



Programming 2

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Regular Expressions

AGENDA

- Regex



Regex

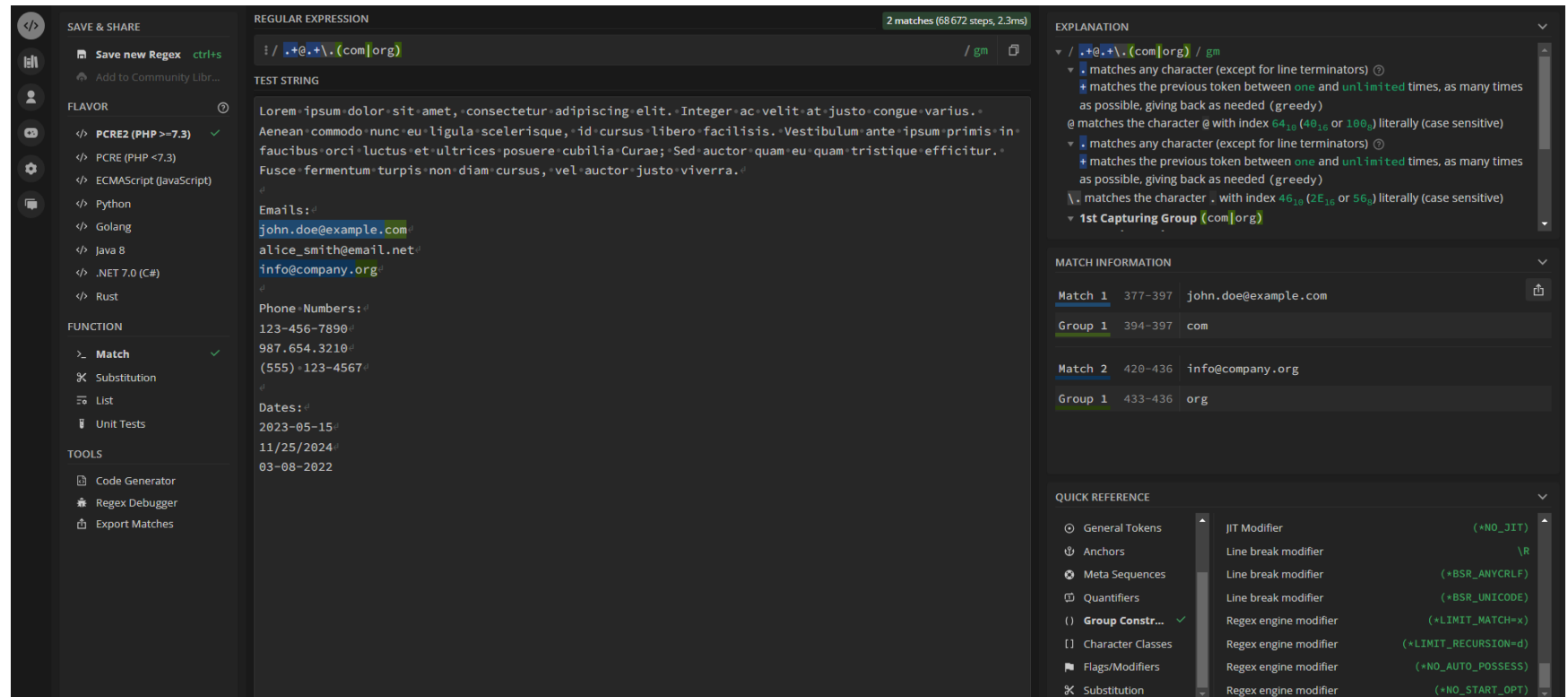
- Definition
- Tips & Tricks
- Regex in other programming languages
- Examples

DEFINITION

- Regex (regular expressions) refers to a powerful and concise language for describing patterns in strings
- The **re** module in Python
- It's a versatile tool for tasks such as searching for specific patterns, extracting information from strings, or replacing text based on a given pattern

TIPS & TRICKS

- [Python Docs \(Manual\)](#)
- [Regex101](#)



The screenshot displays the Regex101 interface with the following details:

- REGULAR EXPRESSION:** `i / .+@.+.(com|org) / gm`
- TEST STRING:** Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer ac vel at justo congue varius. Aenean commodo nunc eu ligula scelerisque, id cursus libero facilisis. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Sed auctor quam eu quam tristique efficitur. Fusce fermentum turpis non diam cursus, vel auctor justo viverra.
- Matches:** 2 matches (68672 steps, 2.3ms)
- EXPLANATION:**
 - `.` matches any character (except for line terminators)
 - `+` matches the previous token between *one* and *unlimited* times, as many times as possible, giving back as needed (greedy)
 - `@` matches the character `@` with index `64` (or `100`) literally (case sensitive)
 - `.` matches any character (except for line terminators)
 - `+` matches the previous token between *one* and *unlimited* times, as many times as possible, giving back as needed (greedy)
 - `\.` matches the character `.` with index `46` (or `56`) literally (case sensitive)
 - 1st Capturing Group** `(com|org)`
- MATCH INFORMATION:**
 - Match 1:** 377-397 john.doe@example.com
 - Group 1:** 394-397 com
 - Match 2:** 420-436 info@company.org
 - Group 1:** 433-436 org
- QUICK REFERENCE:**
 - General Tokens: `(+NO_3IT)`
 - Line break modifier: `\R`
 - Line break modifier: `(+BSR_ANYCRLF)`
 - Line break modifier: `(+BSR_UNICODE)`
 - Regex engine modifier: `(+LIMIT_MATCH=x)`
 - Regex engine modifier: `(+LIMIT_RECURSION=d)`
 - Regex engine modifier: `(+NO_AUTO_POSSESS)`
 - Regex engine modifier: `(+NO_START_OPT)`

REGEX IN OTHER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Python

```
import re

text = "Hello, my email is john.doe@example.com. Please contact me!"
pattern = r'\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Z|a-z]{2,}\b'

result = re.search(pattern, text)
if result:
    print("Email found:", result.group())
else:
    print("No email found.")
```

JavaScript

```
const text = "Hello, my email is john.doe@example.com. Please contact me!";
const pattern = /\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Z|a-z]{2,}\b/;

const result = text.match(pattern);
if (result) {
    console.log("Email found:", result[0]);
} else {
    console.log("No email found.");
}
```

Java

```
import java.util.regex.*;

public class RegexExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String text = "Hello, my email is john.doe@example.com. Please contact me!";
        String pattern = "\\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\\.\\.[A-Z|a-z]{2,}\\b";

        Pattern regex = Pattern.compile(pattern);
        Matcher matcher = regex.matcher(text);

        if (matcher.find()) {
            System.out.println("Email found: " +
matcher.group());
        } else {
            System.out.println("No email found.");
        }
    }
}
```

C#

```
using System;
using System.Text.RegularExpressions;

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string text = "Hello, my email is john.doe@example.com. Please contact me!";
        string pattern = @"\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\.[A-Z|a-z]{2,}\b";

        Regex regex = new Regex(pattern);
        Match match = regex.Match(text);

        if (match.Success)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Email found: " + match.Value);
        }
        else
        {
            Console.WriteLine("No email found.");
        }
    }
}
```

RE MODULE PYTHON FUNCTIONS



- `re.match(pattern, string, flags=0)`
 - Return match for pattern with beginning of the string
- `re.fullmatch(pattern, string, flags=0)`
 - Return match for pattern with the whole string
- `re.search(pattern, string, flags=0)`
 - Return match for pattern anywhere in the string
- `re.findall(pattern, string, flags=0)`
 - Return all non-overlapping matches of the pattern in the string
- `re.sub(pattern, repl, string, count = 0, flags=0)`
 - Replace occurrences of the pattern in the string with the repl

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "abc123"

pattern_dot = r'a.c'
match_dot = re.search(pattern_dot, text)

if match_dot:
    print(f"Dot Match: {match_dot.group()}")
# Result: Dot Match: abc
```

REGULAR EXPRESSION

:/ a.c

TEST STRING

abc123

- ‘.’ Any character except a newline

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "start with this"

pattern_caret = r'^start'
match_caret = re.search(pattern_caret, text)

if match_caret:
    print(f"Caret Match: String starts with '{match_caret.group()}'")
# Result: String starts with 'start'
```

REGULAR EXPRESSION

`/^start`

TEST STRING

`start with this`

- **'^'** Matches the start of the string

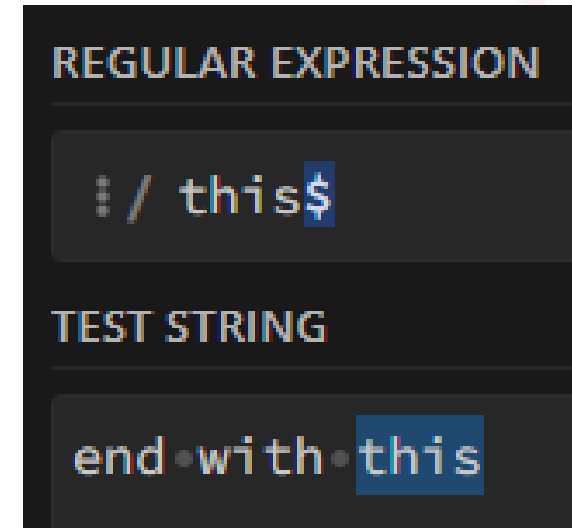
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "end with this"

pattern_caret = r'this$'
match_caret = re.search(pattern_caret, text)

if match_caret:
    print(f"Caret Match: String ends with '{match_caret.group()}'")
# Result: String ends with 'this'
```



- ‘\$’ Matches the end of the string

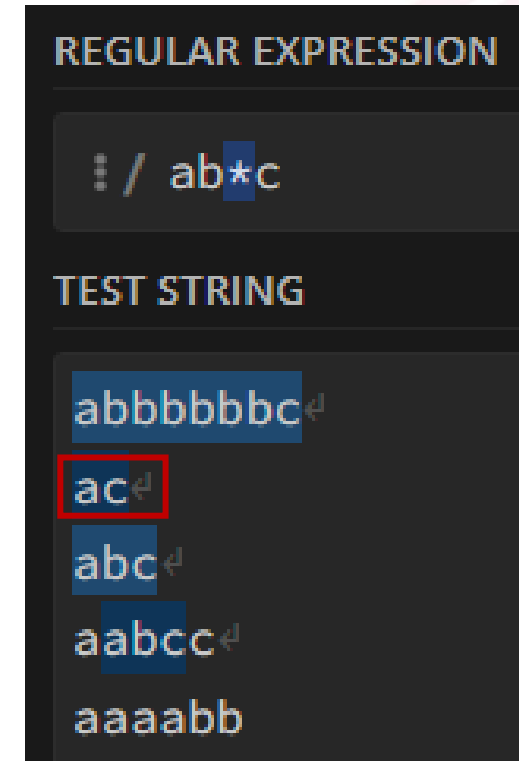
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "abbbbbbc"

pattern_asterisk = r'ab*c'
match_asterisk = re.search(pattern_asterisk, text)

if match_asterisk:
    print(f"Asterisk Match: {match_asterisk.group()}")
# Result: Asterisk Match: abbbbbbc
```



- ‘*’ Matches zero or more occurrences, repetitions

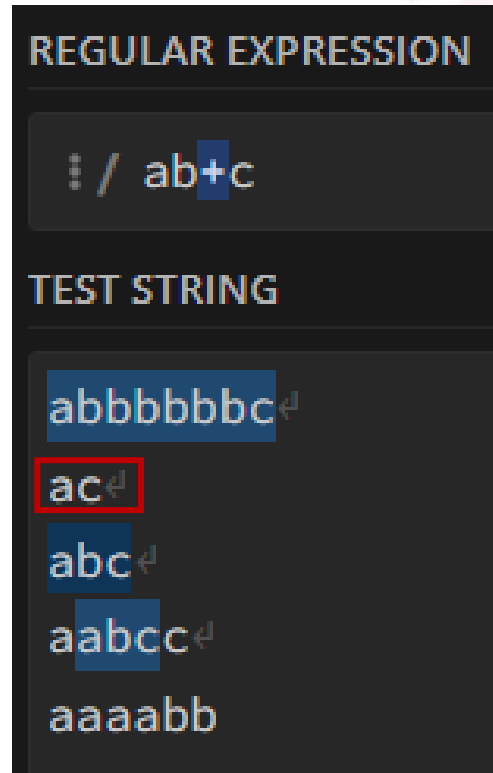
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "abbbbbbc"

pattern_plus = r'ab+c'
match_plus = re.search(pattern_plus, text)

if match_plus:
    print(f"Plus Match: {match_plus.group()}")
# Result: Plus Match: abbbbbbc
```



- '+' Matches one or more occurrences, repetitions

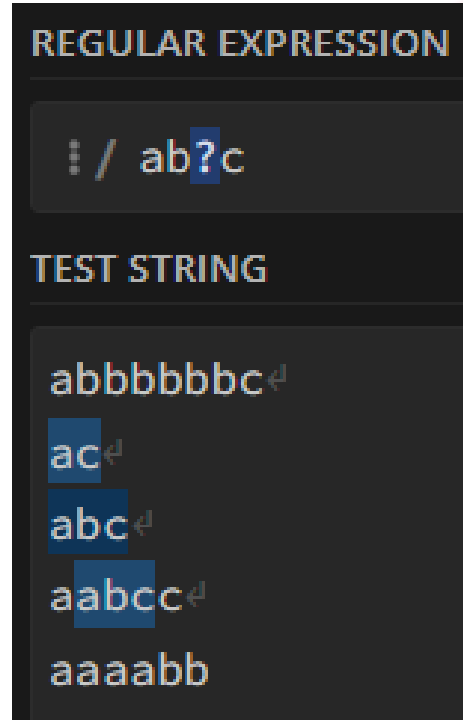
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "abbbc"

pattern_question = r'ab?c'
match_question = re.search(pattern_question, text)

if match_question:
    print(f"Question Mark Match: {match_question.group()}")
# Result: Nothing gets printed
```



- ‘?’ Matches zero or one occurrence, repetition

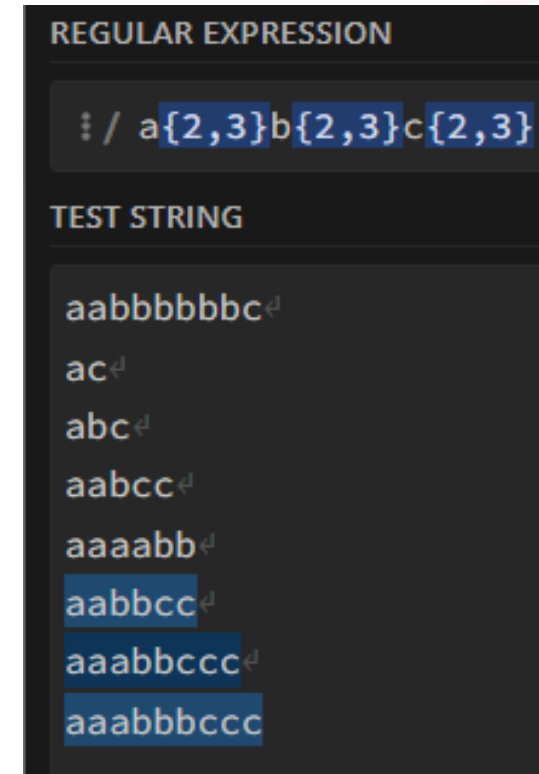
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "aaabbbccc"

pattern_curly = r'a{2,3}b{2,3}c{2,3}'
match_curly = re.search(pattern_curly, text)

if match_curly:
    print(f"Curly Braces Match: {match_curly.group()}")
# Result: Curly Braces Match: aaabbbccc
```



- **'{m}'** Specifies that exactly m copies of the previous RE should be matched

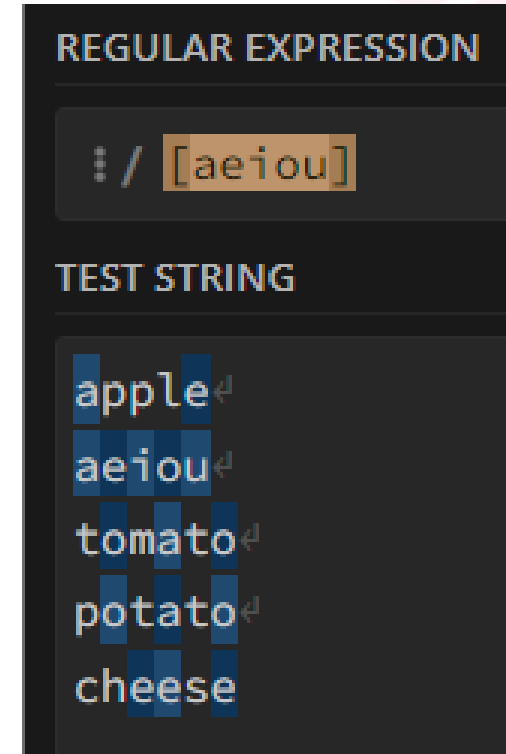
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "apple"

pattern_square = r'[aeiou]'
match_square = re.search(pattern_square, text)

if match_square:
    print(f"Square Brackets Match: {match_square.group()}")
# Result: Square Brackets Match: a
```



- ‘[]’ Matches any one of the characters inside the brackets

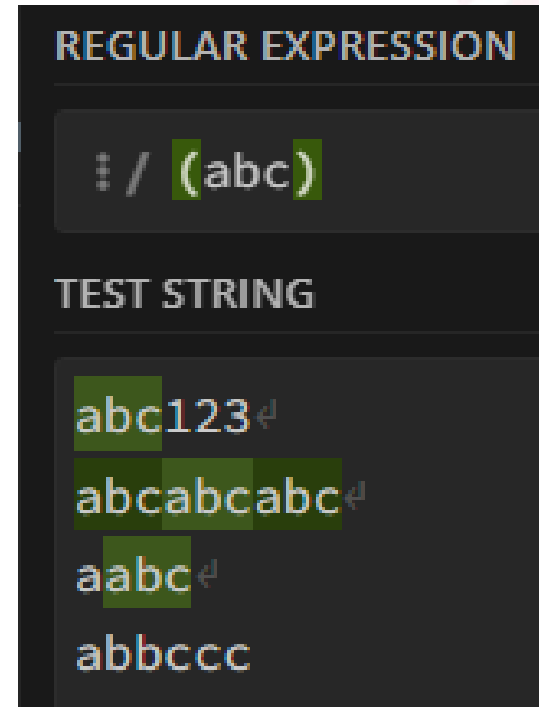
EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "abc123"

pattern_parentheses = r'(abc)'
match_parentheses = re.search(pattern_parentheses, text)

if match_parentheses:
    print(f"Parentheses Match: {match_parentheses.group(1)}")
# Result: Parentheses Match: abc
```



- ‘()’ Matches whatever regular expression is inside the parentheses

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "cat or dog"

pattern_pipe = r'cat|dog'
match_pipe = re.search(pattern_pipe, text)

if match_pipe:
    print(f"Pipe Match: {match_pipe.group()}")
# Result: Pipe Match: cat
```

- ‘|’ Matches either the pattern on its left or right

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "The cat and the hat"

pattern_search = r'cat'
match_search = re.search(pattern_search, text)

if match_search:
    print(f"Search Result: {match_search.group()}")
# Result: Search Result: cat
```

- Scan through string looking for the first location where the regular expression pattern produces a match
- Return None if no position in the string matches the pattern

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "cat and dog"

pattern_match = r'cat'
match_match = re.match(pattern_match, text)

if match_match:
    print(f"Match Result: {match_match.group()}")
else:
    print("No match at the beginning of the string.")
# Result: Match Result: cat
```

```
import re

text = "dog and cat"

pattern_match = r'cat'
match_match = re.match(pattern_match, text)

if match_match:
    print(f"Match Result: {match_match.group()}")
else:
    print("No match at the beginning of the string.")
# Result: No match at the beginning of the string.
```

- If zero or more characters at the beginning of string match the regular expression pattern
- Return None if the string does not match the pattern

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "cat"

pattern_fullmatch = r'cat'
match_fullmatch = re.fullmatch(pattern_fullmatch, text)

if match_fullmatch:
    print(f"Fullmatch Result: {match_fullmatch.group()}")
else:
    print("The entire string does not match the pattern.")
# Result: Fullmatch Result: cat
```

```
import re

text = "cats"

pattern_fullmatch = r'cat'
match_fullmatch = re.fullmatch(pattern_fullmatch, text)

if match_fullmatch:
    print(f"Fullmatch Result: {match_fullmatch.group()}")
else:
    print("The entire string does not match the pattern.")
# Result: The entire string does not match the pattern.
```

- If the whole string matches the regular expression pattern
- Return None if the string does not match the pattern

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "apple banana cherry"

pattern_findall = r'\b\w{5}\b'
# \b matches empty string
# \w matches unicode word characters
matches_findall = re.findall(pattern_findall, text)

print(f"Findall Result: {matches_findall}")
# Result: Findall Result: ['apple']
```

```
import re

text = "apple banana cherry"

pattern_findall = r'\b\w{6}\b'
# \b matches empty string
# \w matches unicode word characters
matches_findall = re.findall(pattern_findall, text)

print(f"Findall Result: {matches_findall}")
# Result: Findall Result: ['banana', 'cherry']
```

- If the whole string matches the regular expression pattern
- Return None if the string does not match the pattern

EXAMPLES

```
import re

text = "Hello, my name is John. John is 20 years old."

pattern_sub = r'John'
replacement = 'Alice'
modified_text = re.sub(pattern_sub, replacement, text)

print(f"Original Text: {text}")
print(f"Modified Text: {modified_text}")
# Result: Original Text: Hello, my name is John. John is 20 years old.
#         Modified Text: Hello, my name is Alice. Alice is 20 years old.
```

```
import re

text = "aaa"

pattern_sub = r'aa'
replacement = 'b'
modified_text =
re.sub(pattern_sub, replacement,
text)

print(f"Original Text: {text}")
print(f"Modified Text:
{modified_text}")
# Result: Original Text: aaa
#         Modified Text: ba
```

- Return the string obtained by replacing the leftmost non-overlapping occurrences of pattern in string by the replacement
- If the pattern isn't found, string is returned unchanged

EXERCISE

- Try the following exercises
- 03-regex

