# Web 2.0

## Lecture 1: Introduction to JavaScript

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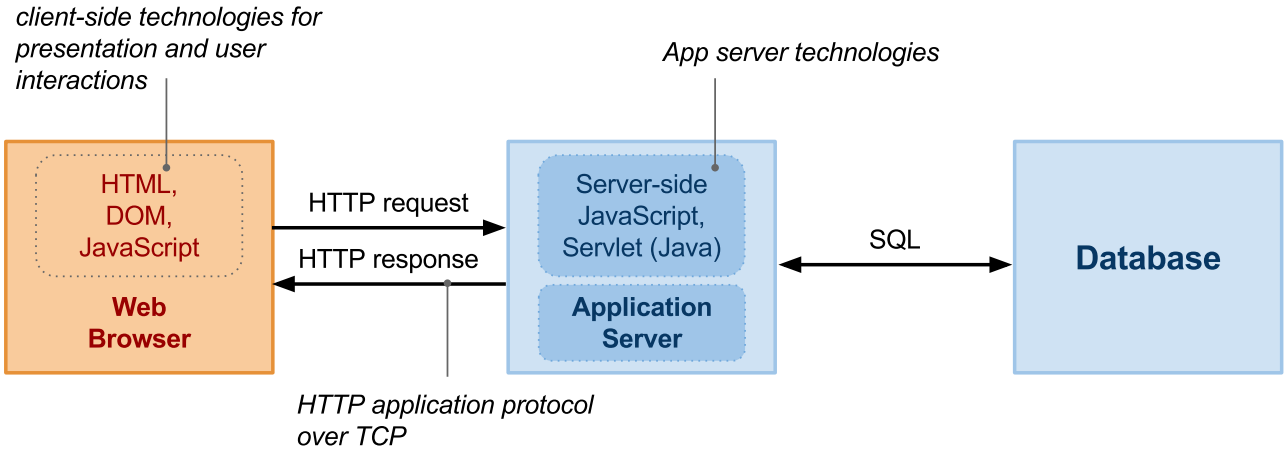
Evropský sociální fond
Praha & EU: Investujeme do vaší budoucnosti

Modified: Fri Mar 17 2017
Humla v0.3

# Web 2.0 Application Architecture

## Web Application




## Web 2.0 Application

# JavaScript

- Lightweight, interpreted, object-oriented language
- Standard
  - *All major browsers support ECMAScript 6 and 7*
- Major characteristics
  - *First-class functions*
    - → *functions as first-class citizens*
    - → *language supports: passing functions as arguments to ot functions, returning functions as values from other functi assigning functions to variables or storing them in data structures.*
  - *Anonymous functions*
    - → *declared without any named identifier to refer to it*
  - *Closures*



# Overview

- JavaScript Basics
- Server-side JavaScript

# Objects and Arrays

- Objects and Arrays

```
// objects - key/value pairs
var obj = { name: "Tomas", main-city : "Innsbruck", value : 3 };
obj.name = "Peter"; // assign the name property another value
obj["main-city"] = "Prague"; // another way to access object's values; it's not an a

// arrays
var a = ["Tomas", "Peter", "Alice"];
for (var i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
    // do something with a[i]

// combinations of arrays and objects
var obj_a = [
    { name: "Tomas", city: "Innsbruck" },
    { name : "Peter", city : "Prague" },
    { name : "Alice", cities : ["Prague", "Brno"] } ];

for (var i = 0; i < obj_a.length; i++)
    // do something with obj_a[i].name, ...
```

- Functions

```
// assign a function to a variable
var minus = function(a, b) {
    return a - b;
}

// call the function;
// now you can pass 'minus' as a parameter to another function
var r2 = minus(6, 4);
```



# Functions

- Function Callbacks
  - *You can use them to handle asynchronous events occurrences*

```
// function returns the result through a callback, not directly;
// this is not a non-blocking I/O, just demonstration of the callback
function add(a, b, callback) {
    callback(a + b);
}

// assign the callback to a variable
var print = function(result) {
    console.log(result);
};
```

```
11
12  // call the function with callback as a parameter
13  add(7, 8, print);
```

- Functions as values in object

```
1   var obj = {
2       data : [2, 3, "Tomas", "Alice", 4 ],
3
4       getIndexdOf : function(val) {
5           for (var i = 0; i < this.data.length; i++)
6               if (this.data[i] == val)
7                   return i;
8           return -1;
9       }
10  }
11
12  obj.getIndexOf(3); // will return 1
```

# Closures

- Closures
  - *A function value that references variables from outside its body*

```
function adder() {
        sum = 0;
        return function(x) {
                sum += x;
                return sum;
        }
}

var pos = adder();

console.log(pos(3)); // returns 3
console.log(pos(4)); // returns 7
console.log(pos(5)); // returns 12
```



# Overview

- JavaScript Basics
- Server-side JavaScript

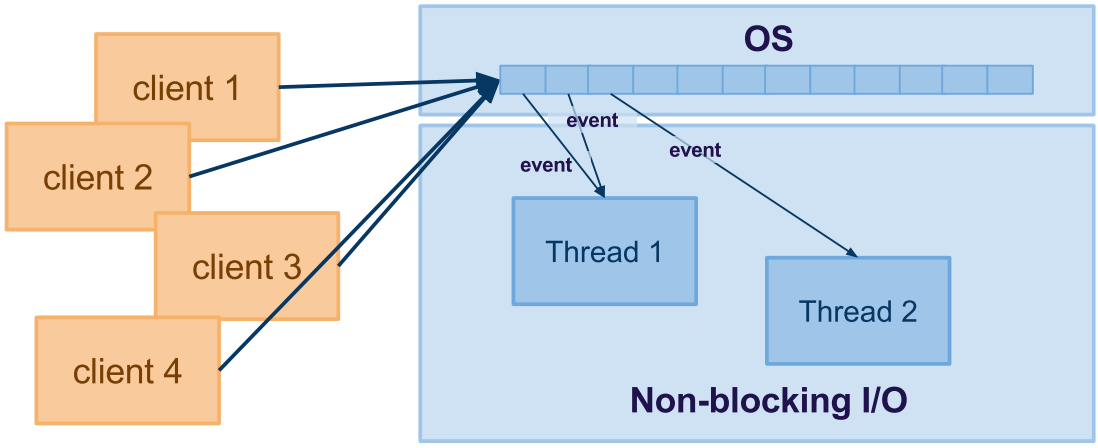
## Recall: Application Server

- Environment that runs an application logic
  - *Client communicates with AS via an application protocol*
  - *Client – Browser, application protocol – HTTP*
- Terminology
  - *Application Server × Web Server × HTTP Server*
    - → *AS is a modular environment; provides technology to re enterprise systems*
    - → *AS contains a Web server/HTTP server*
  - *We will deal with Web server only*
- Two major models to realize communication
  - *Blocking I/O (also called synchronous I/O)*
  - *Non-blocking I/O (also called asynchronous I/O)*
- A technology we will look at
  - *Node.js – runs server-side Javascript*



## Non-Blocking I/O Model

- Connections maintained by the OS, not the Web app
  - *The Web app registers events, OS triggers events when occu*




- Characteristics

# Node.js

- Node.js
  - *Web server technology, very efficient and fast!*
  - *Event-driven I/O framework, based on JavaScript V8 engine*
    *→ Any I/O is non-blocking (it is asynchronous)*
  - *One worker thread to process requests*
    *→ You do not need to deal with concurrency issues*
  - *More threads to realize I/O*
  - *Open sourced, @GitHub, many libraries*
  - *Future platform for Web 2.0 apps*
- Every I/O as an event
  - *reading and writing from/to files*
  - *reading and writing from/to sockets*

```
1  // pseudo code; ask for the last edited time of a file
2  stat( 'somefile', function( result ) {
3    // use the result here
4  } );
```



# HTTP Server in Node.js

- HTTP Server implementation
  - *server running at* `138.232.189.127`*, port* `8080`.

```
1  // http library
2  var http = require("http");
3
4  http.createServer(function(req, res) {
5      // check the value of host header
6      if (req.headers.host == "company.cz") {
7          res.writeHead(201, "Content-Type: text/plain");
8          res.end("This is the response...");
```

```
    } else ;
        // handle enterprise.com app logic...
}).listen('0.0.0.0', 8080);
```

– *Test it using Telnet*

```
telnet 138.232.189.127 8080
# ...lines omitted due to brevity
GET /orders HTTP/1.1
Host: company.cz

HTTP/1.1 201 OK
Content-Type: plain/text

This is the response...
```

# Google Apps Script

- Google Apps Script
  - *JavaScript cloud scripting language*
  - *easy ways to automate tasks across Google products and third party services*
- You can
  - *Automate repetitive processes and workflows*
  - *Link Google products with third party services*
  - *Create custom spreadsheet functions*
  - *Build rich graphical user interfaces and menus*

```
1  // create spreadsheet menu
2  function onOpen() {
3    var ss = SpreadsheetApp.getActiveSpreadsheet();
4    var menuEntries = [ {name: "Say Hi", functionName: "sayHi"},
5                        {name: "Say Hello", functionName: "sayHello"} ];
6    ss.addMenu("Tutorial", menuEntries);
7  }
8
9  function sayHi() {
10   Browser.msgBox("Hi");
11 }
12
13 function sayHello() {
14   Browser.msgBox("Hello");
15 }
```



# Rhino

- Rhino
  - *open-source implementation of JavaScript written entirely in Java*
  - *managed by the Mozilla Foundation*
    - → *also provides another implementation of JavaScript engine writte*
      *C named SpiderMonkey*
  - *typically embedded into Java applications to provide scripting to end*
  - *core language only and doesn't contain objects or methods for*

*manipulating HTML documents*

– *enabling development of webapps with JavaScript in containers like J*
*Tomcat, and Google AppEngine*

```
$ cat echo.js
for (i in arguments) {
  print(arguments[i])
}
$ java org.mozilla.javascript.tools.shell.Main echo.js foo bar
foo
bar
$
```