Practical 2 Exercises:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

Question 1

1. Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
In [2]: # Q1
q1 = np.arange(9).reshape(3, 3)
print("q1 is")
print(q1)

# Sample answer:
# a1 is [[0 1 2]
# [3 4 5]
# [6 7 8]]

q1 is
[[0 1 2]
[3 4 5]
[6 7 8]]
```

Question 2

1. Create a 10x10 array with random values and find the minimum and maximum values

```
In [3]: # Q2
    q2 = np.random.random((10, 10))
    # print(q2)
    print("max value of q2 is", np.max(q2))
    print("min value of q2 is", np.min(q2))

# Sample answer:
# max value of a2 is 0.9992937628379465
# min value of a2 is 0.012441575894276191

max value of q2 is 0.9902116553624828
min value of q2 is 0.03288893521020175
```

Question 3

1. Create a 8x8 matrix and fill it with a checkerboard pattern

```
In [4]: # Q3
        q3 = np.zeros((8, 8))
        q3[1::2, ::2] = 1
        q3[::2, 1::2] = 1
        print("q3 is")
        print(q3)
        # Sample answer (!!wrong!!):
        # a3 is
        # [[1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. ]
        # [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
        # [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. ]
        # [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
        # [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
        # [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
        # [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
        # [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]]
```

```
q3 is
[[0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1.]
[1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1.]
[1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1.]
[1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1.]
[1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0. 1. 0.]
```

Question 4

1. Create random vector of size 10 and replace the maximum value by 0

```
In [5]: # Q4
        q4 = np.random.rand(10)
        print("original q4 is")
        print(q4)
        max_index = np.argmax(q4)
        q4[max\_index] = 0
        print("new q4 is")
        print(q4)
        # Sample answer:
        # original a4 is
        # [0.32642686 0.842169 0.3270934 0.76815538 0.72293528 0.72772311
        # 0.31843191 0.41676299 0.0269001 0.44165806]
        # new a4 is
                               0.3270934 0.76815538 0.72293528 0.72772311
        # [0.32642686 0.
        # 0.31843191 0.41676299 0.0269001 0.44165806]
        original q4 is
        [0.95499748 0.82597215 0.77841279 0.71767224 0.95954109 0.79457117
         0.24178283 0.64083669 0.53328774 0.45344192]
        new q4 is
        [0.95499748 0.82597215 0.77841279 0.71767224 0.
                                                              0.79457117
         0.24178283 0.64083669 0.53328774 0.45344192]
```

Question 5

1. Create a 4 * 4 identity matrix.

```
In [6]: # Q5
q5 = np.eye(4)
print("matrix identity q5 is")
print(q5)

# Sample answer:
# matrix identity a5 is
# [[1. 0. 0. 0.]
# [0. 1. 0. 0.]
# [0. 0. 1. 0.]
# [0. 0. 0. 1.]]

matrix identity q5 is
[[1. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

Question 6

1. Generate the 2D array

```
In [7]: # Q6
    q6 = np.random.rand(3, 3)
    print("2-D array q6 is")
    print(q6)

# Sample answer:
# 2-D array a6 is
# [[0.51586491 0.66398948 0.97664544]
# [0.04570482 0.89286948 0.96746235]
# [0.58957188 0.62527391 0.15207168]]

2-D array q6 is
[[0.29299351 0.6801015 0.64070941]
    [0.22896768 0.96508168 0.04578627]
    [0.70248292 0.07067561 0.12894765]]
```

Question 7

1. Generate a random $4 \times 4 \times 4$ array of Gaussianly (Normal) distributed numbers.

```
In [8]: # Q7
        q7 = np.random.randn(4, 4, 4)
        print("3-D array q7 is")
        print(q7)
        # Sample answer:
        # 3-D array a7 is
        # [[[ 1.24532934 -0.21856698 -0.73979455 0.97734318]
        # [-0.39611546 2.08889299 1.5800086 -1.49495715]
        # [-0.4902839 -0.32530276 0.36206673 -1.81680732]
          [-0.78322585 0.77552733 0.10999834 -1.99478335]]
        # [[ 0.42654637 -2.00054199 -0.73081536 1.5650001 ]
           [ 0.52327309  0.44793719  -0.69319204  -0.50252064]
        #
           [ 0.75281488 -0.98192208 -1.09342367 -0.16395248]
        #
          [-0.39731477 0.8379485 0.28013044 0.46306382]]
        # [[-0.37884152 -0.76614664 -0.70402131 -0.20758354]
        # [-1.08024839 -0.23268198 -1.57187888 -0.06078278]
        # [-1.20464148 -0.08984497 -0.47294482 -0.68721336]
        # [ 1.32338635 -1.04715013 -0.619475 -0.83355595]]
        # [[ 0.40107191  0.43863124  1.61187035 -1.19535028]
           [ 0.95272223 -1.06955353 -0.78299704 1.51630909]
        # [-0.74651708 0.84885255 1.47740253 0.06694602]
        # [ 0.4545381 -1.94715794 -1.0914511 0.5649201 ]]]
```

```
3-D array q7 is
[[[-1.81531699e+00 -1.04457366e+00 7.54664969e-01 -3.33505862e-01]
  [-5.67523176e-01 -5.97250656e-01 1.93564977e+00 8.02507882e-01]
  [ 4.48818835e-01 1.26089059e+00 7.62945664e-02 2.09293006e+00]
  [ 6.33947907e-02 -1.01832785e-01 7.44216440e-01 1.81028246e+00]]
 [[ 3.22518455e-01 7.72158524e-01 -8.65445944e-01 -1.19624417e+00]
  [-3.77440508e-01 1.92030315e+00 -9.50797763e-01 -2.14669049e-01]
  [-5.92813264e-02 -1.00317572e-01 -5.70142442e-02 3.39354075e-01]
  [ 1.37640543e+00 7.32334690e-01 -1.18050263e+00 -3.84516477e-01]]
 [ 5.45419323e-01 7.91991217e-01 8.37163501e-01 1.12767059e+00]
 [ 2.14693785e-01 1.69217186e-01 1.96609625e-03 7.58260193e-01] [ 6.99284174e-02 -5.37951235e-01 1.02706257e+00 -6.30223690e-01]
  [ 4.29453040e-01 -1.85204504e+00 1.55170499e+00 -2.74745038e-02]]
 [[ 2.10151459e-01 -1.24571114e+00 2.49989333e-01 1.06552764e+00]
  [-6.15017001e-02 2.17628515e+00 -4.44976476e-01 -1.89893089e-01]
  [-5.97328246e-01 -9.44290973e-01 -2.32800075e+00 6.85795506e-01]
  [ 1.01248907e+00 -7.02785314e-01 1.21018612e+00 -1.40230240e+00]]]
```

Question 8

1. Generate n evenly spaced intervals between 0. and 1.

```
In [9]: # Q8
# q8 = np.arange(0,10,1) # this is for integer
q8 = np.linspace(0, 1, 11) # this is for non-integer step, such as 0.1
# np.linspace(start, stop, num),
# num: Number of samples to generate. Default is 50. Must be non-negative.
# reference: https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/generated/numpy.linspace.html#numpy.

print("q8 is")
print(q8)

# Sample answer:
# a8 is
# [0. 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1. ]

q8 is
[0. 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1. ]
```

Ouestion 9

1. Create a vector and then reverse the vector (first element becomes last)

```
In [10]: # Q9
    q9 = np.arange(10)
    print("q9 is")
    print(q9)
    print("the reverse of q9 is")
    print(q9[::-1])

# Sample answer:
# a9 is
# [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
# the reverse of a9 is
# [9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0]

q9 is
[0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
the reverse of q9 is
[9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0]
```