## Algorithms and Analysis

**Dynamic Programming** 

## Objectives

- Dynamic programming
- Rod cutting problem

## Rod cutting (example)

The *rod-cutting problem* is the following. Given a rod of length n inches and a table of prices  $p_i$  for i = 1, 2, ..., n, determine the maximum revenue  $r_n$  obtainable by cutting up the rod and selling the pieces.

length i	1	2	-	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10
price $p_i$	1	5	(	8	9	10	17	7	17	20	24	30
i	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
$\overline{r[i]}$	] 0	1	5	8	10	13	17	18	22	25	30	
$\varsigma[i]$	1 l o	1	2	3	2	2	6	1	2	3	10	

Note: the table is not unique, but you can use it to check the answers.

- 1. Your program must implement the "top-down with memoization" method: MEMOIZED-CUT-ROD-AUX(p, n, r).
- 2. Your program can use the default data given above.
- 3. User can select from 1 to 10 for the length of the original rod.
- 4. Your program should display the maximum profit and how the rod should be cut to get it.