



LMS Patient Acquisition Manual for GE Scanners

[Download PDF](#)

August, 2021

Copyright © 2020 Perspectum.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system or translated into any language or computer language, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, manual or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Perspectum. All logos or products mentioned in this manual are the registered trademarks or copyrights of Perspectum, and are used for informational purposes only.

Use and Limitation

This Manual is intended to be used as a reference guide for the acquisition of images using either a GE 1.5T or 3T MRI system with CardioMaps. Perspectum shall not be held liable for improper installation, operation, or maintenance of the system in circumstances where procedures and specifications set out in this Manual have not been followed correctly. It is essential therefore, that you follow the specifications, procedures, and recommendations outlined in this Manual.

Disclaimer

Except as required by law, Perspectum makes no representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, with respect to the contents hereof. Every effort has been made to ensure the reliability and accuracy of the information contained in this Manual at the time of going to print. However, specifications and procedures are subject to change due to our constant endeavours to meet customer requirements, and to maintain a research and development process of continuous improvement for all Perspectum products. Consequently, Perspectum reserves the right to make changes to the Manual at any time and without notice. You should always check with Perspectum first to make sure that the version of the Manual you are referring to is the latest version. Unauthorised use means that the user assumes all liability for its use. To the maximum extent permitted by law, in no event shall Perspectum be liable for damages or for, without limitation, loss of profits, business, revenue, loss of use, time, data, reputation, opportunity, goodwill, or savings, inconvenience, incidental, indirect or consequential damages, or damages arising from the use or failure to use the Manual strictly as prescribed herein.

Table of Contents

| | |
|--|----|
| 1. Glossary | 1 |
| 2. Introduction | 3 |
| 2.1. Scope | 3 |
| 2.2. Continuing Education | 3 |
| 2.3. Compatibility and Requirements | 3 |
| 2.3.1. T_2^* and Proton Density Fat Fraction Mapping Requirement | 3 |
| 2.3.2. T1 Mapping Requirement | 3 |
| 3. Preparation | 4 |
| 3.1. Patient Registration | 4 |
| 3.2. Breath-hold Instructions | 4 |
| 3.3. Patient preparation | 5 |
| 3.4. Cardiac Trace Input | 5 |
| 3.4.1. Cardiac Trace Simulator | 5 |
| 3.4.2. Cardiac Gating | 7 |
| 3.4.3. Cardiac Trace Simulator | 7 |
| 3.4.4. Cardiac Gating | 9 |
| 4. Acquisition | 10 |
| 4.1. Localization Protocols | 10 |
| 4.1.1. Three-plane Localizer | 10 |
| 4.1.2. Additional Localizers (optional) | 11 |
| 4.2. Liver LMS Imaging Location | 11 |
| 4.2.1. Base Slice Positioning | 11 |
| 4.2.2. Shimming | 12 |
| 4.3. Liver LMS IDEAL | 12 |
| 4.4. Liver LMS MOST | 13 |
| 4.5. Liver LMS T2STAR DIXON | 13 |
| 4.6. Liver LMS MOLLI | 13 |
| 5. Data export | 14 |
| 5.1. Saving <i>DICOM</i> Images for Transfer | 14 |
| 6. Acquisition Checklist | 16 |
| 7. Issue Control | 18 |
| 8. Approvals | 19 |

This page is intentionally left blank.

1. Glossary

| Term | Description |
|-------|---|
| A-P | Anterior-Posterior |
| ARRT | The American Registry of Radiologic Technologists |
| B0 | Main magnetic field |
| CE | Continuing Education |
| DICOM | Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine |
| DOB | Date Of Birth |
| ECG | ElectroCardioGram |
| F-H | Feet-Head |
| FFE | Fast Field Echo |
| GRE | Gradient Recalled Echo |
| IDEAL | Iterative Decomposition of water and fat with Echo Asymmetry and Least-squares estimation |
| ID | Identifier |
| LMS | LiverMultiScan |
| LSN | Liver Surface Nodularity |
| MOLLI | Modified Look Locker Inversion Recovery |
| MOST | Magnitude Only thin-Slice T2* |
| MRE | Magnetic Resonance Elastography |
| MRI | Magnetic Resonance Imaging |
| MR | Magnetic Resonance |
| NOLLI | Non-MOLLI T1 Mapping |
| PACS | Picture Archiving and Communication System |
| PG | Peripheral Gating |
| PII | Personally identifiable Information |
| PPU | Peripheral Pulse Unit |
| R-L | Right-Left |
| RF | Radio Frequency |
| RIS | Radiology Information System |
| S-I | Superior-Inferior |
| SAR | Specific Absorption Rate |
| SNR | Signal-to-Noise Ratio |
| SSFP | Steady State Free Precession |
| WIP | Work In Progress |

| Term | Description |
|---------|----------------------------|
| dB/dt | Time varying gradient |
| tantanh | tangent hyperbolic tangent |

2. Introduction

2.1. Scope

This manual is intended to describe the correct procedure to perform the Perspectum set up protocol to an *MR* operator on GE scanners. Please use this document as a reference guide when performing the protocol acquisitions. The manual is divided in three main sections: Preparation, Acquisition and Data Export.

2.2. Continuing Education

In some territories, such as the USA, this training is eligible for continuing education (*CE*) credit. The *CE* is sponsored by Perspectum and will be presented by a member of the Imaging Applications team. The presenter's name, date, and attendees will be written on the Imaging Staff Training Checklist at the time of training; this form will be kept in Perspectum's records of site training activities and an electronic copy will also be sent to the site. In order to qualify for *CE*, the document, Multiparametric Liver MRI Applications Training – MRA1157, should also be provided along with the training. This document includes post-activity evaluations that must be completed to award credit.

2.3. Compatibility and Requirements

All sequences described in this manual require scanner hardware and software to be compliant with all manufacturer's specifications, especially gradient performance, eddy current compensation, and magnetic field (*B0*) homogeneity and stability. The protocols cannot be utilized on scanners outside of the manufacturer's service specifications and calibration schedules. Do not use phased-array coils with failed elements or without *SNR* checks passed.

2.3.1. T_2^* and Proton Density Fat Fraction Mapping Requirement

The system should also have the Multi-Echo Fast Gradient-Echo package available. This package is offered as a product on most GE scanners without the need of additional license.

2.3.2. T1 Mapping Requirement

T1 mapping protocols require the manufacturer's clinically approved software product CardioMaps.

3. Preparation

3.1. Patient Registration



CAUTION

Ensure the subject is registered to a new *MR* study.

The minimum required information for registering the patient is as follows:

- Patient *ID*: <Use agreed Subject ID Naming Scheme>
- Patient Name: <Use Agreed Subject Naming Scheme>
- Date of birth (*DOB*): <Use agreed *DOB* Scheme>
- Operator: Enter Your Initials
- The patient's height (when available), weight and sex

Subject Naming Scheme: If this scan is being performed for a research study or clinical trial, ensure no personally identifiable information (*PII*) has been entered. The study will have provided a Patient ID unique to each subject.

If local rules prohibit scanning without a real name, or if registration is populated from a *RIS*, after scanning please remove the *PII* from the *DICOM* files to send to Perspectum. The [Data Export](#) section and the Patient De-Identification Manual will give instructions.

If this scan is being performed as part of a clinical scan to aid diagnosis, *PII* may be acceptable in the patient registration.

Date of Birth (*DOB*) Scheme: If *PII* is allowed, the patient's date of birth *DOB* may be used. Otherwise, **please use 01-Jan, and the correct YEAR of birth.**

Please note that the MRI technician/radiographer who performs patient acquisition must have undergone training by either:

- (a) Authorised Perspectum Imaging Applications specialists
- (b) Previously trained site personnel authorised to perform internal training

A record of such internal training must be provided to Perspectum with the appropriate Imaging Staff Training Checklist.

3.2. Breath-hold Instructions

Breath-holding should be explained and practised when required because variations in the depth of a subject's breathing can markedly alter the image quality and the consistency of the abdomen position between acquisitions. End-expiration breath-hold is chosen because breathing out is a more repeatable process. This should be explained to the patient: 'The scans are better if you hold your breath after

breathing out comfortably.' The following instructions should be given to the patient ahead of each scan:

- Breathe in.
- Breathe out.
- Stop and hold your breath there.
- Breathe away or Resume breathing (after data has been acquired).

3.3. Patient preparation

LMS requires end-expiration breath-hold and requires phased-array receiver coils.

LMS requires cardiac gating, end-expiration breath-hold and phased-array receiver coils.

Please prepare the patient following these steps:

1. Explain and demonstrate the breath-hold instructions as above.
2. Position the patient in the supine position.
3. Set up cardiac trace input (gating or simulator) and check the signal has clear R-wave triggering.
4. Select the correct trigger source in the Gating Window.
5. Patient arms can be positioned at the sides, though above the head is acceptable if subject does not easily fit into bore.
6. Use the spine array and the torso/body phased-array coil.
7. Scanner laser should be landmarked on the xiphisternum of the patient.

3.4. Cardiac Trace Input

Some pulse sequences require cardiac triggering/gating. This input can be from either the patient or a cardiac trace simulator. Both methods are outlined below.

3.4.1. Cardiac Trace Simulator

Note that the *ECG* simulator only runs if the system has SimulatePac.

If a 60bpm trace cannot be set as shown at the following instructions, please use the standard cardiac gating (ECG or PG leads) to obtain cardiac trace input.

Method 1:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `mgd_termc` and **Enter**.
If nothing happens, please go to the **Method 3, point 2**.
3. Two new windows/terminals will appear. In the SCP windows/terminal, press **Enter** (a sign "->" will appear).
If it pops up just 1 window called ICE terminal, please go to the **Method 2, point 3**.
4. In the SCP window/terminal type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**.
5. In the AGP window/terminal, type `sendPPGBPMUpdate 60`. (in the case of selecting the "VCG gating")
If you select the "PG gating", the command will be `sendPPGBPMUpdate 60`. If it gives an error, unluckily it's not possible to select 60bpm.

**TIP**

If only one window/terminal pops up, please go to **Method 2, point 4**.

Method 2:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `mgd_termc` and press **Enter**.
3. A new window/terminal called "ICE Terminal" will appear. In this window/terminal, press **Enter**
4. Type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**
5. Return to the xterm and type `rlogin agp` and press **Enter**.
6. Type `agp` and press **Enter**.
7. Type the password: `agpservice` and press **Enter** (the password may not be visualized while typing).
8. Type `updateECGBPM 60` and press **Enter**.

Method 3:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `rlogin scp` and press **Enter**.
3. As login, type `scp` and press **Enter**.
4. As password, type `scpservice` and press **Enter** (letters may not be visualised while typing).
5. Type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**.
6. Type `exit` and return to the xterm and type `rlogin agp` and press **Enter**.
7. As login, type `agp` and press **Enter**. As password, type `agpservice` and press **Enter** (letters may not be visualised while typing).
8. Type `updateECGBPM 60` and press **Enter** (in the case of selecting the "VCG gating")
If you select the PG gating, the command will be `updatePPGBPM 60`.

If 60bpm cannot be selected, please use standard cardiac gating (*PG* or ECG leads) to obtain cardiac trace input. Once the simulator required scan is completed, the ECG simulator can be turned off by "TPS Reset".

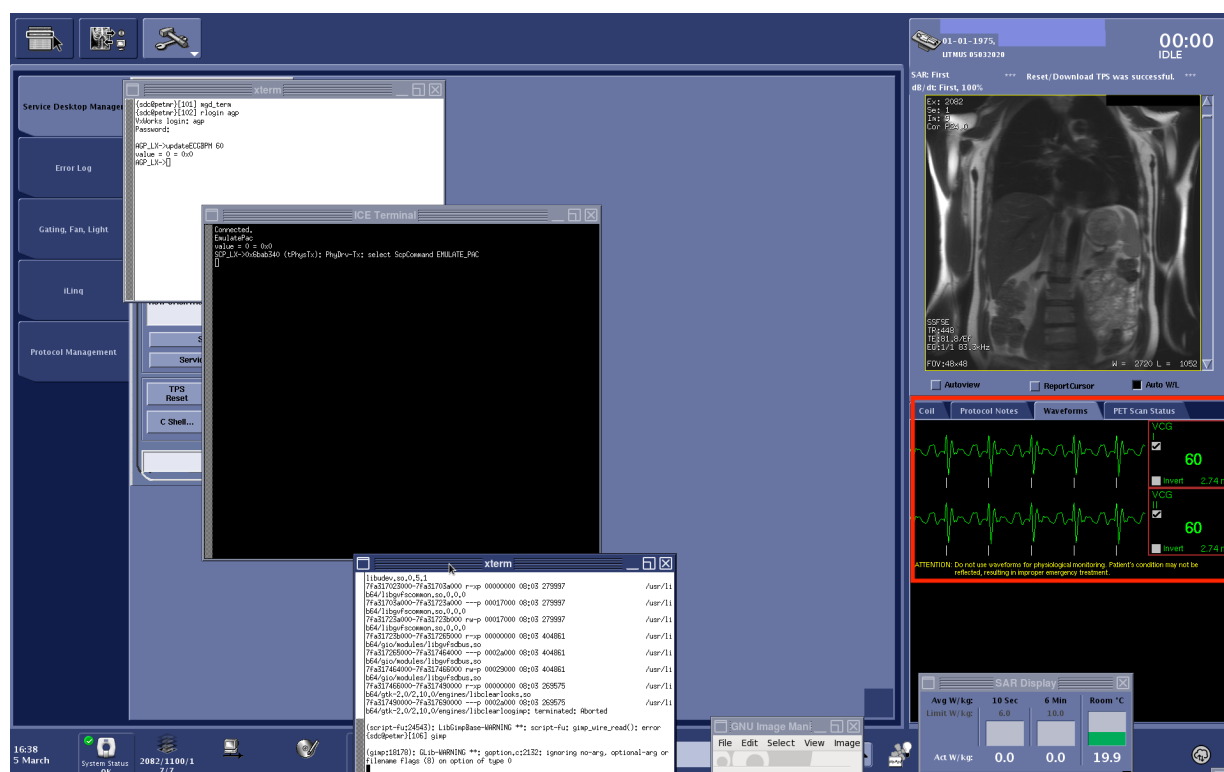


Figure 1. The simulated heartbeat is highlighted with a red box.

3.4.2. Cardiac Gating

1. Use *ECG* or pulse oximeter to set up the patient's cardiac gating.
2. select the correct trigger source in the gating window (physiology monitoring window) and confirm the signal has clear R-wave.

If a pulse oximeter is used, please ensure *PG* trigger is selected in the trigger window (see [Figure 2](#) (page 7)) for LMS sequences.

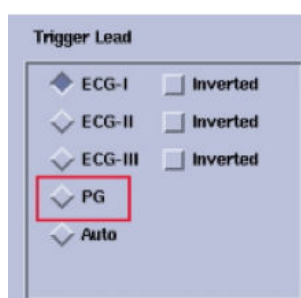


Figure 2. Trigger window, “PG” is preferable to ECG leads for LMS studies if not using cardiac trace simulator.

3.4.3. Cardiac Trace Simulator

Note that the *ECG* simulator only runs if the system has SimulatePac.

If a 60bpm trace cannot be set as shown at the following instructions, please use the standard cardiac gating (ECG or PG leads) to obtain cardiac trace input.

Method 1:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `mgd_termc` and **Enter**.
If nothing happens, please go to the **Method 3, point 2**.
3. Two new windows/terminals will appear. In the SCP windows/terminal, press **Enter** (a sign "->" will appear).
If it pops up just 1 window called ICE terminal, please go to the **Method 2, point 3**.
4. In the SCP window/terminal type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**.
5. In the AGP window/terminal, type `sendPPGBPMUpdate 60`. (in the case of selecting the "VCG gating")
If you select the "PG gating", the command will be `sendPPGBPMUpdate 60`. If it gives an error, unluckily it's not possible to select 60bpm.



TIP

If only one window/terminal pops up, please go to **Method 2, point 4**.

Method 2:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `mgd_termc` and press **Enter**.
3. A new window/terminal called "ICE Terminal" will appear. In this window/terminal, press **Enter**
4. Type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**
5. Return to the xterm and type `rlogin agp` and press **Enter**.
6. Type `agp` and press **Enter**.
7. Type the password: `agpservice` and press **Enter** (the password may not be visualized while typing).
8. Type `updateECGBPM 60` and press **Enter**.

Method 3:

1. Go to "Service Desktop Manager" and click on "C-shell".
2. In the "xterm" box type `rlogin scp` and press **Enter**.
3. As login, type `scp` and press **Enter**.
4. As password, type `scpservice` and press **Enter** (letters may not be visualised while typing).
5. Type `EmulatePac` and press **Enter**.
6. Type `exit` and return to the xterm and type `rlogin agp` and press **Enter**.
7. As login, type `agp` and press **Enter**. As password, type `agpservice` and press **Enter** (letters may not be visualised while typing).
8. Type `updateECGBPM 60` and press **Enter** (in the case of selecting the "VCG gating")
If you select the PG gating, the command will be `updatePPGBPM 60`.

If 60bpm cannot be selected, please use standard cardiac gating (PG or ECG leads) to obtain cardiac trace input. Once the simulator required scan is completed, the ECG simulator can be turned off by "TPS Reset".

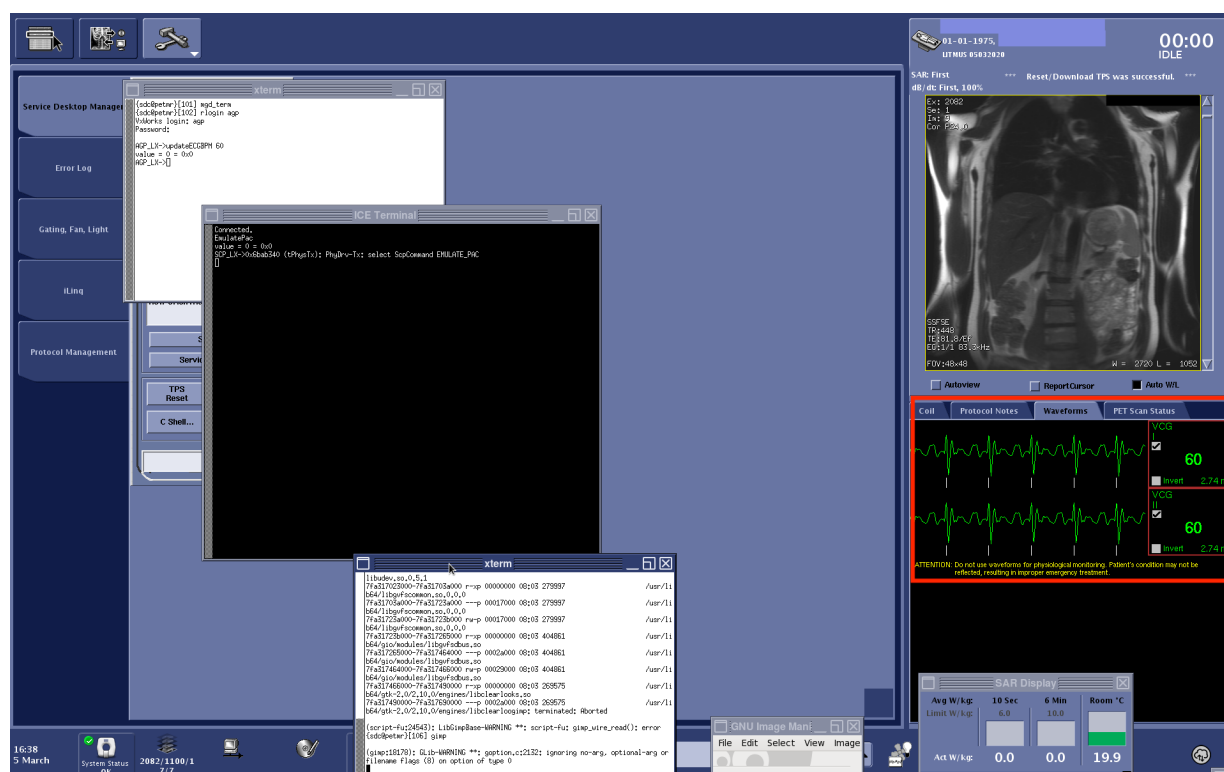


Figure 3. The simulated heartbeat is highlighted with a red box.

3.4.4. Cardiac Gating

1. Use ECG or pulse oximeter to set up the patient's cardiac gating.
2. select the correct trigger source in the gating window (physiology monitoring window) and confirm the signal has clear R-wave.

If a pulse oximeter is used, please ensure PG trigger is selected in the trigger window (see [Figure 4](#) (page 9)) for LMS sequences.

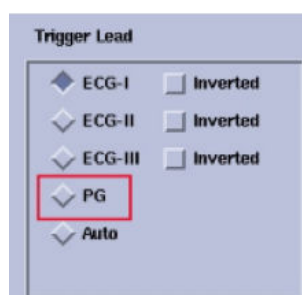


Figure 4. Trigger window, "PG" is preferable to ECG leads for LMS studies if not using cardiac trace simulator.

4. Acquisition

Please note that:

1. All protocols must be acquired before any contrast agent injection. Note that contrast agents are not necessary for any of the acquisitions.
2. All scans are performed during end-expiration breath-hold, including the Localizer scan.



CAUTION

All protocols must be run in first level *SAR* and *dB/dt* mode. Running *LMS MOLLI* in normal mode will change the timing parameters and will result in unusable data.



CAUTION

Protocol parameters should not be changed. Any changes not specifically covered in these instructions risk corrupting the resultant parameters and cause data rejection by Perspectum Ltd.



IMPORTANT

On GE scanners, the *TE/TR* autoset values (Min or Min Full) may get changed unintentionally due to coil selection changes. Please take note of the default autoset values before changing coil selection and make sure to change it back to the default autoset values as necessary.



CAUTION

Please do NOT inject any contrast agent prior to the acquisition of *LMS* protocol. This might result in erroneous parameter quantification.

4.1. Localization Protocols

4.1.1. Three-plane Localizer

A three-plane Localizer should be run at end-expiration breath-hold to produce at least one sagittal, one coronal and one transversal view of the abdomen.

**CAUTION**

Check that the phased-array coil is positioned to give good *SNR* over the entire liver. Reposition the coil on the patient if necessary. Low image *SNR* adversely impacts the quality of the resulting parameter estimates.

4.1.2. Additional Localizers (optional)

Additional localizers may be run to acquire axial/transversal slices to find the right view for subsequent *LMS* slice positioning.

4.2. Liver LMS Imaging Location**4.2.1. Base Slice Positioning**

This slice location will be used as the centre for the majority of the sequences. Hence it is imperative to position correctly. The base slice should be positioned such that it intersects the porta hepatis, and it should display the liver, spleen, and may also contain the stomach.

If the lungs are visible in the transverse slice, please shift the image lower on the patient's abdomen as the lungs will cause susceptibility artefacts. Please refer to the localizer images in [Figure 5 \(page 11\)](#) for positioning of the transverse slice.

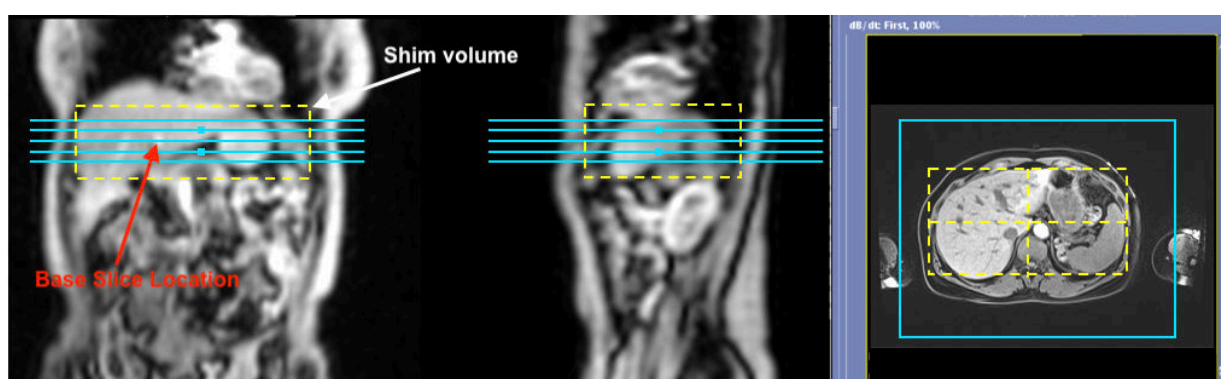


Figure 5. Three-plane Localizer view of the abdomen in coronal, sagittal, and transversal (axial) plane. The base slice location for LMS protocol is indicated in blue and the shim volume in yellow.

4.2.2. Shimming

The shim volume should be centred as shown in [Figure 5 \(page 11\)](#) . The *F-H* direction should cover the entire stack of slices and should be remained as in the protocol. In the *R-L* and *A-P* directions, the shim volume can be adapted until the liver is fully covered, excluding as much air as possible. Please also exclude the subcutaneous fat in obese patients.



CAUTION

Shim adjustments other than those described in this manual may corrupt the parameter mapping.



CAUTION

Susceptibility Artefacts

Magnetic susceptibility artefacts appear due to: poor shim, proximity to the lungs, bowel gas or metallic implants. Susceptibility artefacts in the liver will preclude accurate parameter estimation in the areas affected as shown in [Figure 6 \(page 12\)](#).

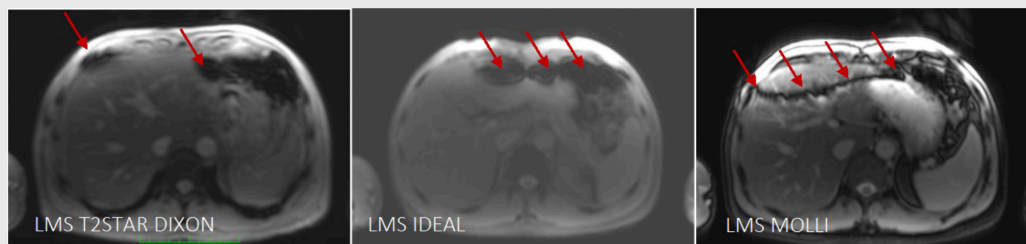


Figure 6. Susceptibility artefacts will appear as dark, distorted areas, in LMS MOLLI it also can appear as a banding artefact.

To mitigate susceptibility artefacts:

1. Ensure the centre of the multi-slice is at isocentre and make sure the shim volume is positioned as shown in [Figure 5 \(page 11\)](#).

2. Force a re-shim by :

Details tab > Shim > change to “On” from “Auto” > Run the sequence

3. Re-acquire the data.

4.3. Liver LMS IDEAL

This is a 5-slice multi-echo sequence performed at end-expiration breath-hold. The breath-hold lasts approximately 9 seconds. This sequence will be used to generate a PDFF map of the liver.

1. Prescribe the slice stack so that the 3rd slice (middle slice) intersects the porta hepatis.
2. The shim volume should be centered as the slice stack and the R-L and A-P directions can be adapted to ensure the entire abdomen is included in the transverse view and the liver and the spleen are completely covered as shown in [Figure 5 \(page 11\)](#) .
3. The (F>>H) shim volume thickness should be manually adjusted to '90mm'.

4.4. Liver LMS MOST

This is a multi-slice multi-echo gradient-echo sequence performed at end-expiration breath-hold. The breath-hold lasts approximately 11 seconds. This sequence will be used to generate a T2* map of the liver.

1. Link the centre of the slice and the shim volume to the LMS *IDEAL* series selecting only "scan coverage" (unticking all other boxes below it) and "shim volume" marked as ticked.
2. Change the shim box's *F-H* direction to 6cm. If the number of slices change please go back to 7 slices (1.5 T) or 12 slices (3 T). The *F-H* direction should cover the entire stack of slices and should be left as set in the protocol.
3. In the *R-L* and *A-P* directions, the shim volume can be adapted until the liver is fully covered. Please exclude the subcutaneous fat in obese patients.

4.5. Liver LMS T2STAR DIXON

This is a single-slice multi-echo gradient-echo sequence performed at end-expiration breath-hold. The breath-hold lasts approximately 10 seconds. This sequence will be used to generate a T2* map of the liver.

1. Link the centre of the slice and the shim volume to the LMS *MOST* series selecting only "scan coverage" (unticking all other boxes below it) and "shim volume" marked as ticked.
2. If the number of slices change please go back to 1 slice.
3. The shim in the *F-H* direction should cover the entire slice thickness and should be left as set in the protocol. In the *R-L* and *A-P* directions, the shim volume can be adapted until the liver is fully covered. Please exclude the subcutaneous fat in obese patients.

4.6. Liver LMS MOLLI

This is a multi-slice, multi-breath-hold, cardiac-gated acquisition performed at end-expiration breath-hold. This scan acquires 5 transverse slices, one slice per breath-hold. Each breath-hold lasts approximately 9-12 seconds. This sequence will be used to generate a T1 map of the liver.

After each slice has been acquired the operator will be prompted to give breathing instruction for the next slice. During the scan, it is imperative to monitor the physiological recording trace to check **no heartbeats are missed** by the system's triggering algorithm.

1. Link the centre of the slice and the shim volume to the *IDEAL* series selecting only "scan coverage" and "shim volume" (unticking all other boxes), ensure the number of slices is 5.
2. The slice stack and shim volume should be positioned as shown in [Figure 5 \(page 11\)](#) .

5. Data export

If the patient registration contains personally identifiable information (*PII*), please refer to the Patient de-Identification Manual for help removing the PII but preserving the private DICOM tags necessary for describing the image acquisition.

Private DICOM tags are special tags added by the manufacturer to describe the MRI sequence. They do NOT refer to private information, nor PII. Many DICOM anonymization tools have an option to remove all Private Tags. Do not remove Private Tags when exporting data.



CAUTION

Private DICOM tags must be preserved in any data export. Private DICOM tags are not PII tags. PII must be removed if this scan is for research purposes.

These instructions cover exporting data from the scanner for transfer. If your site is unable to export from the scanner directly and transfers data via a *PACS* system please use the PACS export to save the DICOM images.

5.1. Saving *DICOM* Images for Transfer

To export data from the GE MRI Scanner directly, save the data from the Image browser to a location where it can be uploaded to Perspectum portal.

Exporting data to a CD, DVD, USB or external hard drive:

Please export the data with the following steps:

1. Select CD/DVD/USB from the Data Apps.
2. Select the media to be used from the drop down.
3. Click on the export button.

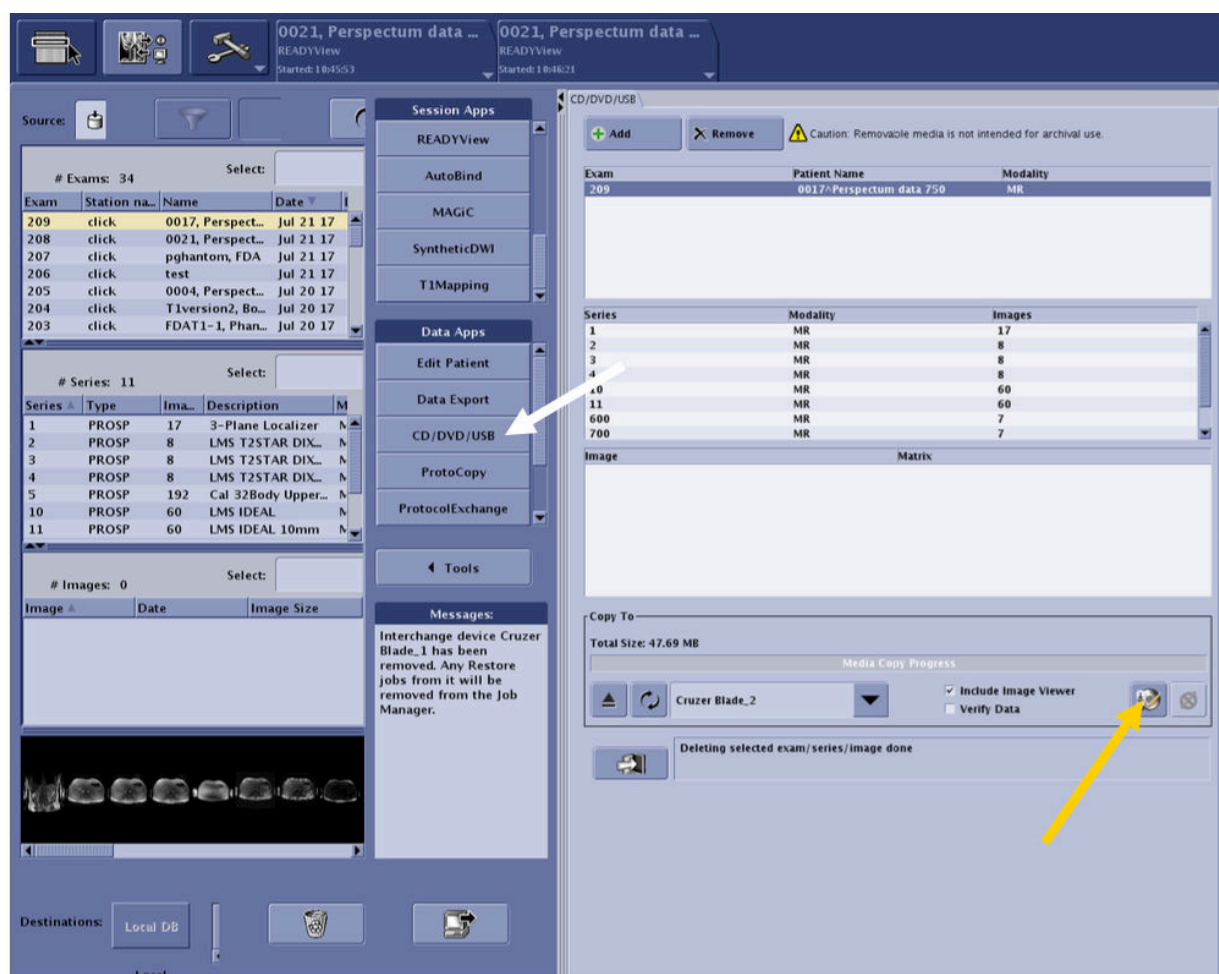


Figure 7. Exporting data. Select the data to be sent to Perspectum in the browser, then press the CD/DVD/USB button (white arrow). Press the copy button (yellow arrow) to start copying to the selected media. Please do not include the image viewer.

It is preferable to compress the folder of exported DICOMs and submit the single compressed file to the Portal.

- **On a Windows:** right click on the folder in Windows Explorer and select <Send To> and <Compress (zipped) folder>. If the folder resides on a CD or DVD, you will need to copy the folder to a location that can be saved to.
- **On a Mac:** hold Ctrl and click on the folder, then select <Compress>.

Upload the compressed file to the Portal.

For additional instruction on using the Portal, please see the QAS Portal Customer Instruction - PDM077 on the Portal website.

6. Acquisition Checklist

| Step | Task |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Patient information | <input type="checkbox"/> Patient name: Use agreed patient naming scheme <input type="checkbox"/> Registration ID: Use agreed patient ID naming scheme <input type="checkbox"/> Date of birth: Use agreed scheme <input type="checkbox"/> Correct sex, height, weight and exam date <input type="checkbox"/> Operator: Input the initials of the operator performing the examination. <input type="checkbox"/> Patient Position: Select the appropriate position. <input type="checkbox"/> Leave the rest of the fields empty. |
| Localiser (one breath-hold) | <input type="checkbox"/> Run localiser on expiration |
| LMS IDEAL (one breath-hold) | <input type="checkbox"/> Place the slice stack (5 slices) so that the middle slice (third slice) will intersect the porta hepatis. <input type="checkbox"/> Position the shim volume centred on the slice stack. <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the shim volume only in R-L and A-P directions to the patient's dimensions so all of the abdomen is included in the transverse view. <input type="checkbox"/> Scan the sequence at end of expiration. <input type="checkbox"/> Check image quality, if there is motion artefacts please re-acquire the sequence. |
| LMS MOST (one breath-hold) | <input type="checkbox"/> Position the multi with the same centre of LMS IDEAL, intersecting the porta hepatis. <input type="checkbox"/> Position the shim volume centred on the slice stack; shim volume is thicker than the slice stack. <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the shim volume only in R-L and A-P direction to the patient's dimensions so all of the abdomen is included in the transverse view. <input type="checkbox"/> Scan the sequence at end of expiration. <input type="checkbox"/> Check image quality, if there is motion artefacts please re-acquire the sequence. |
| LMS T2STAR DIXON (one breath-hold) | <input type="checkbox"/> Position the slice with with the same centre of LMS MOST, intersecting the porta hepatis. <input type="checkbox"/> Position the shim volume centred on the slice. shim volume is thicker than the slice thickness. <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the shim volume only in R-L and A-P direction on the patient's dimensions so all of the abdomen is included in the transverse view. <input type="checkbox"/> Scan the sequence at end of expiration. <input type="checkbox"/> Check image quality, if there is motion artefacts please re-acquire the sequence. |

| Step | Task |
|----------------------------|---|
| LMS MOLLI (5 breath-holds) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> Position the slice stack with the same centre of LMS IDEAL.<input type="checkbox"/> Make sure the shim volume is centred on the slice stack and adjust the shim volume only in R-L and A-P direction so all of the abdomen is included in the transverse view. Exclude subcutaneous fat as much as possible.<input type="checkbox"/> Check image quality for each slice; are there artefacts? If so, please re-acquire the sequence. |

7. Issue Control

| Issue | Details | Date | Initial |
|-------|---|------------|---------|
| 4.0 | Conversion to Paligo; Sign-off | April 2019 | FSN |
| 5.0 | Updated the acquisition sequences and added cardiac trace simulator | July 2020 | FSN |

8. Approvals

Head of Imaging Solutions

Dr. Alex Smith

Head of Imaging Applications

Andrea Borghetto

This page is intentionally left blank.