2. Operators operators are the special symbol or keyword which is used to perform operation on variable. **2.1 Arithmetical Operators** In [1]: # 1.Addition Operator a=10 b=20 a+b Out[1]: 30 In [2]: #2. subtraction operator a-b Out[2]: -10 In [3]: # 3.Multiplication Operator a*b Out[3]: 200 In [4]: # 4.Division operator(float value) a=5 b=2 a/b #ans will be 2.5 Out[4]: 2 In [5]: # 5.Floor division operator (whole number) a=5 b=2 a//b Out[5]: 2 In [6]: #6.modulous operator (remainder) a=5 b=2 a%**b** Out[6]: 1 In [7]: #7.Exponent operator a**b Out[7]: 25 **2.2 Assignment Operators** In [8]: a=6 #single assignment a, b=3, 4# multi assignment a=b=c=6print(a,b,c) (6, 6, 6)**2.3 Short Hand Assignment Operators** In [9]: a=0 a+=3 Out[9]: 3 In [10]: a-=3 Out[10]: 0 In [11]: a*=4 Out[11]: 0 In [12]: a+=4 a/=4 Out[12]: 1 In [13]: a+=7 a Out[13]: 0 In [14]: b=4 b+=2 b//=2 Out[14]: 3 In [15]: b**=3 Out[15]: 27 **2.4 Relational Operators** In [16]: # less than var1=4 var1<2 Out[16]: False In [17]: # greater than var1>2 Out[17]: True In [18]: # less than equals to var1<=3 Out[18]: False In [19]: # greater than equals to Out[19]: True In [20]: # equals to var2=5 var1==var2 Out[20]: False In [21]: # not equals to var1!=var2 Out[21]: True **2.5 Logical Operators** In [22]: 2>3 and 3<4 # In AND operator both condition should be true, then only the result will be tr Out[22]: False In [23]: 2>3 or 3<4 # In OR operator, even if one condition is true then the output will be true. Out[23]: True In [24]: a=3 a=**not** b

Out[24]: False