







Performance

Accessibility

Best **Practices**

SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

▲ 0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS

▲ First Contentful Paint

2.5 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

4.2 s

Total Blocking Time

290 ms

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

▲ Speed Index

17.1 s





Expand view

Later this year, insights will replace performance audits. Learn more and provide feedback

Try insights

here.

Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Reduce initial server response time — Root document took 2,170 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric. (FCP) (LCP)

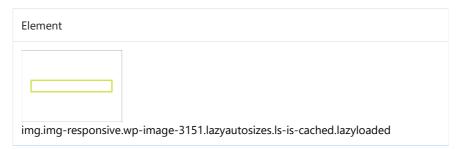


Choose a lightweight theme (ideally a block theme) and implement full-page caching or a static site solution. Disable unnecessary plugins to minimize server overhead. Consider upgrading your hosting to managed or dedicated service.

URL Time Spent om-consulting.it 1st Party 2,170 ms URLTime Spenthttps://www.om-consulting.it2,170 ms

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 4,200 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>[LCP]</u>



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	54%	2,250 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	46%	1,950 ms

▲ Preconnect to required origins — Est savings of 810 ms

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. LCP FCP

URL	Est Savings
Unpkg Cdn	810 ms
https://unpkg.com	810 ms
om-consulting.it 1st Party	80 ms
https://marketing.om-consulting.it	80 ms

▲ Reduce JavaScript execution time — 2.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. <u>TBT</u>

Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
4,044 ms	2,250 ms	64 ms
1,319 ms	1,125 ms	12 ms
1,067 ms	811 ms	2 ms
847 ms	55 ms	38 ms
578 ms	136 ms	3 ms
	4,044 ms 1,319 ms 1,067 ms 847 ms	Time Script Evaluation 4,044 ms 2,250 ms 1,319 ms 1,125 ms 1,067 ms 811 ms 847 ms 55 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
js/rs6.min.js?ver=6.5.7 (www.om-consulting.it)	156 ms	108 ms	7 ms
js/layerslider.utils.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it)	76 ms	15 ms	3 ms
Unattributable	723 ms	29 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	723 ms	29 ms	0 ms

▲ Minimize main-thread work — 4.9 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT</u>

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	2,299 ms
Other	1,173 ms
Style & Layout	729 ms
Rendering	294 ms
Garbage Collection	223 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	91 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	52 ms

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Est savings of 310 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>



There are a number of WordPress plugins that can help you <u>inline critical assets</u> or <u>defer less important resources</u>. Beware that optimizations provided by these plugins may break features of your theme or plugins, so you will likely need to make code changes.

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
om-consulting.it (1st Party)	185.7 KiB	470 ms
js/layerslider.kreaturamedia.jquery.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it)	43.9 KiB	160 ms
js/layerslider.utils.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it)	39.2 KiB	80 ms
fusion-styles/097a947min.css?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	102.7 KiB	230 ms

▲ Reduce unused JavaScript — Est savings of 623 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. FCP [LCP]



Consider reducing, or switching, the number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> loading unused JavaScript in your page. To identify plugins that are adding extraneous JS, try running <u>code coverage</u> in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/plugin responsible from the URL of the script. Look out for plugins that have many scripts in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A plugin should only enqueue a script if it is actually used on the page.

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
axe DevTools - Web Accessibility Testing Chrome Extension	802.4 KiB	484.6 KiB
chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/axe-versions/latest/axe.js	565.3 KiB	296.5 KiB
chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/vendor.bundle.js	130.4 KiB	116.3 KiB
chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/content.bundle.js	106.7 KiB	71.7 KiB
om-consulting.it 1st Party	249.3 KiB	138.8 KiB
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	152.8 KiB	87.2 KiB
js/layerslider.utils.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it)	39.0 KiB	30.0 KiB
js/rs6.min.js?ver=6.5.7 (www.om-consulting.it)	57.4 KiB	21.5 KiB

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. Learn more about the bfcache

Failure reason

Failure type

The page has an unload handler in the main frame.

Actionable

https://www.om-consulting.it

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. (LCP)



Minify CSS — Est savings of 10 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. $\underline{\text{Learn how to minify CSS}}. \ \overline{\text{FCP}} \ \ \overline{\text{LCP}}$



A number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> can speed up your site by concatenating, minifying, and compressing your styles. You may also want to use a build process to do this minification up-front if possible.

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
om-consulting.it 1st Party	62.7 KiB	9.6 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.css?v=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	62.7 KiB	9.6 KiB

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>



 $Consider using the \underline{\textit{Performance Lab}} \ plugin \ to \ automatically \ convert \ your \ uploaded \ JPEG \ images \ into \ WebP,$ wherever supported.

	URL	Resource Size	Est Savings
Unattributable		425.9 KiB	286.3 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAABtIAAAR1CAYAAAAne	135.8 KiB	101.6 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAABLgAAAMiCAYAAABt/	93.5 KiB	57.2 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAAB4AAAAQ4CAYAAADo0	48.7 KiB	42.4 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAAA7AAAAJOCAYAAACOU	82.6 KiB	38.4 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAAAoAAAAHJCAYAAAAVc	49.0 KiB	34.0 KiB
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAA AANSUhEUgAAAXYAAAF4CAYAAABAV	16.3 KiB	12.7 KiB
om-consulting.it 1st Party		210.0 KiB	106.8 KiB
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	09/prima-slide.png (www.om-consulting.it)	123.8 KiB	77.1 KiB
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	07/onda1200x800.png (www.om-consulting.it)	86.2 KiB	29.7 KiB

Enable text compression — Est savings of 77 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more about text compression. FCP LCP



You can enable text compression in your web server configuration.

	Transfer	Est
URL	Size	Savings
om-consulting.it 1st Party	94.9 KiB	77.3 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.css?v=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	62.5 KiB	56.4 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.js?ts=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	28.5 KiB	17.9 KiB
$/services/siteActioic?code = 96a77dKeP\&mobile = false\&v = 202 \ \ (marketing.omconsulting.it)$	3.9 KiB	3.0 KiB

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 3 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u>.



Read about <u>Browser Caching in WordPress</u>.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
om-consulting.it 1st Party		91 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.css?v=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	None	63 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.js?ts=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	None	29 KiB
leadbi.com		8 KiB
/w/79dab879-4148-46e3-9137-5d57f3dc809e.js (a.leadbi.com)	None	8 KiB

Defer offscreen images — Est savings of 234 KiB

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>. FCP [LCP]



Install a <u>lazy-load WordPress plugin</u> that provides the ability to defer any offscreen images, or switch to a theme that provides that functionality. Also consider using <u>the AMP plugin</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Est Savings
om-consulting.it 1st Party		233.5 KiB	233.5 KiE
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	09/prima-slide.png (www.om-consulting.it)	123.8 KiB	123.8 KiE
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	07/onda1200x800.png (www.om-consulting.it)	86.2 KiB	86.2 Kil
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	01/logoxheader.png (www.om-consulting.it)	13.0 KiB	13.0 Kil
img.img-responsive.wp-image-3177.disable-lazyload	07/LOGO-OMC-600.png (www.om-consulting.it)	5.6 KiB	5.6 Kil
img.disable-lazyload.tp-rs-img.rs-lazyload	11/OM-Academy-logow.png (www.om-consulting.it)	4.9 KiB	4.9 Ki

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Est savings of 79 KiB

^

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. Consider modifying your JavaScript build process to not transpile Baseline features, unless you know you must support legacy browsers. Learn why most sites can deploy ES6+ code without transpilling FCP CCP

Show 3rd-party resources (3)

URL	Est Savings
axe DevTools - Web Accessibility Testing Chrome Extension	61.1 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/axe- versions/latest/axe.js</pre>	50.5 KiB
axe.js:2	<pre>@babel/plugin- transform-classes</pre>
axe.js:2	<pre>@babel/plugin- transform-spread</pre>
axe.js:2	Array.from

Est URL Savings axe.js:2 Array.prototype.find axe.js:2 Array.prototype.findIn dex axe.js:2 Array.prototype.flat axe.js:2 Array.prototype.includ axe.js:2 Array.prototype.some axe.js:2 Object.assign axe.js:2 Object.hasOwn axe.js:2 Object.values axe.js:2 String.prototype.inclu chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/vendor.bundle.js 10.6 KiB vendor.bundle.js:2 @babel/plugintransform-classes vendor.bundle.js:2 @babel/plugintransform-spread vendor.bundle.js:2 Object.assign vendor.bundle.js:2 Object.entries vendor.bundle.js:2 Object.is vendor.bundle.js:2 Object.keys om-consulting.it 1st Party 9.0 KiB ...fusion-scripts/ad7bba8....min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it) 6.9 KiB ad7bba8.....4fb233f41.min.js:33 @babel/plugintransform-classes ad7bba8.....4fb233f41.min.js:15 Array.prototype.filter ad7bba8.....4fb233f41.min.js:15 Array.prototype.index0 ...actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.js?ts=202... (marketing.om-consulting.it) 2.1 KiB smsh.action.bar.v1.js:192 @babel/plugintransform-classes smsh.action.bar.v1.js:192 @babel/plugintransform-spread leadbi.com 8.7 KiB $/w/79 dab 879 - 4148 - 46e 3 - 9137 - 5d 57f 3dc 809e.js \ \ (a.leadbi.com)$ 8.7 KiB 79dab879-4148-46e3-9...7-5d57f3dc809e.js:1 Object.assign

Reduce unused CSS — Est savings of 110 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS.</u> [FCP] [LCP]



Consider reducing, or switching, the number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> loading unused CSS in your page. To identify plugins that are adding extraneous CSS, try running <u>code coverage</u> in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/plugin responsible from the URL of the stylesheet. Look out for plugins that have many stylesheets in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A plugin should only enqueue a stylesheet if it is actually used on the page.

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
om-consulting.it 1st Party	122.0 KiB	110.1 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Est Savings
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.css?v=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	62.5 KiB	56.4 KiB
fusion-styles/097a947min.css?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	59.5 KiB	53.7 KiB

Avoid an excessive DOM size — 4,414 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		4,414
Maximum DOM Depth	path	23
Maximum Child Elements	g	93

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 10 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks (\overline{IBT})

URL	Start Time	Duration
om-consulting.it (1st Party)		977 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,085 ms	218 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,560 ms	142 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,421 ms	139 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,303 ms	118 ms
https://www.om-consulting.it	526 ms	76 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,805 ms	76 ms
https://www.om-consulting.it	791 ms	72 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	4,736 ms	69 ms
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	1,690 ms	67 ms
Unattributable		68 ms
Unattributable	714 ms	68 ms

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 31 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 26,884.169 ms

Initial Navigation

https://www.om-consulting.it

...css/layerslider.css?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it) - 46.925 ms, 3.89 KiB

```
...css/cookie-law-info-public.css?ver=3.0.4 (www.om-consulting.it) - 66.466 ms, 0.98 KiB
...css/cookie-law-info-gdpr.css?ver=3.0.4 (www.om-consulting.it) - 70.902 ms, 4.18 KiB
...css/dashicons.min.css?ver=6.8.1 (www.om-consulting.it) - 162.287 ms, 34.50 KiB
...css/frontend.min.css?ver=1.4.3 (www.om-consulting.it) - 163.854 ms, 0.28 KiB
...Avada/style.css?ver=6.8.1 (www.om-consulting.it) - 163.565 ms, 0.46 KiB
...fusion-styles/097a947....min.css?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)
    ...fusion-gfonts/1Ptug8zYS....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 45.712 ms, 47.42 KiB
    ...icomoon/awb-icons.woff (www.om-consulting.it) - 48.909 ms, 20.05 KiB
    ...fusion-gfonts/6xKydSBYK....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 46.739 ms, 14.55 KiB
    ...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 50.957 ms, 76.63 KiB
    ...webfonts/fa-regular-400.woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 43.375 ms, 13.14 KiB
    ...fusion-gfonts/zYXGKVEIM....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 45.492 ms, 23.81 KiB
    ...fonts/Seo-Set.ttf?kj1zta (www.om-consulting.it) - 48.143 ms, 7.07 KiB
    ...fusion-qfonts/memSYaGs1....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 46.158 ms, 18.42 KiB
    ...fusion-gfonts/1Ptsq8zYS....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 125.691 ms, 49.47 KiB
    ...fusion-gfonts/6xKwdSBYK....woff2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 45.127 ms, 14.05 KiB
/w/79dab879-4148-46e3-9137-5d57f3dc809e.js (a.leadbi.com) - 181.422 ms, 7.82 KiB
/css?familv=... (fonts.googleapis.com)
    ...v22/6xKydSBYK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 28.121 ms, 14.80 KiB
    ...v43/memSYaGs1....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 32.087 ms, 13.14 KiB
    ...v22/6xKydSBYK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 33.01 ms, 14.50 KiB
    ...v22/6xK3dSBYK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 37.986 ms, 14.57 KiB
...css/font-awesome.css (www.om-consulting.it) - 46.396 ms, 6.82 KiB
...css/cookie-law-info-table.css?ver=3.0.4 (www.om-consulting.it) - 42.907 ms, 1.75 KiB
...css/rs6.css?ver=6.5.7 (www.om-consulting.it) - 46.792 ms, 11.58 KiB
...fusion-scripts/ad7bba8....min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it) - 112.521 ms, 184.81 KiB
...workbox-v6.5.3/workbox-window.prod.js (www.om-consulting.it) - 99.758 ms, 1.39 KiB
...jquery/jquery.min.js?ver=3.7.1 (www.om-consulting.it) - 236.832 ms, 29.12 KiB
...js/layerslider.utils.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it) - 237.865 ms, 39.19 KiB
...js/layerslider.kreaturamedia.jquery.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it) - 272.647 ms, 43.86 KiB
...js/layerslider.transitions.js?ver=6.11.9 (www.om-consulting.it) - 273.02 ms, 3.20 KiB
...js/cookie-law-info-public.js?ver=3.0.4 (www.om-consulting.it) - 272.996 ms, 7.16 KiB
```

O Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. TBT

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
axe DevTools - Web Accessibility Testing Chrome Extension	587 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/axeversions/latest/axe.js	565 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lhdoppojpmngadmnindnejefpokejbdd/highlighter.js	21 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	60 KiB	0 ms
v22/6xKydSBYKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v22/6xK3dSBYKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v22/6xKydSBYKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v43/memSYaGs1woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13 KiB	0 ms
/css?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
eadbi.com	8 KiB	0 ms
/w/79dab879-4148-46e3-9137-5d57f3dc809e.js (a.leadbi.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
Jnpkg Cdn	7 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
css/phone.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/file-document.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/comment.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/link.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/mail.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/flag-alt.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/close.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/view-comfortable.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/menu-grid-o.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
css/calendar-today.css?v=202 (unpkg.com)	1 KiB	0 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

SED A	UDITS (18)	H
Prop	perly size images	
Serve i	mages that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. FCP	_CP
	Upload images directly through the <u>media library</u> to ensure that the required image sizes are available, and thei insert them from the media library or use the image widget to ensure the optimal image sizes are used (includir those for the responsive breakpoints). Avoid using Full Size images unless the dimensions are adequate for tusage. <u>Learn More</u> .	g
Mini	fy JavaScript	,
Minifyi	ng JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn how to minify JavaScript</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
(1)	A number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> can speed up your site by concatenating, minifying, and compressing your scrip You may also want to use a build process to do this minification up front if possible.	its.
Effici	iently encode images	,
Optimi	ized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . FCP LCP	
	Consider using an <u>image optimization WordPress plugin</u> that compresses your images while retaining quality.	
Avoi	d multiple page redirects	,
Redire	cts introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn how to avoid page redirects</u> . <u>LCP</u> <u>FCP</u>	
Use	HTTP/2	,
HTTP/2	2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2, ICP	
Use	video formats for animated content	
-	GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats [FCP] [LCP]	
	Consider uploading your GIF to a service which will make it available to embed as an HTML5 video.	
Rem	ove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	,

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,133 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>.



Consider showing excerpts in your post lists (e.g. via the more tag), reducing the number of posts shown on a given page, breaking your long posts into multiple pages, or using a plugin to lazy-load comments.

URL	Transfer Size
om-consulting.it 1st Party	1,282.1 KiB
09/lf30_editor_mp3pzcsv.json (www.om-consulting.it)	389.6 KiB
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	184.8 KiB
09/prima-slide.png (www.om-consulting.it)	124.1 KiB
fusion-styles/097a947min.css?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	102.7 KiB
01/Tavola-disegno-1header.svg (www.om-consulting.it)	90.0 KiB
js/rs6.min.js?ver=6.5.7 (www.om-consulting.it)	89.4 KiB
07/onda1200x800.png (www.om-consulting.it)	86.4 KiB
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (www.om-consulting.it)	76.6 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (www.om-consulting.it)	75.6 KiB
actionbar/smsh.action.bar.v1.css?v=202 (marketing.om-consulting.it)	62.7 KiB

O User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>.

O Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. TBT

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u>. <u>LCP</u>



O Avoid large layout shifts

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u> .	<u>re</u>
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	of
O Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> <u>CL</u>	S
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> (CLS)	
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.	<u>·lay</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so $\underline{\text{manual testing}}$ is also encouraged.

CONTRAST

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast tex	ct is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast</u> .
Failing Elemer	nts
p	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-3.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full
strong	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-3.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full
strong	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-3.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full
strong	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-3.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full

div. fusion-full width. full width-box. fusion-builder-row-16. fusion-flex-container. nonhundred-percent-full...

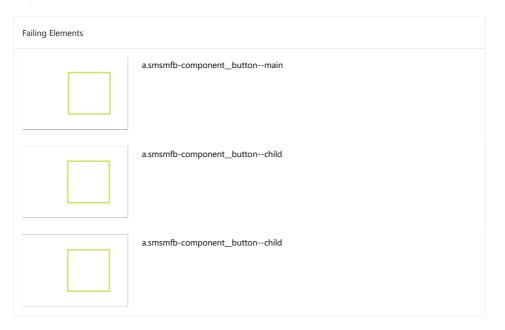
strong

Failing Elements	
strong	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-16.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
р	
div. fusion-full width. full width-box. fusion-builder-row-17. fusion-flex-container. nonhundred-percent-full	
strong	
div. fusion-full width. full width-box. fusion-builder-row-17. fusion-flex-container. nonhundred-percent-full	
strong	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-17.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
p	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-18.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
p	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-23.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
span.fusion-highlighted-text	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-24.fusion-flex-container.fusion-parallax-none.no	
main#main.clearfix.width-100.full-bg	
input.s	
input.fusion-search-submit.searchsubmit	
input.s	
strong	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-25.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
p	
div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-25.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full	
div.idsion-ranwadi.ranwadir-box.idsion-bander-row-23.idsion-nex-container.normandred-percent-ran	
ctrona	
strong	

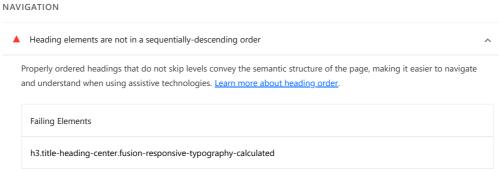
 $\label{thm:container} \mbox{div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-25.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent-full...}$

Failing Elem	nents	
	strong	
	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-25.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent	-full
	div.fusion-fullwidth.fullwidth-box.fusion-builder-row-25.fusion-flex-container.nonhundred-percent	-full
se are opportur	nities to improve the legibility of your content. BELS	
Links do not	t have a discernible name	^

navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible.</u>



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.



ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hid
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> ,	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u> .	
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about tab ordering</u> .	<u>logical</u>
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	<u>ıl</u>
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focutraps</u> .	<u>s</u>
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to ne content.	<u>w</u>
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technologies. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	ology.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn how to properly hide offscreen content</u> .	
O Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels.</u>	1
O Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
lese items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an access</u> view.	<u>sibility</u>
ASSED AUDITS (26)	Hid
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	<u>Learn</u>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Input buttons have discernible text. Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements. Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

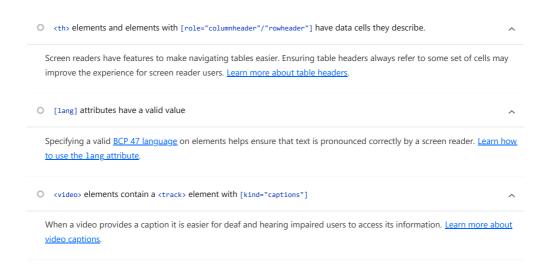
Document has a <title> element

<html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u>. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels Links are distinguishable without relying on color. Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Skip links are focusable. Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles. Deprecated ARIA roles were not used Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text. Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute

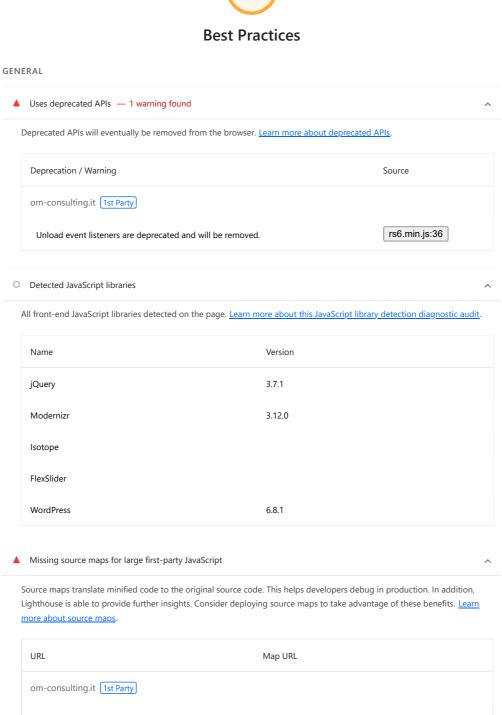
NOT APPLICABLE (28)

O [accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u> .	<u>re</u>
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	for
O Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. <u>Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible</u> .	
O ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.	ole
O ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	g it
O Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more at roles and required children elements</u> .	<u>oout</u>
O [role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ns.
Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. <u>Learn more about the role=text attribute</u> .	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	le
O ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^

	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypa</u> blocks.	<u>ss</u>
0	<pre><dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how structure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td><u>/ to</u></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can prope announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>rly</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Lear</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td><u>rn</u></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eith the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u>.</td><td>her</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td><pre><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correct Learn more about the lang attribute.</td><td>ctly.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td><pre><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand t purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand t</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand t purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand t purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.</td><td>the ^</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <object> elements have alternate text</o> Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers converged to the contents and the contents helps screen readers converged to the contents and the contents helps screen readers converged to the contents helps screen readers and th</td><td>the ^</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <object> elements have alternate text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convening to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</td><td>the ^</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <object> elements have alternate text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convening to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements. Select elements have associated label elements. Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the </td><td>the ^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <object> elements have alternate text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers converted in the contents. Select elements have associated label elements. Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.</td><td>hhe ^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. <a href="color: blue color: blue co</td><td>hhe ^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl></pre>	







JRL .	Map URL
fusion-scripts/ad7bba8min.js?ver=3.8.2 (www.om-consulting.it)	
Large JavaScript file is missing a source map	
workbox-v6.5.3/workbox-window.prod.js (www.om-consulting.it)	workbox-v6.5.3/workbox-window.prod.js.map (www.om-consulting.it)
Unattributable	
chrome-	chrome-
extension://fdhgeoginicibhagdmblfikbgbkahibd/scripts/ content_navigate_complete.js	extension://fdhgeoginicibhagdmblfikbgbkahibd/sourceMap, edge/scripts/content_navigate_complete.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	

TRUST AND SAFETY

0	Fncura	CSP ic	effective	against	γςς	attacks
\sim	Ellsule	COLID	enective	ayanısı	$^{\sim}$	attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

O Use a strong HSTS policy

Deployment of the HSTS header significantly reduces the risk of downgrading HTTP connections and eavesdropping attacks. A rollout in stages, starting with a low max-age is recommended. <u>Learn more about using a strong HSTS policy.</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No HSTS header found		High

O Ensure proper origin isolation with COOP

The Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy (COOP) can be used to isolate the top-level window from other documents such as popups. Learn more about deploying the COOP header.

Description	Directive	Severity
No COOP header found		High

Mitigate clickjacking with XFO or CSP

The X-Frame-Options (XFO) header or the frame-ancestors directive in the Content-Security-Policy (CSP) header control where a page can be embedded. These can mitigate clickjacking attacks by blocking some or all sites from embedding the page. Learn more about mitigating clickjacking.

Description	Severity
No frame control policy found	High

PASSED AUDITS (12) Hide

Uses HTTPS ^

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids third-party cookies	^
Third-party cookies may be blocked in some contexts. <u>Learn more about preparing for third-party cookie restrictions.</u>	
Allows users to paste into input fields	^
Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields.	
Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load	^
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.	ser
Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load	^
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.	t to
Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .	
Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn to provide responsive images</u> .	<u>now</u>
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.	
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de	
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.	
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype	
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the second content of the second cont	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.	^ ^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browsers.	^ ^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond de to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other brow concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit	^ ^ est

O Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

O Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text $\ge 12px$. Learn more about legible font sizes.



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u>.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING

robots.txt is not valid Lighthouse was unable to download a robots.txt file

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

O Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data.</u>

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (8)

Hide

Page isn't blocked from indexing

^

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u>.

Document has a <title> element

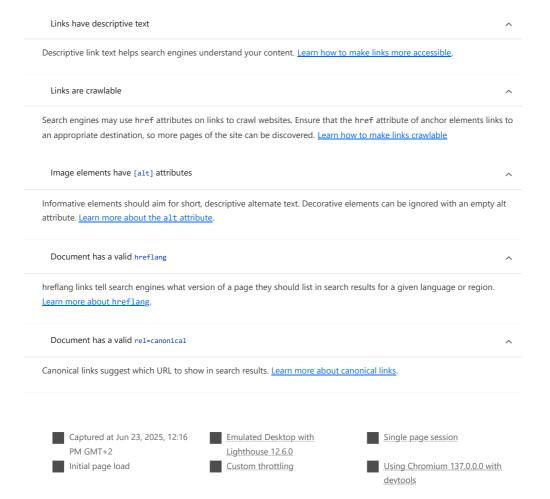
^

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

Page has successful HTTP status code

^

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.



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