# **Detailed Lesson Plan**

# For SHS

# I. Objectives

At the end of 60 minutes discussion, the students are expected to attain 90% of success on the following:

a) Identify the meaning of pronunciation.

b) Value the importance of knowing pronunciation.

c) Build the confidence to speak with proper pronunciation.

**II. Subject Matter:** 7 Features in Pronunciation

Material: Power Point presentation, Laptop

**Supplementary Materials:** 

https://writing.colostate.edu/guides/teaching/esl/pronunciation.cfm

Quiz in Google form link: <a href="https://forms.gle/bmw9gz8e7LGofJdv5">https://forms.gle/bmw9gz8e7LGofJdv5</a>

#### **III.** Procedures

<b>Teacher's Activity</b>	Student's Activity
A. Motivation:	
Started with a prayer called nathalyne	(Students listen)
Husky voice already	(Students Listen carefully to the instruction)
Trusky voice an eauy	
Drink water then have some lip	
excercise and vocalization	
"Good morning Class! Before we proceed to	

our discussion, we will have a short activity to exercise our minds."

"None Ma'am!"

"This activity is entitled 'Decode Me!' where in, you will decode the scrambled word using the hints that I will give to you. Just raise your hands when you answer and if you decode the scrambled word you will have plus point to your recitation. Is there any questions or clarifications?"

"ALPHABET"

"Thank you! Let's begin!"

- ✓ These are taught to children.
- ✓ These are the basic rhymes shown to children to be familiar to it.
- ✓ We use these every time we write or speak.

"SOUND"

#### **LPHATEAB**

"Very Good! Here is the next one."

- ✓ It is a vibration that travels through the air or another medium.
- ✓ Can be heard when it reaches a person's or animal's ear.

#### **NUSDO**

"PRONUNCIATION"

"Cool! Here is another one."

- ✓ It is the way in which a word or a language is spoken.
- ✓ It is the way a particular individual speaks a word or a language.

#### NUNPCIATONIRO

"Great! How about this one."

- ✓ It is the rise and fall of the voice in speaking.
- ✓ It is a matter of vibration in the pitch level of the voice or tone.

#### **INIOTNTOAN**

"Excellent! This is the last one."

✓ It is used by humans to share their knowledge, express their feelings by sending a message to their listener.

#### **DSWOR**

"Very Good! Based on our activity, what do you think our topic today?"

"Correct!"

#### **B.** Presentation of the Lesson

"Class in this lesson, you will be able to identify the meaning of pronunciation. Value

"INTONATION"

"WORDS"

"It is about Pronunciation Ma'am!"

If I may recommend... make use of something where they can speak...lip exercise as motivation

YOU MAY ALLOW THE

the importance of knowing pronunciation and build the confidence to speak with proper pronunciation."

# STUDENTS TO READ THE LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE LESSON

(Students listen carefully)

#### C. Discussion of the Lesson

"On your own words, what do you mean when we say pronunciation?"

"Correct! Please read the definition of pronunciation."

Pronunciation is the act or result of producing the sounds of speech, including articulation, stress, and intonation, often with reference to some standard of correctness or acceptability.

"Thank you! What do you understand to the definition of pronunciation?"

"Correct! When we say standard of correctness or acceptability means proper pronunciation of the word. These are some common mispronunciation. Please read the example given."

Tomato

Cupboard

THE WAY YOU SPEAK THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE IS VERY NATURAL THOUGH NEEDS SOME PRACTICE AND

NO USE OF MAM OR SIR TO
YOUR STUDENTS...NO SIR
ARJAY... ARJAY.... MAM
JANE...JANE

"It is about how we produced sound and how we speak the words."

"Pronunciation is the act or result of producing the sounds of speech, including articulation, stress, and intonation, often with reference to some standard of correctness or acceptability." Cucumber

**Debut** 

**Spinach** 

Archive

Aisle

**Athlete** 

Calendar

Congrats

"Cool! There are some that we pronounce it as British pronunciation but because Philippines is following American standard so we always use American pronunciation. Is there any questions? Or clarifications?"

"Good! Now there are 7 specific features in pronunciation. Please read the first feature."

1. Voice or Voicing is a term used in phonetics and phonology to characterize speech sounds usually consonants.

"Thank you! What do you mean when we say phonetics?"

"It involves individual sounds, stress, what tone should we use when we pronounce the words. It is also a standard of correctness."

(Students listen)

You may ask more students to read them as you may compare it from the usual and what they thought is the acceptable pronunciation

Shows mastery of the subject matter and even enjoy teaching this topic

That are examples.... These are examples or those are examples

PPT is also very informative and girly... representing your style...

"Tomato (Tuh-mei-tow)"

"Cucumber (Kyoo-kuhm-br)"

"Spinach (Spi-nuhch)"

"Archive (aar-kaiv)"

"Very Good! How about phonology?"

"Correct! There are two types of voicing, The voiced sound and the voiceless sound. Every one please open your camera, I want you to touch your throat while making the sound of the consonant letters that I will show to you, you need to observe the difference between the two.

/g/ /k/

/l/ /t/

"What did you observe?"

"Great! Please read."

# 2 Types of Voicing

- ✓ Voiced Sound determine if the throat vibrate while making the sound of the letter.
- ✓ Voiceless sound does not have vibration in the throat while making the sound of the letter.

"Aisle (ile)"

"Athlete (Ath-lit)"

"Calendar (ka-luhn-dr)"

"Congrats (Kuhn-grats)"

"Cupboard (Kuh-brd)

"Debut (Dei-byoo)"

"None Ma'am"

"Voice or Voicing is a term used in phonetics and phonology to characterize speech sounds usually consonants."

"The study and classification of speech sounds."

"The study of how humans produce and perceive sounds."

"Study of speech sounds of a language or languages."

"What do you understand in the 2 types of voicing?"

(Students listen carefully and follow the instruction.)

"Cool! Now to the examples that I show to you, what do you think are the voiced sound and the voiceless sound?"

"Correct! Please give an example of letter with

"/g/ /k/"

voiced and voiceless sound?"

"/1/ /t/"

"The /g/ /l/ sound have vibration while /k/ and /t/ sound doesn't"

"Very Good! Is there any questions? Or clarifications?"

"Alright, let's now proceed to the second feature. Please read."

**2. Aspiration** refers to a puff of air when a sound is produced.

"What do you mean when we say Aspiration?"

"2 Types of Voicing

- ✓ Voiced Sound determine if the throat vibrate while making the sound of the letter.
- ✓ Voiceless sound does not have vibration in the throat while making the sound of the letter."

"Cool! Now in order for you to understand more about aspiration, I want you to open your camera, grab a piece of paper or tissue, put it few inches away from your mouth and repeat after me, I want you to observe the paper or tissue."

Tumbler Gauge
Tongue Invitation

Kite Genre

Channel

"Very Good! What did you observe?"

"Correct! How?"

"Very Good! Why do you think it is important for us to know aspiration?"

"Great! Now are there any questions? Or clarifications?"

"Alright! Let's proceed to third feature. Please Read.

**3. Mouth Position-** the shape of mouth when pronouncing a word

"We will determine if the letter is voiced sound through the vibration of the throat."

"Voiced sound are letter g and l while the voiceless sounds are k and t"

"/m//s/"

"/v//h/"

"/z//f/"

"/n//p/"

"/y//sh/"

"None Ma'am"

"Aspiration refers to a puff of air when a sound is produced."

"It is about the air that comes from our mouth when we speak or say the words."

(Students listen carefully and follow the instruction."

"Why do we need to know about mouth position according to its definition?"

"Correct! I want you again to open your camera and look at yourself while pronouncing the words that I will dictate."

Oven

Love

Cheese

"Very Good! Now I will mute my microphone and you will guess the word that I am saying. Just raise your hands if will answer. To those who can guess it right will have plus point to their recitation. Let's begin"

Happy

Wi-Fi

Computer

Electric fan

Linguistic

"Correct! Why is it important that we should know mouth position?"

"Tumbler (tuhm-blr)"

"Tongue (tuhng)"

"Kite (kait)"

"Channel (ch-nuhl)"

"Gauge (geij)"

"Genre (zhan-ra"

"Invitation (in-vuh-tei-shn)"

"The paper moves every time we pronounce word."

"By creating a forceful expulsion of air in pronouncing the word."

"So the word that we pronounce is clear."

"None Ma'am!"

"Mouth Position- the shape of mouth when pronouncing a word."

"So we can understand well the words that are being said."

(Students listen carefully and follow the instruction.) "Very Good! Now, is there any question or "Oven (uh-vn)" clarification?" "Love (luhv)" "Alright! Let's proceed to fourth and fifth features. Please Read." "Cheese (cheez)" (Students listen) **4. Intonation-** is about rising and falling intonation. 5. Linking- is about connecting or joining words to create a sentence. "Happy" "Wi-Fi" "What did you understand in fourth feature of "Computer" pronunciation?" "Electric fan" "Linguistic" "Why is it important that we should know proper intonation?" "Correct! Please explain the definition of linking in your own words?" "Because even without sounds, just by looking "Cool! Please Read the example given." at the position or shape of the mouth of the person who is talking, we can understand or determine the words that he or she is saying." Do you want me to call Hannah or Rica?

Where do you live?

I come to see you!

I hope you don't mind.

"Thank you! Please give us an example of sentence with rising or falling intonation."

"Very Good! Is there any question? Or clarification?"

"Cool! No let's move on to sixth feature of pronunciation. Please Read?"

"None Ma'am!"

"Intonation- is about rising and falling intonation.

**Linking-** is about connecting or joining words to create a sentence."

"It is the proper tone that we need to apply in a sentence.

"Because this is how we are going to determine if that person is asking, happy, angry, sad."

"It is about how we will connect or combine words to create a sentence so we can express ourselves well.

"Do you want me to call Hannah or Rica?"

**6. Vowel Length-** In linguistics, vowel length is the perceived length of a vowel sound: The corresponding physical measurement is duration.

"What do you understand in the definition of Vowel length?"

"Great! What are the vowel letters that we have?"

"Correct! There are two types of Vowel Length, please read the example given."

**Long Vowel example:** Sixteen, Zoo, Food, Seat.

**Short Vowel example:** Six, Lad, Sun, Pick

"Please give another example of Long vowel?"

"Very good! How about Short Vowel?"

"Where do you live?"

"I come to see you!"

"I hope you don't mind"

"Where are you from?"

"Have you read the book?"

"You like ice cream, don't you?"

"Do you want some coffee?"

"Don't you think it is enough?"

"I want to swim!"

"None Ma'am!"

"Vowel Length- In linguistics, vowel length is the perceived length of a vowel sound: The "Excellent! Why is it important that we should learn about Length Vowel?"

"It is about how long or how short we will pronounce a vowel sound in a word."

physical

measurement

"a, e, i, o, u"

corresponding

duration."

"Correct! Now is there any question or clarification before we proceed to the seventh feature in pronunciation?"

"Great! Please read the seventh feature in pronunciation?"

**7. Syllables-** This is a unit of pronunciation having one vowel sound, with or without surrounding consonants, forming the whole or a part of a word.

"What do we mean by syllables according to its definition?"

"Very Good, remember that it is all about the sounds not the spelling. Look at the example that is shown to you."

**Beautiful- 3 syllables** 

Universe- 3 syllables

**Pronunciation- 5 syllables** 

"Long Vowel example: Sixteen, Zoo, Food, Seat.

Short Vowel example: Six, Lad, Sun, Pick"

"Feet"

"Lead"

"Meal"

"Leave"

"Beat"

"Good"

"Sick"

"Jam"

"Lad"

"Rocks"

"Ribs"

"Please pronounce the words that I prepared for you before saying how many syllables are there. Just raise your hand if you want to answer."

Ready

University

Cat

**Table** 

Human

Onomatopoeia

"Cool! Bonus! 2 points to the one who can count the syllables of this word and pronounce it correctly."

#### Antidisestablishmentarianism

"Great Job! Is there any question or clarification?"

"Very Good!"

"To avoid misinterpretation or misunderstanding."

"So we can have the right response to other people."

"None Ma'am!"

"Syllables- This is a unit of pronunciation having one vowel sound, with or without surrounding consonants, forming the whole or a part of a word."

"It is about counting every vowel sound that is being count."

(Students Listen)

	"Ready (reh-dee) - 2 Syllables"  "University (yoo-nuh-vur-suh-tee)- 5  Syllables"  "Cat (kat)- 1 Syllable"  "Table (tay-buhl)- 2 Syllables"  "Human (hyoo-muhn)- 2 Syllables"  "Onomatopoeia (aa-nuh-maa-tuh-pee-uh) - 6  Syllables"
	"An-ti-dis-es-tab-lish-ment-ar-i-an-is-m 12 Syllables."  "None Ma'am"
D. Generalization:	
	"Voice or Voicing"  "Aspiration"  "Mouth Position"  "Intonation"  "Linking"  "Vowel Length"  "Syllables"
"Correct! Why is it important that we	
know about pronunciation?"	"Because it is the foundation of having a proper pronunciation."

	"It will avoid misinterpretation or misunderstanding"
	msuncostanding
"Very good!"	
E. Evaluation	
"Class please go to the chat box, I send the link	(Students listen carefully)
of your short quiz. I will wait for your response	
up until 2:35 p.m."	
Direction: Read the question very carefully and	Assessment should also incorporate
choose the correct answer.	some reading and speaking test
	some reading and speaking test
1) It is a unit of pronunciation having one	1 Callablas
vowel sound, with or without	1. Syllables
surrounding consonants, forming the	2. Linking
whole or a part of a word.	Z. Linking
2) This is a part of features of pronunciation wherein we connect	
word to other words to create a	3. Voiced sound and Voiceless sound
sentence?	
3) What are the 2 types of Voicing?	4. Mouth Position
4) This is a kind of position so we can	
define the sound by looking at its	5. Aspiration
shape?	<b>r</b>
5) It refers to a puff of air when a sound is	
produced.	

# IV. Assignment

Select your favorite English song and record your voice while singing it. Pass it next week.

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