Worksheet 2

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Instructions:

• Use RStudio or the RStudio Cloud accomplish this worksheet. + Save the R script as RWorksheet_lastname#2.R. • Create your own GitHub repository and push the R script as well as this pdf worksheet to your own repo.

Accomplish this worksheet by answering the questions being asked and writing the code manually.

Using Vectors

- 1. Create a vector using: operator
- a. Sequence from -5 to 5.

```
five <- -5:5
five
```

```
## [1] -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5
```

The output produces values from numbers -5 to 5.

b. x < -1:7. What will be the value of x?

```
x <- 1:7
x
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
```

The value of x are numbers from 1 to 7 in sequence, that is, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

2.* Create a vector using seq() function a. seq(1, 3, by=0.2) # specify step size Write the R code and its output. Describe the output.

```
jump \leftarrow seq(1, 3, by = 0.2)
jump
```

```
## [1] 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0
```

The output is numbers from 1 to 3 sequently with a decimal 0.2 in between, that is $1.0\ 1.2\ 1.4\ 1.6\ 1.8\ 2.0\ 2.2\ 2.4\ 2.6\ 2.8\ 3.0$.

3. A factory has a census of its workers. There are 50 workers in total. The following list shows their ages: 34, 28, 22, 36, 27, 18, 52, 39, 42, 29, 35, 31, 27, 22, 37, 34, 19, 20, 57, 49, 50, 37, 46, 25, 17, 37, 43, 53, 41, 51, 35, 24,33, 41, 53, 40, 18, 44, 38, 41, 48, 27, 39, 19, 30, 61, 54, 58, 26, 18.

```
workersAges <- c(34, 28, 22, 36, 27, 18, 52, 39, 42, 29, 35, 31, 27,22, 37, 34, 19, 20, 57, 49,
50, 37, 46, 25, 17, 37, 43, 53, 41, 51, 35,24,33, 41, 53, 40, 18, 44, 38, 41, 48, 27, 39, 19, 30, 61,
54, 58, 26,18)
workersAges</pre>
```

```
## [1] 34 28 22 36 27 18 52 39 42 29 35 31 27 22 37 34 19 20 57 49 50 37 46 25 17 ## [26] 37 43 53 41 51 35 24 33 41 53 40 18 44 38 41 48 27 39 19 30 61 54 58 26 18
```

3a. Access 3rd element, what is the value?

```
ThirdElement <- workersAges[3]
ThirdElement
```

[1] 22

The value in the 3rd element is 22.

3b. Access 2nd and 4th element, what are the values?

```
SecondElement <- workersAges[2]
SecondElement
```

[1] 28

```
FourthElement <- workersAges[4]
FourthElement
```

[1] 36

```
SecondFourth <- c(SecondElement, FourthElement)
SecondFourth
```

[1] 28 36

The value in the 2nd element is 28 and in the fourth element is 36.

- 4. *Create a vector x <- c("first"=3, "second"=0, "third"=9). Then named the vector, names(x).
- a. Print the results. Then access x[c("first", "third")]. Describe the output.

```
x1 <- c("first"=3, "second"=0, "third"=9)
names(x1)</pre>
```

[1] "first" "second" "third"

```
x1[c("first", "third")]
```

```
## first third
## 3 9
```

The program output the assigned integer value in the string named "first" and "third" using square brackets [] means accessing through index.

- 5. Create a sequence x from -3:2.
- a. Modify 2nd element and change it to 0

```
x2 <- -3:2
x2
```

```
## [1] -3 -2 -1 0 1 2
```

```
\begin{array}{rcl}
x2[2] &=& 0 \\
x2
\end{array}
```

```
## [1] -3 0 -1 0 1 2
```

The program first produces an output of integers from -3 to 2 in sequence, and when we used an indexing using square brackets [] that access the element value we want to change which is the second position in the index, we modified the original value in that position which is -2 and changed it to 0. Thus, afterwards when prompt for the elements inside the x the second value is now 0.

- 6. *The following data shows the diesel fuel purchased by Mr. Cruz.
- a. Create a data frame for month, price per liter (php) and purchase-quantity (liter). Write the codes.

```
Month = c("Jan", "Feb", "March", "April", "May", "June")
PricePerLiter <- c(52.50, 57.25, 60.00, 65.00, 74.25, 54.00)
PurchaseQuantity <- c(25, 30, 40, 50, 10, 45)

DieselPurchased <- data.frame (
Month,
PricePerLiter,
PurchaseQuantity
)
DieselPurchased</pre>
```

```
##
     Month PricePerLiter PurchaseQuantity
## 1
       Jan
                     52.50
                                           25
## 2
       Feb
                     57.25
                                           30
                     60.00
                                           40
## 3 March
## 4 April
                     65.00
                                           50
                     74.25
## 5
                                           10
       May
                     54.00
## 6
      June
```

b. What is the average fuel expenditure of Mr. Cruz from Jan to June? Note: Use weighted.mean(liter, purchase)

```
Month = c("Jan", "Feb", "March", "April", "May", "June")

PricePerLiter <- c(52.50, 57.25, 60.00, 65.00, 74.25, 54.00)

PurchaseQuantity <- c(25, 30, 40, 50, 10, 45)

Mean <- weighted.mean(PricePerLiter, PurchaseQuantity)

Mean
```

[1] 59.2625

- 7. R has actually lots of built-in datasets. For example, the rivers data "gives the lengths (in miles) of 141 "major" rivers in North America, as compiled by the US Geological Survey".
- a. Type "rivers" in your R console. Create a vector data with 7 elements, containing the number of elements (length) in rivers, their sum (sum), mean (mean), median (median), variance (var) standard deviation (sd), minimum (min) and maximum (max).

```
rivers
```

```
##
     [1]
           735
                 320
                      325
                            392
                                  524
                                        450 1459
                                                   135
                                                         465
                                                               600
                                                                     330
                                                                          336
                                                                                280
                                                                                      315
                                                                                            870
##
    [16]
                 202
                            290 1000
                                                                                      286
           906
                      329
                                        600
                                              505 1450
                                                         840 1243
                                                                     890
                                                                          350
                                                                                407
                                                                                            280
##
    [31]
           525
                 720
                      390
                            250
                                  327
                                        230
                                              265
                                                   850
                                                         210
                                                               630
                                                                     260
                                                                          230
                                                                                360
                                                                                      730
                                                                                            600
##
    [46]
           306
                390
                      420
                            291
                                  710
                                        340
                                             217
                                                   281
                                                         352
                                                               259
                                                                     250
                                                                          470
                                                                                680
                                                                                      570
                                                                                            350
##
    [61]
           300
                 560
                      900
                            625
                                  332
                                      2348
                                            1171 3710 2315 2533
                                                                     780
                                                                          280
                                                                                410
                                                                                      460
                                                                                            260
    [76]
                            760
##
           255
                 431
                      350
                                  618
                                        338
                                             981 1306
                                                         500
                                                               696
                                                                     605
                                                                          250
                                                                                411
                                                                                    1054
                                                                                            735
##
    [91]
           233
                 435
                      490
                            310
                                  460
                                        383
                                              375
                                                  1270
                                                         545
                                                               445
                                                                   1885
                                                                          380
                                                                                300
                                                                                      380
                                                                                            377
## [106]
           425
                 276
                      210
                            800
                                  420
                                        350
                                              360
                                                   538 1100 1205
                                                                          237
                                                                                      360
                                                                                            540
                                                                     314
                                                                                610
  [121] 1038
                 424
                      310
                            300
                                  444
                                        301
                                              268
                                                   620
                                                         215
                                                               652
                                                                     900
                                                                          525
                                                                                246
                                                                                      360
                                                                                            529
## [136]
                720
                      270
                                  671 1770
           500
                            430
```

```
data <- c(length(rivers), sum(rivers), mean(rivers), median(rivers), var(rivers), sd(rivers),
min(rivers), max(rivers))
data</pre>
```

```
## [1] 141.0000 83357.0000 591.1844 425.0000 243908.4086 493.8708
## [7] 135.0000 3710.0000
```

- b. What are the results? The results displayed a number answers needed with the function length, sum, mean, median, var, sd, min, and max used with the elements of rivers.
- 8. The table below gives the 25 most powerful celebrities and their annual pay as rank.
- a. Create vectors according to the above table. Write the codes.

```
PowerRanking <- 1:25

CelebrityName <- c("Tom Cruise", "Rolling Stones", "Oprah Winfrey", "U2", "Tiger Woods",

"Steven Spielberg", "Howarf Stern", "50 Cent", "Cast of the Sopranos", "Dan Brown",

"Bruce Springsteen", "Donald Trump", "Muhammand Ali", "Paul McCartney",

"George Lucas", "Elton John", "David Letterman", "Phil Mickelson", "J.K Rowling",

"Bradd Pitt", "Peter Jackson", "Dr.Phil McGraw", "Jay Lenon", "Celine Dion",

"Kobe Bryan")

Pay <- c(67, 90,225,110,90,332,302,41,52,88,55,44,55,40,233,34,40,47,75,25,39,45,32,40,31)
```

```
CelebrityAnnualPay <- data.frame(
        PowerRanking,
        CelebrityName,
        Pay
    )
    CelebrityAnnualPay</pre>
```

```
PowerRanking
##
                           CelebrityName Pay
## 1
                               Tom Cruise
                                           67
                  1
## 2
                  2
                          Rolling Stones
                  3
## 3
                           Oprah Winfrey 225
## 4
                  4
                                       U2 110
                  5
                              Tiger Woods 90
## 5
## 6
                  6
                        Steven Spielberg 332
                  7
                            Howarf Stern 302
## 7
## 8
                  8
                                  50 Cent
                                           41
## 9
                  9
                    Cast of the Sopranos
                                           52
## 10
                 10
                                Dan Brown
                                           88
## 11
                       Bruce Springsteen
                 11
                                           55
## 12
                 12
                            Donald Trump
                                           44
## 13
                 13
                           Muhammand Ali
                                           55
## 14
                 14
                          Paul McCartney
                                           40
## 15
                 15
                            George Lucas 233
## 16
                 16
                               Elton John
## 17
                 17
                         David Letterman
## 18
                          Phil Mickelson
                                           47
                 18
## 19
                 19
                              J.K Rowling
                                           75
                 20
## 20
                              Bradd Pitt
                                           25
## 21
                 21
                           Peter Jackson
## 22
                 22
                          Dr.Phil McGraw
                                           45
## 23
                 23
                                Jay Lenon
## 24
                 24
                              Celine Dion
                                           40
## 25
                 25
                              Kobe Bryan
                                           31
```

b. Modify the power ranking and pay of J.K. Rowling. Change power ranking to 15 andpay to 90. Write the codes and its output.

```
CelebrityAnnualPay [19, "PowerRanking"] = 15
    CelebrityAnnualPay[19, "Pay"] = 90
    CelebrityAnnualPay
```

```
PowerRanking
##
                           CelebrityName Pay
## 1
                  1
                              Tom Cruise
                  2
## 2
                          Rolling Stones
                                          90
                  3
## 3
                           Oprah Winfrey 225
## 4
                  4
                                       U2 110
                  5
## 5
                             Tiger Woods 90
## 6
                 6
                        Steven Spielberg 332
## 7
                 7
                            Howarf Stern 302
## 8
                 8
                                 50 Cent
## 9
                 9 Cast of the Sopranos
## 10
                 10
                               Dan Brown
```

##	11	11	Bruce Springsteen	55
##	12	12	Donald Trump	44
##	13	13	Muhammand Ali	55
##	14	14	Paul McCartney	40
##	15	15	George Lucas	233
##	16	16	Elton John	34
##	17	17	David Letterman	40
##	18	18	Phil Mickelson	47
##	19	15	J.K Rowling	90
##	20	20	Bradd Pitt	25
##	21	21	Peter Jackson	39
##	22	22	Dr.Phil McGraw	45
##	23	23	Jay Lenon	32
##	24	24	Celine Dion	40
##	25	25	Kobe Bryan	31

c. Interpret the data. The data was accessed and changed by: (1)declaring the object name of the data frame, (2) using square brackets accessing the rank number, (3) by the vector name where the values we want to change, and lastly by declaring the object name again to access the modified data. JK Rowling's rank was changed from 19 to 15 and her annual pay was changed from 75 to 90.