3.0%) growth rate. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of MET's goodwill and intangibles to exceed the recoverable amounts.

Power Equipment – HCP ("HCP")

The recoverable amount of HCP's goodwill and intangibles has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 12.0% (2012: 12.0%) per annum.

Cash flow projections during the budget period for HCP are based on management's estimation of cash inflows/outflows including sales, gross margin, operating expenses and working capital requirements. The assumptions and estimation are based on HCP's past performance, management's expectations of the market development, the success in new products launched and the success of the cost cutting strategy implemented. Cash flow projections beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated without considering any growth rate. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of HCP's goodwill and intangibles to exceed the aggregate recoverable amounts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

20. Impairment Testing on Goodwill and Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives *(continued)*

Power Equipment – Drebo (“Drebo”)

The recoverable amount of Drebo's goodwill has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 11.0% (2012: 11.0%) per annum.

Cash flow projections during the budget period for Drebo are based on management's estimation of cash inflows/outflows including sales, gross margin, operating expenses and working capital requirements. The assumptions and estimation are based on Drebo's past performance, management's expectations of the market development, the success in new products launched and the cost cutting strategies implemented. Cash flow projections beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated without considering any growth rate. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of Drebo's goodwill to exceed the recoverable amount.

Power Equipment – Baja (“Baja”)

The recoverable amount of Baja's goodwill and intangibles has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 13.0% (2012: 13.0%) per annum.

Cash flow projections during the budget period for Baja are based on management's estimation of cash inflows/outflows including sales, gross margin, operating expenses and working capital requirements. The assumptions and estimation are based on Baja's past performance, management's expectations of the market development and the success of the cost cutting strategy implemented. Cash flow projections beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2.0% (2012: 2.0%) growth rate. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of Baja's goodwill and intangibles to exceed the aggregate recoverable amounts.

Floor Care and Appliances – RAM/Hoover/VAX (“RAM/Hoover/VAX”)

The recoverable amount of RAM/Hoover/VAX has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and a discount rate of 15.0% (2012: 15.3%) per annum.

Cash flow projections during the budget period for RAM/Hoover/VAX are based on management's estimation of cash inflows/outflows including sales, gross margin, operating expenses, capital expenditures and working capital requirements. The assumptions and estimation are based on RAM/Hoover/VAX's past performance, management's expectations of the market development, the success in reducing the working capital requirements and the success of the cost cutting strategies implemented. Cash flow projections beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2.0% (2012: nil) growth rate. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of RAM/Hoover/VAX's goodwill and intangibles to exceed the aggregate recoverable amounts.

21. Investments in Subsidiaries/Loans to Subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are set out in Note 52.

Loans to subsidiaries are unsecured, bear fixed interest at 5.275% to 10.150% per annum (2012: 5.275% to 10.150%) and are fully repayable by 2022.

22. Interests in Associates

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Unlisted shares, at cost less impairment loss recognised	—	—	—	—
Share of net assets	—	—	—	—
Amounts due from associates	15,766	17,724	14,478	16,436
	15,766	17,724	14,478	16,436

Particulars of the associates as at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are set out in Note 53.

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand.

At the end of the reporting period, amongst the associates, the Group held 40.8% of the shares of Gimelli International (Holdings) Limited and its subsidiaries (together the “Gimelli Group companies”). The Group has discontinued recognising its share of the losses of the Gimelli Group companies. The unrecognised share of gain (loss) for the year and cumulatively, extracted from the relevant management accounts of the associates, are USD1,025,000 (2012: (USD831,000)) and (USD5,380,000) (2012: (USD6,405,000)) respectively.

23. Available-for-sale Investments

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Unlisted equity securities and club membership debentures, at cost less impairment loss recognised	520	1,270	196	218

As at December 31, 2013, all available-for-sale investments represent investments in unlisted equity securities and club membership debentures. They are measured at cost less impairment at the reporting date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

24. Inventories

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Raw materials	95,186	84,315	—	—
Work in progress	11,505	12,523	—	—
Finished goods	777,539	591,738	—	573
	884,230	688,576	—	573

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

25. Trade and other Receivables

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Trade receivables	770,033	658,929	—	—
Less: Allowances for doubtful debts	(18,168)	(13,987)	—	—
	751,865	644,942	—	—
Other receivables	31,930	43,981	6,207	8,005
	783,795	688,923	6,207	8,005

The aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowances for doubtful debts, presented on the basis of the revenue recognition date, which is usually the invoice date, at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	The Group	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
0 to 60 days	625,004	557,158
61 to 120 days	95,120	61,899
121 days or above	31,741	25,885
Total trade receivables	751,865	644,942

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed regularly. Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have the best credit scoring attributable under the internal credit scoring system used by the Group.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of USD110,082,000 (2012: USD99,381,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 96 days (2012: 88 days).

The Group has a policy of allowing credit periods ranging mainly from 30 days to 120 days. Trade receivables that were past due but not provided for impairment loss are related to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. The management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality of the relevant customers and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired

	The Group	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
1 — 60 days	91,864	77,416
61 — 120 days	4,326	10,433
121 — 365 days	4,433	4,587
1 — 2 years	3,557	3,820
Over 2 years	5,902	3,125
Total	110,082	99,381

25. Trade and other Receivables (continued)

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

	The Group	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Balance at beginning of the year	13,987	14,680
Currency realignment	271	258
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	3,923	3,428
Acquisition of businesses	2,696	—
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(1,848)	(3,701)
Amounts recovered during the year	(861)	(678)
Balance at end of the year	18,168	13,987

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables amounting to USD18,168,000 (2012: USD13,987,000) which have the worst credit scoring attributable under the internal credit scoring system used by the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Ageing of impaired trade receivables (by invoice date)

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
0 - 120 days	2,592	2,474
121 - 365 days	8,419	4,647
1 - 2 years	5,778	5,575
Over 2 years	1,379	1,291
Total	18,168	13,987

Under certain receivables purchase agreements, a percentage in various pools of trade receivables were factored to banks (the “Factored Trade Receivables”). As the Group still retained the risks associated in respect of default payments, the Group continued to recognise the Factored Trade Receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position. At the end of the reporting period, proceeds from the Factored Trade Receivables of approximately USD74,952,000 (2012: USD75,000,000) were recognised as liabilities and included in “Unsecured borrowings – due within one year” in the consolidated statement of financial position.

26. Bills Receivable

All the Group's bills receivable at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are due within 120 days.

27. Amounts Due from/(to) Subsidiaries

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and payable on demand.

28. Trade Receivables from an Associate

The trade receivables from an associate were aged less than 120 days and are due within 120 days.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

29. Derivative Financial Instruments

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Assets				
Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment	12,647	—	—	—
Foreign currency forward contracts – under hedge accounting	5,034	49	653	49
Foreign currency forward contracts – not under hedge accounting	39	5,657	—	—
	17,720	5,706	653	49
Liabilities				
Foreign currency forward contracts – under hedge accounting	9,603	1,303	4,376	1,303
Foreign currency forward contracts – not under hedge accounting	277	5,727	—	—
Interest rate swap	3,202	4,667	3,202	4,667
	13,082	11,697	7,578	5,970

Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment

As at December 31, 2013, the Group owned a right to acquire certain property, plant and equipment fair valued at USD12,647,000 (2012: nil) which was acquired as part of the acquisition of the Oreck business from the Oreck Bankruptcy Estate as disclosed in Note 45. The fair value of the property, plant and equipment was valued on July 25, 2013 by KPMG, an independent valuer not related to the Group. The right is expected to be exercised in 2032.

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The fair values of foreign currency forward contracts are measured using quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts.

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts under hedge accounting

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following foreign currency forward contracts designated as highly effective hedging instruments in order to manage the Group's foreign currency exposure in relation to future foreign currency sales. The terms of the foreign exchange contracts have been negotiated to match the terms of the respective designated hedged items.

Major terms of the foreign currency forward contracts under hedge accounting are as follows:

The Group

2013

Notional amount	Maturity	Exchange rates
Sell EUR 108M, Buy USD	January 30, 2014 to December 31, 2014	USD 1.3211 to 1.3682 : EUR 1
Buy USD 30M, Sell AUD	February 28, 2014 to June 30, 2014	AUD 0.9012 to 0.9088 : USD 1
Sell USD 280M, Buy RMB	January 19, 2014 to December 31, 2014	RMB 6.1162 to 6.2285 : USD 1
Buy USD 91M, Sell GBP	January 6, 2014 to September 15, 2014	GBP 0.6085 to 0.6489 : USD 1
Sell USD 48.2M, Buy EUR	January 15, 2014 to October 3, 2014	USD 1.3020 to 1.3794 : EUR 1

29. Derivative Financial Instruments (*continued*)

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts under hedge accounting (*continued*)

The Company

2013

Notional amount	Maturity	Exchange rates
Sell EUR 108M, Buy USD	January 30, 2014 to December 31, 2014	USD 1.3211 to 1.3682 : EUR 1
Buy USD 30M, Sell AUD	February 28, 2014 to June 30, 2014	AUD 0.9012 to 0.9088 : USD 1

The Group and the Company

2012

Notional amount	Maturity	Exchange rates
Sell EUR 82.5M, Buy USD	January 31, 2013 to December 31, 2013	USD 1.2894 to 1.3273 : EUR 1

Major terms of the foreign currency forward contracts not under hedge accounting are as follows:

The Group

2013

Notional amount	Maturity	Exchange rates
Buy USD 12.3M, Sell NZD	January 20, 2014 to December 22, 2014	USD 0.800: NZD 1
Sell CHF 0.6M, Buy EUR	January 23, 2014 to June 20, 2014	CHF 1.2374 to 1.2386 : EUR 1
Sell SEK 30M, Buy EUR	January 23, 2014 to June 20, 2014	SEK 8.7453 to 8.7820 : EUR 1
Buy USD 6M, Sell GBP	January 15, 2014 to December 2, 2014	GBP 0.6144 to 0.6438 : USD 1

2012

Notional amount	Maturity	Exchange rates
Sell PLN 9M, Buy EUR	January 24, 2013 to September 19, 2013	PLN 4.2247 to 4.3310 : EUR 1
Buy USD 1.39M, Sell NZD	January 22, 2013 to February 22, 2013	NZD 1.2237 to 1.2259 : USD 1
Buy USD 19.25M, Sell AUD	January 22, 2013 to February 22, 2013	USD 1.0372 to 1.0399 : AUD 1
Buy USD 159M, Sell RMB	January 9, 2013 to October 15, 2013	RMB 6.2840 to 6.4530 : USD 1
Buy USD 72M, Sell GBP	January 2, 2013 to December 14, 2013	USD 0.6171 to 0.6392 : GBP 1
Sell EUR 31M, Buy USD	January 15, 2013 to August 1, 2013	USD 1.2436 to 1.3137 : EUR 1
Sell USD 189M, Buy RMB	January 9, 2013 to December 31, 2013	RMB 6.3440 to 6.4985 : USD 1

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

29. Derivative Financial Instruments *(continued)*

Interest Rate Swap (not under hedge accounting)

The fair value of the interest rate swap of the Group and the Company is measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates.

Major terms of the interest rate swap are as follows:

The Group and the Company

2013

Notional amount	Maturity	Receive floating	Pay fixed
USD 50,000,000	December 31, 2013 to May 4, 2016	LIBOR	1.2% - 3.1%

2012

Notional amount	Maturity	Receive floating	Pay fixed
USD 62,000,000	December 31, 2013 to May 4, 2016	LIBOR	1.2% - 3.1%

30. Held-for-Trading Investments

The Group's and the Company's held-for-trading investments at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are carried at fair value using the market bid prices on the reporting date.

Held-for-trading investments include:

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Equity securities:				
– Listed in US	—	5,980	—	5,980
– Unlisted investment funds	1,000	—	1,000	—
	1,000	5,980	1,000	5,980

31. Bank Balances, Deposits and Cash/Bank Overdrafts

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.05% to 0.17% (2012: 0.10% to 0.27%) per annum. Bank overdrafts carry interest at market rates which range from 3.25% to 5.00% (2012: 3.25% to 5.00%) per annum.

32. Trade and other Payables

The aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
0 to 60 days	467,635	309,719	—	—
61 to 120 days	148,839	80,517	—	—
121 days or above	29,502	1,557	5	5
Total trade payables	645,976	391,793	5	5
Other payables	393,947	318,698	26,398	20,961
	1,039,923	710,491	26,403	20,966

The credit period on the purchase of goods ranges from 30 days to 120 days (2012: 30 days to 120 days). The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame.

33. Bills Payable

All the Group's bills payable at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are due within 120 days.

34. Warranty Provision

	The Group USD'000
At January 1 ,2012	44,748
Currency realignment	356
Additional provision in the year	87,872
Utilisation of provision	(90,581)
At December 31, 2012	42,395
Currency realignment	94
Additional provision in the year	91,118
Acquisition of businesses	4,231
Utilisation of provision	(85,210)
At December 31, 2013	52,628

The warranty provision represents management's best estimate of the Group's outstanding liabilities on products sold, based on prior experience and industry averages for defective products. It is expected that the majority of this expenditure will be incurred in the next financial year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

35. Restructuring Provision

	The Group USD'000
At January 1, 2012	3,743
Currency realignment	(14)
Utilisation of provision	(3,202)
At December 31, 2012	527
Currency realignment	4
Utilisation of provision	(531)
At December 31, 2013	—

The provision related to the restructuring of the Group's manufacturing facilities in Germany.

36. Obligations under Finance Leases

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its land and buildings, plant and machinery, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles under finance leases, with lease terms ranging from 3 years to 20 years. Interest rates underlying all obligations under finance leases are fixed at the respective contract dates ranging from 7.5% to 22.4% (December 31, 2012: 6.7% to 22.4%). No arrangements have been entered into that include contingent rental payments.

The maturity of obligations under finance leases is as follows:

	The Group			
	Minimum lease payments		Present value of minimum lease payments	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Amounts payable under finance leases:				
Within one year	1,245	1,518	977	1,154
In more than one year but not more than two years	1,330	1,301	1,137	1,028
In more than two years but not more than three years	785	1,199	663	1,007
In more than three years but not more than four years	298	785	202	663
In more than four years but not more than five years	298	298	218	202
More than five years	1,099	1,397	953	1,171
	5,055	6,498	4,150	5,225
Less: future finance charges	(905)	(1,273)	—	—
Present value of lease obligations	4,150	5,225	4,150	5,225
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities			(977)	(1,154)
Amount due after one year			3,173	4,071

The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by charges over the leased assets.

37. Discounted Bills with Recourse

Bills discounted with banks at an effective interest rate of 1.53% per annum (2012: 1.79% per annum) have maturity profiles of less than 120 days.

38. Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (which includes borrowings, discounted bills with recourse and obligations under finance leases), net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

Gearing ratio

The Group's management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group has a target gearing ratio of not exceeding 35% determined as the proportion of net debt to equity. The Group will continue to execute very disciplined control and management of its working capital and generate free cash inflows through the growth of the business.

The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Debt ⁽ⁱ⁾	883,157	1,017,527
Bank balances, deposits and cash	(698,147)	(617,648)
Net debt	185,010	399,879
Equity ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	1,740,713	1,548,877
Net debt to equity ratio	10.63%	25.82%

(i) Debt comprises obligations under finance leases, discounted bills with recourse, unsecured borrowings and bank overdrafts but excludes bank advances from factored trade receivables as detailed in Notes 25, 31, 36, 37 and 40 respectively.

(ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company.

In addition, based on management recommendations, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments

39.1 Categories of financial instruments

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
The Group		
Financial assets		
<i>Fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Held-for-trading investments	1,000	5,980
<i>Derivative financial instruments</i>		
Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment	12,647	—
<i>Derivative financial instruments – under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	5,034	49
<i>Derivative financial instruments – not under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	39	5,657
	17,720	5,706
<i>Available-for-sale investments</i>	520	1,270
<i>Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)</i>		
Trade and other receivables	783,795	688,923
Bills receivable	26,054	48,644
Trade receivables from an associate	2,590	46
Bank balances, deposits and cash	698,147	617,648
	1,510,586	1,355,261
Financial liabilities		
<i>Derivative financial instruments – under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	9,603	1,303
<i>Derivative financial instruments – not under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	277	5,727
Interest rate swap	3,202	4,667
	13,082	11,697
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>		
Trade and other payables	1,039,923	710,491
Bills payable	40,613	39,222
Discounted bills with recourse	116,704	432,633
Unsecured borrowings	829,368	647,582
Bank overdrafts	7,887	7,087
	2,034,495	1,837,015

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
The Company		
Financial assets		
<i>Fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Held-for-trading investments	1,000	5,980
<i>Derivative financial instruments – under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	653	49
<i>Available-for-sale investments</i>	196	218
<i>Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)</i>		
Other receivables	6,207	8,005
Bank balances, deposits and cash	52,462	44,978
Loans to/Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,801,612	1,507,897
	1,860,281	1,560,880
Financial liabilities		
<i>Derivative financial instruments – under hedge accounting</i>		
Foreign currency forward contracts	4,376	1,303
<i>Derivative financial instruments – not under hedge accounting</i>		
Interest rate swap	3,202	4,667
	7,578	5,970
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>		
Trade and other payables	26,403	20,966
Amounts due to subsidiaries	579,524	513,587
Unsecured borrowings	650,495	371,772
	1,256,422	906,325

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's corporate treasury function provides risk management advice to the business units, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These financial risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments or natural hedges to mitigate these risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies approved by the board of directors, which provide written principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group does not enter into or trade derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

39.2.1 Foreign Currency Risk Management

Subsidiaries of the Group have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Approximately 24.6% (2012: 24.5%) of the Group's sales are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entity making the sale, whilst almost 44.1% (2012: 38.2%) of purchases are denominated in the group entity's respective functional currency.

The carrying amounts of certain significant foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	Liabilities		Assets	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
The Group				
Foreign Currency EURO	37,671	31,263	194,941	150,462

	Liabilities		Assets	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
The Company				
Foreign Currency EURO	23,395	2,485	365,022	344,295

Note: For group entities with their functional currency as the United States dollar, monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in Hong Kong dollars have no material foreign currency risk exposure as the Hong Kong dollar is pegged with the United States dollar.

The Group requires its group entities to use foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the currency exposure. The foreign exchange forward contracts must be in the same currency as the hedged item. On this basis, the Group has entered into forward contracts in relation to the foreign currency denominated monetary liabilities amounting to USD148,845,000 (2012: USD108,826,000). It is the Group's policy to negotiate the terms of the hedge derivatives to match the terms of the hedged item to maximise hedge effectiveness (see Note 29 for details).

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.1 Foreign Currency Risk Management (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The Group and the Company are mainly exposed to the effects of rate fluctuations in the EURO to USD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the United States dollar against the EURO without considering the foreign currency forward contracts entered at end of the reporting period. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in the EURO:USD foreign exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and excludes the effect of any foreign currency forward contracts held at reporting date. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit for the year where the United States dollar weakens 5% against the EURO.

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Impact of EURO				
Profit for the year ⁽ⁱ⁾	7,037	5,960	15,287	17,091

(i) This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on receivables and payables denominated in EURO at the reporting date.

39.2.2 Interest Rate Risk Management

The Group's and the Company's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate borrowing (see Note 40 for details of these borrowings), discounted bills with recourse, bank overdrafts and bank balances and deposits.

In relation to these floating-rate borrowings, the Group aims at keeping certain borrowings at fixed rates. In order to achieve this result, the Group enters into interest rate swap contracts to hedge against part of its exposure to potential variability of cash flows arising from changes in floating rates (see Note 29 for details). The management continuously monitors interest rate fluctuations and will consider further hedging interest rate risk should the need arise.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's and the Company's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") arising from the Group's and the Company's Hong Kong dollar denominated borrowings. In relation to interest bearing bank balances and deposits, the Group considers the interest rate risk is insignificance.

The Group's fair value interest rate risk related primarily to its fixed-rate bank borrowings (see Note 40 for details of these borrowings). The Company's fair value interest rate risk related primarily to its loan to subsidiaries (see Note 21).

During the year, the Group obtained new bank borrowings in the amount of USD1,112 million (2012: USD793 million) which are either LIBOR or Hong Kong best lending rates based. The proceeds were used for refinancing the Group's borrowings including the repayment of fixed interest rate notes of USD39,375,000 and other borrowings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (*continued*)

39.2.2 Interest Rate Risk Management (*continued*)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year without considering the interest rate swaps entered at the end of the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease in LIBOR is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended December 31, 2013 would decrease/increase by USD4,293,000 (2012: decrease/increase by USD4,765,000). The Company's profit for the year ended December 31, 2013 would decrease/increase by USD3,252,000 (2012: decrease/increase by USD1,859,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate borrowings.

The Group's and the Company's sensitivity to interest rates has decreased and increased during the current period mainly due to the decrease and increase in variable rate debt instruments respectively.

39.2.3 Other Price Risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to price risk through its held-for-trading investments and derivative financial instruments.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to price risks of equity investments held-for-trading measured at fair value at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% higher/lower the profit for the year ended December 31, 2013 of the Group and the Company would increase/decrease by USD100,000 (2012: USD598,000) and USD100,000 (2012: USD598,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

39.2.4 Credit Risk Management

As at December 31, 2013, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group and the Company due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group and the Company is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the statements of financial position; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group and the Company as disclosed in Note 48.

39. Financial Instruments *(continued)*

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies *(continued)*

39.2.4 Credit Risk Management *(continued)*

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group and the Company review the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and debt investments at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's and the Company's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputations and credit ratings.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location is mainly in North America, where 62.7% (2012: 65.7%) of the total trade receivables as at December 31, 2013 are located.

The Group has concentration of credit risk at 43.4% (2012: 23.7%) and 57.4% (2012: 36.8%) of the total trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

As at December 31, 2013, the Group has available unutilised overdrafts and short and medium term bank loan facilities of approximately USD67 million (2012: USD65 million) and USD1,824 million (2012: USD1,290 million) respectively.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities as well as non-derivative financial assets which are included in the maturity analysis. For non-derivative financial assets, the tables have been drawn up based on the contractual maturities of the undiscounted cash flow of the financial assets unless specified separately. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the tables reflect the undiscounted cash flow of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that the interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Group's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity tables (continued)

In addition, the following table details the Group's liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual net cash (inflows) and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross (inflows) and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the foreign currency exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. The liquidity analysis for the Group's derivative financial instruments are prepared based on the contractual maturities as the management consider that the contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows of derivatives.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2013
The Group								
2013								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Held-for-trading investments (Note)	—	1,000	—	—	—	—	1,000	1,000
Available-for-sale investments (Note)	—	520	—	—	—	—	520	520
Trade and other receivables	—	607,266	133,537	42,992	—	—	783,795	783,795
Bills receivable	—	14,994	10,692	368	—	—	26,054	26,054
Trade receivables from an associate	—	2,580	3	7	—	—	2,590	2,590
Bank balances, deposits and cash	0.05% - 0.17%	688,836	9,313	—	—	—	698,149	698,147
		1,315,196	153,545	43,367	—	—	1,512,108	1,512,106
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	—	(621,013)	(313,378)	(105,532)	—	—	(1,039,923)	(1,039,923)
Bills payable	—	(15,180)	(25,433)	—	—	—	(40,613)	(40,613)
Discounted bills with recourse	1.53%	(89,447)	(20,757)	(6,628)	—	—	(116,832)	(116,704)
Variable rate borrowings	0.97% - 4.23%	(20,860)	(284,885)	(147,961)	(119,837)	(176,315)	(749,858)	(734,047)
Fixed rate borrowings	7.44%	—	(3,562)	(3,562)	(99,312)	—	(106,436)	(95,321)
Bank overdrafts	3.25% - 5.00%	(7,887)	—	—	—	—	(7,887)	(7,887)
Financial guarantee contracts		(9,099)	—	—	—	—	(9,099)	—
		(763,486)	(648,015)	(263,683)	(219,149)	(176,315)	(2,070,648)	(2,034,495)

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity tables (continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2013
The Group								
2013								
Derivatives - net settlement								
Acquisition right of certain property, plant & equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,647	12,647
Interest rate swap	0.25% - 1.47%	—	(357)	(1,040)	(1,226)	(446)	(3,069)	(3,202)
Foreign currency forward contracts								
- NZD	—	(5)	(13)	(9)	—	—	(27)	(27)
		(5)	(370)	(1,049)	(1,226)	12,201	9,551	9,418
Derivatives - gross settlement								
Foreign currency forward contracts								
- inflow								
- AUD	—	—	7,528	22,472	—	—	30,000	30,000
- EUR	—	2,899	20,998	29,686	—	—	53,583	53,583
- RMB	—	18,298	40,780	225,522	—	—	284,600	284,600
- GBP	—	32,521	20,993	43,511	—	—	97,025	97,025
- USD	—	11,933	23,872	108,277	—	—	144,082	144,082
		65,651	114,171	429,468	—	—	609,290	609,290
- outflow								
- AUD	—	—	(7,364)	(21,983)	—	—	(29,347)	(29,347)
- EUR	—	(2,930)	(21,685)	(30,447)	—	—	(55,062)	(55,062)
- RMB	—	(17,946)	(39,925)	(222,348)	—	—	(280,219)	(280,219)
- GBP	—	(33,524)	(22,357)	(45,103)	—	—	(100,984)	(100,984)
- USD	—	(12,369)	(24,737)	(111,352)	—	—	(148,458)	(148,458)
		(66,769)	(116,068)	(431,233)	—	—	(614,070)	(614,070)
		(1,118)	(1,897)	(1,765)	—	—	(4,780)	(4,780)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (*continued*)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (*continued*)

*Liquidity tables (*continued*)*

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2012
The Group								
2012								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Held-for-trading investments (Note)	—	5,980	—	—	—	—	5,980	5,980
Available-for-sale investments (Note)	—	1,270	—	—	—	—	1,270	1,270
Trade and other receivables	—	322,801	315,498	50,624	—	—	688,923	688,923
Bills receivable	—	35,369	12,883	392	—	—	48,644	48,644
Trade receivables from an associate	—	18	14	14	—	—	46	46
Bank balances, deposits and cash	0.10% - 0.27%	525,119	92,548	—	—	—	617,667	617,648
		890,557	420,943	51,030	—	—	1,362,530	1,362,511
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	—	(473,782)	(204,800)	(31,909)	—	—	(710,491)	(710,491)
Bills payable	—	(9,580)	(29,508)	(134)	—	—	(39,222)	(39,222)
Discounted bills with recourse	1.79%	(160,018)	(162,816)	(111,598)	—	—	(434,432)	(432,633)
Variable rate borrowings	1.01% - 4.36%	(98,321)	(110,793)	(48,294)	(162,150)	(104,738)	(524,296)	(513,375)
Fixed rate borrowings	6.70% - 7.44%	—	(3,562)	(44,256)	(7,124)	(99,312)	(154,254)	(134,207)
Bank overdrafts	3.25% - 5.00%	(7,087)	—	—	—	—	(7,087)	(7,087)
Financial guarantee contracts	—	(12,691)	—	—	—	—	(12,691)	—
		(761,479)	(511,479)	(236,191)	(169,274)	(204,050)	(1,882,473)	(1,837,015)

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity tables (continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2012
Derivatives - net settlement								
Interest rate swap	0.76% - 2.63%	—	(491)	(1,462)	(1,334)	(1,745)	(5,032)	(4,667)
Foreign currency forward contracts								
- RMB	—	(303)	(531)	(2,986)	—	—	(3,820)	(3,820)
- AUD	—	—	39	—	—	—	39	39
- NZD	—	—	(10)	—	—	—	(10)	(10)
		(303)	(993)	(4,448)	(1,334)	(1,745)	(8,823)	(8,458)
Derivatives - gross settlement								
Foreign currency forward contracts								
- inflow								
- EUR	—	2,312	14,621	25,841	—	—	42,774	42,774
- RMB	—	17,417	34,753	142,449	—	—	194,619	194,619
- GBP	—	7,750	11,500	52,750	—	—	72,000	72,000
- USD	—	—	29,088	78,483	—	—	107,571	107,571
		27,479	89,962	299,523	—	—	416,964	416,964
- outflow								
- EUR	—	(2,355)	(15,222)	(26,309)	—	—	(43,886)	(43,886)
- RMB	—	(17,000)	(34,000)	(138,000)	—	—	(189,000)	(189,000)
- GBP	—	(7,834)	(11,804)	(53,148)	—	—	(72,786)	(72,786)
- USD	—	—	(29,680)	(79,145)	—	—	(108,825)	(108,825)
		(27,189)	(90,706)	(296,602)	—	—	(414,497)	(414,497)
		290	(744)	2,921	—	—	2,467	2,467

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (*continued*)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (*continued*)

Liquidity tables (*continued*)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2013
The Company 2013								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Held-for-trading investments (Note)	—	1,000	—	—	—	—	1,000	1,000
Available-for-sale investments (Note)	—	196	—	—	—	—	196	196
Other receivables	—	5	—	6,202	—	—	6,207	6,207
Bank balances, deposits and cash	0.05% - 0.17%	52,462	—	—	—	—	52,462	52,462
Loan to/Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note)	5.28% - 10.15%	8,551	8,311	1,274,486	49,865	1,312,182	2,653,395	1,801,612
		62,214	8,311	1,280,688	49,865	1,312,182	2,713,260	1,861,477
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	—	(2,519)	(4,518)	(19,366)	—	—	(26,403)	(26,403)
Amounts due to subsidiaries	—	—	—	(579,524)	—	—	(579,524)	(579,524)
Unsecured borrowings	1.87% - 2.70%	(26,896)	(284,574)	(61,722)	(116,923)	(172,657)	(662,772)	(650,495)
Financial guarantee contracts	—	(128,574)	(60,063)	(69,217)	(38,128)	(57,193)	(353,175)	—
		(157,989)	(349,155)	(729,829)	(155,051)	(229,850)	(1,621,874)	(1,256,422)

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity tables (continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2013
		USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Derivatives - net settlement								
Interest rate swap	0.25% - 1.47%	—	(357)	(1,040)	(1,226)	(446)	(3,069)	(3,202)
		—	(357)	(1,040)	(1,226)	(446)	(3,069)	(3,202)
Derivatives - gross settlement								
Foreign currency forward contracts								
– inflow								
– USD	—	11,933	23,872	108,277	—	—	144,082	144,082
– AUD	—	—	7,528	22,472	—	—	30,000	30,000
	11,933	31,400	130,749	—	—	—	174,082	174,082
– outflow								
– USD	—	(12,369)	(24,737)	(111,352)	—	—	(148,458)	(148,458)
– AUD	—	—	(7,364)	(21,983)	—	—	(29,347)	(29,347)
	(12,369)	(32,101)	(133,335)	—	—	—	(177,805)	(177,805)
	(436)	(701)	(2,586)	—	—	—	(3,723)	(3,723)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (*continued*)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (*continued*)

Liquidity tables (*continued*)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2012
The Company								
2012								
Non-derivative financial assets								
Held-for-trading investments (Note)	—	5,980	—	—	—	—	5,980	5,980
Available-for-sale investments (Note)	—	218	—	—	—	—	218	218
Trade and other receivables	—	100	350	7,555	—	—	8,005	8,005
Bank balances, deposits and cash	0.10% - 0.27%	44,978	—	—	—	—	44,978	44,978
Loan to/Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note)	5.28% - 10.15%	4,115	8,231	998,513	49,383	1,340,310	2,400,552	1,507,897
		55,391	8,581	1,006,068	49,383	1,340,310	2,459,733	1,567,078
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	—	(2,308)	(3,644)	(15,014)	—	—	(20,966)	(20,966)
Amounts due to subsidiaries	—	—	—	(513,587)	—	—	(513,587)	(513,587)
Unsecured borrowings	1.81% - 2.76%	—	(73,078)	(45,911)	(157,876)	(103,943)	(380,808)	(371,772)
Financial guarantee contracts	—	(293,741)	(229,079)	(149,680)	—	(94,943)	(767,443)	—
		(296,049)	(305,801)	(724,192)	(157,876)	(198,886)	(1,682,804)	(906,325)

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

39.2.5 Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity tables (continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month/ on demand	1-3 months	4 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2+ years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount at December 31, 2012
Derivatives - net settlement								
Interest rate swap	0.76% - 2.63%	—	(491)	(1,462)	(1,334)	(1,745)	(5,032)	(4,667)
		—	(491)	(1,462)	(1,334)	(1,745)	(5,032)	(4,667)
Derivatives - gross settlement								
Foreign currency forward contracts								
- inflow								
- USD	—	—	29,088	78,483	—	—	107,571	107,571
		—	29,088	78,483	—	—	107,571	107,571
- outflow								
- USD	—	—	(29,680)	(79,145)	—	—	(108,825)	(108,825)
		—	(29,680)	(79,145)	—	—	(108,825)	(108,825)
		—	(592)	(662)	—	—	(1,254)	(1,254)

Note: Maturities are based on the management's estimation of the expected realisation of these financial assets.

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group and the Company could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guaranteee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amount included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rate determined at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments *(continued)*

39.3 Fair Value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are measured using quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching the maturities of the contract;
- the fair value of the interest rate swap is measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from noted interest rate;
- the fair value of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices; and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on a recurring basis:

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1: fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: fair value measurements are those derived from inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.3 Fair Value (*continued*)

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (*continued*)

Financial assets/ financial liabilities	Fair value		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Relationship of significant unobservable inputs to fair value	
	2013	2012			unobservable input	value
1) Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment classified as derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statement of financial position	Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment: USD12,647,000	—	Level 2	Measured at the fair value of the land and buildings associated with the acquisition right which is based on a valuation by 3 rd party independent valuer.	N/A	N/A
2) Foreign currency forward contracts classified as derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statement of financial position	Assets – USD5,073,000; and Liabilities – USD9,880,000	Assets – USD5,706,000; and Liabilities – USD7,030,000	Level 2	Quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts.	N/A	N/A
3) Held-for-trading non-derivative financial assets classified as held-for-trading investments in the consolidated statement of financial position	Unlisted investment fund: USD1,000,000	—	Level 2	Quoted prices based on the prices of stocks invested by the investment fund.	N/A	N/A
4) Interest rate swaps classified as derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statement of financial position	Liabilities (not designated for hedging) – USD3,202,000;	Liabilities (not designated for hedging) – USD4,667,000	Level 2	Measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates.	N/A	N/A
5) Held-for-trading non-derivative financial assets classified as held-for-trading investments in the consolidated statement of financial position	—	Listed equity securities in US: – Technology industry – USD5,980,000	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	N/A	N/A

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in both periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

39. Financial Instruments (*continued*)

39.3 Fair Value (*continued*)

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (*continued*)

	Level 1 USD'000	Level 2 USD'000	Total USD'000
The Group			
2013			
Financial assets			
Acquisition right of certain property, plant and equipment	—	12,647	12,647
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	5,073	5,073
Held-for-trading investments	—	1,000	1,000
Total	—	18,720	18,720
Financial liabilities			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(9,880)	(9,880)
Interest rate swap	—	(3,202)	(3,202)
Total	—	(13,082)	(13,082)
2012			
Financial assets			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	5,706	5,706
Held-for-trading investments	5,980	—	5,980
Total	5,980	5,706	11,686
Financial liabilities			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(7,030)	(7,030)
Interest rate swap	—	(4,667)	(4,667)
Total	—	(11,697)	(11,697)

39. Financial Instruments (continued)

39.3 Fair Value (continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (continued)

	Level 1 USD'000	Level 2 USD'000	Total USD'000
The Company			
2013			
Financial assets			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	653	653
Held-for-trading investments	—	1,000	1,000
Total	—	1,653	1,653
Financial liabilities			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(4,376)	(4,376)
Interest rate swap	—	(3,202)	(3,202)
Total	—	(7,578)	(7,578)
2012			
Financial assets			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	49	49
Held-for-trading investments	5,980	—	5,980
Total	5,980	49	6,029
Financial liabilities			
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(1,303)	(1,303)
Interest rate swap	—	(4,667)	(4,667)
Total	—	(5,970)	(5,970)

39.4 Transfer of financial assets

The following were the Group's financial assets as at December 31, 2013 that were transferred to banks by discounting or factoring those trade and bills receivables on a full recourse basis. As the Group has not transferred the significant risks and rewards relating to these receivables, it continues to recognise the full carrying amount of the receivables and has recognised the cash received on the transfer as discounted bills with recourse (see Note 37) and unsecured borrowings - due within one year (see Note 40). These financial assets are carried at amortised cost in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

The trade and bills receivable discounted with banks with full recourse at the year end was as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Carrying amount of transferred assets	191,656	507,633
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	(191,656)	(507,633)
Net position	—	—

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

40. Unsecured Borrowings

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Trust receipt loans	—	1,050	—	—
Bank advance from factored trade receivables	74,952	75,000	—	—
Bank loans	659,095	437,325	650,495	371,772
Bank borrowings	734,047	513,375	650,495	371,772
Fixed interest rate notes (Note)	95,321	134,207	—	—
Total borrowings	829,368	647,582	650,495	371,772

The borrowings of the Group and the Company are repayable as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Fixed rate				
Within one year	—	39,264	—	—
In more than one year but not more than two years	95,321	—	—	—
In more than two years but not more than five years	—	94,943	—	—
Floating rate				
Within one year	454,624	259,626	371,072	118,023
In more than one year but not more than two years	113,730	144,785	113,730	144,785
In more than two years but not more than five years	165,693	108,964	165,693	108,964
	829,368	647,582	650,495	371,772
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	(454,624)	(298,890)	(371,072)	(118,023)
Amount due after one year	374,744	348,692	279,423	253,749

The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

	2013	2012
Effective interest rate:		
Fixed-rate borrowings	7.44%	6.70% to 7.44%
Variable-rate borrowings	0.97% to 4.23%	1.01% to 4.36%

40. Unsecured Borrowings (continued)

The Group's borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	USD'000
As at December 31, 2013	210,807
As at December 31, 2012	66,603

Note: In 2003, the Group issued fixed interest rate notes, through its wholly-owned subsidiary in the US, for an aggregate principal amount of USD145,000,000. The notes were issued in two fixed rate tranches, being USD120,000,000 for 10 years at 6.70% per annum and USD25,000,000 for 7 years at 6.09% per annum. The proceeds were used to refinance existing medium term debts and for general working capital purposes. During the year, the Group repaid USD39,375,000 (2012: nil) of the first tranche and the first tranche was then fully repaid. The second tranche was fully repaid in 2010.

In 2005, the Group issued additional fixed interest rate notes, through its wholly-owned subsidiary in the US, for an aggregate principal amount of USD200,000,000. The notes were issued in two fixed rate tranches of USD150,000,000 for 10 years at 7.44% per annum and USD50,000,000 for 7 years at 7.17% per annum. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition of subsidiaries. During 2012, the Group repaid USD30,000,000 (2013: nil) of the second tranche and the second tranche was then fully repaid.

The carrying amount of bank borrowings approximates their fair value as the weighted average interest rates approximate the contracted market rates.

41. Share Capital

	2013 Number of shares	2012 Number of shares	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Ordinary shares				
Authorised shares:	2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	30,769	30,769
Issued and fully paid:				
At the beginning of the year	1,829,080,941	1,601,564,252	23,461	20,533
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	4,103,000	8,289,000	52	107
Buy-back of shares	(3,300,000)	(4,330,000)	(42)	(56)
Conversion of convertible bonds	—	223,557,689	—	2,877
At the end of the year	1,829,883,941	1,829,080,941	23,471	23,461

Details of the share options are set out in Note 49.

During the year, the Company cancelled its own shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

Month of buy-back	No. of ordinary shares	Price per share		Aggregate consideration paid USD'000
		Highest HKD	Lowest HKD	
January 2013	1,300,000	14.68	14.34	2,430
July 2013	250,000	18.38	18.16	590
August 2013	1,250,000	18.34	17.74	2,911
September 2013	250,000	19.02	18.82	612
November 2013	250,000	19.16	18.96	615
	3,300,000			7,158

The shares bought back were cancelled and accordingly the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by USD42,000, and the same amount was transferred to the capital redemption reserve. The consideration paid on the buy-back of shares of approximately USD7,158,000 was charged to retained profits.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

42. Reserves

	Share premium USD'000	Capital redemption reserve USD'000	Convertible bonds equity reserve USD'000	Employee share-based compensation reserve USD'000	Hedging reserve USD'000	Retained profits USD'000	Total USD'000
The Company							
At January 1, 2012	460,372	127	8,833	6,608	—	504,080	980,020
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	—	(17,142)	(17,142)
Fair value loss on foreign currency forward contracts in hedge accounting	—	—	—	—	(1,254)	—	(1,254)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(1,254)	—	(1,254)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(1,254)	(17,142)	(18,396)
Shares issued at premium on exercise of options	9,388	—	—	(1,772)	—	—	7,616
Buy-back of shares	—	56	—	—	—	(5,653)	(5,597)
Recognition of equity settled share-based payments	—	—	—	578	—	—	578
Lapse of share options	—	—	—	(2,201)	—	2,201	—
Conversion of convertible bonds	143,330	—	(8,833)	—	—	—	134,497
Final dividend - 2011	—	—	—	—	—	(18,185)	(18,185)
Interim dividend - 2012	—	—	—	—	—	(15,838)	(15,838)
At December 31, 2012	613,090	183	—	3,213	(1,254)	449,463	1,064,695
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	—	(4,715)	(4,715)
Fair value loss on foreign currency forward contracts in hedge accounting	—	—	—	—	(2,470)	—	(2,470)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(2,470)	—	(2,470)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(2,470)	(4,715)	(7,185)
Shares issued at premium on exercise of options	4,473	—	—	(840)	—	—	3,633
Buy-back of shares	—	42	—	—	—	(7,158)	(7,116)
Recognition of equity settled share-based payments	—	—	—	366	—	—	366
Lapse of share options	—	—	—	(6)	—	6	—
Final dividend - 2012	—	—	—	—	—	(25,330)	(25,330)
Interim dividend - 2013	—	—	—	—	—	(23,554)	(23,554)
At December 31, 2013	617,563	225	—	2,733	(3,724)	388,712	1,005,509

As at December 31, 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders comprised the retained profits of USD388,712,000 (2012: USD449,463,000).

43. Retirement Benefit Obligations

Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company and its subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong have participated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes ("MPF Schemes") registered under the Mandatory Provident Fund Ordinance since December 2000. The assets of the MPF Schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll cost to the MPF Schemes with maximum amount of HKD15,000 (2012: HKD13,750) per employee per annum, which contribution is matched by the employee.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The Group's overseas subsidiaries operate a number of defined contribution schemes. Contributions to the defined contribution schemes applicable to each year are made at a certain percentage of the employees' payroll.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of USD2,506,000 (2012: USD4,733,000) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

Defined Benefits Plans:

The Group operates several defined benefit plans for qualifying employees of its subsidiaries in Germany and the US, of which these plans cover substantially all remaining employees that are not covered by defined contribution plans. The defined benefit plan is administered by a separate fund that is legally separated from the Group. The board of the pension fund is composed of an equal number of representatives from both employers and (former) employees. The board of the pension fund is required by law and by its articles of association to act in the interest of the fund and of all relevant stakeholders in the scheme, i.e. active employees, inactive employees, retirees, employers. The board of the pension fund is responsible for the investment policy with regard to the assets of the fund. The major defined benefit plans are as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Pension plan obligations (Note i)	95,476	82,588
Post-retirement, medical and dental plan obligations (Note ii)	383	602
Life and medical insurance plan (Note ii)	1,549	1,861
Post-employment benefit plan obligations (Note iii)	7,694	7,862
Others	1,194	409
	106,296	93,322

Note i: Pension plan obligations

The pension plan obligations are provided in the German operations and includes a plan that pays retirement benefits on service and final pay. In general, the benefit plans were closed to new members at the end of 1995. Under the plan, the employees are entitled to retirement benefits varying between 10 and 20 per cent of final salary (based on the average of the last three years) on attainment of a retirement age of 65. The most recent actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligations were carried out on October 22, 2013, by BDO Deutsche Warentreuhand Aktiengesellschaft, Germany.

Note ii: Post-retirement, medical and dental plan obligations/ Life and medical insurance plan

Milwaukee Electric Tool Corporation, a subsidiary of the Group in the US, operates unfunded post-retirement, medical benefits, dental and life insurance plans. The most recent actuarial valuations of the present value of the obligations were carried out on January 7, 2014 by Willis North America, Inc.

Note iii: Post-employment benefit plan obligations

The pension plan obligations are provided by Hoover Inc. for members of IBEW (International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers) Local 1985 employed by Hoover. The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the obligations were carried out on January 17, 2014 by CBIZ Benefits & Insurance Services.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

43. Retirement Benefit Obligations *(continued)*

Defined Benefits Plans: *(continued)*

The plans in Germany and the US expose the Group to actuarial risks such as investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to high quality corporate bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.							
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.							
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.							
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.							

The risk relating to benefits to be paid to the dependents of plan members (widow and orphan benefits) is reinsured by an external insurance company.

The main actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Discount rate	3.00%	3.70%	0.75%	0.75%	3.50%	2.75%	3.70%	3.70%
Expected rate of salary increases	2.00%	2.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Expected return on plan assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.70%	4.04%
Future pension increases	2.00%	2.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medical cost trend rates	N/A	N/A	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	N/A	N/A

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of plan assets was USD4,489,000 (2012: USD5,838,000) and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 36.8% (2012: 42.6%) of the benefits that had accrued to members.

The effect of an increase of one percentage point in the assumed medical cost trend rate on the aggregate of the current service cost and interest cost; and the accumulated post-employment benefit obligations are as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Current service cost and interest cost	N/A	N/A	—	—	3	4	N/A	N/A
Accumulated post-employment benefit obligations for medical costs	N/A	N/A	5	10	91	128	N/A	N/A

43. Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

Amounts recognised in comprehensive income in respect of the plans are as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Service cost:								
Current service cost	348	258	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net interest on defined benefit liabilities	3,032	3,534	4	12	49	69	291	269
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or loss	3,380	3,792	4	12	49	69	291	269
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:								
Actuarial losses (gains) arising from changes in financial assumptions	10,033	9,024	(99)	(240)	(332)	(100)	(459)	945
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income	10,033	9,024	(99)	(240)	(332)	(100)	(459)	945
Total	13,413	12,816	(95)	(228)	(283)	(31)	(168)	1,214

The charge for the year has been included in staff costs.

The amount included in the consolidated statement of financial position arising from the Group's obligation in respect of the major plans is as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Present value of funded obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,183	13,700
Fair value of plan assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4,489)	(5,838)
Present value of unfunded obligations	95,476	82,588	383	602	1,549	1,861	—	—
	95,476	82,588	383	602	1,549	1,861	7,694	7,862

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

43. Retirement Benefit Obligations *(continued)*

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in the current year in respect of major plans were as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
At January 1	82,588	72,989	602	840	1,861	1,940	13,700	14,049
Exchange differences	4,203	1,286	—	—	—	—	—	—
Current service cost	348	258	—	—	—	—	—	—
Actuarial losses (gains)	10,033	9,024	(99)	(240)	(332)	(100)	(657)	669
Interest cost	3,032	3,534	4	12	49	69	482	541
Benefit paid	(4,728)	(4,503)	(124)	(10)	(29)	(48)	(1,342)	(1,559)
At December 31	95,476	82,588	383	602	1,549	1,861	12,183	13,700

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets in the current year in respect of certain major plans were as follows:

	Pension plan		Post-retirement medical and dental plan		Life & medical insurance plan		Post-employment benefit plan	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
At January 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,838	7,401
Exchange differences	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	—	—
Expected return on plan assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	191	272
Actuarial losses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(198)	(276)
Contribution from employer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	—	—
Benefit paid	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(1,342)	(1,559)
At December 31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,489	5,838

The plan assets of the post-employment benefit plan are cash and cash equivalents in a Federated Money Market Fund with an expected return of 3.70% (2012: 4.04%).

The actual return on plan assets was USD198,000 (2012: USD276,000).

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation is discount rate, if the discount rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the effect on defined benefit obligation would be immaterial.

The Group expects to make a contribution of USD4,500,000 (2012: USD2,000,000) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

44. Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)

The following are the major deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior year:

	Accelerated tax depreciation USD'000	Warranty provision USD'000	Convertible bonds equity reserve USD'000	Employee related provision USD'000	Tax losses USD'000	Inventory provision and LIFO USD'000	Others USD'000	Total USD'000
The Group								
At January 1, 2012	(6,810)	3,040	(2,917)	11,257	57,095	(1,396)	(14,609)	45,660
Currency realignment	45	42	—	28	445	8	536	1,104
Credit (charge) to profit or loss	5,162	295	210	10,995	(3,836)	2,836	(9,880)	5,782
Credit to equity	—	—	2,707	2,962	—	—	—	5,669
At December 31, 2012	(1,603)	3,377	—	25,242	53,704	1,448	(23,953)	58,215
Currency realignment	(45)	(164)	—	(83)	485	(22)	(330)	(159)
Credit (charge) to profit or loss	(251)	942	—	4,376	(14,442)	3,716	20,504	14,845
Credit to equity	—	—	—	3,325	—	—	—	3,325
Acquisition of businesses (Note 45)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,437)	(3,437)
At December 31, 2013	(1,899)	4,155	—	32,860	39,747	5,142	(7,216)	72,789

	Tax loss USD'000	Accelerated tax depreciation USD'000	Convertible bonds equity reserve USD'000	Total USD'000
The Company				
At January 1, 2012	2,767	(474)	(2,917)	(624)
(Charge) credit to profit or loss	(2,589)	296	210	(2,083)
Credit to equity	—	—	2,707	2,707
At December 31, 2012	178	(178)	—	—
(Charge) credit to profit or loss	(48)	48	—	—
At December 31, 2013	130	(130)	—	—

Note: Included in Others are the deferred tax impact of the restructuring provision, intellectual properties and other temporary differences.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

44. Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities) *(continued)*

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	The Group	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Deferred tax assets	79,064	73,892
Deferred tax liabilities	(6,275)	(15,677)
	72,789	58,215

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of USD553 million (2012: USD510 million) available for the offset against future taxable profits that carry forward for at least fourteen years. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of tax losses of USD413 million (2012: USD324 million) due to the lack of probable future taxable profits.

45. Acquisition of Businesses

In July 2013, the Group acquired certain assets, liabilities and business from the Oreck Bankruptcy Estate ("Oreck") for a total consideration of approximately USD17.2 million. Oreck business was acquired so as to continue the expansion of the Group's Floor Care and Appliance business. Oreck is engaged in trading of floor care products and is included in Floor Care and Appliances segment.

In October 2013, the Group acquired certain assets and business from Gimelli Laboratories Company Limited ("G Lab"), a related party, for a total consideration of approximately USD4.6 million. G Lab business was acquired so as to create synergy on the Group's Power Equipment business. G Lab is engaged in manufacture and trading of electrical and dental care products and is included in Power Equipment segment.

	Fair value USD'000
Net Assets Acquired	
Property, plant and equipment	855
Intangible assets	38,236
Acquisition right of property, plant and equipment	12,647
Deferred tax assets	2,055
Inventories	11,383
Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	2,859
Trade and other payables	(1,890)
Warranty provision	(4,231)
Deferred tax liabilities	(5,492)
Obligation under finance lease – due after one year	(141)
	56,281
Gain on a bargain purchase	(38,319)
Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business	3,861
Cash consideration paid during the year	21,823
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash consideration paid during the year	21,823
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of businesses	21,823

45. Acquisition of Businesses *(continued)*

The goodwill arising on acquisition of the G Lab business is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the distribution of the Group's Power Equipment products in new markets and the anticipated future operating synergies from the combination.

The acquisition of Oreck was a bargain purchase which gave rise to a gain on a bargain purchase of approximately USD38.3 million and this amount had been included in other income.

Acquisition-related costs are insignificant and have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense in the current year.

The businesses acquired contributed approximately USD30,096,000 to the Group's turnover, and approximately USD532,000 increase in the Group's profit before taxation for the period between the respective dates of acquisition and the reporting date as at December 31, 2013.

The revenue and profit or loss of the acquired businesses for the current reporting period as though the acquisition date for the acquisitions that occurred during the year has been as of the beginning of the annual reporting period is not presented as it was impracticable to obtain various values in various acquiree's operations prior to the acquisition.

46. Major Non-Cash Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Group did not enter into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets at the inception of the finance leases (2012: USD536,000).

47. Lease Commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Within one year	31,635	29,662	780	707
In the second to fifth year inclusive	55,989	62,398	—	—
After five years	26,989	28,707	—	—
	114,613	120,767	780	707

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group and the Company for certain of its plant and machinery, motor vehicles, office properties and other assets. Leases are negotiated for a term ranging from 1 year to 17 years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

48. Contingent Liabilities

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Guarantees given to banks in respect of credit facilities utilised by associates	9,099	12,691	9,099	12,691

In addition, the Company has given guarantees to banks in respect of general facilities granted to its subsidiaries. The extent of such facilities utilised by the subsidiaries as at December 31, 2013 amounted to USD344,076,000 (2012: USD754,752,000).

49. Share Options

Scheme adopted on May 29, 2007 ("Scheme D")

Following the termination of Scheme C, a new share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on May 29, 2007 for recognition of the contribution to the development and growth of the Group by the eligible persons. This scheme will expire on May 28, 2017. Under Scheme D, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant share options to the following eligible persons (and their wholly owned companies) of the Company, its subsidiaries and any companies in which the Group holds any equity interest, to subscribe for shares in the Company:

- (i) employees; or
- (ii) Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors or officers); or
- (iii) secondees; or
- (iv) business partners, agents, consultants; or
- (v) suppliers or customers; or
- (vi) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support; or
- (vii) shareholders.

Share options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HKD1.00 in cash by way of consideration for the grant thereof. Share options may be exercised at any time, subject to vesting conditions from the date of grant to the tenth anniversary thereof. The subscription price is set at the highest of: the closing price of the shares on the date of offer of the share option; or the average closing price of shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; or the nominal value of shares on the date of offer.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which share options may be granted under Scheme D is not permitted to exceed 30.0% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time or 10.0% of shares in issue as at the adoption date of Scheme D. No person shall be granted an option which exceeds 1.0% of the shares in issue as at the date of offer in any 12-month period up to the date thereof.

49. Share Options (*continued*)

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options during the year:

2013

Share option holders	Date of share options granted	Share option scheme category	Outstanding at beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at end of the year	Subscription price HKD	Exercise period
Directors									
Mr Horst Julius Pudwill	16.11.2009	D	600,000	—	—	—	600,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	26.11.2010	D	600,000	—	—	—	600,000	8.310	26.11.2010 - 25.11.2020
	21.5.2012	D	570,000	—	—	—	570,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Joseph Galli Jr	16.11.2009	D	1,000,000	—	—	—	1,000,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Kin Wah Chan	16.11.2009	D	1,000,000	—	(1,000,000)	—	—	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill	21.5.2012	D	1,000,000	—	—	—	1,000,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP	16.11.2009	D	600,000	—	(600,000)	—	—	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	—	—	400,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	(200,000)	—	—	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Manfred Kuhlmann	23.5.2011	D	100,000	—	—	—	100,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Peter David Sullivan	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	(200,000)	—	200,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung	16.11.2009	D	400,000	—	—	—	400,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	23.5.2011	D	200,000	—	—	—	200,000	9.872	23.5.2011 - 22.5.2021
	21.5.2012	D	250,000	—	—	—	250,000	8.742	21.5.2012 - 20.5.2022
Total for directors			8,720,000	—	(2,000,000)	—	6,720,000		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

49. Share Options (*continued*)

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options during the year: (*continued*)

Share option holders	Date of share options granted	Share option scheme category	Outstanding at beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at end of the year	Subscription price HKD	Exercise period
Employees	24.8.2007	D	1,180,000	—	(200,000)	—	980,000	8.390	24.8.2007 - 23.8.2017
	16.10.2007	D	75,000	—	(15,000)	—	60,000	8.810	16.10.2007 - 15.10.2017
	7.11.2007	D	40,000	—	—	—	40,000	8.088	7.11.2007 - 6.11.2017
	14.1.2008	D	605,000	—	(87,000)	—	518,000	7.566	14.1.2008 - 13.1.2018
	17.4.2008	D	775,000	—	(175,000)	(25,000)	575,000	7.780	17.4.2008 - 16.4.2018
	14.5.2008	D	40,000	—	—	—	40,000	7.500	14.5.2008 - 13.5.2018
	30.5.2008	D	426,000	—	(76,000)	—	350,000	7.546	30.5.2008 - 29.5.2018
	11.9.2008	D	50,000	—	(50,000)	—	—	7.430	11.9.2008 - 10.9.2018
	1.12.2008	D	100,000	—	(100,000)	—	—	2.340	1.12.2008 - 30.11.2018
	16.11.2009	D	3,570,000	—	(1,350,000)	—	2,220,000	6.770	16.11.2009 - 15.11.2019
	7.12.2009	D	100,000	—	—	—	100,000	6.790	7.12.2009 - 6.12.2019
	21.12.2009	D	50,000	—	(50,000)	—	—	6.350	21.12.2009 - 20.12.2019
	28.12.2009	D	30,000	—	—	—	30,000	6.390	28.12.2009 - 27.12.2019
	13.9.2010	D	500,000	—	—	—	500,000	7.390	13.9.2010 - 12.9.2020
	17.1.2011	D	20,000	—	—	—	20,000	10.436	17.1.2011 - 16.1.2021
Total for employees			7,561,000	—	(2,103,000)	(25,000)	5,433,000		
Total for all categories			16,281,000	—	(4,103,000)	(25,000)	12,153,000		

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by employees (including directors) and movements in such holdings during the year:

Option type	Outstanding at January 1, 2013	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed or cancelled during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2013
Scheme D	16,281,000	—	(4,103,000)	(25,000)	12,153,000
	16,281,000	—	(4,103,000)	(25,000)	12,153,000
Exercisable at the end of the year					10,743,000

Option type	Outstanding at January 1, 2012	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed or cancelled during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2012
Scheme C	5,475,000	—	—	(5,475,000)	—
Scheme D	23,730,000	2,820,000	(8,289,000)	(1,980,000)	16,281,000
	29,205,000	2,820,000	(8,289,000)	(7,455,000)	16,281,000
Exercisable at the end of the year					12,951,000

49. Share Options (continued)

Details of the share options held by the directors included in the above table are as follows:

	Outstanding at January 1	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at December 31
2013	8,720,000	—	(2,000,000)	—	6,720,000
	Outstanding at January 1	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at December 31
2012	9,800,000	2,820,000	(2,900,000)	(1,000,000)	8,720,000

The following significant assumptions were used to derive the fair values using the Black-Scholes option pricing model:

Date of grant	Exercise price HKD	Expected life of share options	Expected volatility based on historical volatility of share prices	Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes rate	Expected annual dividend yield
For the year ended December 31, 2012 21.5.2012	8.742	3 years	41%	0.298%	1.5%

The share options are vested in parts over 3 years from the date of grant.

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 3 years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of the share price. Because changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in the directors' opinion, the existing model does not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the share options.

The weighted average closing prices of shares immediately before the options grant date during 2012 were HKD8.65.

The closing price of the Company's shares immediately before date of grant was HKD8.65 in 2012.

The weighted average closing prices of the Company's shares immediately before various dates during 2013 and 2012 on which the share options were exercised were HKD18.22 and HKD14.12 respectively.

The Group recognised a total expense of USD366,000 for the year ended December 31, 2013 (2012: USD578,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

The fair values of the share options granted in 2012 measured at date of grant was HKD2.11 per option.

The Company had 12,153,000 share options outstanding, which represented approximately 0.66% of the issued share capital of the Company as at December 31, 2013. No option was granted and cancelled during the year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

50. Capital Commitments

	The Group		The Company	
	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Capital expenditure in respect of the purchase of property, plant and equipment:				
Contracted for but not provided	17,613	16,669	27	79
Authorised but not contracted for	1,134	1,297	—	—

51. Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with its associates, which did not constitute connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Sales income	4,730	19
Equipment charge income	—	115
Purchases	858	—
Acquisition of certain assets and business (Note 45)	4,621	—
Tenancy compensation	2,000	—

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	2013 USD'000	2012 USD'000
Short-term benefits	34,377	29,424
Post-employment benefits	214	190
Share-based payments	365	575
	34,956	30,189

Details of the balances and transactions with related parties are set out in the statements of financial position and Notes 21, 22, 27, 28 and 48.

52. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			Directly %	Indirectly %	
AC (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited	Macau	MOP 780,000	—	100	Trading of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products
Baja, Inc.	US	USD 17.36	—	100	Trading of outdoor power equipment products
DreBo Werkzeugfabrik GmbH *	Germany	EUR 1,000,000	—	100	Trading and manufacture of power equipment products
Homelite Consumer Products, Inc.	US	USD 10	—	100	Trading of outdoor power equipment products
Hoover Inc.	US	USD 1	—	100	Trading and manufacture of floor care products
Marco Polo Industries & Merchandising Company Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 100,000	100	—	Trading of household electronic and electrical products
Milwaukee Electric Tool Corporation	US	USD 50,000,000	—	100	Trading and manufacture of power equipment products
One World Technologies, Inc.	US	USD 10	—	100	Trading of power equipment products
Royal Appliance International GmbH	Germany	EUR 2,050,000	100	—	Trading of floor care products
Royal Appliance Mfg. Co.	US	USD 1	—	100	Trading and manufacture of floor care products
Sang Tech Industries Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 1,000,000	100	—	Manufacture of plastic parts
Santo Industries Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 2,000,000	100	—	Manufacture of metallic parts
Solar Wide Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 2,000,000	75.725	—	Manufacture of electronic products

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

52. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries *(continued)*

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			Directly %	Indirectly %	
Techtronic Floor Care Technology Limited	BVI	USD 1	100	—	Investment and intellectual properties holding
Techtronic Industries (Dongguan) Co. Ltd. [#]	PRC	USD 47,000,000	—	100	Manufacture of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products
Techtronic Industries (Taiwan) Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	NTD 5,000,000	100	—	Provision of inspection services
Techtronic Industries (UK) Ltd	United Kingdom	GBP 4,000,000	—	100	Trading of power equipment products
Techtronic Industries Australia Pty. Limited	Australia	AUD 19,400,000	—	100	Trading of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products
Techtronic Industries Central Europe GmbH*	Germany	EUR 25,600	—	100	Trading of power equipment products
Techtronic Industries ELC GmbH*	Germany	EUR 25,000	—	100	Trading of power equipment products and outdoor power equipment products
Techtronic Industries France SAS	France	EUR 14,919,832	—	100	Trading of power equipment products
Techtronic Industries GmbH	Germany	EUR 20,452,500	—	100	Trading and manufacture of power equipment products
Techtronic Industries Korea Limited	Korea	KRW 1,200,000,000	100	—	Trading of power equipment products
Techtronic Industries Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	MXN 50,000 (Serie I) MXN 53,290,717 (Serie II)	—	100	Trading of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products

52. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			Directly %	Indirectly %	
Techtronic Industries N.Z. Limited	New Zealand	NZD 1,165,500	100	—	Trading of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products
Techtronic Industries North America, Inc.	US	USD 10	98.4	1.6	Investment holding
Techtronic Outdoor Products Technology Limited	Bermuda	USD 12,000	100	—	Investment and intellectual properties holding
Techtronic Power Tools Technology Limited	BVI	USD 1	100	—	Investment and intellectual properties holding
Techtronic Product Development Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 2	100	—	Engage in research & development activities
Techtronic Trading Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 2	100	—	Trading of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products
TTI Investments (Dongguan) Company Limited	Hong Kong	HKD 2	100	—	Investment holding
Vax Limited	United Kingdom	GBP 30,000 (Ordinary A shares) GBP 2,500 (Ordinary B shares)	100	—	Trading of household electrical and floor care products

* Exempt from the obligation to publish local financial statements.

A wholly foreign owned enterprise.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2013

52. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries *(continued)*

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. The principal activities of these subsidiaries are summarised as follows:

Principal activities	Principal place of business	Number of subsidiaries	
		31/12/2013	31/12/2012
Manufacture of power equipment, floor care and outdoor power equipment products	Europe, Latin America, PRC, US	6	6
Trading of power equipment, floor care and other power equipment product	Canada, Europe, HK, Latin America, PRC, US	30	30
Investment Holding	Australia, BVI, Europe, HK, US	20	20
Dormant	BVI, Europe, HK, US	13	13

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

53. Particulars of Associates

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/operation	Issued and fully paid share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company Directly		Principal activities
			2013 %	2012 %	
Gimelli International (Holdings) Limited	The Cayman Islands	USD 6,250	40.8	40.8	Investment holding

Financial Summary

Results

	Year ended December 31,				
	2009 USD'000 (Restated)	2010 USD'000 (Restated)	2011 USD'000 (Restated)	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000
Turnover	3,074,955	3,382,838	3,667,058	3,852,418	4,299,755
Profit before restructuring, share of results of associates and taxation	57,362	123,165	161,704	222,246	276,398
Restructuring costs	—	(26,653)	—	—	—
Share of results of associates	(127)	(155)	(347)	—	—
Profit before taxation	57,235	96,357	161,357	222,246	276,398
Taxation (charge) credit	8,036	70	(9,242)	(22,139)	(29,036)
Profit for the year	65,271	96,427	152,115	200,107	247,362
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	65,079	95,556	152,009	200,991	250,284
Non-controlling interests	192	871	106	(884)	(2,922)
Profit for the year	65,271	96,427	152,115	200,107	247,362
Basic earnings per share (US cents)	4.23	5.97	9.47	11.42	13.68

Assets and Liabilities

	Year ended December 31,				
	2009 USD'000	2010 USD'000	2011 USD'000	2012 USD'000	2013 USD'000
Total assets	3,049,276	3,265,912	3,369,616	3,581,078	4,012,559
Total liabilities	1,999,049	2,136,205	2,115,488	2,024,556	2,267,123
	1,050,227	1,129,707	1,254,128	1,556,522	1,745,436
Equity attributable to Owners of the Company	1,036,149	1,114,759	1,245,576	1,548,877	1,740,713
Non-controlling interests	14,078	14,948	8,552	7,645	4,723
	1,050,227	1,129,707	1,254,128	1,556,522	1,745,436

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Group Executive Directors

Mr Horst Julius Pudwill

Chairman

Mr Joseph Galli Jr

Chief Executive Officer

Mr Patrick Kin Wah Chan

Mr Frank Chi Chung Chan

Mr Stephan Horst Pudwill

Non-executive Director

Prof Roy Chi Ping Chung BBS JP

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr Joel Arthur Schleicher

Mr Christopher Patrick Langley OBE

Mr Manfred Kuhlmann

Mr Peter David Sullivan

Mr Vincent Ting Kau Cheung

Financial Calendar 2014

March 19	: Announcement of 2013 annual results
May 21	: Last day to register for the entitlement to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting
May 22-23	: Book closure period for the entitlement to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting
May 23	: Annual General Meeting
May 28	: Last day to register for 2013 final dividend
May 29-30	: Book closure period for 2013 final dividend
June 27	: Final dividend payment
June 30	: Six months interim period end
December 31	: Financial year end

Investor Relations Contact

Investor Relations and Communications

Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd.

24/F., CDW Building

388 Castle Peak Road

Tsuen Wan, N.T.

Hong Kong

email: ir@tti.com.hk

Website

www.ttigroup.com

Earnings results, annual/interim reports are available online.

Listing Information

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Ordinary Shares (stock code: 669)

ADR Level 1 Programme (symbol: TTNDY)

Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Secretaries Limited

Level 22, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2980 1888

ADR Depository

The Bank of New York

Principal Bankers

Bank of America, N.A.

Bank of China

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Standard Chartered Bank

Citibank, N.A.

The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, LTD

Solicitors

Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co.

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Company Secretary

Ms Veronica Ka Po Ng

Trademarks

All trademarks used are intellectual property of their respective owners and are protected under trademark law.

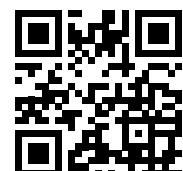
AEG® is a registered trademark and its use is pursuant to a license granted by AB Electrolux (publ).

RYOBI® is a registered trademark and its use is pursuant to a license granted by Ryobi Limited.



M18 FUEL™ 4-1/2" / 5" Grinder

The M18 FUEL™ 4-1/2" / 5" Grinder delivers the power of a corded grinder with up to 2X more run time and up to 10X longer motor life. It supplies maximum sustained power to complete the toughest grinding, surface preparation and cutting applications.



www.ttigroup.com



Milwaukee®

AEG
POWERTOOLS

RYOBI.

Homelite®



ORECK

vax

Dirt
Devil®