性能管理重构文档

一、所选构件

https://github.com/SummerWish/TahitiPerformanceMonitor

二、选择理由

- 1.可使用maven添加项目依赖。
- 2.接口清晰简洁,易于使用。
- 3.功能齐全,完全可以满足需求,并具有良好的可扩展性。
- 4.可以定义多种文件写入形式,如在写入周期创建新文件写入、在同一个文件中追加写入。

三、重构实现

1.删除原项目中的clientLogger类和serverLogger类,将新添加的构件的一系列监控指标CountingRecorder作为client类和server类的成员变量。

```
public abstract class BaseServer {
   public CountingRecorder validLoginRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Valid Login Number");
   public CountingRecorder invalidLoginRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Invalid Login Number");
   public CountingRecorder receiveMsgRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Receive Message Number");
   public CountingRecorder ignoreMsgRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Ignore Message Number");
   public CountingRecorder forwardMsgRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Forward Message Number");
```

```
public abstract class BaseClient {
    protected CountingRecorder loginSuccessRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Login successfully number");
    protected CountingRecorder loginFailRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Login failed number");
    protected CountingRecorder sendMsgRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Send message number");
    protected CountingRecorder receiveMsgRecorder = new CountingRecorder("Receive message number");
```

2.在client类初始化时初始化报告器LogReporter和监控器PerformanceMonitor。

3.在相应的函数中调用相应的CountingRecorder.record()记录相应的指标。

```
@Override
public void OnLogin(HashMap<String,String> msg) {

if (msg.get("result").equals("success")) {
    loginSuccessRecorder.record();
    if (!DEBUG) getLoginAndRegisterForm().close();
    if (!DEBUG) initChatRoomUI();
} else {
    /*
    * 登陆失败,更新UI
    */
    if (!DEBUG) getLoginAndRegisterForm().setError(msg.get("reason"));
    loginFailRecorder.record();
}
```

四、改进意见

1. 希望可以加入自定义输出格式的功能。