Web 2.0

Lecture 5: Data Structures – Atom and AtomPub

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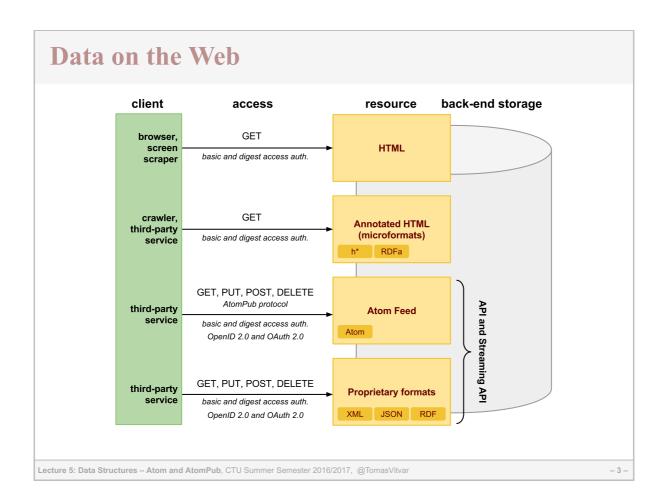


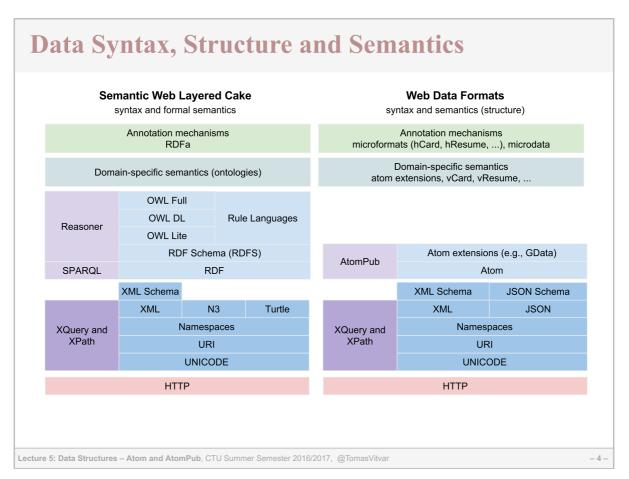


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Overview

- Overview of Formats and Protocols
- Atom Syndication Format
- AtomPub Protocol





Atom Standard

- A need for a standard syndication format
 - machine-processable Web site content
 - Alternative to RSS
 - → RSS spec does not say how to encode content, strings only ASCIIencoded, not clearly defined meaning of RSS elements, etc.
- IETF Atom Publishing Format and Protocol WG
- Adoption
 - Google: Google Data Protocol (GData)
 - Microsoft: Open Data Protocol (OData)

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Atom Syndication Format

Atom Feed Document

atom:feed element (author, title, id, updated, ...)

atom:entry* element

Atom Entry Document

atom:entry element

- Two types of atom documents
 - Atom Feed Document
 - \rightarrow represents an atom feed, its metadata and some or all entries associated with it.
 - Atom Entry Document
 - → represents exactly one entry, outside of context of atom feed

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Atom Syndication Format

Atom Feed Document Example

Atom Elements – Atom Feed

• Specification

- defined as XML information set, serialized as XML 1.0
- must be well-formed, no DTD/Schema \rightarrow no requirements to be valid.

• atom:feed element

- (*): zero or more occurencies repeating fields
- (?): zero or one occurence non-repeating fields
- (): exactly one occurence non-repeating fields

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Atom Elements – Atom Entry

- atom:entry element
 - (*): zero or more occurencies repeating fields
 - (?): zero or one occurence non-repeating fields
 - (): exactly one occurence non-repeating fields

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Pointers to other information

- URI identifier
 - unique identification of things
 - feed/entry id
 - author and
 contributor (person uri)
 - generator (uri)
 - category schema (uri), term (uri) example:
- Unambiguous identification of things using URIs

Example category schema URI: http://example.org/dogs

id: terrier

id: foxterrier

id: dog

id: hound

id: greyhound id: basset

- Helps interoperability, can take advantage of wikipedia concepts
 - → still not very common, will improve with linked data

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Atom Links

- Links to other Atom documents
 - Atom defines simple link structure
 - type defines content type
 - rel defines relation to this resource
 - → self, alternate, related, enclosure, via
 - \rightarrow standardized by IANA
- Adoption by RESTful services
 - Core for HATEOAS
 - Adopted in Link header, see Web Linking ₫
 - More details in Lecture 4 HATEOAS.

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Encoding Textual Content

• Plain text

- simple text, must not contain child elements

• HTML

- html text, must not contain child elements
- any markup must be escaped,
- should be possible to display it as HTML inside <div> element

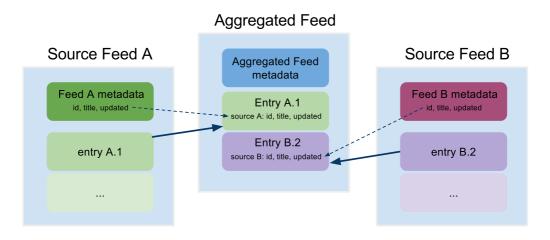
XHTML

- the value is a single xhtml <div> element, not part of the content

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Aggregation



- Atom feed may include entries from another atom feed
 - \rightarrow these entries do not originally belong to this feed
- source element should contain at least:
 - → required atom feed's metadata id, title and updated
- retains information about an entry's source feed

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Data and Time

• Notion of time

- Atom document is a snapshot of resource in some time
- − updated (feed, entry) − last update of the resource
- published (entry) initial creation of the first availability of the resource

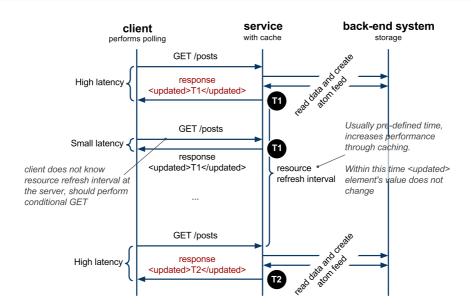
Data format

- Examples:
 - $T-time\ delimiter$
 - **Z** − *identifies UTC time (~GMT)*
 - (+|-)hh:mm defines local time and a shift in hours and minutes from the UTC time

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Polling



- updated is the last updated time of the resource at the server
- resource refresh interval is pre-defined by the serice

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Extensions

- Possible to combine various vocabularies
 - through namespaces xmlns attribute, extensions of link.rel attribute
- Example: GData (PicasaWeb, Docs, ...)
 - combines vocabularies such as Geo location

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 - Extensions

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AtomPub Protocol

- Standard protocol for manipulation of resources
 - Defines a service description by following constructs
 - \rightarrow service a set of workspaces
 - \rightarrow workspace a set of collections
 - \rightarrow collection a set of resources
 - Defines protocol for editing, that is: creating (POST), updating (PUT), reading (GET), deleting (DELETE)
- Relation to Atom Syndication Format
 - Atom Feed and Atom Entry as resource representations
- Basis for many, such as:
 - Google Data Protocol (GData)
 - Microsoft Open Protocol (OData)

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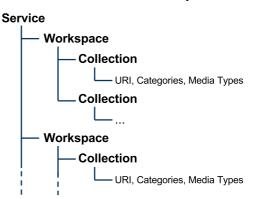
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AtomPub Elements

Types of Member Resources

Entry Resource Atom Entry representation application/atom+xml;type=entry Media Link Entry Entry resource may describe Media resource, in this case Media Link Entry points to this media resource.

AtomPub Service Description



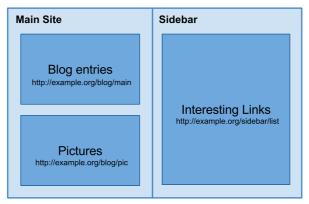
- Collection properties and definition of constraints
 - **− URI** − *id of the collection (Atom Feed)*
 - categories list of allowed categories in the collection
 - accept list of Internet media types allowed in the collection
 - URI points to an Atom Feed resource!

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Example Blogging Site Description

Conceptual structure of a blogging site



- Workspaces
 - Main Site, Sidebar
- Collections
 - Blog entries, pictures, interesting links

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Example Blogging Site Description

Protocol Operations

- Operations to manipulate resources
 - Retrieving a service document (is obvious, GET)
 - Listing collection members (filtering and projections)
 - Creating a resource (entry and media)
 - Editing a resource (is obvious, PUT and DELETE)

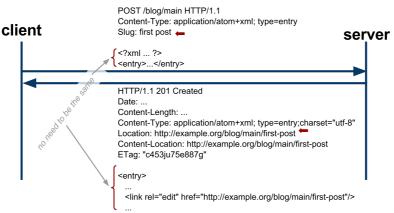
AtomPub does not define:

- Any manipulation with
 - → service documents, workspaces and collections
- How service documents are discovered
- AtomPub may be used w/o service descriptions
 - They're good for discovering constraints on the service
 - They're not a requirement
 - For example GData does not have them

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Creating Entry Resource

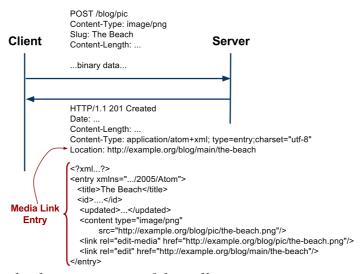


- Server checks constraints of the collection
- Server may modify member representation
 - → such as changes id, adds updated element
- if Content-Location is not equal to Location the request and response representation are not the same!
- ETag should be used for
 - \rightarrow conditional GET and PUT (see lecture 4 scalability)

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Creating Media Resource



- Server checks the constraints of the collection
 - → may return 415 Unsupported Media Type if not accapted
- Media Link Entry is an Entry resource that describes metadata about media resource (such as a picture)

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Listing Collection

- Must provide representation in Atom Feed
- Contains list of Atom Entry elements
 - must have link with attribute edit
 - must have edited, order of entries by this date
 - \rightarrow is not the same as Last-Modified header
- Entries in collection are not full representations
 - clients should retrieve them using GET on entry URI
- To limit amount of entries
 - links with semantics for navigation through the whole list

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Extensions

- OpenSearch
 - Specification: OpenSearch 🗗
 - Search service description and search results
- Google Data Protocol
 - Filtering, partial response and partial update
 - Entity tag attribute for <feed> and <entry> elements
 - HTTP methods overriding

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OpenSearch

- Open Search Specification
 - Open Search Description Document (OSDD)
 - \rightarrow description of a search service
 - OpenSearch Response Document
 - → Standard description of search results by search services
 - → extension of syndication formats, RSS and Atom

Adoption

- Browsers such as IE, Google Chrome search engines you can use to search various sites.
- APIs such as Bing API, Google Docs, etc. description of search results.

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OpenSearch Description Document

- Example:
 - searchTerms is a free text

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OpenSearch Response Document

- Example:
 - Result in Atom format of a search query

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GData Protocol: Advanced Search Query

- OpenSearch does not specify syntax for search query
 - It can be anything, free text
 - GData Protocol further allows for filtering and projection
- Filtering
 - Fine-grained conditions based on values of various elements
 - \rightarrow such as author, category, max-results, min and max of published and updated elements.
- Partial Response (~Projection)
 - Which elements of an entry should appear in the search result
 - A language based on XPath syntax (subset of a valid XPath expression)

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GData Protocol: Partial Update

PATCH HTTP Method

- IETF specification, see PATCH Method for HTTP ₫
- Add, modify or delete selected elements of an entry

Examples

- To delete a description element and add a new title element
- gd:fields uses partial response syntax

Rules

- Fields not already present are added
- Non-repeating fields already present are updated
- Repeating fields already present are appended

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GData Protocol: Entity Tags

• Resource Versioning

- Conditional GET and PUT (concurrencyl control)
 - \rightarrow See Lecture 4 scalability
- Etgas on atom and entry elements

Example

It is possible to do a conditional GET/PUT on the entry by using the ETag
 "CUUEQX47eCp7ImA9WxRVEkQ."

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GData Protocol: HTTP Methods Overriding

- Firewall restrictions
 - Some firewall configurations do not allow to send HTTP request other than GET and POST
- HTTP methods overriding through POST
- Example

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