```
int data, pri;
    struct queue *next, *prev;
struct queue *createnode(int x, int prior){
    struct queue *newnode = (struct queue *)malloc(sizeof(struct queue));
    newnode->data = x;
   newnode-> next =NULL;
   newnode->prev =NULL;
   newnode->pri = prior;
    return newnode;
struct queue *front = NULL;
struct queue *rear = NULL;
int isempty(){
    if(rear == NULL){
        return 1;
void enqueue(int x, int prior){
    if(isempty()){
        rear = createnode(x, prior);
        front = rear;
        C++;
        return;
    struct queue *newnode = createnode(x, prior);
    if(prior < front->pri){ // priority of node is greater than priority of front node (priority increases in descending order)
        front->next = newnode;
        newnode->prev = front;
        front = newnode;
```

```
C++;
51
             return;
52
         if(rear->pri <= newnode->pri){
             rear->prev = newnode;
             newnode->next = rear;
56
             rear = newnode;
             C++;
             return;
         struct queue *pivot = rear;
        while(pivot->next != NULL && prior < pivot->next->pri) {
61
62
             pivot = pivot->next;
        newnode->next = pivot->next;
        pivot->next->prev = newnode;
        pivot->next = newnode;
67
        newnode->prev = pivot;
        C++;
70
    void dequeue(){
71
        if(isempty()){
72
             printf("ERROR : Queue Underflow.");
             return;
75
76
        struct queue *temp = front;
        front = front->prev;
78
        front->next = NULL;
79
        free(temp);
        C--;
81
    }
82
    int peek(){
83
         if(isempty()){
85
             printf("ERROR : Queue is Empty");
86
             return -1;
87
        else{
             return front->data;
91
    }
92
    int lengueue(){
         return c;
95
```

```
void display();

printf('Quoue (dos.print()); ');

printf('Quoue (dos.print()); ');

printf('Quoue (dos.print()); ');

printf('Quoue (dos.print()); ');

printf('Quoue (dos.print());

printf('Un');

printf('Un');
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert : 14 3
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert : 10 1
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert : 13 2
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert : 15 3
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert: 12 1
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 6
Queue (data, priority): (15, 3) (14, 3) (13, 2) (12, 1) (10, 1)
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 2
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 6
Queue (data, priority): (15, 3) (14, 3) (13, 2) (12, 1)
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number (with priority) you want to insert : 69 2
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 6
Queue (data, priority): (15, 3) (14, 3) (69, 2) (13, 2) (12, 1)
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 3
Element in the front of the queue : 12
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 4
Length of queue : 5
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 5
Queue is NOT empty
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 7
Linked List implementation of queue is never full.
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check whether the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 0
PS C:\Users\shuvr\OneDrive\Documents\CODING>
```

```
College C codes > DSA-ASS-8 > € 8_2_circular_queue.c > 😚 display()
      /* Implement a Circular queue using a linked list. The queue has the following basic operations:
      • peek() - Return the element at the rear node of the queue

    isempty() - Checks if the queue is empty. */

      #include <stdio.h>
      #include <stdlib.h>
      struct queue{
           int data;
           struct queue *next, *prev;
      };
      int c=0;
      struct queue *front = NULL;
      struct queue *rear = NULL;
      struct queue *createnode(int x){
           struct queue *newnode = (struct queue *)malloc(sizeof(struct queue));
           newnode->data = x;
           newnode->next = NULL;
           newnode->prev = NULL;
           return newnode;
      int isempty(){
           if(rear == NULL){
               return 1;
           else{
               return 0;
      }
```

```
void enqueue(int x){
         if(isempty()){
39
             rear = createnode(x);
             front = rear;
41
             C++;
42
             return;
43
44
         struct queue *newnode = createnode(x);
         newnode->next = rear;
45
         rear->prev = newnode;
47
        front->next = newnode;
         newnode->prev = front;
49
         rear = newnode;
50
         C++;
51
52
53
    void dequeue(){
        if(isempty()){
55
             printf("ERROR : Queue Underflow");
             return;
58
         struct queue *temp = front;
        front = front->prev;
60
        front->next = NULL;
61
         rear->prev = front;
62
        free(temp);
63
        C--;
64
    }
    int peek(){
66
67
        if(isempty()){
             printf("ERROR : Queue is Empty");
68
69
             return -1;
70
71
        return front->data;
72
    }
    void isfull(){
         printf("Linked List implementation of queue is never full\n");
    }
78
    int lengueue(){
         return c;
80
```

```
if(isempty()){
    printf("ERROR : Queue is Empty");
   }
printf("Queue : ");
struct queue *temp - rear;
for(int i=0; i < lenqueue(); i++){
    printf(" %d <->",temp->data);
int main(){
   int ch;
while(1){
       scanf("%d",&n);
                    enqueue(n);
           break;
case 2 : dequeue();
           | | | break;
case 3 : printf("Element in the front of the queue : %d\n",peek());
           case 4 : printf("Length of queue : %d\n",lenqueue());
           break;
case 5 : if(isempty()){
    printf("Queue is Empty\n");
}
else{
                    printf("Queue is NOT empty\n");
}
           break;
case 6 : display();
           case 7 : isfull();
           case 0 : exit(0);
           | break;
default : printf("Wrong Input! Please Try Again.\n");
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number you want to insert : 1
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number you want to insert : 2
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 1
Enter the number you want to insert : 3
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 6
Queue : 3 <-> 2 <-> 1 <->
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 2
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice : 6
Queue: 3 <-> 2 <->
```

```
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 3
Element in the front of the queue : 2
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 4
Length of queue: 2
Enter Your Choice :--
1 - Insert an element in the queue
2 - Remove Element from the queue
3 - Display the element at the front of the queue
4 - Check the length of queue
5 - Checks if the queue is empty
6 - Display the queue
7 - Check if the queue is full or not
0 - Exit.
Choice: 5
Queue is NOT empty
```

Enter Your Choice :--1 - Insert an element in the queue 2 - Remove Element from the queue 3 - Display the element at the front of the queue 4 - Check the length of queue 5 - Checks if the queue is empty 6 - Display the queue 7 - Check if the queue is full or not 0 - Exit. Choice: 7 Linked List implementation of queue is never full Enter Your Choice :--1 - Insert an element in the queue 2 - Remove Element from the queue 3 - Display the element at the front of the queue 4 - Check the length of queue 5 - Checks if the queue is empty 6 - Display the queue 7 - Check if the queue is full or not 0 - Exit. Choice: 0

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