

Numerical Study of the Current-Voltage Characteristics of Mesoscopic Superconductors

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Superconductivity



The phenomenon

- Zero electrical resistance
- Magnetic field screening (Meissner effect)

${\sf Superconductivity}$

Applications



- Qubit
- Single-photon detector
- SQUID
- MRI
- Maglev

Ginzburg-Landau theory



 $\Psi-$ order parameter, a complex-valued function. Wavefunction of charge carriers (Cooper pairs).

 $\Psi=0$ — normal (non-superconducting) state

 $\Psi \neq 0 - \text{superconducting state}$

Ginzburg-Landau theory GL equations. General form



$$-\frac{\mathcal{K}}{D}\left(\partial_{t}+i\frac{2e}{\hbar}\varphi\right)\Psi=a(1-T/T_{c})\Psi+b|\Psi|^{2}\Psi-\mathcal{K}\vec{D}^{2}\Psi$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{c}\left(\vec{\nabla}\varphi+\frac{1}{c}\partial_{t}\vec{A}\right)=i\mathcal{K}\frac{2e}{\hbar c}\left(\Psi\vec{D}^{*}\Psi^{*}-\Psi^{*}\vec{D}\Psi\right)-\frac{1}{4\pi}\vec{\nabla}\times\vec{\nabla}\times\vec{A}$$

My work The idea



- GL equations
- Skew coordinates

My work Overview of the work



- Write GL equations in skew coordinates
- Discretize the equations
- Run simulation
- Discuss results

My work

Assumptions and simplifications



- Gauge invariance
- Thin film limit
- Dimensionless units

$$\partial_t \Psi = \kappa \left(\vec{\nabla} - i \vec{A} \right)^2 \Psi + \left(1 - |\Psi|^2 \right) \Psi$$





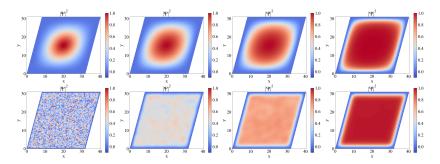


Figure: Plots of $|\Psi|^2$, for $\phi=\pi/12$. The snapshots in each row are taken at times $t=0,\,5,\,10,\,25$, respectively.



Non-zero magnetic field, zero current

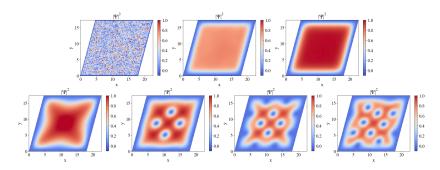


Figure: Plots of $|\Psi|^2$, for $\phi=\pi/12$. The snapshots in each row are taken at times $t=0,\ 10,\ 20$ at the first row and $t=200,\ 300,\ 400,\ 500$ at the second row.



Non-zero magnetic field, moderate current

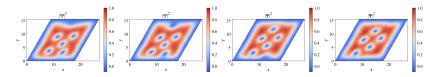


Figure: Plots of $|\Psi|^2$, for $\phi = \pi/6$. The snapshots are taken at times t = 2300, 2500, 2700, 2900.



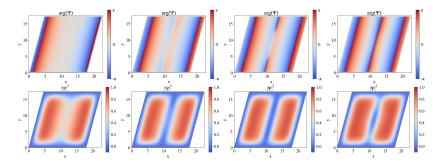


Figure: Plots of phase of Ψ (first row), $|\Psi|^2$ (second row). The snapshots in each row are taken at times t=680, 780, 800, 820, respectively.

Technical details



Gauge invariance

In the work Weyl gauge is used. Scalar potential of electric field is zero.

$$\varphi=\mathbf{0}$$

Technical details

R

Thin film limit

Ginzbug-Landau parameter is different compared to bulk superconductor

$$\kappa = \frac{\lambda^2}{d\xi}$$

Technical details

Dimensionless units



Order Parameter
$$\Psi_0=\sqrt{rac{|a|(1-T/T_c)}{b}}$$
 Distances $\xi(T)=\sqrt{rac{\mathcal{K}}{|a|(1-T/T_c)}}$ Time $t_0=rac{\xi^2}{D}$

time
$$t_0 = \frac{1}{D}$$

Vector Potential
$$A_0 = \frac{\Phi_0}{2\pi\xi}$$

Scalar potential
$$A_0$$

Current
$$\frac{A_0}{c\sigma_n t}$$

Technical details Link variables



To preserve gauge auxiliary variables are used

$$\mathcal{W}^{x}(x',y') = \exp\left[-i\int_{0}^{x'}A_{x'}(X,y')dX\right]$$
 $\mathcal{W}^{y}(x',y') = \exp\left[-i\int_{0}^{y'}A_{y'}(x',Y)dY\right]$