Web 2.0 Lecture 1: Introduction to JavaScript

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Web 2.0 Application Architecture Web Application client-side technologies for presentation and user App server technologies interactions HTML, Server-side HTTP request DOM, JavaScript JavaScript, Servlet (Java) SQL HTTP response **Database** Web Browse Application Server HTTP application protocol over TCP Web 2.0 Application HTTP HTML, DOM, JavaScript AJAX Server-side JavaScript, Servlet (Java) req/resp → SQL Database Application Server Web Asynchronous calls to server (XHR) Web Services (Web API) Dynamic creation and manipulation of HTML, dynamic JavaScript code Lecture 1: Introduction to JavaScript, CTU Summer Semester 2016/2017, @TomasVitvar

JavaScript

- Lightweight, interpreted, object-oriented language
- Standard
 - All major browsers support ECMAScript 6 and 7
- Major characteristics
 - First-class functions
 - → functions as first-class citizens
 - → language supports: passing functions as arguments to other functions, returning functions as values from other functions, assigning functions to variables or storing them in data structures.
 - Anonymous functions
 - → declared without any named identifier to refer to it
 - Closures

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- 3

Overview

- JavaScript Basics
- Server-side JavaScript

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- 4 -

Objects and Arrays

• Objects and Arrays

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- 5 -

Functions

• Function Callbacks

- You can use them to handle asynchronous events occurrences

```
// function returns the result through a callback, not directly;
// this is not a non-blocking I/O, just demonstration of the callback
function add(a, b, callback) {
    callback(a + b);
}

// assign the callback to a variable
var print = function(result) {
    console.log(result);
};

// call the function with callback as a parameter
add(7, 8, print);
```

Functions as values in object

```
var obj = {
    data : [2, 3, "Tomas", "Alice", 4 ],

getIndexdOf : function(val) {
    for (var i = 0; i < this.data.length; i++)
        if (this.data[i] == val)
        return :
        return -1;
    }
}

obj.getIndexOf(3); // will return 1</pre>
```

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- 6

Closures

Closures

-A function value that references variables from outside its body

```
function adder() {
    sum = 0;
    return function(x) {
        sum += x;
        return sum;
    }
}

var pos = adder();

console.log(pos(3)); // returns 3
console.log(pos(4)); // returns 7
console.log(pos(5)); // returns 12
```

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- 7

Overview

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- 8 -

Recall: Application Server

- Environment that runs an application logic
 - Client communicates with AS via an application protocol
 - Client Browser, application protocol HTTP
- Terminology
 - Application Server \times Web Server \times HTTP Server
 - → AS is a modular environment; provides technology to realize enterprise systems
 - → AS contains a Web server/HTTP server
 - We will deal with Web server only
- Two major models to realize communication
 - Blocking I/O (also called synchronous I/O)
 - Non-blocking I/O (also called asynchronous I/O)

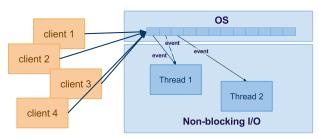
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- 9

Non-Blocking I/O Model

- Connections maintained by the OS, not the Web app
 - The Web app registers events, OS triggers events when occur



- Characteristics
 - Event examples: new connection, read, write, closed
 - The app may create working threads, but controls the number!
 - → much less number of working threads as opposed to blocking I/O

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- 10 -

Node.js

- Node.js
 - Web server technology, very efficient and fast!
 - Event-driven I/O framework, based on JavaScript V8 engine
 - → Any I/O is non-blocking (it is asynchronous)
 - One worker thread to process requests
 - → You do not need to deal with concurrency issues
 - More threads to realize I/O
 - Open sourced, @GitHub ₫, many libraries ₫
 - Future platform for Web 2.0 apps
- Every I/O as an event
 - reading and writing from/to files
 - reading and writing from/to sockets

```
// pseudo code; ask for the last edited time of a file
stat( 'somefile', function( result ) {
    // use the result here
} );
```

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- 11 -

HTTP Server in Node.js

- HTTP Server implementation
 - server running at 138.232.189.127, port 8080.

```
// http library
var http = require("http");

http.createServer(function(req, res) {
    // check the value of host header
    if (req.headers.host == "company.cz") {
        res.writeHead(201, "Content-Type: text/plain");
        res.end("This is the response...");
    } else;
    // handle enterprise.com app logic...
}.listen('0.0.0.0', 8080);
```

- Test it using Telnet

```
telnet 138.232.189.127 8080
# ...lines omitted due to brevity
GET /orders HTTP/1.1
Host: company.cz

HTTP/1.1 201 OK
Content-Type: plain/text

This is the response...
```

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- 12 -

Google Apps Script

- Google Apps Script
 - JavaScript cloud scripting language
 - easy ways to automate tasks across Google products and third party services
- You can
 - Automate repetitive processes and workflows
 - Link Google products with third party services
 - Create custom spreadsheet functions
 - Build rich graphical user interfaces and menus

```
// create spreadsheet menu
function onOpen() {
    var ss = SpreadsheetApp.getActiveSpreadsheet();
    var menuEntries = [ {name: "Say Hi", functionName: "sayHello"} },
    {name: "Say Hello", functionName: "sayHello"} };
    ss.addMenu("Tutorial", menuEntries);
}

function sayHi() {
    Browser.msgBox("Hi");
}

function sayHello() {
    Browser.msgBox("Hello");
}
```

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- 13 -

Rhino

Rhino

- open-source implementation of JavaScript written entirely in Java
- managed by the Mozilla Foundation
 - → also provides another implementation of JavaScript engine written in C named SpiderMonkey
- typically embedded into Java applications to provide scripting to end users
- core language only and doesn't contain objects or methods for manipulating HTML documents
- enabling development of webapps with JavaScript in containers like Jetty, Tomcat, and Google AppEngine

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- 14 -